

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2014

# **Officials Issuing Report**

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# CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

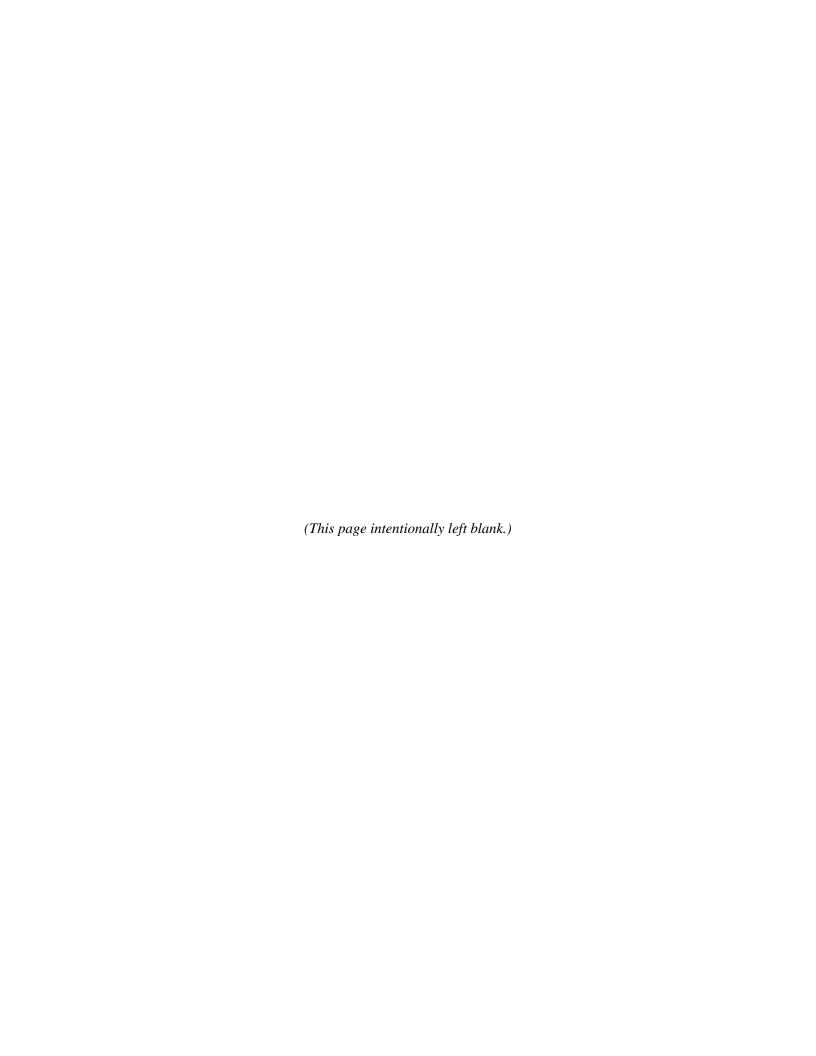
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# City of Pearland

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February 23, 2015

Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council, and Citizens of the City of Pearland, Texas

Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council, and Citizens of the City of Pearland, Texas

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Pearland, Texas (the "City") for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2014, is hereby submitted as mandated by both local and state statutes. These ordinances and statutes require that the City issue an annual report on its financial position and activity and that an independent firm of certified public accountants audit this report.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Whitley Penn, LLP, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified (or "clean") opinion on the City of Pearland's financial statements for the year ending September 30, 2014. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

### PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Pearland, incorporated in 1959, is located across the northern end of Brazoria County and shares a common border with Houston, Texas to the north. The City also extends into Fort Bend and Harris Counties. The City of Pearland, encompassing approximately 48 square miles, is the fastest growing city in Brazoria County, increasing from approximately 18,000 residents in 1990 to 108,800 residents estimated as of September 2014.

The City of Pearland is a home-rule City operating under a Council-Manager form of government.

Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council (Council) consisting of the mayor and five other members. The Mayor and all Council members are elected at large. The Mayor is allowed to vote only in case of a tie vote. The Mayor and each Council member hold office for a period of three years and until his/her successor is elected and qualified. Council members are limited to two full consecutive terms of office and there is no limitation on the office of Mayor. The City Manager is appointed by Council and is responsible for implementation of Council policy, execution of the laws, and all day-to-day operations of the City.

A full range of municipal services is provided by the City of Pearland including public safety (police, fire, and emergency medical services); solid waste; water and wastewater utilities; public improvements; repair and maintenance of infrastructure; recreational and community activities; convention and visitors bureau; and general administrative services. In addition, the City provides planning for future land use, traffic control, building codes, and health inspections, and plans for new infrastructure and rehabilitation of infrastructure to meet the needs of the citizens today, as well as tomorrow. The City is authorized to issue debt, subject to certain limitations, for the purpose of financing its capital projects and the City is empowered to levy a property tax on real property within its boundaries.

Activities of the general, debt service, water and sewer, solid waste, capital project funds, and special revenue funds such as hotel/motel tax are included in the City's annual appropriated budget. Capital project funds are budgeted for project length. The legal level of control for each budget is at the fund level, which is to say that total expenditures for each fund should not exceed total budgeted expenditures for that fund. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within and among departments. The City Council must approve any budget amendment that increases appropriations by fund. The City amends the budget at the end of each fiscal year to reflect current year projections for revenues and expenditures/expenses.

As an independent political subdivision of the State of Texas, the City is considered a primary government. Pursuant to standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the City also reports for all funds for which the City, as the primary government, is financially accountable. As such, this report includes financial activities of three component units as follows: The Pearland Economic Development Corporation was created by the City in 1995 under the Texas Development Corporation Act of 1979 to promote, assist, and enhance economic and related development activities on behalf of the City. The Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ #2) was created in 1998 for the purposes of development and redevelopment in the Zone Area, better known as Shadow Creek Ranch. The City participates in the Zone by contributing a portion of tax increments produced in the Zone to the Tax Increment Fund. The Development Authority of Pearland was created in 2004 to provide financing for the development of TRIZ #2. All these component units are considered blended component units and have been included as major funds in the Governmental Funds.

# **ECONOMIC CONDITIONS**

### Local Economy

Located minutes away from downtown Houston, Texas, the nation's second largest seaport, the world-renowned Texas Medical Center, and NASA-Johnson Space Center, Pearland is the premier location for residential and commercial growth. With abundant land, business facilities, a sound infrastructure, and a diverse workforce supported by educational programs, Pearland's growth has been consistent and will continue to be sustained over time with continued residential and commercial development.

The total of all new construction permitted during the 2014 calendar year was over \$390 million, a 37% increase in value from 2013. New single-family housing permits totaled 1,068 with a construction value of \$199 million. Multi-family permits totaled 1,008 with a value of \$59 million. Pearland's economy continues to maintain strong levels. During the final quarter of 2014 there was a 52% increase in residential permits compared to the same time last year. Residential permitting activity for the 2015 fiscal year is expected to remain near 2014 levels, budgeted at 1,000 permits. For calendar year 2014, the City had 309 commercial permits with a value of \$132.4 million, compared to 184 permits with a value of \$74 million in 2013. The commercial real estate market also remains strong.

Sales of homes throughout the greater Houston area remained robust in 2014, driven by a combination of good local job numbers and historically low interest rates. The Houston Association of Realtors reported within Pearland and ETJ. 75,319 single family home sales for 2014, up 2.8% from the 73,232 sales in 2013. The average price of a single family home rose 8.7% from \$248,591 in 2013 to \$270,182 in 2014. Indications are that the Houston area will continue to have a healthy market with a balanced supply of housing inventory and strong pricing — conditions that put Houston in an enviable position compared to other markets around the country.

Houston is the world's energy capital. Growth in the oil and gas industry has been robust, however, because of the recent decrease in the price of oil, exploration has been taping off. Spending for exploration in 2015 should be 40 percent lower than 2014. It may be 2016 before we see an increase in the price of oil and exploration. With the decrease in exploration, Houston will look to other sectors for growth. The forecast is for growth in all sectors except oil field services, oil field equipment manufacturing, and oil field exploration.

Pearland's unemployment rate was 4.3% in September 2014, down from 5.0% in September 2013. This is compared to the national unemployment rate of 5.9% and the State of Texas unemployment rate of 5.2% as of September 2014. Pearland's unemployment is less than the national and state rates with a growing economy. Houston added 69,800 jobs in 2014 and the Greater Houston Partnership is forecasting 62,900 new jobs for 2015. Although this is lower than the past couple of years, the Houston economy is still strong. The Houston area, and the State of Texas, is built on businesses, on jobs, and on economic opportunities. Pearland is poised to take advantage of those opportunities.

Pearland has two prime areas for commercial, mixed use, and livable developments along the Highway 288 corridor, one north of Shadow Creek Parkway and the other South. A strategic and target market study shows that energy, healthcare, life sciences, and manufacturing are key areas of interest for Pearland. Combined with a mix of reinforcing land uses, urban planning, key entertainment and cultural attractions, public spaces, and walkability and connectivity, all will provide for livable sustainable developments.

Modern Green Development, one of the largest developers in China, chose a 48-acre site for its first U.S. project and only its second in North America. Pearland's Planning and Zoning Commission approved the project in July. The rendering of early stages of the project, called the Ivy District, show land for a 150-room hotel and conference center, a community center to hold local meetings and banquets, 160,000 square feet of retail space and 140,000 square feet of office space. There will be 1,150 residential units, 400 of which will be rentals. Another block will be designed as an entertainment area. About 20 acres will be left as green park space, according to the announced plans.

In late 2014, Hospital Corporation of America (HCA) completed construction on its Pearland Medical Center, the community's first acute-care hospital. The 144,000 square-foot, 32-bed hospital contains surgical suites, medical/surgical beds, intensive care beds and a 24-hour emergency department. The hospital, which opened to the public in February 2015, is located on a 48-acre site that also is home to a full-service freestanding emergency department, imaging center and three-story, 80-000 square-foot medical office building.

Other medical developments include Memorial Hermann beginning construction on its new hospital and breaking ground on a second 100,000 square-foot medical office building on its 40-acre campus. The 64-bed acute-care hospital is expected to open in 2015 and will feature an intensive care unit, operating rooms, cardiac catherization labs, medical/surgical suites, women's and neonatology units. In addition, Chamberlain College of Nursing opened a new campus in Pearland. The Pearland campus is Chamberlain's second in Texas and 14th in the nation. Located at 12000 Shadow Creek Parkway, Chamberlain's new Pearland campus offers an on-site Bachelor of Science in Nursing degree program and features Chamberlain's SIMCARE CENTER<sup>TM</sup>, which provides high-tech

simulated patient care in clinical learning environments.

Sales tax for fiscal year 2014 totaled \$25.7 million, an increase of \$2.1 million or 8.9% over fiscal year 2013. Of the \$25.7 million, \$17.1 million went to the City's General Fund for operations and \$8.6 million went to the City's Economic Development Corporation for economic development programs and activities. The City's General Fund is 28% funded by sales tax, an elastic revenue stream that will fluctuate with the economy. As such, the City closely monitors sales tax and the economy.

Pearland is a regional shopping destination and the economy has turned around since the recession of 2010 and 2011. The City saw a resurgence of spending in 2012, which continued in 2013 and 2014. As such, the City projected a 5.6% growth in sales tax for fiscal year 2015. The nation's largest retail group, National Retail Federation, expects retail sales to increase at a slightly faster pace this year than last year as continued improvements in jobs and housing should help shoppers feel more confident about spending. Increased residential units in Pearland and the immediate trade area support the established retail base.

# Long-Term Financial Planning

The City adopts a one-year operating budget, including a five-year capital improvement program (CIP). Even though a one-year budget is adopted, the budget implements strategies, both financial and operational, to meet existing challenges and to plan for the future.

The City's Five-Year CIP for fiscal year 2015 through fiscal year 2019 totals \$419 million and continues to implement the \$162 million bond program approved by the voters in May 2007. As of September 30, 2014 there was \$77.6 million in unissued bonds approved by the voters and based on the 2014-2018 CIP. Projects include drainage (\$22M), streets (\$171M), facilities (\$41M), parks (\$20M), water and wastewater (\$165M). Projects in the CIP have identified funding sources or potential funding sources. Funding for these projects comes from the issuance of debt through Certificates of Obligation, General Obligation Bonds, and Revenue Bonds, as well as impact fees, cash, and contributions from the State, County, and other sources. Those projects that are unfunded, currently totaling \$70.6 million, most of this utilities, will be identifying projects for the City's next bond referendum, potentially as early as 2016.

The Debt Service Fund forecast shows a need to increase the Debt Service component of the tax rate to \$0.5325 by fiscal year 2017 to implement the Five-Year CIP, excluding unfunded projects, which is consistent with the financial modeling that the City undertook when analyzing the Debt Service tax implications of implementing the \$162 million bond referendum. The debt service component of the tax rate for fiscal year 2015 remains the same as in fiscal year 2014 at \$0.4900.

The City completes a Water/Sewer Cost of Service Rate Study annually for the forecast. The study is built around the Five-Year CIP, operating budget, and future needs. Due to funds on hand for payas-you go capital improvements, no rate increase was taken for fiscal year 2011, 2012 or 2013, however, the model anticipates rate increases for 2015, 2017 and 2018. The City's utility system continues to be self-supporting and financially sound.

# Relevant Financial Policies/Guidelines

Financial Policies guide the development and implementation of the budget and are a framework for fiscal decision making and that ensure financial resources are available to meet the current and future needs of the City. The policy statements address areas of reporting and auditing, budgeting, revenues, capital improvements, debt, and grants to name a few. Some of the most relevant policies are:

Recurring revenues fund recurring expenditures/expenses.

- Non-recurring funds fund non-recurring expenditures/expenses.
- General Fund Operating Reserves should be a minimum of two months of operations.
- Water and Wastewater Operating Reserves shall strive to be maintained at 25% of operations.
- Budget revenues on a conservative basis.
- Fund existing services at current service levels.
- Enterprise Funds must be self-supporting.
- Leverage City dollars by seeking outside funding sources.
- Maintain stable property tax rates.

# Major Initiatives

The City Council, staff, and community share a vision that combines progress and innovation with prudent controls to shape Pearland's future, as it becomes one of the largest suburbs in the Houston area. Some of the major initiatives are as follows:

# **Public Safety**

Among numerous other reasons, families move to Pearland for a high degree of personal safety and a low crime rate. Pearland was recently rated as one of the safest Cities in the United States ranking number 48 out of the top 50 Cities. Pearland was one of two cities in the Houston area in the top 50. The City Council continues to emphasize public safety and the City delivers programs in the areas of law enforcement, emergency management, emergency medical services, and fire protection.

For more than a decade, the City of Pearland public safety departments have been subscribers to an 800 MHZ trunked radio system provided by Harris County. This system was originally designed for mobile radios in vehicles and at a time when the western half of Pearland was sparsely populated. Pearland public safety departments have experienced significant radio reception difficulties creating safety issues for the City. Harris County is not able to improve radio coverage in west Pearland, and to switch to the digital version of the Harris County system would have been costly and would not guarantee improved radio coverage. The City of Houston established a \$130 million dollar 700 MHz trunked radio system designed for in-building coverage using portable radios. After radio testing and research, the City of Pearland switched to the City of Houston's radio system which will result in improvements in coverage, improving public safety for employees and citizens of Pearland, and at a lesser cost than creating a new radio system or staying as a subscriber to the current radio system.

The City of Pearland Police Department communications division provided dispatch services for the City's Police, Fire, and EMS departments. Due to the rapid population growth and increased demands for service in the City, it became apparent that the Police communications division workload was unsustainable. As an alternative to hiring more dispatchers, the City has contracted with Harris County Emergency Corps for the provision of Fire Department and EMS dispatch services. In addition to the cost savings of not having to hire additional employees, the contracted dispatch center brings added capabilities to the Fire and EMS departments. By utilizing personnel specifically trained and certified for the Fire and EMS dispatch role, as well as employing a Computer Aided Dispatch system specifically configured for Fire and EMS dispatching, this arrangement has contributed to increased safety for emergency responders as well as better deployment and utilization of resources.

Fire Station 2, located at the northeast corner of Harkey and Fite Road, is under construction. This station will be approximately 10,400 sq. ft. and house an operation crew, two fire engines, and one ambulance. This facility construction started in October 2014 and will be ready for starting occupancy by July 2015. Fire Station 1, currently located at the corner of Orange Street and Old Alvin Road, will relocate in 2018 to provide quicker response times. The new station will be located on McHard Road near Pearland Parkway. At approximately 8,500 sq. ft., the station will house a 24

hour operation crew, one fire engine, and one ambulance.

Fire Station 3 began construction in June 2014 on a new 10,726 square foot station which is located on the corner of Yost and Broadway adjacent to the existing EMS station. The new station will accommodate both Fire and EMS as the department transitions from volunteer to a career fire department and the two emergency entities have now merged. The existing EMS station that is currently located in a converted house on the same site as the new station will remain functional throughout construction. The new Fire Station #3 will accommodate 10 full-time fire fighters and is expected to be open and operational by April 2015, after which the existing EMS station will be demolished.

Another initiative of the City, is the approved merger of the Fire and EMS departments effective October 1, 2014. In 2010, the City engaged the firm of McGrath Consulting Group to evaluate the City's Fire and EMS departments. One of the recommendations was to consolidate the Departments; the purpose being to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of current and future delivery of services at the highest possible level of quality while considering costs. The consolidation is multi-year, multi-phase plan with cross-training occurring in fiscal year 2014 and full-implementation in fiscal year 2015.

# **Economic Development**

The Pearland Economic Development Corporation (PEDC) is a non-profit Type B Corporation under the Texas Development Corporation Act and is primarily funded by a half-cent sales tax in the City of Pearland. PEDC is committed to enhancing the community's economic vitality through the attraction, retention and expansion of primary employers. PEDC works to ensure Pearland's business climate and built environment strongly support these efforts by focusing on aesthetics, infrastructure, quality of life, image, workforce and quality development and redevelopment of key Pearland districts and corridors.

PEDC works with the City to utilize various tools such as tax abatement and the authority granted the City under Chapter 380 of the Local Government Code to encourage new jobs and investment in the community. The following highlights a few of PEDC's Fiscal Year 2014 attraction and retention projects.

In January, Mitsubishi Heavy Industries Compressor Corp. broke ground on its first U.S. manufacturing facility in Pearland's Lower Kirby District. The 100,000 square-foot manufacturing and service facility is located on a 26-acre site on Kirby Drive. The facility, which is estimated to bring \$40 million in investment to the community, will house approximately 100 employees who will produce, service and market compressors to serve the growing demand of North American chemical customers.

Dover Energy, a division of diversified global manufacturer Dover Corporation, opened a 150,000 square-foot manufacturing and operations facility in Fall 2014. PEDC recruited Dover Energy to the community in 2013 when the company was looking to consolidate its multiple Texas locations into one regional facility. The \$23.8 million facility, located on a 14-acre site at the northeast corner of Spectrum Boulevard and Hooper Road in Pearland's Lower Kirby District, is home to approximately 200 employees.

Merit Medical's opened its new Pearland R&D and manufacturing facility in October. The 92,000 square-foot office building has brought more than \$14 million in investment to the community. PEDC and the City began working with Merit Medical in 2011 on its multi-state search for a site for this facility. It is located on a 12-acre site in Pearland's Lower Kirby District. The facility is home to approximately 220 employees, including management personnel, engineers, and production staff, who serve client hospitals worldwide in the development, manufacture and distribution of proprietary disposable medical devices used in interventional and diagnostic procedures, particularly

in cardiology, radiology and endoscopy.

Keystone Engineering Group selected a site in Pearland for its new office and manufacturing facility in December. The \$6 million, 45,000 square-foot facility will be located on a 23-acre site on McHard Road near SH 35. PEDC began working with the company last year on the project, which will consolidate several regional sites into one location. The new facility will house approximately 70 employees, including office and administrative staff, machinists and inspectors.

PEDC continued to work with the Highway 288 Management District (PMMD#2), created in 2013, on corridor beautification. The corridor currently is non-landscaped and does not reflect City standards. The goal is to create a vibrant visually appealing corridor that will attract investment in the City. District board members have been appointed and the District has levied a 10-cent tax rate, which is anticipated to generate approximately \$400,000 annually. The Board has also approved a master plan for the District and cleanup efforts have begun in the corridor.

PEDC, along with local partners in government, education, healthcare and business, continue to work on implementation of the Pearland 20/20 community strategic plan. The long-term strategic community and economic development plan that was created in 2012 incorporates nine strategies to ensure a shared vision for the community's future growth and an action plan to achieve it. The nine strategies are 1. Marketing, 2. Mobility, 3. Corridors, 4. Recreation and Culture, 5. Beautification, 6. Lower Kirby Mixed Use District, 7. Multi-Use Event Center, 8. Workforce Pipeline, and 9. Image Campaign.

One of the City's prime areas for development, the Lower Kirby Mixed Use District at Hwy 288 and Beltway 8, has infrastructure needs that make it more difficult to develop. The PEDC is working with two area Municipal Management Districts and the City on the development of regional detention, reconstruction of Hooper Road and the installation of underground electricity that will serve developable sites on Kirby Drive.

The Pearland Economic Development Corporation continues to promote Pearland and is working with a myriad of companies on future relocations and site visits as well as working with existing businesses on future expansions.

The City's Convention and Visitor's Bureau (CVB), funded by hotel occupancy taxes, also focuses on economic development through tourism and putting heads in beds. In late 2012, the City Council authorized the creation of a city department for the Convention and Visitor's Bureau, service that had been previously contracted out. In fiscal year 2013, an Executive Director and staff was hired. The location of Pearland, as previously mentioned, makes Pearland a perfect hub and spoke for visitors and "A Perfect Pick...to play, stay, meet, and getaway", the tag line for the CVB. The time has come for Pearland to complement and support its development with cultural and lifestyle amenities to include a multi-use events center. This need has been noted in multiple Pearland planning processes as an enhancement to make the city more competitive for employers and residents. Annual hotel occupancy taxes total slightly over \$1.4 million dollars and the funds ending balance is \$3 million as of September 30, 2014.

# Land Use Plan/Annexation

Land use planning seeks to order and regulate the use of land in an efficient and ethical way, thus preventing land use conflicts. Land use planning is the systematic assessment of land, alternatives for land use, and social and economic conditions in order to select and adopt the best land use options. Its purpose is to select and put into practice those land uses that will best meet the needs of the people while safeguarding resources and ensuring sustainability.

PEDC and the City of Pearland, in partnership with Gateway Planning, finalized a market-based master plan and implementation strategy for the area formerly known as the Spectrum District, and

currently known as the Lower Kirby Mixed Use District, that leverages the area's unique location (on Beltway 8 and 288) and creates a de facto "master development" context. The area is planned to be a regional employment center with destination mixed use urban living, and concentrated retail/entertainment areas.

The key issues addressed by the plan include drainage, transportation access, linkages, and transit; revision of the existing zoning and development standards; incorporating new development with existing uses; involving the existing municipal management districts; and incorporating public parks and open spaces.

The master plan and associated regulatory recommendation of a form-based code envisions a market-based approach and identifies different "character zones" of development, each implementing a unique neighborhood within the Lower Kirby Mixed Use District. This form-based code is combined with the overall infrastructure strategy that identifies the major regional drainage and roadway improvements needed to bring the plan together. This master plan and implementation strategy for Lower Kirby ensure that the vision for the mixed use regional destination is feasible, but flexible to address changing market conditions. In order to implement this vibrant vision for the Lower Kirby Mixed Use District, PEDC is working with the City of Pearland and the two area Municipal Management District Boards to create a coordinated action plan that identifies the responsibilities and roles of each of the entities.

In January 2013, City Council voted to incorporate the Grand Avenue Master Plan into the City's Comprehensive Plan. The plan is designed to facilitate future development of Grand Avenue as a focal point for the Old Town Site while also responding to existing growth patterns in the city. A primary initiative for this plan is to reinvent the Old Town Site as a modern village with a compatible mix of residential and non-residential uses. The Plan recommends adopting form based codes that would be used to ensure buildings and streets are coordinated in a manner that is attractive to pedestrians and encourages outdoor activities. Using form based codes allows for more flexibility and a mix of uses as compared to traditional zoning used throughout the City.

# Capital Improvement Projects and Planning

With continued residential and commercial growth, and to plan for the future, the need to build new infrastructure and maintain existing infrastructure is a priority and will be implemented through an aggressive capital improvement program. The City's Five-Year CIP 2015–2019 totals \$419 million. Projects include drainage (\$22M), streets (\$171M), facilities (\$41M), parks (\$20M), water and wastewater (\$165M).

Major thoroughfare projects include the widening of Bailey Road between FM1128 and Veterans, reconstruction of one mile of Old Alvin Road from Plum Street to McHard Road, McHard Road extension from Mykawa to Cullen, expansion of Smith Ranch Road from two lanes asphalt to four lanes concrete, curb and gutter from Hughes Ranch to North of Broadway, the widening of Max Road between Broadway and Hughes Ranch Road, and the extension of Fite between McLean and Veterans. Major drainage projects include expansion of the D.L. Smith detention pond by approximately 150 acre-feet and future storm water regional detention at FM518 and Cullen.

Major park projects include a soccer complex, improvements to Independence and Centennial Parks, Phase I development of the Shadow Creek Ranch Park, and a 7,000 square foot Nature Center.

Facility projects include an 11,500 square feet expansion and renovation to the Tom Reid Library, reconstruction of Fire Station #3 and Fire Station #2, relocation of Fire Station #1, and City Hall and Hill House Road facility improvements.

Water projects include the preliminary design of a 20 million gallon per day surface water plant along with various waterline extensions. Wastewater projects include the expansion of the Far Northwest, Barry Rose and JHEC wastewater treatment plants, extension of trunk sewer on McHard, and various lift station projects.

# Transportation Improvements and Strategic Planning

Charged with planning, establishing, and maintaining an effective transportation system, the City of Pearland is involved in numerous activities to face this challenge. The \$84 million transportation bond program (passed in 2007) will construct major projects mentioned previously.

The City is also involved in regional efforts for long-range transportation planning and funding. The Mayor is a member of H-GAC's Transportation Policy Council (TPC), and an Assistant City Manager is a member of the Technical Advisory Committee (TAC), a sub-committee of the TPC and the Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) Subcommittee.

The City submitted several proposed roadway projects from its Capital Improvement Program for possible funding in the region's Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) for 2013-2016 and five of the City's projects were selected for funding. The projects are McHard Road Extension (Mykawa to Cullen), Bailey Road (Veterans to FM1128), Smith Ranch Road Extension and Green Tee Terrace and Shadow Creek Ranch Trails. These projects will receive 80% funding from state or federal sources totaling \$63,251,113 with the City providing 20% matching funds. These projects are in addition to the four projects that received funding in 2011 totaling \$20,180,901 in state or federal funding from the TIP. These projects are slated to be completed within the City's current Five-Year Capital Improvement Program.

With the growth in population along the Highway 288 corridor and the number of Pearland residents that rely on Hwy 288 to commute to Houston and the Texas Medical Center, the City along with Brazoria County have been meeting and working with the Texas Department of Transportation to provide traffic relief on the corridor through managed toll lanes. Harris County is preparing to begin construction by the end of 2015 on four new toll lanes on Texas 288 north of the Brazoria-Harris County line to the Texas Medical Center. Brazoria County will follow with managed toll lanes from the county line south to County Road 58.

The Gulf Coast Center operates a transportation program known as Connect Transit. Connect Transit provides "curb cab" service to Pearland. Services are shared ride services with pick-up and delivery from curb to curb by reservation. The City funds approximately \$20,000 for this service annually to its citizens meeting the eligibility requirements; seniors, person with disabilities, or low-income. This is a way to provide those needing transportation to grocery stores, doctor visits, etc.

# Fiscal Responsibility and Sustainability

Fiscal sustainability can be defined as "the extent to which patterns of Government spending do not undermine the capability of the Government to continue to spend to achieve its public purposes." City Council takes a proactive stance in ensuring the fiscal health and sustainability of the City. Council adopted a set of Financial Management Policy Statements and receives quarterly Finance "Snapshot" presentations, which includes economic indicators. The City also prepares a Five-Year Forecast for the City's major funds to see how the spending decisions made today affect the future as well as to identify any issues/concerns that are forthcoming and to put strategies in place today to address those issues/concerns for the future.

Since fiscal year 2013 we have seen a turnaround in the economy and growth. The improving Houston area economy and the City's increasing population played major roles in the development of the fiscal year 2015 budget. The strong local economy will most likely result in continued growth in revenues in the current fiscal year, 2015, most noticeably in sales tax and building permits. Sales tax revenue for fiscal year 2014 is up 7.0% over the prior year. The fiscal year 2015 Adopted Budget includes an increase of 2.3% over fiscal year 2014. Building Permit revenue is also projected to

maintain the strong levels that have developed during fiscal year 2014. The Adopted Budget for fiscal year 2015 anticipates 1,000 single family permits. Another significant factor that impacts the Adopted Budget is a 3% increase in population. This increase in population results in a need for increased services to meet needs of new residents. This projected increase in population is the result of both newly constructed homes and multifamily dwellings. The Adopted Budget includes a .007 cent increase in the property tax rate from \$0.7051 to \$0.7121 per \$100 valuation. Of the total adopted tax rate of 71.21 cents per hundred dollars valuation, the operating tax rate increased to 22.21 cents per hundred dollars and the debt service tax rate remains unchanged at 49 cents.

ACCOUNTABLE

While about half-way into the 2015 fiscal year, the City is already beginning to prepare for the 2016 budget process and up-coming forecast with the same goal of being fiscally responsible to our citizens.

# AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Texas State Comptroller awarded the City of Pearland a Platinum Leadership Circle Award, which spotlights entities that go above and beyond providing financial transparency online through clear, consistent pictures of spending and sharing information in a user-friendly format that lets viewers easily drill down for more information.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for the Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Pearland, Texas, for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended September 30, 2013. This was the 37th consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City has also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of this report was accomplished with the dedicated service of the Accounting staff of the Finance Department. We express our sincere appreciation to these individuals who have continually demonstrated the core beliefs of the City and who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. We also thank the Mayor and members of the City Council for their support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Clay J. Pearson, City Manager

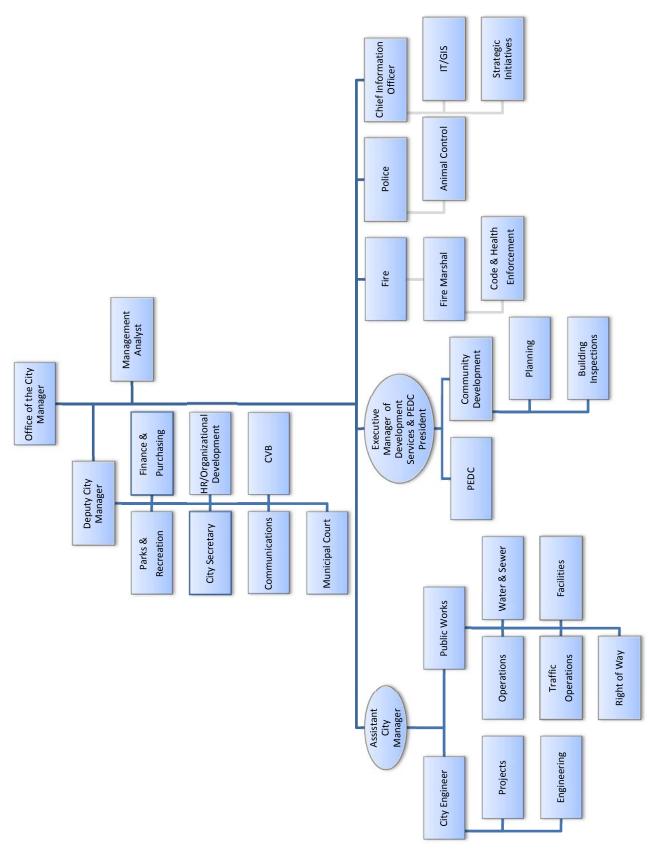
Claire Bogard, Director of Finance

Obija Bornel

# CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

Elected Officials	Position	Term Expires May
Tom Reid	Mayor	2017
Tony Carbone	Council Member at Large - Position One	2016
Scott Sherman	Council Member at Large - Position Two	2015
Gary Moore	Council Member at Large - Position Three	2017
Keith Ordeneaux	Council Member at Large - Position Four, Mayor Pro Tem	2015
Greg Hill	Council Member at Large - Position Five	2016
Appointed Officials	Position	
Clay Pearson	City Manager	
Darrin Coker	City Attorney	
Letitia Farnie	Municipal Court Judge	
City Management	Position	
Jon Branson	Deputy City Manager	
Trent Epperson	Assistant City Manager	
Claire Bogard	Director of Finance	
Matt Buchanan	Executive Manager of Development Services and PEDC President	
Young Lorfing	City Secretary	
Eric Wilson	Director of Public Works	
Bonita Hall	Director of Human Resources	
Chris Doyle	Police Chief	
Michelle Smith	Director of Parks and Recreation	
Vance Riley	Fire Chief	
Andrew Fearn	Head Librarian	
Lata Krishnarao	Director of Community Development	
Kim Sinistore	Executive Director, CVB	
Sparkle Anderson	Communications Manager	

# CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS ORGANIZATION CHART





# Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

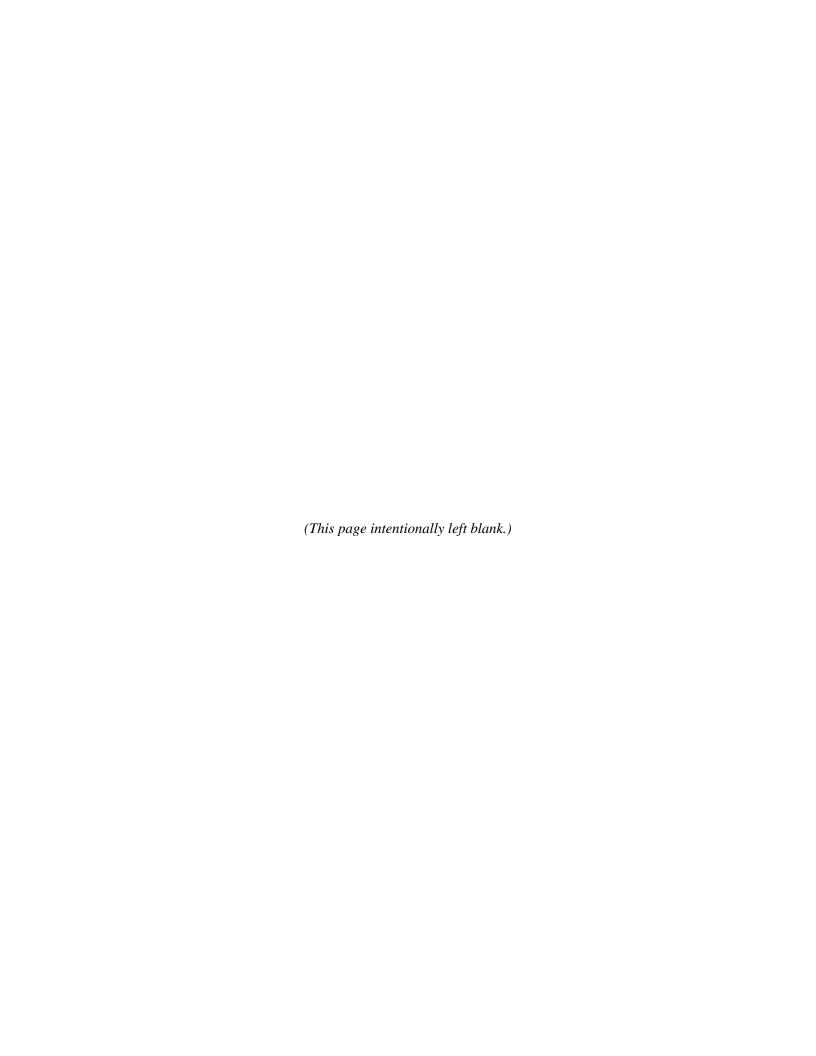
Presented to

# City of Pearland Texas

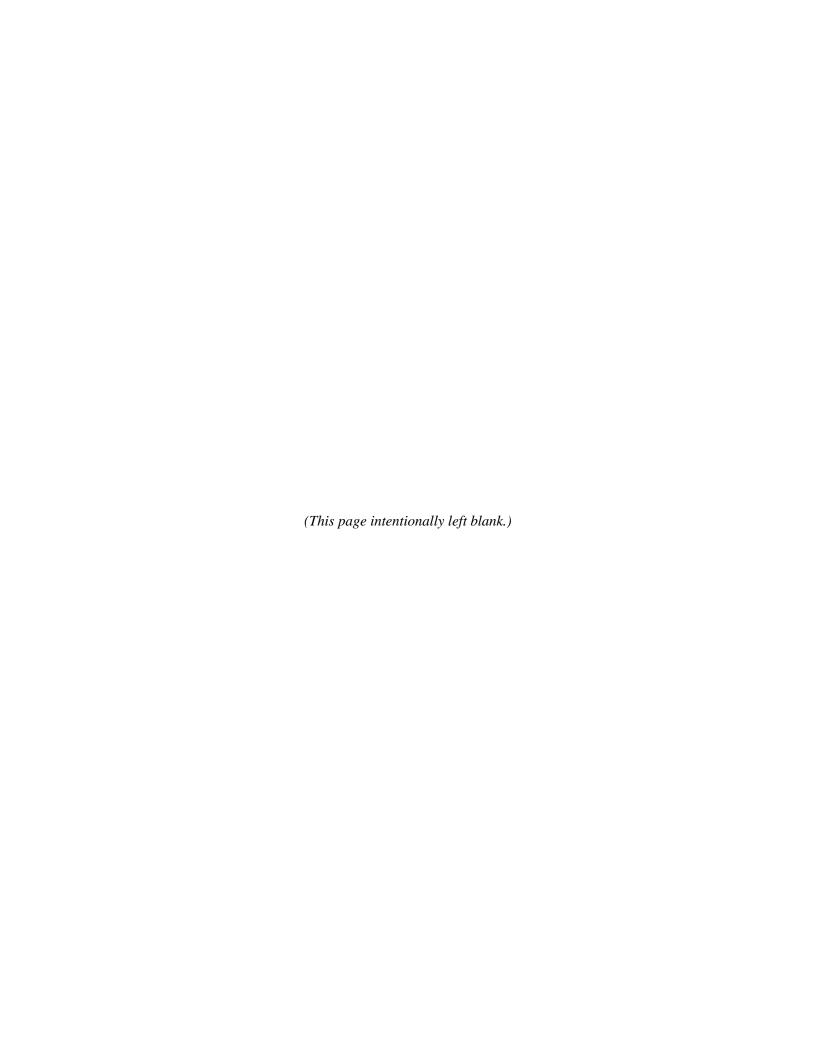
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

**September 30, 2013** 

Executive Director/CEO









Houston Office 3411 Richmond Avenue Suite 500 Houston, Texas 77046 713.621.1515 Main whitleypenn.com

# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Pearland, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Pearland, Texas (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council

# **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 16 to the financial statements, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities* as of September 30, 2014. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Other Matters**

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 7 through 17, budgetary comparison information on pages 70 through 71, and pension system supplementary information and other post-employment benefit supplementary information on page 72 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund statements and schedules, other supplementary information, budgetary comparison schedules and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and budgetary comparison schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules, other supplementary information, and budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 23, 2015, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Houston, Texas February 23, 2015

Whitley FERN LLP

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

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# CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Pearland (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the primary government of the City exceeded its liabilities as of September 30, 2014, by \$668.2 million (net position). Of this amount, \$605.2 million is invested in capital assets, net of related capital debt and \$60.3 million restricted for capital projects, debt service, community development projects, public safety, and economic development.
- The City's total primary government net position increased by \$26.8 million primarily due to capital contributions from developers.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$71.4 million, an increase of \$6.6 million in comparison with the prior year. Increases are seen in the Pearland Economic Development Corporation of \$3.8 million and \$2.0 million in the non-major governmental funds. Approximately \$51.8 million of the \$71.4 million is considered restricted; \$23.8 million for economic development, and \$17.5 million is mainly attributable to unspent bond proceeds for capital projects.
- As of September 30, 2014, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$17.9 million or 30% of total General Fund expenditures. The total fund balance for the General Fund is \$19.5 million or 33% of General Fund expenditures.
- The City's General Obligation and Certificates of Obligation debt for governmental activities totaled \$293.2 million, a net decrease of \$1.5 million over the previous year. Revenue bonds for the City's component units totaled \$80.1 million, an increase of \$5.0 million from last year. The City's debt for business activities totaled \$114.8 million, a net decrease of approximately \$4.9 million from the previous year principal outstanding.

# **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide Financial Statements** - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities, with the difference between the three reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, community services and parks and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, and solid waste.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 21 through 23 of this report. The government-wide financial statements include not only the City, itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Economic Development Corporation, Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ) and the Development Authority of Pearland for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these blended component units is reported together with the financial information presented for the primary government, itself.

**Fund Financial Statements** - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of the City can be divided into two categories - governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statement focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Beginning on page 24 of this report, information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General, Debt Service, Pearland Economic Development Corporation, Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #2, and Development Authority of Pearland, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the non-major governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

*Proprietary Funds* - The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an Enterprise Fund to account for its Water and Sewer Fund and Solid Waste Fund.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The basic proprietary fund financial statements, which begin on page 31 of this report, provide separate information for the Water and Sewer and Solid Waste Enterprise Funds since it is considered to be a major fund of the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 31 through 34 of this report.

**Notes to the Financial Statements** - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 35 of this report.

**Other Information** - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents other required supplementary information as well as combining and individual fund statements and schedules that further support the information in the financial statements. This information is presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements beginning on page 70 of this report.

# **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities by \$668.2 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position (91%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

### COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2014 and 2013

Amounts in (000's)

	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Totals		
	2014	2013*	2014	2013*	2014	2013*	
Assets							
Current and other assets	\$ 99,425	\$ 92,877	\$ 39,996	\$ 41,056	\$ 139,421	\$ 133,933	
Capital assets	759,236	749,038	288,672	281,213	1,047,908	1,030,251	
Total Assets	858,661	841,915	328,668	322,269	1,187,329	1,164,184	
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred charge on refunding	11,517	11,053	509	560	12,026	11,613	
Total Deferred Outflows							
of Resources	11,517	11,053	509	560	12,026	11,613	
Liabilities							
Other liabilities	11,846	17,170	7,735	9,147	19,581	26,317	
Long-term liabilities outstanding	395,230	386,657	116,392	121,521	511,622	508,178	
Total Liabilities	407,076	403,827	124,127	130,668	531,203	534,495	
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets	430,286	420,009	174,955	165,915	605,241	585,924	
Restricted	45,826	34,666	14,483	9,542	60,309	44,208	
Unrestricted	(13,010)	(5,534)	15,612	16,704	2,602	11,170	
Total Net Position	\$ 463,102	\$ 449,141	\$ 205,050	\$ 192,161	\$ 668,152	\$ 641,302	

<sup>\*</sup>As restated

Due to the implementation of GASB 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34 (GASB 61), Pearland Economic Development Corporation, Pearland TIRZ #2 and the Development Authority of Pearland have been presented as blended component units and therefore are included in the Governmental Activities column.

As a result of this implementation, unrestricted net position for governmental activities is negative \$13.0 million for fiscal year 2014. Governmental Accounting Standards require that the Development Authority of Pearland outstanding debt be deducted from the unrestricted component of the government's net position as the Development Authority has acquired no capital assets, therefore the debt is considered non-capital related.

If one were to adjust for this, Governmental Activities Unrestricted Net Position would have been a positive \$19.9 million compared to \$20.6 million in fiscal year 2013, a reduction of \$698 thousand in unrestricted net position.

The increase in Total Net Position from the prior year is \$26.9 million, which is primarily attributed to capital contributions from developers.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

# COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the Years Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 Amounts in (000's)

	Government	al Activities	<b>Business-type Activities</b>			Totals				
	2014	2013*		2014	2	2013*		2014		2013*
Revenues										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 19,847	\$ 22,719	\$	35,937	\$	37,183	\$	55,784	\$	59,902
Operating grants and										
contributions	9,297	2,325						9,297		2,325
Capital grants and										
contributions	29,269	53,101		17,677		16,273		46,946		69,374
Property taxes	57,378	54,433						57,378		54,433
Sales and use taxes	27,295	24,942						27,295		24,942
Franchise taxes	6,484	5,999						6,484		5,999
Investment earnings	254	155		139		95		393		250
Other	2,399	1,701		275		682		2,674		2,383
Total Revenues	152,223	165,375		54,028		54,233		206,251		219,608
Expenses										
General Government	12,241	13,358						12,241		13,358
Public Safety	32,130	28,944						32,130		28,944
Public Works	38,579	31,690						38,579		31,690
Community Services	4,687	3,807						4,687		3,807
Parks and Recreation	6,896	9,524						6,896		9,524
Economic Development	26,498	17,411						26,498		17,411
Interest on long-term debt	16,225	10,534						16,225		10,534
Water and Sewer				32,444		31,289		32,444		31,289
Solid Waste				6,664		8,324		6,664		8,324
Total Expenses	137,256	115,268		39,108		39,613		176,364		154,881
Increase (decrease) in net										
position before special										
item and transfers	14,968	50,107		14,920		14,620		29,888		64,727
Special item - loss on disposal										
of asset	(3,039)							(3,039)		
Transfers	2,031	1,607		(2,031)		(1,607)				
Increase in net position	13,960	51,714		12,889		13,013		26,849		64,727
Net position - beginning, as										
restated	449,141	397,427		192,161		179,148		641,302		576,575
Net position - ending	\$ 463,101	\$ 449,141	\$	205,050	\$	192,161	\$	668,151	\$	641,302

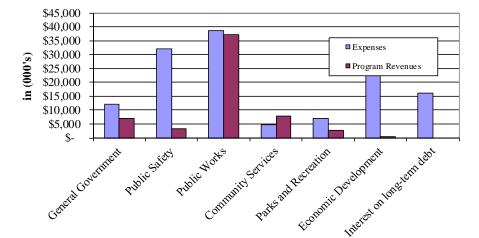
<sup>\*</sup>As restated

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

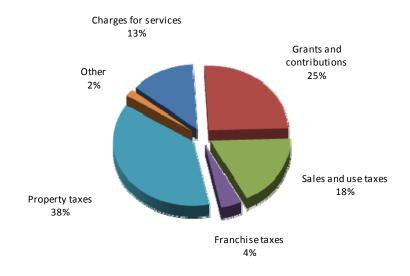
**Governmental activities** - Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$14.0 million, thereby accounting for 52% percent of the total increase in the net position of the City. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Property taxes, sales and use taxes, and franchise taxes totaled \$57.4 million, \$27.3 million, and \$6.5 million respectively. These revenues increased by \$5.8 million from prior year primarily as a result of an increase in taxable assessed values and increased consumer spending.
- Capital contributions totaled \$29.3 million as a result of infrastructure contributed by developers.
- The revenues were offset by expenses for general government, public safety, public works, and economic development of \$12.2 million, \$32.1 million, \$38.6 million, and \$26.5 million respectively. In total, these expenses were relatively consistent with the prior year.



**Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities** 

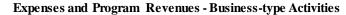
# **Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities**

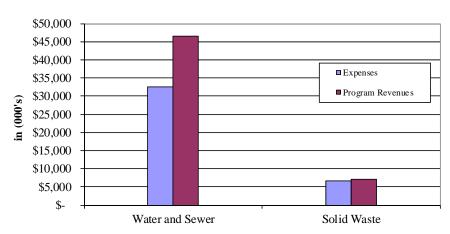


MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

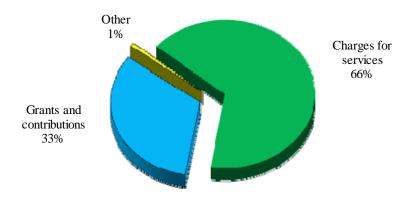
**Business-type activities** - Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$12.9 million, thereby accounting for 48% percent of the total increase in the net position of the City. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Charges for services of \$35.9 million decreased approximately \$1.2 million over the prior year primarily due to a decrease in water and sewer consumption due to rainfall.
- Capital grants and contributions of million increased \$1.4 million from the prior year mainly due to increased contributions from developers for impact fees.
- The revenues listed above were offset by expenses of \$32.4 million and \$6.7 million, respectively, for Water and Sewer and Solid Waste. Expenses decreased from prior year by \$505.0 thousand as the billing of commercial garbage was transitioned directly between City provider and commercial accounts.





#### **Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities**



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information of near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The City's governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$71.4 million. A portion of the combined fund balance, or \$17.9 million, is unassigned and available for day-to-day operations of the City; \$17.5 million is restricted for capital projects; \$23.8 million for economic development and the remaining balance is restricted for debt service and other programs.

There was an increase in the combined fund balance of \$6.6 million from the prior year. The increase in fund balance includes a decrease of \$106.9 thousand in the Debt Service Fund balance, offset by a combined increase of approximately \$831.4 thousand in the General Fund, \$3.8 million in the Pearland Economic Development Corporation, and \$2.0 million in the non-major governmental funds. The General Fund's fund balance totaled \$19.5 million at year end.

The Pearland Economic Development Corporation, TIRZ #2, and Development Authority, the City's component units blended with the primary government, had expenditures totaling \$32.5 million, leaving an ending fund balance of \$19.2 million, \$4.3 million, and \$1.9 million, respectively, all considered restricted.

Proprietary Funds - The City's business-type activities contain two activities (water and sewer, and solid waste). The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements.

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, there was a \$1.6 million increase in appropriations between the original and final amended budget. The increase in appropriations is attributable to carryover funding from prior-year encumbrances and projects and to reflect projections during the 2013-2014 budget process.

Budget estimates for revenues and other sources combined increased by approximately \$1.5 million for the year; also to reflect carryovers and revised projections. Actual revenues of \$57.7 million were \$613.5 thousand over the final budget mainly in sales and use tax and licenses and permits. Actual expenditures of \$59.7 million were under budget by \$3.9 million, resulting in the year-end fund balance of \$19.5 million over budget by \$3.9 million.

At year-end, equipment purchases and several projects were still in progress and part of the \$3.9 million will be carried over and reappropriated in the 2014-2015 budget year.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets** - At the end of fiscal year 2014, the City's governmental activities and business-type activities had invested \$759.2 million and \$288.7 million, respectively, in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure, as reflected in the following schedule. This represents a net increase of \$10.2 million, or 1.4 percent over the end of last fiscal year for the governmental activities and a net increase of \$7.5 million or 2.7 percent over the end of last fiscal year for business-type activities.

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>		Business-Typ	e Activities	Totals		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2013 2014		
Land	\$ 31,264	\$ 31,264	\$ 3,796	\$ 3,796	\$ 35,061	\$ 35,060	
Construction in progress	19,975	23,306	9,509	8,918	29,483	32,224	
Infrastructure	617,866	607,940	221,763	212,666	839,628	820,606	
Buildings and improvements	79,233	77,899	26,438	27,168	105,672	105,067	
Machinery and equipment	8,110	6,165	1,289	1,401	9,399	7,566	
Furniture and fixtures	2,789	2,464	30	37	2,819	2,501	
Contractual water rights			25,847	27,227	25,847	27,227	
Total Capital Assets	\$ 759,236	\$ 749,038	\$ 288,672	\$ 281,213	\$ 1,047,908	\$ 1,030,251	

Construction in progress at year-end represents numerous ongoing projects, the largest of which relate to street, parks, and water/sewer projects. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

**Long-Term Debt** - At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonds, certificates of obligation, notes, capital leases, and post-employment liabilities outstanding of \$511.6 million. Of this amount, \$249.6 million is composed of general obligation bonds, \$56.5 million is composed of certificates of obligation and \$182.1 million represents revenue bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources.

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>		<b>Business-Type Activities</b>			Totals				
	2014	2013		2014		2013		2014		2013
General obligation bonds	\$ 236,730	\$ 230,040	\$	12,865	\$	14,020	\$	249,595	\$	244,060
Certificates of obligation	56,505	64,690						56,505		64,690
Revenue bonds	80,125	75,125		101,925		105,690		182,050		180,815
Unamortized amount for										
issuance premium/(discount)	10,123	6,159		592		730		10,715		6,889
Capital leases payable	4,344	3,681		169		261		4,513		3,942
Compensated absences	5,682	5,007		525		463		6,207		5,470
Post employment benefit liability	1,721	1,955		315		357		2,036		2,312
	\$ 395,230	\$ 386,657	\$	116,391	\$	121,521	\$	511,622	\$	508,178

The City's general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation debt for governmental activities decreased to \$293.2 million. The decrease is due to principal payments offset by new monies issued. The City's debt for business activities decreased to \$114.8 million, a net decrease of \$4.9 million from the previous year, which was a result of principal payments.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Current ratings on debt issues are as follows:

			Moodys
	Standard		<b>Investor</b>
	and Poors	Fitch	Services
General obligation bonds	AA	AA	Aa2
Revenue bonds	AA-	AA-	Aa3

Both the Pearland Economic Development Corporation (PEDC) and the Development Authority of Pearland (DAP), component units of the City, have issued debt. The PEDC bonds are rated A1 from Moody's. The DAP bonds are rated A- by Standard and Poors. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 to the financial statements.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The City continues to grow in FY 2015, but with some challenges and vulnerabilities. The first vulnerability is the City is significantly leveraged, which was necessary to give us the opportunity to grow successfully. As of September 30, 2014 the City had \$293.2 million in General Obligation and Certificates of Obligation outstanding being paid back primarily by property taxes. Our financial obligations will continue to be met, and the City will continue to grow, but knowing that the heavy investments both past and future may limit our resources for ongoing operations and innovations. Second is the challenge to maintain strong property values on limited land resources. The property values derived from the City's growth have not been of extremely high value relative to the land that has been developed compared to some other large suburban communities. Despite these valuation concerns, the overall tax base reflects a strong 8.5% increase for FY 2015, compared to 7.1% in FY 2014, and 1.0%, 0.6%, and 2.6% in fiscal years 2011, 2012, and 2013, respectively. The third vulnerability is bringing the City's organizational structure up to the task of supporting an expansive 48.39 square mile, 110,000 resident, and \$7 billion valuation community. In FY 2015 we will institute a modern configuration to take advantage of the talents of our staff and continue to deliver excellent results, with the biggest move bring Public Works and Projects/Engineering together.

With the improving Houston area economy and the continued growth in population served by the City we are budgeting a 5% increase in General Fund revenues over FY 2014. For General Fund operations, sales tax has been our single most important revenue at 28% of operating revenue with \$18.1 million for the City General Fund and \$8.9 million for the Economic Development Corporation. Sales tax is projected to increase 6.0% over FY 2014. The FY 2015 budget includes an increase of \$0.007 to the Operating and Maintenance property tax rate, which should provide an additional \$412,720 in revenue, for a total tax rate of \$.7121 in FY 2015. Although residential building permits still remain strong at almost 1,000 a year, there is a lag time before the benefits of the new construction are realized in the community, in revenue generation, as well in the provision of services. The budget includes an increase in fees for development, planning, and health services to reflect the actual cost of services. Because of these changes in fee charged, additional revenue of \$335,930 is projected for FY 2015. However, as predicted for FY 2015, the General Fund has a structural imbalance, with recurring operating expenditures greater than recurring operating revenues. The total net revenues for FY 2015, or drawdown of fund balance is (\$3,827,478) and comprised of \$1.5 million in recurring expenditures and \$2.3 million in non-recurring expenditures.

Overall General Fund expenditures, including transfers out, are up 1.8% in FY 2015. Operating expenditures without the transfers out are up 3.8% from FY 2014 projections. Wage and benefits are 67% of General Fund expenditures, with health care costs becoming a significant cost factor. Public Safety is

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

more than half (54%) of General Fund expenditures (Police and Fire/EMS), which have grown 4.7%, 16.8%, and 14.5% in fiscal years 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The Parks and Recreation category is budgeted at \$6.77 million in expenditures, lower than last year's budget of \$8.64 million, which is primarily a function of our reorganization transferring functions to Public Works. Capital Improvements total \$55.1 million for FY 2015. A few of the projects planned for the year are McHard Road extension, Bailey Road widening, Shadow Creek Ranch Sports Complex, building of Fire Station 2, and expansion of Reflection Bay Wastewater.

As Pearland continues to grow, staff continues the planning for the expansion of the various components of the public water-sewer utility; striving to keep pace with both the system's expansion as well as the rehabilitation of the aging portions of the infrastructure. In order to operate the system, provide for debt service, cash reserves and to meet bond coverage requirements, the fiscal year 2015 budget included a 4.63% revenue increase, generating \$1.358 million in additional revenues. This increase was effective with October 2014 consumption. The last rate increase was six years ago, in October 2008.

#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of City's finances. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact Claire Bogard, Director of Finance, at 3519 Liberty Drive, Pearland, Texas 77581, or call (281) 652-1600. The report and general information can be found on the City's website at www.cityofpearland.com.

**Basic Financial Statements** 

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#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2014

Primary (	love rnme nt
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	Governmental	Business-type	Total
Accede	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets	ф 42.200.co2	e 1.052.004	ф 45.250.69 <b>7</b>
Cash and equivalents	\$ 43,398,683	\$ 1,952,004	\$ 45,350,687
Investments	27,169,072	10,976,950	38,146,022
Receivables, net of allowance			
for uncollectibles	22,257,880	3,355,570	25,613,450
Due from other governmental agencies	4,606,223		4,606,223
Inventories	137,364		137,364
Prepaid items	273,960	12,946	286,906
Restricted cash and investments	1,581,708	23,698,185	25,279,893
Capital assets:			
Capital assets not subject			
to depreciation	51,238,883	13,305,246	64,544,129
Capital assets, net of			
accumulated depreciation	707,997,510	275,366,686	983,364,196
Total Capital Assets	759,236,393	288,671,932	1,047,908,325
Total Assets	858,661,283	328,667,587	1,187,328,870
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred charge on refunding	11,516,723	509,414	12,026,137
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	11,516,723	509,414	12,026,137
	11,510,725	305,111	12,020,137
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	6,958,302	4,178,461	11,136,763
Accrued interest	1,241,106	395,419	1,636,525
Unearned revenues	3,562,276		3,562,276
Customer deposits	84,808	3,161,497	3,246,305
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year	17,269,808	5,279,661	22,549,469
Due in more than one year	377,960,070	111,111,719	489,071,789
Total Liabilities	407,076,370	124,126,757	531,203,127
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	430,286,194	174,954,845	605,241,039
Restricted for:			
Capital improvements	7,433,862	12,256,333	19,690,195
Debt service	5,857,298	2,227,279	8,084,577
Community development programs	5,984,329		5,984,329
Public safety	389,883		389,883
Economic development	26,160,315		26,160,315
Unrestricted	(13,010,245)	15,611,787	2,601,542
Total Net Position	\$ 463,101,636	\$ 205,050,244	\$ 668,151,880
		, , ,	

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

			Program Revenue					
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary Government	· ·							
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$	12,240,571	\$	6,636,909	\$	440,613	\$	
Public Safety		32,129,934		2,792,687		433,973		
Public Works		38,578,835		321,715		7,612,275		29,268,764
Community Services		4,686,896		7,375,068		336,541		
Parks and Recreation		6,896,350		2,290,588		473,952		
Economic Development		26,497,574		430,472				
Interest on long-term debt		16,224,826						
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>		137,254,986		19,847,439	-	9,297,354		29,268,764
<b>Business-type activities:</b>								
Water and Sewer		32,444,427		28,928,774				17,677,185
Solid Waste		6,663,564		7,008,474				
<b>Total Business-Type Activities</b>		39,107,991		35,937,248				17,677,185
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$	176,362,977	\$	55,784,687	\$	9,297,354	\$	46,945,949

#### **General Revenues:**

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales and use taxes

Franchise taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Special item - loss on disposal of asset

Transfers

**Total General Revenues and Transfers** 

Change in net position

Net position - beginning, as restated

**Net position - ending** 

(28,903,274)       (28,903,274)         (1,376,081)       (1,376,081)         3,024,713       3,024,713         (4,131,810)       (26,067,102)         (16,224,826)       (26,067,102)         (16,224,826)       (78,841,429)         14,161,532       14,161,532         344,910       344,910         14,506,442       14,506,442         (78,841,429)       14,506,442       (64,334,987)         57,378,285       27,294,598         6,483,961       6,483,961       6,483,961         254,228       138,712       392,940         2,398,589       274,466       2,673,055         (3,038,547)       (3,038,547)         2,030,588       (2,030,588)         92,801,702       (1,617,410)       91,184,292         13,960,273       12,889,032       26,849,305         449,141,363       192,161,212       641,302,575	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
Activities         Activities         Total           \$ (5,163,049)         \$ (5,163,049)           (28,903,274)         (28,903,274)           (1,376,081)         (1,376,081)           3,024,713         3,024,713           (4,131,810)         (26,067,102)           (16,224,826)         (16,224,826)           (78,841,429)         (78,841,429)           14,161,532         14,161,532           344,910         344,910           344,910         344,910           (78,841,429)         14,506,442         14,506,442           (78,841,429)         14,506,442         (64,334,987)           57,378,285         57,378,285         27,294,598           6,483,961         6,483,961         6,483,961           254,228         138,712         392,940           2,398,589         274,466         2,673,055           (3,038,547)         (3,038,547)         (3,038,547)           2,030,588         (2,030,588)           92,801,702         (1,617,410)         91,184,292           13,960,273         12,889,032         26,849,305           449,141,363         192,161,212         641,302,575		]	Prima	ry Governmen	t		
(28,903,274)       (28,903,274)         (1,376,081)       (1,376,081)         3,024,713       3,024,713         (4,131,810)       (26,067,102)         (16,224,826)       (16,224,826)         (78,841,429)       (78,841,429)         14,161,532       14,161,532         344,910       344,910         14,506,442       14,506,442         (78,841,429)       14,506,442       (64,334,987)         57,378,285       27,294,598         6,483,961       6,483,961       6,483,961         254,228       138,712       392,940         2,398,589       274,466       2,673,055         (3,038,547)       (3,038,547)         2,030,588       (2,030,588)         92,801,702       (1,617,410)       91,184,292         13,960,273       12,889,032       26,849,305         449,141,363       192,161,212       641,302,575	G			• •		Total	
(28,903,274)       (28,903,274)         (1,376,081)       (1,376,081)         3,024,713       3,024,713         (4,131,810)       (26,067,102)         (16,224,826)       (16,224,826)         (78,841,429)       (78,841,429)         14,161,532       14,161,532         344,910       344,910         14,506,442       14,506,442         (78,841,429)       14,506,442       (64,334,987)         57,378,285       27,294,598         6,483,961       6,483,961       6,483,961         254,228       138,712       392,940         2,398,589       274,466       2,673,055         (3,038,547)       (3,038,547)         2,030,588       (2,030,588)         92,801,702       (1,617,410)       91,184,292         13,960,273       12,889,032       26,849,305         449,141,363       192,161,212       641,302,575							
(1,376,081)       (1,376,081)         3,024,713       3,024,713         (4,131,810)       (4,131,810)         (26,067,102)       (26,067,102)         (16,224,826)       (16,224,826)         (78,841,429)       (78,841,429)         14,161,532       14,161,532         344,910       344,910         14,506,442       14,506,442         (78,841,429)       14,506,442         (64,334,987)         57,378,285       27,294,598         6,483,961       6,483,961         254,228       138,712       392,940         2,398,589       274,466       2,673,055         (3,038,547)       (3,038,547)       (3,038,547)         2,030,588       (2,030,588)         92,801,702       (1,617,410)       91,184,292         13,960,273       12,889,032       26,849,305         449,141,363       192,161,212       641,302,575	\$	(5,163,049)	\$		\$	(5,163,049)	
3,024,713       3,024,713         (4,131,810)       (4,131,810)         (26,067,102)       (26,067,102)         (16,224,826)       (16,224,826)         (78,841,429)       (78,841,429)         14,161,532       14,161,532         344,910       344,910         14,506,442       14,506,442         (78,841,429)       14,506,442       (64,334,987)         57,378,285       27,294,598         6,483,961       6,483,961       6,483,961         254,228       138,712       392,940         2,398,589       274,466       2,673,055         (3,038,547)       (3,038,547)       (3,038,547)         2,030,588       (2,030,588)         92,801,702       (1,617,410)       91,184,292         13,960,273       12,889,032       26,849,305         449,141,363       192,161,212       641,302,575		(28,903,274)				(28,903,274)	
(4,131,810)       (4,131,810)         (26,067,102)       (26,067,102)         (16,224,826)       (16,224,826)         (78,841,429)       (78,841,429)         14,161,532       14,161,532         344,910       344,910         14,506,442       14,506,442         (78,841,429)       14,506,442       (64,334,987)         57,378,285       27,294,598         6,483,961       6,483,961       6,483,961         254,228       138,712       392,940         2,398,589       274,466       2,673,055         (3,038,547)       (3,038,547)       (3,038,547)         2,030,588       (2,030,588)         92,801,702       (1,617,410)       91,184,292         13,960,273       12,889,032       26,849,305         449,141,363       192,161,212       641,302,575		(1,376,081)				(1,376,081)	
(26,067,102)       (26,067,102)         (16,224,826)       (16,224,826)         (78,841,429)       (78,841,429)         14,161,532       14,161,532         344,910       344,910         14,506,442       14,506,442         (78,841,429)       14,506,442       (64,334,987)         57,378,285       27,294,598         6,483,961       6,483,961       6,483,961         254,228       138,712       392,940         2,398,589       274,466       2,673,055         (3,038,547)       (3,038,547)       (3,038,547)         2,030,588       (2,030,588)         92,801,702       (1,617,410)       91,184,292         13,960,273       12,889,032       26,849,305         449,141,363       192,161,212       641,302,575		3,024,713				3,024,713	
(16,224,826)       (16,224,826)         (78,841,429)       (78,841,429)         14,161,532       14,161,532         344,910       344,910         14,506,442       14,506,442         (78,841,429)       14,506,442       (64,334,987)         57,378,285       27,294,598         6,483,961       6,483,961       392,940         2,398,589       274,466       2,673,055         (3,038,547)       (3,038,547)       (3,038,547)         2,030,588       (2,030,588)         92,801,702       (1,617,410)       91,184,292         13,960,273       12,889,032       26,849,305         449,141,363       192,161,212       641,302,575		(4,131,810)				(4,131,810)	
(78,841,429)     (78,841,429)       14,161,532     14,161,532       344,910     344,910       14,506,442     14,506,442       (78,841,429)     14,506,442     (64,334,987)       57,378,285     27,294,598       6,483,961     6,483,961     392,940       2,398,589     274,466     2,673,055       (3,038,547)     (3,038,547)     (3,038,547)       2,030,588     (2,030,588)       92,801,702     (1,617,410)     91,184,292       13,960,273     12,889,032     26,849,305       449,141,363     192,161,212     641,302,575		(26,067,102)				(26,067,102)	
14,161,532     14,161,532       344,910     344,910       14,506,442     14,506,442       (78,841,429)     14,506,442     (64,334,987)       57,378,285     27,294,598       6,483,961     6,483,961       254,228     138,712     392,940       2,398,589     274,466     2,673,055       (3,038,547)     (3,038,547)     (3,038,547)       2030,588     (2,030,588)       92,801,702     (1,617,410)     91,184,292       13,960,273     12,889,032     26,849,305       449,141,363     192,161,212     641,302,575		(16,224,826)				(16,224,826)	
14,161,532     14,161,532       344,910     344,910       14,506,442     14,506,442       (78,841,429)     14,506,442     (64,334,987)       57,378,285     27,294,598       6,483,961     6,483,961     6,483,961       254,228     138,712     392,940       2,398,589     274,466     2,673,055       (3,038,547)     (3,038,547)     (3,038,547)       2030,588     (2,030,588)       92,801,702     (1,617,410)     91,184,292       13,960,273     12,889,032     26,849,305       449,141,363     192,161,212     641,302,575		(78,841,429)				(78,841,429)	
344,910         344,910           14,506,442         14,506,442           (78,841,429)         14,506,442         (64,334,987)           57,378,285         27,294,598         27,294,598           6,483,961         6,483,961         392,940           2,398,589         274,466         2,673,055           (3,038,547)         (3,038,547)         (3,038,547)           2,030,588         (2,030,588)         (2,030,588)           92,801,702         (1,617,410)         91,184,292           13,960,273         12,889,032         26,849,305           449,141,363         192,161,212         641,302,575		_				_	
344,910         344,910           14,506,442         14,506,442           (78,841,429)         14,506,442         (64,334,987)           57,378,285         27,294,598         27,294,598           6,483,961         6,483,961         392,940           2,398,589         274,466         2,673,055           (3,038,547)         (3,038,547)         (3,038,547)           2,030,588         (2,030,588)         (2,030,588)           92,801,702         (1,617,410)         91,184,292           13,960,273         12,889,032         26,849,305           449,141,363         192,161,212         641,302,575							
14,506,442     14,506,442       (78,841,429)     14,506,442     (64,334,987)       57,378,285     57,378,285       27,294,598     27,294,598       6,483,961     6,483,961       254,228     138,712     392,940       2,398,589     274,466     2,673,055       (3,038,547)     (3,038,547)     (3,038,547)       2,030,588     (2,030,588)       92,801,702     (1,617,410)     91,184,292       13,960,273     12,889,032     26,849,305       449,141,363     192,161,212     641,302,575				14,161,532		14,161,532	
(78,841,429)       14,506,442       (64,334,987)         57,378,285       57,378,285       27,294,598         27,294,598       27,294,598       6,483,961         254,228       138,712       392,940         2,398,589       274,466       2,673,055         (3,038,547)       (3,038,547)       (3,038,547)         2,030,588       (2,030,588)         92,801,702       (1,617,410)       91,184,292         13,960,273       12,889,032       26,849,305         449,141,363       192,161,212       641,302,575				344,910		344,910	
57,378,285     57,378,285       27,294,598     27,294,598       6,483,961     6,483,961       254,228     138,712     392,940       2,398,589     274,466     2,673,055       (3,038,547)     (3,038,547)     (3,038,547)       2,030,588     (2,030,588)       92,801,702     (1,617,410)     91,184,292       13,960,273     12,889,032     26,849,305       449,141,363     192,161,212     641,302,575				14,506,442		14,506,442	
27,294,598       27,294,598         6,483,961       6,483,961         254,228       138,712       392,940         2,398,589       274,466       2,673,055         (3,038,547)       (3,038,547)       (3,038,547)         2,030,588       (2,030,588)       (2,030,588)         92,801,702       (1,617,410)       91,184,292         13,960,273       12,889,032       26,849,305         449,141,363       192,161,212       641,302,575		(78,841,429)		14,506,442		(64,334,987)	
27,294,598       27,294,598         6,483,961       6,483,961         254,228       138,712       392,940         2,398,589       274,466       2,673,055         (3,038,547)       (3,038,547)       (3,038,547)         2,030,588       (2,030,588)       (2,030,588)         92,801,702       (1,617,410)       91,184,292         13,960,273       12,889,032       26,849,305         449,141,363       192,161,212       641,302,575							
6,483,961     6,483,961       254,228     138,712     392,940       2,398,589     274,466     2,673,055       (3,038,547)     (3,038,547)       2,030,588     (2,030,588)       92,801,702     (1,617,410)     91,184,292       13,960,273     12,889,032     26,849,305       449,141,363     192,161,212     641,302,575		57,378,285				57,378,285	
254,228     138,712     392,940       2,398,589     274,466     2,673,055       (3,038,547)     (3,038,547)       2,030,588     (2,030,588)       92,801,702     (1,617,410)     91,184,292       13,960,273     12,889,032     26,849,305       449,141,363     192,161,212     641,302,575		27,294,598				27,294,598	
2,398,589     274,466     2,673,055       (3,038,547)     (3,038,547)       2,030,588     (2,030,588)       92,801,702     (1,617,410)     91,184,292       13,960,273     12,889,032     26,849,305       449,141,363     192,161,212     641,302,575		6,483,961				6,483,961	
(3,038,547)     (3,038,547)       2,030,588     (2,030,588)       92,801,702     (1,617,410)     91,184,292       13,960,273     12,889,032     26,849,305       449,141,363     192,161,212     641,302,575		254,228		138,712		392,940	
2,030,588     (2,030,588)       92,801,702     (1,617,410)     91,184,292       13,960,273     12,889,032     26,849,305       449,141,363     192,161,212     641,302,575		2,398,589		274,466		2,673,055	
92,801,702     (1,617,410)     91,184,292       13,960,273     12,889,032     26,849,305       449,141,363     192,161,212     641,302,575		(3,038,547)				(3,038,547)	
13,960,273 12,889,032 26,849,305 449,141,363 192,161,212 641,302,575		2,030,588		(2,030,588)			
449,141,363 192,161,212 641,302,575		92,801,702		(1,617,410)		91,184,292	
	_	13,960,273				26,849,305	
\$ 463 101 636 \$ 205 050 244 \$ 668 151 880		449,141,363		192,161,212		641,302,575	
Ψ 103,101,030 Ψ 203,030,211 Ψ 000,131,000	\$	463,101,636	\$	205,050,244	\$	668,151,880	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2014

	General Fund	Debt Service	Pearland Economic Development Corporation	Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #2
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,403,021	\$ 1,638,827	\$ 5,527,157	\$ 4,346,425
Investments	8,730,187	2,993,905	11,465,298	
Receivables, net of allowance	<b>5</b> 5 5 0 <b>5 2 2</b>	0.000.054	4.405.504	
for uncollectibles	5,668,522	9,008,351	4,187,704	
Due from other governments	516,600			
Due from other funds	275,323			
Inventories	137,364			
Prepaid items	64,675	166,894	38,171	
Restricted cash			665,254	
Total Assets	\$ 25,795,692	\$ 13,807,977	\$ 21,883,584	\$ 4,346,425
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 2,659,825	\$ 247,442	83,411	\$
Accrued expenditures	1,394,615	103,332	16,352	Ψ
Deposits	46,475	103,332	38,333	
Due to other funds	40,473		36,333	
Unearned revenue	1 772 256	1 790 020		
Total Liabilities	1,773,256	1,789,020	129,006	
Total Liabilities	5,874,171	2,139,794	138,096	
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue	467,020	7,132,246	2,590,001	
Total Deferred Inflows				
of Resources	467,020	7,132,246	2,590,001	
Fund Balances				
Non-spendable				
Inventories	137,364			
Prepaid items	64,675	166,894	38,171	
Restricted	04,073	100,694	30,171	
Debt service		4,369,043	665,254	
		4,303,043	003,234	
Capital improvements  Community development programs				
Public safety			10.452.062	1 2 1 6 1 2 5
Economic development	1 202 002		18,452,062	4,346,425
Assigned	1,393,883			
Unassigned				
General fund	17,858,579			
Total Fund Balances	19,454,501	4,535,937	19,155,487	4,346,425
Total Liabilities, Deferred				
Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	A A F T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	A 40 00= 0==	h <b>a</b> 4 co= =o:	d 1015105
and fund datances	\$ 25,795,692	\$ 13,807,977	\$ 21,883,584	\$ 4,346,425

Αι	velopment ithority of Pearland		lon-major vernmental Funds	Total Governments Funds	
\$	1,016,477	\$	17,595,463	\$	40,527,370
φ	1,010,477	φ		φ	
			5,712,643		28,902,033
			3,253,480		22,118,057
			4,089,623		4,606,223
					275,323
					137,364
			4,220		273,960
	916,454				1,581,708
\$	1,932,931	\$	30,655,429	\$	98,422,038
\$	735	\$	2,011,974	\$	5,003,387
Ψ	733	Ψ	136,761	Ψ	1,651,060
			130,701		84,808
			275,323		275,323
			213,323		3,562,276
	735		2,424,058		10,576,854
			6,238,130 6,238,130		16,427,397 16,427,397
			4,220		137,364 273,960
	916,454				5,950,751
			17,518,567		17,518,567
			4,080,571		4,080,571
			389,883		389,883
	1,015,742				23,814,229
					1,393,883
					17,858,579
	1,932,196		21,993,241		71,417,787
\$	1,932,931	\$	30.655.420	•	98,422,038
φ	1,734,731	Ψ	30,655,429	\$	70,422,030

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RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2014

Total fund	balance,	governmental	funds
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\$ 71,417,787

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

759,236,393

Deferred outflows represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until then. The amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

11,516,723

Other long-term assets (property taxes receivable and adjudicated court fines receivable) are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.

16,427,397

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

(387,826,573)
(5,682,057)
(1,241,106)
(1,721,250)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of property insurance and employee benefits to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.

974,322

Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position

\$ 463,101,636

 $STATEMENT\ OF\ REVENUES, EXPENDITURES\ AND\ CHANGES$   $IN\ FUND\ BALANCES$ 

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

	General Fund	Debt Service	Pearland Economic Development Corporation	Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #2
Revenues	¢ 12 005 410	Ф 27 121 524	Φ	Ф 10.170.020
Property taxes	\$ 12,095,419	\$ 27,131,534	\$	\$ 18,150,930
Sales and use taxes Franchise fees	17,326,556 6,214,046		8,563,736	
	4,148,763			
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures				
	2,970,397 12,663,599		414,000	
Charges for services Investment earnings	88,232	37,272	76,217	13,366
_	00,232	663,540	79,060	15,500
Intergovernmental Other	2 172 957			
Total Revenues	2,172,857	111,856	20,108	19 164 206
Total Revenues	57,679,869	27,944,202	9,153,121	18,164,296
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	7,234,797			
Public safety	29,039,403			
Public works	7,946,912			
Community services	3,747,462			
Parks and recreation	7,357,692			
Economic development	1,331,072		3,334,329	6,653,380
Debt Service:			3,331,327	0,023,300
Principal	89,950	11,575,162	920,000	
Interest and other charges	24,536	13,102,430	1,109,810	
Capital outlay	4,233,164	13,102,130	1,100,010	
Intergovernmental	1,233,101	4,307,496		
Total Expenditures	59,673,916	28,985,088	5,364,139	6,653,380
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		20,500,000	2,501,105	
over expenditures	(1,994,047)	(1,040,886)	3,788,982	11,510,916
	(=955 196 11)	(2,010,000)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Issuance of debt				
Refunding bonds issued		29,720,000		
Payments to refunded bond				
escrow agent		(33,182,437)		
Bond premium		3,778,000		
Capital leases	1,852,939			
Transfers in	3,756,917	618,439		
Transfers out	(2,784,425)			(11,494,978)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	2,825,431	934,002		(11,494,978)
<u>-</u>			2.500.000	
Net change in fund balances	831,384	(106,884)	3,788,982	15,938
Fund balances - beginning	18,623,117	4,642,821	15,366,505	4,330,487
Fund balances - ending	\$ 19,454,501	\$ 4,535,937	\$ 19,155,487	\$ 4,346,425

Development Authority of Pearland	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	\$	\$ 57,377,883
Φ	۶ 1,404,306	\$ 57,377,883 27,294,598
	269,915	6,483,961
	20,,,13	4,148,763
	150,125	3,120,522
	,	13,077,599
2,394	36,083	253,564
	1,798,276	2,540,876
	1,852,425	4,157,246
2,394	5,511,130	118,455,012
9,218	783,336 131,711 174,508 212,144 458,104	8,027,351 29,171,114 8,121,420 3,959,606 7,815,796
15,260,000	430,104	25,247,709
3,230,000 2,024,178	111,564 11,302,540	15,815,112 16,372,518 15,535,704
20,523,396	13,173,907	4,307,496
20,323,390	13,173,907	134,373,620
(20,521,002)	(7,662,777)	(15,918,814)
9,150,000	10,690,000	19,840,000 29,720,000
	1,005,606	(33,182,437) 4,783,606 1,852,939
11,494,978	636,591	16,506,925
	(2,687,112)	(16,966,515)
20,644,978	9,645,085	22,554,518
123,976	1,982,308	6,635,704
1,808,220	20,010,933	64,782,083
\$ 1,932,196	\$ 21,993,241	\$ 71,417,787

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

t change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ 6,635,704
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different ecause:	
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures. However, in the	
Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$15,209,398 exceeded depreciation of	
\$30,832,741 in the current period.	(15,623,343)
Governmental funds report only the proceeds from the disposal of capital assets and not the	
difference between the carrying value and the accumulated depreciation of the asset. This is	
the amount by which the carrying value exceeded the accumulated depreciation.	(3,038,547)
Capital assets net of related debt acquired as a result of in City development.	28,859,861
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations.	
In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned.	4,909,389
Governmental funds report bond proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast, the	
Statement of Activities treats such issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental funds report	
repayment of bond principal as an expenditure, In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats	
such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. This is the amount by which proceeds	
exceeded repayments.	(2,578,538)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Accrued interest	5,770
Deferred charge on refunding	(463,231)
Bond premiums/discounts	(3,963,389)
Compensated absences	(675,326)
Capital lease activity	(662,849)
Post employment benefit liability	233,904
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of property insurance	
and employee benefits to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain activities of	
internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	220.969
with governmental activities.	 320,868

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 13,960,273

 ${\it STATEMENT~OF~NET~POSITION}$ 

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2014

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds			Governmental Activities -	
	Water and Sewer	Solid Waste		Internal	
	Fund	Fund	Total	Service Fund	
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,081,007	\$ 870,997	\$ 1,952,004	\$ 1,138,353	
Investments	10,729,315	247,635	10,976,950		
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	2,745,768	609,802	3,355,570	139,824	
Prepaid items	12,946		12,946		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	16,254,065		16,254,065		
Restricted investments	7,444,120		7,444,120		
Total current assets	38,267,221	1,728,434	39,995,655	1,278,177	
Non-current assets:	•				
Capital assets:					
Land and improvements	3,796,382		3,796,382		
Construction in progress	9,508,864		9,508,864		
Contractual rights to water supply	34,511,428		34,511,428		
Infrastructure	317,072,555		317,072,555		
Buildings	31,256,472		31,256,472		
Machinery and equipment	3,909,461		3,909,461		
Less Accumulated depreciation	(111,383,230)	)	(111,383,230)		
Total non-current assets	288,671,932		288,671,932		
Total Assets	326,939,153	1,728,434	328,667,587	1,278,177	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	500 414		500 414		
Deferred charge on refunding	509,414		509,414		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	509,414		509,414		
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,861,779	1,316,682	4,178,461	303,855	
Accrued interest payable	395,419		395,419		
Customer deposits	3,161,497		3,161,497		
Compensated absences - current portion	87,701		87,701		
Bonds and permanent improvement payable - current portion	5,105,000		5,105,000		
Capital lease - current portion	86,960		86,960		
Total current liabilities	11,698,356	1,316,682	13,015,038	303,855	
Non-current liabilities:					
Compensated absences	437,208		437,208		
Capital lease obligation	82,180		82,180		
Other post-employment benefits	315,267		315,267		
Bonds and permanent improvement payable	110,277,064		110,277,064		
Total non-current liabilities	111,111,719		111,111,719		
Total Liabilities	122,810,075		124,126,757	303,855	
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	174,954,845		174,954,845		
Restricted for debt service	2,227,279		2,227,279		
Restricted for capital projects	12,256,333		12,256,333		
Unrestricted	15,200,035	411,752	15,611,787	974,322	
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ 204,638,492	\$ 411,752	\$ 205,050,244	\$ 974,322	

## $STATEMENT\ OF\ REVENUES, EXPENSES\ AND\ CHANGES\ IN\ FUND\ NET\ POSITION$ $PROPRIETARY\ FUNDS$

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

	В	usiness-type A	ctiv	ities - Enter	prise Funds		vernmental ctivities -
	Water and Sewer Solid Waste Fund Fund Total		Internal Service Fund				
Revenues							
Charges for services	\$	28,928,774	\$	7,008,474	\$ 35,937,248	\$	5,625,833
Total operating revenues		28,928,774		7,008,474	35,937,248		5,625,833
<b>Operating Expenses</b>							
Personnel services		5,515,437			5,515,437		
Supplies and materials		1,855,344			1,855,344		
Contractual services		7,878,094		6,627,904	14,505,998		7,687,649
Repairs and maintenance		2,016,347			2,016,347		5,766
Other expenses		442,269		35,660	477,929		102,392
Depreciation and amortization		9,629,848			9,629,848		
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>		27,337,339		6,663,564	34,000,903		7,795,807
Operating income (loss)		1,591,435		344,910	1,936,345		(2,169,974)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)							
Earnings on investments		137,477		1,235	138,712		664
Miscellaneous revenue (expense)		274,466			274,466		
Interest expense		(5,107,088)			(5,107,088)		
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		(4,695,145)		1,235	(4,693,910)		664
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		(3,103,710)		346,145	(2,757,565)		(2,169,310)
Capital contributions		17,677,185			17,677,185		
Transfers in		235,491			235,491		2,490,178
Transfers out		(2,119,285)		(146,794)	(2,266,079)		
Change in net position		12,689,681		199,351	12,889,032		320,868
Total net position - beginning, as restated		191,948,811		212,401	192,161,212		653,454
Total net position - ending	\$	204,638,492	\$	411,752	\$205,050,244	\$	974,322

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

Nation   N
Cash Flows from Operating Activities           Receipts from customers and users         \$ 28,846,378         \$ 7,221,014         \$ 36,067,392         \$ 5,549,746           Disbursed for personnel services         (5,506,476)         (5,506,476)         (20,388,531)         (7,756,583)           Disbursed for goods and services         (13,332,732)         (7,055,799)         (20,388,531)         (7,756,583)           Net cash provided (used) by operating activities         10,007,170         165,215         10,172,385         (2,206,837)           Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities           Transfers from funds         235,491         235,491         2,490,178           Transfers to other funds         (2,119,285)         (146,794)         (2,266,079)           Cash received from non-operating revenues         274,466         274,466           Net cash provided by (used by) noncapital financing activities         (1,609,328)         (146,794)         (1,756,122)         2,490,178           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities           Proceeds from the sale of equipment         60,317         60,317         60,317         2490,178         2490,178         2490,178         2490,178         2490,178         2490,178         2490,178
Receipts from customers and users   \$28,846,378   \$7,221,014   \$36,067,392   \$5,549,746     Disbursed for personnel services   (5,506,476)   (5,506,476)     Disbursed for goods and services   (13,332,732)   (7,055,799)   (20,388,531)   (7,756,583)     Net cash provided (used) by operating activities   10,007,170   165,215   10,172,385   (2,206,837)     Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities     Transfers from funds   235,491   235,491   2,490,178     Transfers to other funds   (2,119,285)   (146,794)   (2,266,079)     Cash received from non-operating revenues   274,466   274,466     Net cash provided by (used by) noncapital financing activities   (1,609,328)   (146,794)   (1,756,122)   2,490,178     Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities     Proceeds from the sale of equipment   60,317   60,317     Capital grants and contributions   8,491,718   8,491,718     Principal payments on debt   (4,920,000)   (4,920,000)     Principal payments on leases   (91,844)   (91,844)     Interest paid   (5,107,088)   (5,107,088)     Acquisition and construction of capital assets   (7,015,557)   (7,015,557)     Net cash used by capital and related financing
Receipts from customers and users         \$ 28,846,378         \$ 7,221,014         \$ 36,067,392         \$ 5,549,746           Disbursed for personnel services         (5,506,476)         (5,506,476)         (5,506,476)         (7,755,783)           Disbursed for goods and services         (13,332,732)         (7,055,799)         (20,388,531)         (7,756,583)           Net cash provided (used) by operating activities         10,007,170         165,215         10,172,385         (2,206,837)           Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities         235,491         235,491         235,491         2,490,178           Transfers from funds         (2,119,285)         (146,794)         (2,266,079)         2,490,178           Cash received from non-operating revenues         274,466         274,466         274,466         274,466           Net cash provided by (used by) noncapital financing activities         (1,609,328)         (146,794)         (1,756,122)         2,490,178           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities         8,491,718         8,491,718         8,491,718           Proceeds from the sale of equipment         60,317         60,317         60,317         60,317           Capital grants and contributions         8,491,718         8,491,718         8,491,718         8,491,718           Princ
Disbursed for personnel services   (5,506,476)   (5,506,476)   (5,506,476)   (7,756,583)     Disbursed for goods and services   (13,332,732)   (7,055,799)   (20,388,531)   (7,756,583)     Net cash provided (used) by operating activities   10,007,170   165,215   10,172,385   (2,206,837)     Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities   235,491   235,491   2,490,178     Transfers from funds   (2,119,285)   (146,794)   (2,266,079)     Cash received from non-operating revenues   274,466   274,466     Net cash provided by (used by) noncapital financing activities   (1,609,328)   (146,794)   (1,756,122)   2,490,178     Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities   (1,609,328)   (146,794)   (1,756,122)   2,490,178     Capital grants and contributions   8,491,718   8,491,718     Principal payments on debt   (4,920,000)   (4,920,000)     Principal payments on leases   (91,844)   (91,844)     Interest paid   (5,107,088)   (5,107,088)     Acquisition and construction of capital assets   (7,015,557)   (7,015,557)     Net cash used by capital and related financing
Disbursed for goods and services   (13,332,732)   (7,055,799)   (20,388,531)   (7,756,583)     Net cash provided (used) by operating activities   10,007,170   165,215   10,172,385   (2,206,837)     Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities     Transfers from funds   235,491   235,491   2,490,178     Transfers to other funds   (2,119,285)   (146,794)   (2,266,079)     Cash received from non-operating revenues   274,466   274,466     Net cash provided by (used by) noncapital financing activities   (1,609,328)   (146,794)   (1,756,122)   2,490,178     Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities     Proceeds from the sale of equipment   60,317   60,317     Capital grants and contributions   8,491,718   8,491,718     Principal payments on debt   (4,920,000)   (4,920,000)     Principal payments on leases   (91,844)   (91,844)     Interest paid   (5,107,088)   (5,107,088)     Acquisition and construction of capital assets   (7,015,557)     Net cash used by capital and related financing
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities         10,007,170         165,215         10,172,385         (2,206,837)           Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities         235,491         235,491         2,490,178           Transfers to other funds         (2,119,285)         (146,794)         (2,266,079)           Cash received from non-operating revenues         274,466         274,466           Net cash provided by (used by) noncapital financing activities         (1,609,328)         (146,794)         (1,756,122)         2,490,178           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities         Proceeds from the sale of equipment         60,317         60,317         60,317         Capital grants and contributions         8,491,718         8,491,718         8,491,718         Principal payments on debt         (4,920,000)         (4,920,000)         (4,920,000)         (91,844)         (91,844)         (91,844)         (91,844)         (1,015,557)         (7,015,557)         (7,015,557)         Net cash used by capital and related financing         (7,015,557)         Net cash used by capital and related financing
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities           Transfers from funds         235,491         235,491         2,490,178           Transfers to other funds         (2,119,285)         (146,794)         (2,266,079)           Cash received from non-operating revenues         274,466         274,466           Net cash provided by (used by) noncapital financing activities         (1,609,328)         (146,794)         (1,756,122)         2,490,178           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities         Proceeds from the sale of equipment         60,317         60,317           Capital grants and contributions         8,491,718         8,491,718           Principal payments on debt         (4,920,000)         (4,920,000)           Principal payments on leases         (91,844)         (91,844)           Interest paid         (5,107,088)         (5,107,088)           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (7,015,557)         (7,015,557)           Net cash used by capital and related financing         (7,015,557)         (7,015,557)
Transfers from funds       235,491       235,491       2,490,178         Transfers to other funds       (2,119,285)       (146,794)       (2,266,079)         Cash received from non-operating revenues       274,466       274,466         Net cash provided by (used by) noncapital financing activities       (1,609,328)       (146,794)       (1,756,122)       2,490,178         Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities       Proceeds from the sale of equipment       60,317       60,317         Capital grants and contributions       8,491,718       8,491,718         Principal payments on debt       (4,920,000)       (4,920,000)         Principal payments on leases       (91,844)       (91,844)         Interest paid       (5,107,088)       (5,107,088)         Acquisition and construction of capital assets       (7,015,557)       (7,015,557)         Net cash used by capital and related financing
Transfers to other funds       (2,119,285)       (146,794)       (2,266,079)         Cash received from non-operating revenues       274,466       274,466         Net cash provided by (used by) noncapital financing activities         Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities         Proceeds from the sale of equipment       60,317       60,317         Capital grants and contributions       8,491,718       8,491,718         Principal payments on debt       (4,920,000)       (4,920,000)         Principal payments on leases       (91,844)       (91,844)         Interest paid       (5,107,088)       (5,107,088)         Acquisition and construction of capital assets       (7,015,557)       (7,015,557)         Net cash used by capital and related financing
Cash received from non-operating revenues       274,466       274,466         Net cash provided by (used by) noncapital financing activities       (1,609,328)       (146,794)       (1,756,122)       2,490,178         Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities       Proceeds from the sale of equipment       60,317       60,317         Capital grants and contributions       8,491,718       8,491,718         Principal payments on debt       (4,920,000)       (4,920,000)         Principal payments on leases       (91,844)       (91,844)         Interest paid       (5,107,088)       (5,107,088)         Acquisition and construction of capital assets       (7,015,557)       (7,015,557)         Net cash used by capital and related financing
Cash received from non-operating revenues       274,466       274,466         Net cash provided by (used by) noncapital financing activities       (1,609,328)       (146,794)       (1,756,122)       2,490,178         Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities       Proceeds from the sale of equipment       60,317       60,317         Capital grants and contributions       8,491,718       8,491,718         Principal payments on debt       (4,920,000)       (4,920,000)         Principal payments on leases       (91,844)       (91,844)         Interest paid       (5,107,088)       (5,107,088)         Acquisition and construction of capital assets       (7,015,557)       (7,015,557)         Net cash used by capital and related financing
Net cash provided by (used by) noncapital financing activities         (1,609,328)         (146,794)         (1,756,122)         2,490,178           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities           Proceeds from the sale of equipment         60,317         60,317           Capital grants and contributions         8,491,718         8,491,718           Principal payments on debt         (4,920,000)         (4,920,000)           Principal payments on leases         (91,844)         (91,844)           Interest paid         (5,107,088)         (5,107,088)           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (7,015,557)         (7,015,557)           Net cash used by capital and related financing         (91,844)         (91,844)
financing activities         (1,609,328)         (146,794)         (1,756,122)         2,490,178           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities           Proceeds from the sale of equipment         60,317         60,317           Capital grants and contributions         8,491,718         8,491,718           Principal payments on debt         (4,920,000)         (4,920,000)           Principal payments on leases         (91,844)         (91,844)           Interest paid         (5,107,088)         (5,107,088)           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (7,015,557)         (7,015,557)           Net cash used by capital and related financing         (7,015,557)         (7,015,557)
Proceeds from the sale of equipment       60,317       60,317         Capital grants and contributions       8,491,718       8,491,718         Principal payments on debt       (4,920,000)       (4,920,000)         Principal payments on leases       (91,844)       (91,844)         Interest paid       (5,107,088)       (5,107,088)         Acquisition and construction of capital assets       (7,015,557)       (7,015,557)         Net cash used by capital and related financing
Proceeds from the sale of equipment       60,317       60,317         Capital grants and contributions       8,491,718       8,491,718         Principal payments on debt       (4,920,000)       (4,920,000)         Principal payments on leases       (91,844)       (91,844)         Interest paid       (5,107,088)       (5,107,088)         Acquisition and construction of capital assets       (7,015,557)       (7,015,557)         Net cash used by capital and related financing
Capital grants and contributions       8,491,718       8,491,718         Principal payments on debt       (4,920,000)       (4,920,000)         Principal payments on leases       (91,844)       (91,844)         Interest paid       (5,107,088)       (5,107,088)         Acquisition and construction of capital assets       (7,015,557)       (7,015,557)         Net cash used by capital and related financing
Principal payments on debt (4,920,000) (4,920,000)  Principal payments on leases (91,844) (91,844)  Interest paid (5,107,088) (5,107,088)  Acquisition and construction of capital assets (7,015,557) (7,015,557)  Net cash used by capital and related financing
Principal payments on leases (91,844) (91,844) Interest paid (5,107,088) (5,107,088) Acquisition and construction of capital assets (7,015,557) (7,015,557)  Net cash used by capital and related financing
Interest paid (5,107,088) (5,107,088) Acquisition and construction of capital assets (7,015,557) (7,015,557)  Net cash used by capital and related financing
Acquisition and construction of capital assets (7,015,557) (7,015,557)  Net cash used by capital and related financing
Net cash used by capital and related financing
- A-A-A
activities (8,582,454) (8,582,454)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities
Purchase of investments (4,968,770) (247,635) (5,216,405)
Interest received 137,477 1,235 138,712 664
Net cash provided by (used by) investing activities (4,831,293) (246,400) (5,077,693) 664
<u> </u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents (5,015,905) (227,979) (5,243,884) 284,005
<b>Cash and equivalents, beginning</b> 22,350,977 1,098,976 23,449,953 854,348
Cash and equivalents, end         \$ 17,335,072         \$ 870,997         \$ 18,206,069         \$ 1,138,353
Unrestricted cash and equivalents \$ 1,081,007 \$ 870,997 \$ 1,952,004 \$ 1,138,353
Restricted cash and equivalents 16,254,065 16,254,065
\$         17,335,072         \$         870,997         \$         18,206,069         \$         1,138,353

#### CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

		Business-type	Activi	ities - Enterp	rise	Funds	 vernmental activities -
	Wate	er and Sewer Fund	Sol	lid Waste Fund		Total	Internal rvice Funds
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities							
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,591,435	\$	344,910	\$	1,936,345	\$ (2,169,974)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization		9,629,848				9,629,848	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(220,881)		212,540		(8,341)	(76,087)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		384				384	10,086
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(1,141,062)		(392,235)		(1,533,297)	29,138
Increase (decrease) in salaries payable		8,961				8,961	
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		138,485				138,485	
Net cash provided by (used by) operating activities	\$	10,007,170	\$	165,215	\$	10,172,385	\$ (2,206,837)
Summary of non-cash transactions Contributed capital assets	\$	9,185,467	\$		\$	9,185,467	\$

## CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The City of Pearland, Texas (the "City") was incorporated in December 1959 and adopted a "Home Rule Charter" February 6, 1971. The Charter, as amended, provides for a Council-Manager form of government and provides services authorized by its charter. Presently, these services include police, fire and emergency medical, water and sewer services, drainage, sanitation, building and code inspection, planning, zoning, engineering, street repair and maintenance, park maintenance, recreational activities for citizens, and general administrative services. Fire protection is provided through a combination full-time/volunteer part-time/volunteer department. The City is governed by an elected mayor and five-member Council. In May 2014, the citizens voted to amend the City Charter to increase the size of City Council from five councilmembers to seven councilmembers over a period of three years.

The Mayor and all members are elected at large. The Mayor is allowed to vote only in case of a tie vote. The Mayor and each Council member hold office for a period of three years and until his/her successor is elected and qualified. Council members shall be limited to two full consecutive terms of office and there is no limitation on the office of the Mayor. The City Manager is appointed by Council and is responsible for implementation of Council policy, execution of the laws, and all day-to-day operations of the City.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City is an independent political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected council and a mayor and is considered a primary government. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements have been prepared based on considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of component units, which are other entities or organizations that are financially accountable to the City. Blended component units are component units that are considered so closely related to the legal entity that the blended component unit funds appear as id the funds are integral parts of the primary government. The City's financial statements include the following blended component units: the Pearland Economic Development Corporation (PEDC); the Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ #2); and the Development Authority of Pearland (DAP). No other entities have been included in the City's reporting entity. Additionally, as the City is considered a primary government for financial reporting purposes, its activities are not considered a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity.

Considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions in the City's financial reporting entity are based on criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. These same criteria are evaluated in considering whether the City is a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. The overriding elements associated with prescribed criteria considered in determining that the City's financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are that it has a separately elected Governing body; it is legally separate; and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Additionally prescribed criteria under generally accepted accounting principles include: considerations pertaining to organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and considerations pertaining to other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City. The component units do not issue separate financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

#### **Blended Component Units:**

#### Pearland Economic Development Corporation (PEDC)

In 1995, the citizens of Pearland established the Pearland Economic Development Corporation (PEDC) to help the citizens and public officials of Pearland attract new businesses and to help existing businesses to expand. The mechanism to fund the operations of the corporation is through a sales tax levy at a rate of one-half of one percent (1/2%). The PEDC is fiscally dependent upon the primary government because, besides appointing the Board, the City Council also must approve the PEDC's budget and any debt issuances.

#### **Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ #2)**

In 1998, the Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ #2) was established for a period of 30 years or until dissolved by the City. The TIRZ #2 provides tax-assisted property development and/or redevelopment in specific geographic areas in accordance with applicable state laws. Besides appointing Board members, the City Council must also approve any debt issuances done on behalf of the TIRZ. A major land owner within the City sits on the Board of Directors for the TIRZ #2.

#### **Development Authority of Pearland**

In 2004, the City created the Development Authority of Pearland to provide financing for the development of the TIRZ #2. Proceeds from bond sales are to be used to reimburse developers and fund a debt service reserve. Besides appointing Board members, the City Council must also approve any debt issuances done on behalf of the Development Authority.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Net Position) report information about the City as a whole. These statements include all activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's business-type and governmental funds. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements and all proprietary funds are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these activities are included on the statements of net position. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. Furniture and equipment capitalized in the Proprietary Fund Types are valued at cost.

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on a *current financial resources measurement focus* and *modified accrual basis of accounting*. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means that the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise fees, charges for services and interest on temporary investments. Other receipts become measurable and available when cash is received by the government and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Under modified accrual accounting, expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is presented which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to reconcile fund-based financial statements with the governmental column of the government-wide presentation.

In the fund financial statements, the accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Following is a description of the various funds:

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions are typically financed. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is used to account for all financial transactions not properly includable in other funds. The principal sources of revenues include local property taxes, sales and franchise taxes, licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, and charges for services. Expenditures include general government, administrative services, public works, parks and recreation, community development, and public safety.

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on all general obligation bonds and other governmental long-term debt of the City. The primary source of revenue for debt service is local property taxes. The Debt Service Fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

The Pearland Economic Development Corporation fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the half-cent sales tax for economic development approved by the voters in 1995. Use of funds are governed by State Law. The Pearland Economic Development Corporation is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #2 fund is used to account for the incremental property tax revenues in the specific geographical area and use thereof from the participating taxing entities in the Zone. The Tax Increment Re-investment Zone #2 is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

The Development Authority of Pearland fund is used to account for the financing of the development of the TIRZ #2. The Development Authority of Pearland is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

The City's Business type activities consist of the following funds:

The *Enterprise Funds* are used to account for the operations that provide water and sewer utility services as well as solid waste collection services to the public. The services are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis will be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Additionally, the city maintains an *Internal Service Fund* used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. Services provided by the Internal Service Fund include property and liability insurance coverage and employee health benefits. The Internal Service Fund is included in governmental activities for government-wide reporting purposes.

All assets, liabilities, equities, revenues, expenses and transfers relating to the government's business activities are accounted for through proprietary funds. The measurement focus is on determination of net income, financial position and cash flows.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenue reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's Enterprise Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expense.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### D. Fund Balance Working Capital Policies

As of these financial statements, the City has adopted GASB Statement No. 54, which redefined how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. Fund balances are classified as follows:

**Nonspendable** – Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the City Charter, City Code, State or Federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

**Committed** – Amounts than can be used only for specific purposes determined by ordinances passed by City Council, the City's highest level of decision making authority. Commitments may be modified or rescinded only through ordinances approved by City Council.

**Assigned** – Amounts that are intended to be used for a specific purposes, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. Under the City's policy, amounts can be assigned by the City's Director of Finance.

**Unassigned** – Amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

City Council has authorized the Director of Finance as the official authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose. The City shall maintain the fund balance and working capital of the various operating funds at the following levels:

#### General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance

The City shall maintain the General Fund unassigned fund balance equivalent to 2 months of recurring operating expenditures, based on current year expenditures. If the fund balance exceeds this amount, funding non-recurring expenditures in the following fiscal year may be used to draw down the balance.

#### Water/Sewer Unreserved Working Capital

The City shall maintain a working capital sufficient to provide for reserves for emergencies and revenue shortfalls. A cash equivalent operating reserve will be established and maintained at 25% of the current year's budget appropriation for recurring operating expenses.

The cash operating reserve is derived by dividing the total cash equivalents balance by recurring operating expenses.

#### Use of Fund Balance/Working Capital

Fund balance/Working Capital shall only be used for emergencies, non-recurring expenditures/expenses or major capital purchases that cannot be accommodated through current year savings. Should such use reduce balances below the level established as the objective for that fund, restoration recommendations will accompany the request/decision to utilize said balances.

#### Debt Service Fund Total Fund Balance

The City shall maintain the debt service fund balance at 10% of annual debt service requirements OR a fund balance reserve as required by bond ordinances, whichever is greater.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### D. Fund Balance Working Capital Policies (continued)

#### Internal Service Fund Unrestricted Net Position

The Internal Service Fund accounts for uninsured and deductible claims for the City's property and liability insurance. Claims cannot be reasonably predicted and budgeted for; therefore the fund will maintain a balance that approximates the prior average annual expense for the last three years, excluding extra-ordinary expenses in the fund.

The Internal Service Fund is funded through City and employee contributions. Estimated costs shall be determined during each budget year and the contributions adjusted accordingly. There is no minimum balance for this fund as it relates to employee benefits.

#### **Economic Development Corporation**

As sales tax revenue fluctuates due to changes in economic conditions, the PEDC shall maintain a fund balance of no less than 10% of budgeted sales tax revenues.

#### Water/Sewer Revenue Debt Coverage Reserves

Revenues shall be maintained at 1.15 times coverage in a fiscal year where the water/sewer fund is not issuing additional debt and 1.4 times coverage in a year where debt is anticipated to be issued.

#### **Bond Issuance Reserves**

Debt service reserves should be maintained for each bond issue as required by bond covenants.

#### Contingency Fund

Pursuant to the City Charter, a provision shall be made within the annual budget for a contingency fund in an amount not more than seven percent of the total budget (General Fund) to be used in case of unforeseen items of expenditure.

#### E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the Proprietary Fund Types consider temporary investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The City pools cash resources of its various funds to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled cash accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing accounts and securities and disclosed as part of the City's investments.

The City pools excess cash of the various individual funds to purchase these investments. These pooled investments are reported in the combined balance sheet as Investments in each fund based on each fund's share of the pooled investments. Interest income is allocated to each respective individual fund, monthly, based on their respective share of investments in the pooled investments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### F. Investments

Investments consist of United States (U.S.) Government Agency securities and Certificates of Deposit with original maturities greater than three months from the date of acquisition. The City reports all investments at fair value based on quoted market prices at year-end date.

#### G. Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value, and where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 120 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles.

#### H. Due to and Due from Other Funds

Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which the transactions are executed. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds". Interfund receivables and payables which are not expected to be paid within 12 months are classified as loans from/loans to other funds.

#### I. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventory, which consists of fuel and auto parts for use in the City's vehicles, is stated at cost (first-in, first-out method). Expenditures are recognized as the fuel and auto parts are consumed rather when purchased.

#### J. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund revenue bonds and certain resources set aside for their repayment are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Certain resources are also set aside for repayment of Pearland Economic Development Corporation Bonds and are reported as restricted assets.

#### K. Capital Assets

Capital assets which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of three years or more. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### **K.** Capital Assets (continued)

Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Asset	Years
Buildings and improvements	10-45
Machinery and equipment	3-15
Infrastructure	10-50
Intangible Assets - Water Rights	25

#### L. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, sick and holiday pay benefits.

Employees hired prior to October 1, 2005, earn vacation leave at the rate of 15 days per year from 1 to 15 years of service, 20 days per year for service of 16 to 19 years, and 25 days per year for service of 20 years or more. Employees, who are not classified and are hired after October 1, 2005, earn vacation at a rate of 10 days per year from 1-6 years of service, 15 days per year for 7-15 years of service and 20 days for 16 and over years of service. Effective October 1, 2005, employees are no longer able to carry over unused vacation from one year to the next with the exception of police department personnel in classified positions. Certified police and firefighter personnel earn 15 days of vacation after 1 year and 20 days of vacation after 16 years. Employees are required to use their vacation in the year it is earned. Employees who are unable to use their vacation due to departmental scheduling or staffing problems, may, with the City Manager's approval, receive compensation for half of the remaining balance up to a maximum of forty (40) hours.

City employees receive 12 paid holidays per year. Employees required to work on a City-observed holiday may be paid or may elect to receive compensatory time off for the holiday. Overtime is earned at one and one-half times the regular rate of pay for non-exempt employees. Employees may be paid or receive compensatory time. The maximum accrual for overtime is 120 hours, including employees involved in public safety.

All sick leave benefits are accumulated and paid to employees upon separation from the City not to exceed 720 hours for employees hired prior to July 24, 2006, and 360 hours for employees hired after. Vacation, sick and holiday pay benefits are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

#### M. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### N. Comparative Data and Reclassifications

Comparative data for the prior year have been presented in certain sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the City's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with current year's presentation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### O. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has only one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet.

#### Note 2 - Deposits (Cash) and Investments

#### **Authorization for Deposits and Investments**

The Texas Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA), as prescribed in Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code, regulates deposits and investment transactions of the City.

In accordance with applicable statutes, the City has a depository contract with an area bank (depository) providing for interest rates to be earned on deposited funds and for banking charges the City incurs for banking services received. The City may place funds with the depository in interest and non-interest bearing accounts. State law provides that collateral pledged as security for bank deposits must have a market value of not less than the amount of the deposits and must consist of: (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (3) other obligations, the principal and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas; and/or (4) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent. City policy requires the collateralization level to be at least 102% of market value of principal and accrued interest.

The Council has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of City funds as required by the Public Funds Investment Act (Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code). The investments of the City are in compliance with the City's investment policy. The City's investment policy is more restrictive than the PFIA requires. It is the City's policy to restrict its direct investments to obligations of the U.S. Government or U.S. Government Agencies, obligations of states, counties, and cities, fully collateralized certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, mutual funds, repurchase agreements and local government investment pools. The maximum maturity allowed is five years from date of purchase. The City's investment policy does not allow investments in collateralized mortgage obligations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note 2 - Deposits (Cash) and Investments (continued)**

#### **Deposit and Investment Amounts**

The City's cash and investments are classified as: cash and cash equivalents, investments, and restricted cash and investments. The cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits with financial institutions, and short-term investments, which have maturities at purchase of less than three months, consisting mainly of certificates of deposit. The restricted cash and investments are assets restricted for specific use. The restricted cash and investments include cash on deposit with financial institutions. For better management of cash, the City pools the cash, based on the City's needs, into either bank/sweep accounts, or in longer-term investments in U.S. Government Securities. However, each fund's balance of cash and investments is maintained in the books of the City.

The deposit and investment policies for the Pearland Economic Development Corporation, TIRZ No. 2 and Development Authority of Pearland are substantially the same as the City.

The following schedule shows the City's recorded cash and investments at year-end:

	Total Fair Value		
Cash deposits	\$	61,453,498	
Temporary Investments			
FAMC discount note		2,005,806	
FFCB discount note		5,015,070	
FHLB discount note		5,000,892	
FHLMC discount note		5,997,927	
FNMA discount note		6,460,061	
Certificates of deposit		22,843,348	
	\$	108,776,602	

Quoted market prices are the basis of the fair value for U.S. Treasury and Agency securities. The amount of increase or decrease in the fair value of investments during the current year is included in the City's investment income as follows:

	Total Fair Valu		
Interest income	\$	445,531	
Unrealized gain (loss) on			
temporary investments		(52,591)	
Investment earnings	\$	392,940	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note 2 - Deposits (Cash) and Investments (continued)**

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

At year-end, the City had the following investments subject to interest rate risk disclosure, under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles:

	Tota	al Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (days)
Temporary Investments			
FAMC discount note	\$	2,005,806	1,464
FFCB discount note		5,015,070	870
FHLB discount note		5,000,892	1,013
FHLMC discount note		5,997,927	885
FNMA discount note		6,460,061	985
Certificates of deposit		22,843,348	554
	\$	47,323,104	
Portfolio weighted average n	naturity		775

The City's investment policy specifies a maximum weighted average maturity for the portfolio of 900 days or 30 months based on the stated maturity date of the investments. When including cash investments the weighted average maturity for the City is 338 days.

To the extent possible, the City attempts to match investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. The City does not directly invest in securities with a stated maturity date more than five years or 1,825 days from date of purchase. The settlement date is considered the date of purchase.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

With the exception of U.S. Treasury Securities and interest-bearing checking accounts that are fully collateralized, no more than 75 percent of the City's total investment portfolio will be invested in a single security type. As of September 30, 2014, the City had investments in U.S. Agency securities that exceeded five percent of the total investment portfolio at year-end.

_Tota	al Fair Value	Percentage of Total Investment Portfolio
\$	2,005,806	4%
	5,015,070	11%
	5,000,892	10%
	5,997,927	13%
	6,460,061	14%
	22,843,348	48%
\$	47,323,104	100%
		5,015,070 5,000,892 5,997,927 6,460,061 22,843,348

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note 2 - Deposits (Cash) and Investments (continued)**

#### Credit Risk

Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal Farm Credit Bank and the Federal National Mortgage Association Discount Notes were rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's, AAA by Fitch Ratings, and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service.

All credit ratings meet acceptable levels required by guidelines prescribed by both the PFIA and the City's investment policy. A public fund investment pool must be continuously rated no lower than AAA or AAAm or no lower than investment grade by at least one nationally-recognized rating service and have a weighted average maturity no greater than 90 days. Investments with minimum required ratings do not qualify as authorized investments during the period the investment does not have the minimum rating.

#### **Restricted Assets**

The Enterprise Funds have restricted certain cash and investments for customer deposits, reserve and emergency expenditures, capital improvements, cash restricted for others, and revenue bond debt service. Because of certain bond covenants, the Enterprise Fund is required to maintain prescribed amounts of resources that can be used only to service outstanding debt. Some of the proceeds from debt or from funds received from acquisition of Municipal Utility Districts are restricted for use on capital projects.

Revenue bond debt service	\$ 2,622,698
Customer deposits	3,161,497
Capital improvements	 17,913,990
Total	\$ 23,698,185

#### Note 3 - Receivables

Receivables at September 30, 2014, consisted of the following:

#### **Primary Government:**

#### Governmental Funds:

	Ge	neral Fund	De	ebt Service Fund	E De	Pearland Conomic velopment orporation	Non-major vernmental Funds	Total
Receivables								
Property taxes, including								
penalties and interest	\$	511,630	\$	843,729	\$		\$	\$ 1,355,359
Lease receivable				8,171,947				8,171,947
Sales and other taxes		4,553,628				1,569,076	477,251	6,599,955
Interest		20,345		6,102		25,265	4,602	56,314
Other		591,069				2,593,363	2,771,627	5,956,059
Allowance for								
uncollectibles		(8,150)		(13,427)				(21,577)
	\$	5,668,522	\$	9,008,351	\$	4,187,704	\$ 3,253,480	\$ 22,118,057

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note 3 - Receivables (continued)**

#### Enterprise Funds:

		Vater and wer Fund	So	olid Waste Fund	_	Internal Service Fund		Total	
Receivables	·								
Customer accounts	\$	2,743,178	\$	662,843	\$		\$	3,406,021	
Interest		53,578		8				53,586	
Other		9,992				139,824		149,816	
Allowance for									
uncollectibles		(60,980)		(53,049)				(114,029)	
	\$	2,745,768	\$	609,802	\$	139,824	\$	3,495,394	

Governmental funds report receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable		Unearned	
Delinquent property taxes receivable - general fund	\$	467,020	\$	
Delinquent property taxes receivable - debt service fund		749,318		
Lease revenues-principal		6,382,928		
Street assessments		2,527,689		
Other		6,300,442		
Lease interest revenues				1,789,020
Grants and revenues prior to meeting all eligibility requirements				1,773,256
Total	\$	16,427,397	\$	3,562,276

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied by October 1 in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. The Central Appraisal District ("CAD") of Brazoria County, Harris County, and Fort Bend County, Texas, establishes appraised values. Taxes are levied by the City Council based on the appraised values and operating needs of the City. The City contracts billing and collection of tax levies with the Brazoria County Tax Assessor-Collector.

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

### **Note 4 - Capital Assets**

A summary of changes in the primary government's capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2014, follows:

	Balance September 30, 2013	Increases	(Decreases)	Balance September 30, 2014
Governmental Activities			(= = = = = = = )	
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 31,264,285	\$	\$	\$ 31,264,285
Construction in progress	23,306,457		(3,331,859)	19,974,598
Total capital assets not being depreciated	54,570,742		(3,331,859)	51,238,883
Other capital assets:				
Infrastructure	862,884,771	38,545,615	(3,092,313)	898,338,073
Buildings and improvements	97,930,523	4,742,752		102,673,275
Machinery and equipment	15,031,317	3,278,577	(898,094)	17,411,800
Furniture and fixtures	4,699,729	838,630	(25,500)	5,512,859
Total other capital assets	980,546,340	47,405,574	(4,015,907)	1,023,936,007
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(254,945,190)	(25,595,727)	68,718	(280,472,199)
Buildings and improvements	(20,031,360)	(3,389,166)		(23,420,526)
Machinery and equipment	(8,865,997)	(1,334,287)	878,690	(9,321,594)
Furniture and fixtures	(2,236,114)	(513,564)	25,500	(2,724,178)
Total accumulated depreciation	(286,078,661)	(30,832,744)	972,908	(315,938,497)
Other capital assets, net	694,467,679	16,572,830	(3,042,999)	707,997,510
Totals	\$ 749,038,421	\$ 16,572,830	\$ (6,374,858)	\$ 759,236,393
	Balance			Balance
	September 30, 2013	Increases	(Decreases)	September 30, 2014
Business-type Activities	September 30,	Increases	(Decreases)	September 30,
Business-type Activities Capital assets not being depreciated:	September 30,	Increases	(Decreases)	September 30,
- <del>-</del>	September 30,	Increases \$	(Decreases)	September 30,
Capital assets not being depreciated:	September 30, 2013			September 30, 2014
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	September 30, 2013 \$ 3,796,382 8,918,035	\$		September 30, 2014 \$ 3,796,382
Capital assets not being depreciated:  Land  Construction in progress	September 30, 2013 \$ 3,796,382 8,918,035	\$ 590,829		September 30, 2014  \$ 3,796,382 9,508,864
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	September 30, 2013 \$ 3,796,382 8,918,035	\$ 590,829		September 30, 2014  \$ 3,796,382 9,508,864
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets:	\$ 3,796,382 8,918,035 12,714,417	\$ 590,829 590,829		\$ 3,796,382 9,508,864 13,305,246
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system	\$ 3,796,382 8,918,035 12,714,417 300,748,324	\$ 590,829 590,829		\$ 3,796,382 9,508,864 13,305,246
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements	\$ 3,796,382 8,918,035 12,714,417 300,748,324 31,256,473	\$ 590,829 590,829 16,324,231	\$	\$ 3,796,382 9,508,864 13,305,246 317,072,555 31,256,473
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 3,796,382 8,918,035 12,714,417 300,748,324 31,256,473 3,706,656	\$ 590,829 590,829 16,324,231 283,613	\$	\$ 3,796,382 9,508,864 13,305,246 317,072,555 31,256,473 3,796,059
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures	\$ 3,796,382 8,918,035 12,714,417 300,748,324 31,256,473 3,706,656 106,127	\$ 590,829 590,829 16,324,231 283,613	\$	\$ 3,796,382 9,508,864 13,305,246 317,072,555 31,256,473 3,796,059 113,401
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures Contractual water rights	\$ 3,796,382 8,918,035 12,714,417 300,748,324 31,256,473 3,706,656 106,127 34,511,428	\$ 590,829 590,829 16,324,231 283,613 7,274	\$ (194,210)	\$ 3,796,382 9,508,864 13,305,246 317,072,555 31,256,473 3,796,059 113,401 34,511,428
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress  Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures Contractual water rights  Total other capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for: Water and sewer system	\$ 3,796,382 8,918,035 12,714,417 300,748,324 31,256,473 3,706,656 106,127 34,511,428	\$ 590,829 590,829 16,324,231 283,613 7,274	\$ (194,210)	\$ 3,796,382 9,508,864 13,305,246 317,072,555 31,256,473 3,796,059 113,401 34,511,428
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress  Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures Contractual water rights  Total other capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for:	\$ 3,796,382 8,918,035 12,714,417 300,748,324 31,256,473 3,706,656 106,127 34,511,428 370,329,008	\$ 590,829 590,829 16,324,231 283,613 7,274 16,615,118	\$ (194,210)	\$ 3,796,382 9,508,864 13,305,246 317,072,555 31,256,473 3,796,059 113,401 34,511,428 386,749,916
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress  Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures Contractual water rights  Total other capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 3,796,382 8,918,035 12,714,417 300,748,324 31,256,473 3,706,656 106,127 34,511,428 370,329,008 (88,082,289)	\$ 590,829 590,829 16,324,231 283,613 7,274 16,615,118 (7,227,723)	\$ (194,210)	\$ 3,796,382 9,508,864 13,305,246 317,072,555 31,256,473 3,796,059 113,401 34,511,428 386,749,916 (95,310,012)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress  Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures Contractual water rights  Total other capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements	\$ 3,796,382 8,918,035 12,714,417 300,748,324 31,256,473 3,706,656 106,127 34,511,428 370,329,008 (88,082,289) (4,088,060)	\$ 590,829 590,829 16,324,231 283,613 7,274 16,615,118 (7,227,723) (729,977)	(194,210)	\$ 3,796,382 9,508,864 13,305,246 317,072,555 31,256,473 3,796,059 113,401 34,511,428 386,749,916 (95,310,012) (4,818,037)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress  Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures Contractual water rights  Total other capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures Contractual water rights	\$ 3,796,382 8,918,035 12,714,417 300,748,324 31,256,473 3,706,656 106,127 34,511,428 370,329,008 (88,082,289) (4,088,060) (2,306,076)	\$ 590,829 590,829 16,324,231 283,613 7,274 16,615,118 (7,227,723) (729,977) (365,846)	(194,210)	\$ 3,796,382 9,508,864 13,305,246 317,072,555 31,256,473 3,796,059 113,401 34,511,428 386,749,916 (95,310,012) (4,818,037) (2,507,254)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress  Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures Contractual water rights  Total other capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures	\$ 3,796,382 8,918,035 12,714,417 300,748,324 31,256,473 3,706,656 106,127 34,511,428 370,329,008 (88,082,289) (4,088,060) (2,306,076) (69,517)	\$ 590,829 590,829 16,324,231 283,613 7,274 16,615,118 (7,227,723) (729,977) (365,846) (13,536)	(194,210)	\$ 3,796,382 9,508,864 13,305,246 317,072,555 31,256,473 3,796,059 113,401 34,511,428 386,749,916 (95,310,012) (4,818,037) (2,507,254) (83,053)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress  Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures Contractual water rights  Total other capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures Contractual water rights	\$ 3,796,382 8,918,035 12,714,417 300,748,324 31,256,473 3,706,656 106,127 34,511,428 370,329,008 (88,082,289) (4,088,060) (2,306,076) (69,517) (7,284,417)	\$ 590,829 590,829 16,324,231 283,613 7,274 16,615,118 (7,227,723) (729,977) (365,846) (13,536) (1,380,457)	\$ (194,210) (194,210) 164,668	\$ 3,796,382 9,508,864 13,305,246 317,072,555 31,256,473 3,796,059 113,401 34,511,428 386,749,916 (95,310,012) (4,818,037) (2,507,254) (83,053) (8,664,874)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note 4 - Capital Assets (continued)**

Depreciation was charged to programs as follows:

General government	\$ 786,038
Public safety	2,140,277
Public works	25,367,059
Community services	224,598
Parks and recreation	2,314,772
Total Governmental Activity	\$ 30,832,744
Water and sewer	\$ 9,717,539
Total Business-Type Activity	\$ 9,717,539
<b>3 1</b>	 , - ,

The City had active construction projects as of September 30, 2014. The projects included various improvements to streets, drainage and facilities as well as and water and sewer improvements. At yearend, the City's contractual commitments on projects were as follows:

			Total In	]	Remaining
<b>Project Description</b>	Contract		Progress		ommitment
Drainage Improvement	\$ 15,686,274	\$	4,246,926	\$	11,439,348
Building Improvements	17,152,221		1,459,540		15,692,681
Street Improvement	62,818,725		11,928,505		50,890,220
Park Improvements	 11,116,593		2,339,627		8,776,966
Total Governmental Activities	 106,773,813		19,974,598		86,799,215
Water and Sewer Improvements	 24,161,067		9,508,864		14,652,203
Total Primary Government	\$ 130,934,880	\$	29,483,462	\$	101,451,418

#### **Note 5 - Long-Term Debt**

# A. General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation

The City issues general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation, and upon annexation and dissolution of Municipal Utility Districts, assumes unlimited tax and revenue obligations. The assumed obligations were used to acquire and construct major capital facilities. General obligation bonds, certificates of obligation, and assumed obligations from dissolved and annexed areas are for both governmental and business-type activities. The bonds are reported in the Proprietary Funds only if they are expected to be repaid from proprietary revenues. The general long-term bonds, certificates of obligation and assumed obligations are paid through the Debt Service Fund from tax revenues.

The City's component units, which are considered blended components units, have revenue bonds used to acquire and construct or to reimburse developers for major capital improvements. Revenue bonds are paid through the Pearland Economic Development Corporation from sales tax and through the Development Authority of Pearland from property tax increment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)**

# A. General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation (continued)

The City issued \$40,410,000 of Permanent Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 dated September 1, 2014. Proceeds of \$31,430,000 from the sale of the bonds were used to refund certain obligations of the City and to pay the costs associated with the sale and issuance of the bonds. As a result, the refunded portions of the bonds are considered defeased and the liability has been removed from the general long-term debt of the City. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt resulting in a loss on the refunding of \$1.8 million. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized using the straight-line method over the remaining life of the refunded debt. This refunding resulted in an economic gain/present value of \$2.9 million. The premium of \$4.8 million is being amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

The City issued \$9,150,000 of Tax Increment Contract Revenue Bonds, Series 2013 dated November 26, 2013. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to reimburse developers and to pay the costs associated with the sale and issuance of the bonds.

The following is a summary of changes in the City's total governmental long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2014. In general, the City uses the General and Debt Service funds as well as the Economic Development Corporation and Development Authority to liquidate governmental long-term liabilities.

	Se	Restated Balance ptember 30, 2013*	Additions		(Reductions)		Balance September 30, 2014		Amounts Due Within	
<b>Governmental Activities</b>										
Bonds payable:										
General obligation bonds	\$	230,040,000	\$	40,410,000	\$	(33,720,000)	\$	236,730,000	\$	8,300,000
Certificates of obligation		64,690,000				(8,185,000)		56,505,000		2,745,000
Sales tax revenue bonds		23,610,000				(920,000)		22,690,000		965,000
Tax increment revenue bonds		51,515,000		9,150,000		(3,230,000)		57,435,000		3,250,000
Unamortized premium/(discount)		6,158,967		4,783,606		(820,217)		10,122,356		
Total bonds payable		376,013,967		54,343,606		(46,875,217)		383,482,356		15,260,000
Other liabilities:										
Obligations under capital leases		3,681,366		1,852,939		(1,190,090)		4,344,215		1,208,438
Compensated absences		5,006,729		3,244,188		(2,568,860)		5,682,057		801,370
Other post-employment benefits		1,955,154				(233,904)		1,721,250		
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	\$	386,657,216	\$	59,440,733	\$	(50,868,071)	\$	395,229,878	\$	17,269,808

<sup>\*</sup> As Restated

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period, and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

The full amount estimated to be required for debt service on general obligation debt is provided by (1) the debt service portion of the tax levy; (2) interest earned in the Debt Service Fund; and (3) transfers from the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund. Transfers from the Enterprise Funds are approved at the discretion of City Council and are not intended to service a specific bond series.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

# **Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)**

# A. General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation (continued)

A summary of the terms of general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation, as of September 30, 2014, follows:

	Original		Interest	Debt
Series	Issue	Matures	Rate (%)	Outstanding
General Obligation Bonds				
Permanent Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2005	37,015,000	2029	3.25-5.00	\$ 13,545,000
Permanent Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2006	32,165,000	2029	4.00-5.00	9,955,000
Permanent Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2007	69,640,000	2032	4.00-5.00	64,115,000
Permanent Improvement, Series 2008	22,835,000	2032	4.50-5.50	21,360,000
Permanent Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2009	16,735,000	2034	2.00-5.00	14,985,000
Permanent Improvement, Series 2010A	12,415,000	2035	3.00-4.00	10,995,000
Permanent Improvement Refunding, Series 2010B	1,630,000	2018	2.00-4.00	780,000
Permanent Improvement, Series 2011	5,400,000	2036	2.125-4.125	5,055,000
Permanent Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	43,575,000	2029	3.00-5.00	43,575,000
Permanent Improvement Bonds, Series 2013	43,575,000	2029	3.00-5.00	9,040,000
Permanent Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2014	40,410,000	2034	2.00-5.00	40,410,000
Annexed Municipal Utility District Bonds				
BC MUD 1 Series 2007	1,940,000	2030	3.75-4.35	535,000
BC MUD 4 Series 2011	2,640,000	2032	2.50-5.00	2,380,000
Total General Obligation Bonds				\$ 236,730,000
Certificates of Obligation				
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2004	21,000,000	2028	4.00-5.25	\$ 710,000
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2006	9,700,000	2029	3.65-4.68	3,995,000
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2007	23,250,000	2032	3.25-5.25	22,150,000
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2008	9,000,000	2032	3.75-5.00	8,325,000
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2009	8,520,000	2034	2.25-5.00	7,605,000
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2009A	12,145,000	2029	2.00-4.50	9,585,000
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2011	2,095,000	2021	2.09	1,465,000
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2013	2,745,000	2038	3.00-4.625	2,670,000
Total Certificates of Obligation				\$ 56,505,000

A summary of the terms of the revenue bonds recorded as long-term liabilities in the Pearland Economic Development Corporation and Development Authority of Pearland as of September 30, 2014, is as follows:

Series	Original Issue Matures		Interest Rate (%)	Debt Outstanding		
Pearland Economic Development Corporation						
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005	\$ 10,590,000	2026	2.30-4.42	\$	7,095,000	
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2006	10,235,000	2030	3.66-4.75		8,860,000	
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010	7,685,000	2030	variable-resets every 6 months		6,735,000	
Development Authority of Pearland						
Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2012	56,915,000	2029	3.07*		48,715,000	
Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2013	9,150,000	2029	3.77		8,720,000	
Total Component Unit Long-Term Debt				\$	80,125,000	

<sup>\*</sup>Fixed for 10 years, then rate changes to be 65% of LIBOR, not to exceed 6.0%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

# **Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)**

# A. General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation (continued)

**General Obligation** 

#### **Prior Year Refunding**

In prior years, the City defeased certain general obligation and other bonds by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. At September 30, 2014, approximately \$60 million of previously refunded bonds outstanding were considered defeased.

PIB Series 2005	\$ 14,155,000
PIB Series 2006	20,495,000
CO Series 2006	4,475,000
	\$ 39,125,000
<b>Development Authori</b>	ty of Pearland
Series 2005	\$ 6,280,000
Series 2006	7,395,000
Series 2009	7,230,000
	\$ 20,905,000
Total:	¢ <0.020.000

### **Capital Lease Obligations**

The City has entered into certain capital lease agreements in order to purchase public safety and management information systems, equipment and other construction-related equipment. The capital lease obligations are paid out of the General, Debt Service and Water and Sewer Funds. The historical purchase price of the capital assets under lease is approximately \$6.8 million.

Following is a summary of future lease payments due on this equipment:

Fiscal Year	0	bligations		
2015	\$	1,402,292		
2016		1,092,850		
2017	913,394			
2018	614,36			
2019		479,916		
2020		283,444		
Total		4,786,261		
Less: Interest		(272,906)		
Obligations under capital leases	\$	4,513,355		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

# **Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)**

# A. General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize governmental activity general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation outstanding at September 30, 2014, were as follows:

# **Governmental Activities**

	General	Obligation	Certificates	of Obligation
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2015	\$ 8,300,000	\$ 9,975,103	\$ 2,745,000	\$ 2,396,055
2016	9,350,000	9,600,084	2,120,000	2,303,869
2017	8,955,000	9,224,255	2,190,000	2,219,348
2018	8,830,000	8,859,379	2,765,000	2,115,972
2019	11,690,000	8,430,716	2,505,000	2,006,841
2020	12,470,000	7,920,506	2,580,000	1,900,410
2021	12,855,000	7,376,686	2,665,000	1,789,213
2022	13,675,000	6,797,126	2,535,000	1,674,221
2023	14,225,000	6,185,290	2,625,000	1,555,824
2024	14,795,000	5,537,300	2,725,000	1,431,690
2025	15,475,000	4,885,247	2,825,000	1,301,289
2026	15,870,000	4,232,618	2,960,000	1,164,378
2027	15,870,000	3,552,560	3,840,000	1,018,540
2028	19,400,000	2,891,764	3,995,000	863,823
2029	14,230,000	2,215,900	4,175,000	700,421
2030	10,185,000	1,625,578	3,410,000	544,513
2031	10,125,000	1,154,971	3,805,000	384,238
2032	10,660,000	675,193	4,185,000	199,088
2033	3,185,000	361,506	635,000	86,263
2034	3,300,000	217,869	660,000	55,163
2035	1,520,000	112,044	130,000	22,813
2036	795,000	62,122	140,000	16,650
2037	480,000	33,763	140,000	10,175
2038	490,000	11,331	150,000	3,469
	\$ 236,730,000	\$ 101,938,909	\$ 56,505,000	\$ 25,764,260

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

**Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)** 

# A. General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize blended component unit revenue bonds outstanding at September 30, 2014, were as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
	Pearland	Economic	Development	Authority of			
	Development	t Corporation	Pear	land			
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest			
2015	\$ 965,000	\$ 1,068,839	\$ 3,250,000	\$ 1,824,295			
2016	1,010,000	1,025,057	3,350,000	1,721,965			
2017	1,060,000	976,218	3,455,000	1,616,460			
2018	1,115,000	924,986	3,565,000	1,507,696			
2019	1,175,000	870,739	3,675,000	1,395,416			
2020	1,230,000	819,126	3,565,000	1,279,653			
2021	1,285,000	764,705	3,680,000	1,167,093			
2022	1,350,000	707,225	3,765,000	1,050,862			
2023	1,415,000	645,158	3,690,000	930,131			
2024	1,480,000	579,894	3,840,000	812,928			
2025	1,555,000	511,083	3,990,000	690,735			
2026	1,635,000	438,397	4,150,000	563,552			
2027	1,715,000	361,922	4,315,000	431,072			
2028	1,805,000	275,920	4,485,000	293,107			
2029	1,895,000	188,544	4,660,000	149,467			
2030	2,000,000	96,818					
	\$ 22,690,000	\$ 10,254,633	\$ 57,435,000	\$ 15,434,429			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

# **Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)**

# **B.** Enterprise Fund Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the City's total business-type long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2014.

	Se	Restated Balance ptember 30, 2013*	I	Additions	(R	deductions)	Se	Balance ptember 30, 2014	D	Amounts ue Within One Year
<b>Business-type Activities</b>										
Bonds payable:										
Permanent Improvement Bonds	\$	14,020,000	\$		\$	(1,155,000)	\$	12,865,000	\$	1,530,000
Water and sewer revenue bonds		105,690,000				(3,765,000)		101,925,000		3,575,000
Unamortized premium/(discount)		730,310		(138,246)				592,064		
Total bonds payable		120,440,310		(138,246)		(4,920,000)		115,382,064		5,105,000
Other liabilities:										
Obligations under capital leases		260,984				(91,844)		169,140		86,960
Compensated absences		463,482		296,131		(234,704)		524,909		87,701
Other post-employment benefits		356,544				(41,277)		315,267		
<b>Total Business-type Activities</b>	\$	121,521,320	\$	157,885	\$	(5,287,825)	\$	116,391,380	\$	5,279,661
* As Restated										

A summary of the terms of certificates of obligation and revenue bonds recorded in the Enterprise Funds as of September 30, 2014, is as follows:

	Original		Interest	Debt
Series	Issue	Matures	<b>Rate</b> (%)	Outstanding
Water and Wastewater Fund				
Water and Sewer System Adjustable Rate Revenue Bonds,				
Series 1999	\$ 8,000,000	2020	4.41-4.60	\$ 2,580,000
Water and Sewer System Revenue and Refunding Bonds,				
Series 2006	13,845,000	2031	3.74-4.82	10,170,000
Water and Sewer System Revenue and Refunding Bonds,				
Series 2007	40,135,000	2031	3.50-5.50	35,705,000
Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2008	14,950,000	2034	4.125-5.00	13,690,000
Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2009	13,130,000	2034	3.00-5.50	11,340,000
Permanent Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2009	11,660,000	2018	2.00-5.00	6,635,000
Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A	14,040,000	2035	1.75-4.50	12,505,000
Water and Sewer System Refunding Bonds, Series 2010B	8,970,000	2023	1.75-4.00	7,875,000
Permanent Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	6,230,000	2025	3.00-5.00	6,230,000
Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2012	8,670,000	2037	2.00-3.625	8,060,000
Total Utility System Fund				\$ 114,790,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

**Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)** 

# **B.** Enterprise Fund Debt (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize governmental activity revenue bonds and permanent improvement bonds outstanding at September 30, 2014, were as follows:

**Business-Type Activities Revenue Bonds Permanent Improvement Bonds Fiscal Year Principal Interest Principal Interest** 2015 \$ 3,575,000 \$ 4,439,469 \$ 1,530,000 \$ 474,813 2016 3,725,000 4,302,209 427,900 1,560,000 2017 3,880,000 344,000 4,153,814 2,415,000 4,005,011 2018 4,030,000 2,515,000 232,188 2019 4,195,000 365,000 171,700 3,847,690 2020 4,370,000 3,683,168 370,000 157,000 2021 4,615,000 3,503,758 370,000 142,200 2022 4,810,000 3,306,020 385,000 127,100 2023 5,025,000 3,100,220 395,000 111,500 74,000 2024 4,190,000 2,884,169 1,480,000 2025 4,440,000 1,480,000 22,200 2,689,274 2026 6,155,000 2,477,949 2027 6,450,000 2,181,686 2028 6,765,000 1,867,325 2029 7,080,000 1,552,813 2030 1,257,306 7,375,000 2031 7,680,000 948,088 2032 625,250 3,710,000 2033 3,895,000 444,575 2034 4,075,000 264,300 2035 1,180,000 75,725 2036 345,000 25,556 2037 360,000 13,050 101,925,000 \$ 51,648,423 \$ 12,865,000 \$ 2,284,600 \$

### D. Legal Compliance

Long-term debt assumed by the City upon dissolution of annexed municipal utility district in fiscal years 2006, 2007, and 2013 has been recorded as part of the City's long-term debt. A portion of the assumed debt is related to assets recorded in the Water and Sewer Fund. Even though the debt is related to assets recorded in the Water and Sewer Fund, the debt is considered general obligation debt based on Texas law.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

# **Note 6 - Interfund Transactions**

A summary of interfund transfers, the purpose of which is to cover operational expenses/expenditures, for the year ended September 30, 2014, is as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amounts	Purpose
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	\$ 1,942,825	Transfer of funds for capital projects costs
General Fund	City Wide Donations Fund	21,000	Transfer of funds for operating costs
General Fund	Grant Fund	287,210	Transfer of funds for operating costs
General Fund	Solid Waste Fund	146,794	Transfer of funds for administrative costs
General Fund	Water Sewer Fund	1,359,088	Transfer of funds for administrative costs
Total General Fund		3,756,917	
Debt Service Fund	General Fund	159,272	Transfer of funds for debt service payments
Debt Service Fund	Water Sewer Fund	459,167	Transfer of funds for debt service payments
Total Debt Service Fund	water Sewer Fund	 618,439	Transfer of funds for debt service payments
Total Debt Service Fund		010,439	:
Development Authority of Pearland	Tax Increment Reinvestment		
•	Zone #2	11,494,978	Debt service; developer reimbursements
U of H Fund	General Fund	5,717	Operating
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	194,797	Transer of funds for capital project costs
Capital Projects Fund	Parks and Recreation		
	Development	66,500	Transer of funds for capital project costs
Capital Projects Fund	Sidewalk Fund	14,652	Transer of funds for capital project costs
Capital Projects Fund	Grant Fund	344,300	Transer of funds for capital project costs
Capital Projects Fund	Street Assessments Fund	 10,625	Transer of funds for capital project costs
Total Capital Projects Fund		630,874	
Internal Service Fund	General Fund	819,638	Operating costs
Internal Service Fund	Water Sewer Fund	301,030	Operating costs
Internal Service Fund	General Fund	1,369,510	Operating costs and reserves
Total Internal Service Fund	General Fund	 2,490,178	Operating costs and reserves
15mi incinai sei vice i una		2,70,170	
Water Sewer Fund	General Fund	235,491	Operating costs
Total		\$ 19,232,594	

A summary of interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2014, follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Grant Fund	\$ 244,629	Short term loan
General Fund	U of H Fund	30,694	To fund operations
		\$ 275,323	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### Note 7 - Fund Balance / Net Position

#### **Encumbrances**

Encumbrance accounting is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration for the General Fund, special revenue funds, and capital projects funds. September 30, 2014, certain amounts which were classified as restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes have been encumbered in the governmental funds. Significant encumbrances included in governmental fund balances are as follows:

	Enc	cumbrances
General Fund - assigned	\$	1,393,883
Pearland Economic Development - restricted		342,048
Aggregate non-major funds - restricted		17,222,932
	\$	18,958,863

# **Note 8 - Deferred Compensation Plan**

The City maintains, for its employees, a tax-deferred compensation plan meeting the requirements of Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan was established in the 1995 fiscal year by City Ordinance, and ICMA Retirement Corporation is the plan administrator. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseen emergency. The plan's trust arrangements are established to protect deferred compensation amounts of employees under the plan from any other use other than intended under the plan (eventual payment to employees deferring the compensation) in accordance with federal tax laws. Amounts of compensation deferred by employees under plan provisions are disbursed bi-weekly by the City to a third-party administrator. The third-party administrator handles all funds in the plan and makes investment decisions and disburses funds to employees in accordance with plan provisions.

#### Note 9 - Employee Retirement System

#### **Plan Description and Provisions**

The City provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a non-traditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System ("TMRS"), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The plan provisions that have been adopted by the City are within the options available in the governing state statutes of TMRS.

Benefits depend upon the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits, with interest. At the date the plan began, the City granted monetary credits for service rendered before the plan began of a theoretical amount equal to two times what would have been contributed by the employee, with interest, prior to establishment of the plan. Monetary credits for service since the plan began are a percent (100%, 150%, or 200%) of the employee's accumulated contributions.

TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for TMRS; the report also provides detailed explanations of the contributions, benefits, and actuarial methods and assumptions used by the System. This report may be obtained from TMRS' website at www.TMRS.com.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

# **Note 9 - Employee Retirement System (continued)**

In addition, the City can grant, as often as annually, another type of monetary credit referred to as an updated service credit which is a theoretical amount which, when added to the employee's accumulated contributions and the monetary credits for service since the plan began, would be the total monetary credits and employee contributions accumulated, with interest, if the current employee contribution rate and City matching percent had always been in existence and if the employee's salary had always been the average of his salary in the last three years that are one year before the effective date. At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions, with interest, and the employer-financed monetary credits, with interest, were used to purchase an annuity.

The plan provisions are adopted by the City Council of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	Plan Year 2013	Plan Year 2014
Employee deposit rate	7.0%	7.0%
Matching ratio (City to employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	5	5
Service retirement eligibility		
(expressed as age/years of service)	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
Updated Service Credit	100% Repeating, Transfers	100% Repeating, Transfers
Annuity Increase (to retirees)	70% of CPI Repeating	70% of CPI Repeating

Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 5 or more years of service or with 20 years of service regardless of age.

#### **Contributions**

Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service cost contribution rate, which is calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate finances the portion of an active member's projected benefit allocated annually; the prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial liability (asset) over the applicable period for that city. Both the normal cost and prior service contribution rates include recognition of the projected impact of annually repeating benefits, such as updated service credits and annuity increases.

The City contributes to the TMRS Plan at an actuarially determined rate. Both the employees and the City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance for budgetary purposes, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect.

The City's total payroll in fiscal year 2014 was \$34.8 million and the City's contributions were based on a payroll of \$33.2 million. Contributions made by employees totaled \$2.3 million, and the City made contributions of \$4.3 million during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

# **Note 9 - Employee Retirement System (continued)**

# **Contributions (continued)**

Three-year trend information is presented below:

	 2014	 2013	 2012
Annual Pension Cost (APC)	\$ 4,311,811	\$ 3,780,847	\$ 3,518,289
Percentage of APC Contributed	100%	100%	100%
NPO at the End of Period	\$ _	\$ -	\$ _

Because the actuary determines contribution rates on an annual basis and the City pays the calculated rate each month, the City will always have a net pension obligation (NPO) of zero at the beginning and end of the period, and the annually required contributions (ARC) will always equal contributions made.

The required contribution rates for fiscal year 2014 were determined as part of the December 31, 2011 and 2012 actuarial valuations. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation, December 31, 2013, also follows:

Valuation Date	12/31/2013	12/31/2012	12/31/2011
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll	Level Percent of Payroll	Level Percent of Payroll
GASB 25 Equivalent Single			
Amortization Period	30.0 Years - Closed Period	25.3 Years - Closed Period	26.3 Years - Closed Period
Amortization Period for			
new Gains/Losses	30 years	30 years	30 years
Asset Valuation Method	10-year Smoothed Market	10-year Smoothed Market	10-year Smoothed Market
Actuarial Assumptions:			
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%
Projected Salary Increases	Varies by age and service	Varies by age and service	Varies by age and service
Includes Inflation At	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%

In order to provide a reasonable retirement benefit at a reasonable cost to employers and to provide better long-range rate forecasts, TMRS' actual funding method is the Projected Unit Credit method using a 25-30 year "closed" period.

For cities that have adopted annually repeating annuity increases (COLA's), this change in method resulted in increased contribution rates, provided for advanced funding and positive improvement in the pension funding rates. The TMRS Board provided for an eight-year phase-in period for new rates to enable cities to slowly increase contributions. The City chose the phase-in option.

The funded status as of December 31, 2013, the most recent valuation date is presented as follows:

				Unfunde d		
<b>Actuarial</b>				Actuarial		(UAAL) as a
Valuation	Actuarial	Actuarial		Accrued	Annual	Percentage
Date	Value of	Accrued	Percentage	Liability	Covered	of Covered
December 31,	Assets	Liabilities	Funded	(UAAL)	Payroll	Payroll
2013	\$ 78,831,539	\$ 98,960,025	80%	\$20,128,486	\$ 33,237,051	61%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

# **Note 9 - Employee Retirement System (continued)**

#### **Contributions (continued)**

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation, and reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability of benefits.

#### **Note 10 - Other Post-Employment Benefits**

In addition to pension benefits, the City provides access to medical and dental coverage through its selected insurance carrier, to retirees and/or retiree dependents. The City's other post-employment benefit plan is a single-employer plan. To qualify for retiree's medical or dental insurance, the retiree must have a minimum of ten years of continuous service with the City and be at least sixty years of age, or with 20 years of continuous service at any age. The City provides the coverage on a pay-as-you-go basis similar to current employees, but the City does not pay any portion of the retiree premium. Therefore, there is an implicit subsidy due to the blended rate paid by the retirees, but there is no direct liability due from the City as it does not pay any portion of the retiree's costs.

The costs of providing these benefits and number of retired employees are as follows:

		$\mathbf{E}_{1}$	mp/De p	Number
Total	City's	C	overage	of Retired
Cost	 Cost	_	Cost	Employees
\$ 107,425	\$	\$	107,425	11

Retirees who are entitled to receive retirement benefits under the City's retirement plan may purchase continued health benefits coverage for the retiree and the retiree's dependents, but shall pay 100% of the premium for coverage. The retiree, however, is able to receive a lower rate by participating in the City's plan as opposed to individually purchasing health insurance. The City's coverage is secondary to Medicare when the person becomes eligible for these benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

# **Note 10 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)**

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board published a guideline regarding accounting and financial reporting by employers for post-employment benefits other than pensions. This document gives guidance regarding the methods and timing for reporting. The effect of the Guideline is to cause the cost of retiree benefits to be accrued for during the working lifetime of the employees. This requires pre-funding or accruing of a liability. The City has elected to accrue the liability, and the unfunded liability will be funded over a period of 30 years. The results of the City's most recent actuarial valuation are as follows:

				<b>Unfunded</b>		(UAAL) as
				Actuarial		a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial		Accrued	Annual	Percentage
Valuation Date	Value of	Accrued	Percentage	Liability	Covered	of Covered
October 1,	Assets	Liabilities	Funde d	(UAAL)	Payroll	Payroll
2012	\$	\$ 8,339,937	0%	\$ 8,339,937	\$ 28,876,260	29%

Net OPEB obligations at year-end for the last three fiscal years are as follows:

	2012	2013	2014
Normal cost	\$ 190,706	\$ 243,253	\$ 234,852
Amortization of UAAL	141,837	177,878	177,878
Annual required contribution (ARC)	332,543	421,131	412,730
Interest on prior-year net OPEB obligation Amortization of prior-year net OPEB obligation	57,127	72,715	81,115
(ARC adjustment)		(109,364)	(142,285)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	389,670	384,482	351,560
Employer contributions		(174,458)	(342,919)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	389,670	210,024	8,641
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	1,428,182	1,817,852	2,027,876
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 1,817,852	\$ 2,027,876	\$ 2,036,517

The annual cost recorded to the general ledger for fiscal year 2014 is \$493,845, which includes the estimated normal cost of \$234,852 to provide for the benefits earned by active employees. The total liability, which is not recorded to the general ledger, is \$8,339,937, and represents the actuarial present value of benefits.

Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The methods and assumptions used as of the measurement date of October 1, 2012 include using the Projected Unit Credit actuarial costs method, a closed amortization period of 26 years, a discount rate of 4%, medical inflation and ultimate pre-Medicare rate of 10% and 5% respectively, with a straight years of service amortization method.

Separate, audited GAAP-basis postemployment benefit plan reports are not applicable for the other post-retirement benefit plan for the City as there are no separately issued plan financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note 11 - Commitments and Contingencies**

# **Litigation and Other Contingencies**

The City was involved in various lawsuits and arbitration proceedings at September 30, 2014. The City and its legal counsel believe that any amounts which the City might ultimately be required to pay will not exceed underlying insurance coverage.

# Reimbursements due to Developers

Pursuant to the Local Government Code, the Economic Development Corporation offers incentives to attract and retain businesses to Pearland. The following are the current incentives.

<b>Current Incentives</b>	Amount	<b>Prior Years</b>	FY 2014	Balance	
Altus Harbor	\$ 87,500	\$ 80,000	\$	\$ 7,500	
Amerlux	185,000			185,000	
Base Pair Bio-Technologies	38,500		9,625	28,875	
Keystone Engineering	189,000			189,000	
KS Management	2,663,000			2,663,000	
Merit Medical Systems	888,000		758,000	130,000	
Zapp Precision Wire	60,000			60,000	
	\$4,111,000	\$ 80,000	\$ 767,625	\$ 3,263,375	

#### **Shadow Creek Town Center**

In 2004, the City, along with the Reinvestment Zone Number Two (the Zone) and the Development Authority of Pearland (the Authority), component units of the City, entered into an agreement with a developer to reimburse the developer all or a portion of the project costs to implement the Shadow Creek Ranch Development TIRZ (TIRZ Plan). As projects implementing the TIRZ Plan are completed, the Zone Board may recommend to the City that the Authority reimburse developers on behalf of the Zone and the City. The Zone Board will forward to the City and the Authority all of the necessary and required documentation supporting the requested reimbursement and a determination of the exact amount requested for reimbursement, including a calculation of the amount of interest to be reimbursed on funds advanced for the projects. In addition all monies available in the Tax Increment Fund shall be transferred to the escrow agent no less than once per year and no later than the fifteenth day of each August, subject to the retention by the City of: (1) an amount equal to the City's administrative costs connected with the Zone and the TIRZ Plan, as provided in the TIRZ plan (36% of the City's Tax Increment, but not more than \$0.255, in years four through eight, and 64% of the City's Tax Increment, but not more than \$0.44, in years nine through 30) shall be retained by the City; (2) amounts required to be maintained in the Alvin ISD Suspense Account; (3) an amount sufficient to pay reasonable current and anticipated administrative and operating costs of the Zone, as determined by the Zone Board.

On November 13, 2006, the City of Pearland, Pearland Economic Development Corporation (PEDC) and Shadow Creek Retail, LP entered into an agreement whereby the developer would build and construct a mixed use commercial development located at the northwest corner of State Highway 288 and Broadway, also known as FM 518.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

# **Note 11 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)**

# **Shadow Creek Town Center (continued)**

The Developer provided for the construction of segments of Broadway Street, Business Center Drive, Memorial Hermann Drive, as well as landscaping, underground utilities, pipeline relocation and other associated costs. The source of funds for reimbursement of the public infrastructure is both the TIRZ #2 and City and PEDC sales tax revenue generated from the project. The total funded from TIRZ #2 is \$11,749,618 and the amount of TIRZ improvements to be funded from sales tax is \$2,001,931. Once completion and tenant occupancy of at least 318,000 square feet is achieved for a period of three consecutive months, the City and PEDC, shall remit, monthly, thirty-three percent of sales tax received by the City and PEDC to the Developer until paid in full plus interest at eight percent per annum for the first two years following completion of the widening of Broadway and interest at five percent per annum for the subsequent two years. The Developer met the targets set forth in the agreement in fiscal year 2008.

Through September 30, 2014, the City remitted sales tax to the developer pursuant to the agreement in the amount of \$2,347,103, of which \$446,275 was remitted in fiscal year 2014. To date, \$1,898,518 million has been reimbursed towards principal and \$448,585 for interest. The City anticipates the developer reimbursements funded from sales tax to be complete in fiscal year 2016.

### **Lower Kirby Urban Center Master Plan**

One of the priorities of the Lower Kirby Urban Center Master Plan, the Pearland 20/20 Strategic Plan, and a City Council goal is the implementation of regional detention for the Lower Kirby area. The purpose of regional detention is to create a more attractive urban development, reclaim land from the 100 year flood plain and increase property values needed to pay for infrastructure. A regional approach will prevent each property owner from having to provide individual on site detention allowing for drainage areas that become amenities.

One of the first steps taken by the City to facilitate regional detention was the purchase of the existing large borrow pit on the south side of the District in November 2010 that will be utilized as the detention pond. The City hired LJA Engineering in 2012 to conduct a drainage design and impact analysis for the necessary improvements and to begin a discussion with Texas Department of Transportation (TXDOT) to utilize their existing drainage ditch for conveyance. The ditch runs north and south parallel to State Highway 288 and will convey water from the eastern 467 acres of the District to the detention pond before it outfalls into Clear Creek.

The Lower Kirby Municipal Management District (LKMMD) and the Pearland Municipal Management District No. 1 (PMMD#1) on February 6, 2014 adopted a master drainage plan for the implementation and enforcement of regional detention that established rules, regulations and fees. The regional detention will be developed and utilized by both the LKMMD and the PMMD#1. The PMMD#1 master drainage plan will be for the entire 127 acres of the District and the LKMMD master drainage plan is a first phase that will provide regional detention for 340 acres of the District.

The Districts entered into a cost sharing and implementation agreement to cooperate on the regional detention system. The total cost of this phase of the regional detention system is estimated at approximately \$16M that will be split between the two Districts at 72.3% for LKMMD and 27.7% for PMMD#1. Based on this cost sharing, the LKMMD will charge \$34,495 per acre foot and PMMD#1 will charge \$37,047 per acre foot. Thirty percent of the fee will be a pro-rata participation fee paid by the developer and the remaining seventy percent will be reimbursed to the developer when funds are available from the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note 12 - Risk Management**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City's risk management program mainly encompasses obtaining property and liability insurance through Texas Municipal League's Intergovernmental Risk-Pool (TML-IRP), and through commercial insurance carriers. The participation of the City in TML-IRP is limited to payment of premiums. The City has not had any significant reduction in insurance coverage, and the amounts of insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for any of the last three years.

The City also provides Workers' Compensation insurance on its employees through TML-Workers' Compensation Fund. Workers' Compensation premiums are subject to change when audited by TML Workers' Compensation Fund. At fiscal year-end September 30, 2014, the City believed the amounts paid on Workers' Compensation would not change significantly from the amounts recorded.

# Note 13 - Capital Lease

The City has a 20-year agreement to lease a facility to the University of Houston Clear Lake (UHCL), which commenced in July 2010. Rent or lease payments are broken into two parts, debt service and operating. For accounting purposes the City has classified the lease as a direct financing lease. Because this lease is recorded in a governmental fund, the receivable is deferred and the distinction between a sales and direct financing lease is not relevant at the fund level.

UHCL has an option to purchase the facility upon the commencement date of July 2010 until the 61<sup>st</sup> day preceding the 20<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the commencement date.

The lease payments related to debt service to be received coincide with debt service payments the City is required to make on a bond that matures on March 1, 2029. At September 30, 2014, the future minimum debt service lease payments to be received under the lease are as follows:

Fiscal year ending		
September 30,	P	Payme nt
2015	\$	654,255
2016		643,059
2017		627,598
2018		610,030
2019		594,808
2020-2024		2,751,760
2025-2029		2,343,556
Total	\$	8,225,066

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

# **Note 14 - Operating Lease**

The City has a five-year agreement to lease a portion of the UHCL facility to the Pearland Economic Development Corporation which commenced in July 2010. For accounting purposes the City has classified the lease as an operating lease. The agreement calls for up to three additional five-year terms for a total of 20 years. The rent/lease payments are broken into two parts, debt service and operating.

The debt service lease payments to be received coincide with debt service payments the City is required to make on a bond that matures on March 1, 2029. At September 30, 2014, the future minimum debt service lease payments to be received under the lease are as follows:

Fiscal year ending		
September 30,	I	Payme nt
2015	\$	110,153
2016		108,268
2017		105,665
2018		102,707
2019		100,144
2020-2024		463,297
2025-2029		394,570
Total	\$	1,384,804

**Note 15 - Subsequent Events** 

# Certificates of Obligation, Series 2014

On October 16, 2014, the City received \$4,625,000 in certificates of obligations. Proceeds from the sale of the Certificates will be used for (i) improvements, renovations and additions to the existing public works service center located at East Orange Street and Old Alvin Road; (iii) acquisition of land for and the design and construction of two new fire stations located at Yost Road and FM 518 and at Harkey Road and Fite Road; (iv) project management for parks, street and facility capital projects within the City; (v) renovations to the existing City Hall Complex; and (vi) to pay the costs of issuance of the Certificates. Interest rates on the certificates range from 2.0% to 4.0% and mature in 2034.

#### Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2014

On October 16, 2014, the City received \$9,210,000 in water and sewer system revenue bonds. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds will be used for waterworks and sanitary sewer system improvements, and to pay the costs of issuance of the bonds. Interest rates on the bonds range from 2.0% to 4.0% and mature in 2039.

# Development Authority of Pearland Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2014

On November 10, 2014, the Development Authority of Pearland approved the issuance of \$8,060,000 of Tax Increment Contract Revenue Bonds. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to reimburse the developer \$7,890,000 for infrastructure within the TIRZ boundaries. The bonds have and annual interest rate of 2,72% and will mature in 2029.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

# **Note 15 - Subsequent Events (continued)**

# **Capital Lease**

One December 18, 2014, City Council approved a seven year \$574,049 lease purchase agreement with Clayton Holdings, LLC for the purchase of a Pierce Quantum pumper truck. The bid was at a 2.02% interest rate with the first semi-annual payment of \$43,735.39 due January 2015, with final payment July 2021. The escrow account closed on January 5, 2015.

#### **Note 16 - Restated Net Position**

The City expensed unamortized bond issuance costs in accordance with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. The effect of these restatements on beginning net position are as follows:

	Water and Sewer Fund		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	
Net Position as of September 30, 2013	\$	193,025,610	\$	451,958,192	\$	193,238,011
Expense unamortized debt issuance costs in the accordance with GASBS No. 65:		(1,076,799)		(2,816,829)		(1,076,799)
Net Position as of September 30, 2013 (restated)	\$	191,948,811	\$	449,141,363	\$	192,161,212

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**Required Supplementary Information** 

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the year ended September 30, 2014

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 11,818,335	\$ 11,901,823	\$ 12,095,419	\$ 193,596
Sales and use taxes	17,428,319	17,038,649	17,326,556	287,907
Franchise fees	6,106,615	6,264,559	6,214,046	(50,513)
Licenses and permits	2,877,117	3,642,823	4,148,763	505,940
Fees and forfeitures	3,568,281	2,945,940	2,970,397	24,457
Charges for services	13,175,835	12,828,870	12,663,599	(165,271)
Investment earnings	60,500	82,974	88,232	5,258
Other	514,862	2,360,758	2,172,857	(187,901)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	55,549,864	57,066,396	57,679,869	613,473
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	8,793,823	7,687,619	7,234,797	452,822
Public safety	29,395,291	30,038,310	29,039,403	998,907
Public works	8,507,284	8,318,137	7,946,912	371,225
Community services	3,743,683	3,893,808	3,747,462	146,346
Parks and recreation	8,138,479	8,028,920	7,357,692	671,228
Debt Service:				
Principal	89,950	89,950	89,950	
Interest and other charges	24,536	24,536	24,536	
Capital outlay	3,269,551	5,470,572	4,233,164	1,237,408
Total Expenditures	61,962,597	63,551,852	59,673,916	3,877,936
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(6,412,733)	(6,485,456)	(1,994,047)	4,491,409
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from capital leases	901,825	2,426,987	1,852,939	(574,048)
-				` ' '
Transfers in Transfers out	3,709,547	3,751,670	3,756,917	5,247
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,386,903)	(2,784,191)	(2,784,425)	(234)
Net change in fund balances	3,224,469 (3,188,264)	(3,090,990)	2,825,431 831,384	(569,035)
Fund balances, beginning				3,722,314
Fund balances, beginning  Fund balances, ending	18,623,117 \$ 15,434,853	18,623,117	18,623,117 \$ 19,454,501	\$ 3,022,274
runu baiances, ending	\$ 15,434,853	\$ 15,532,127	\$ 19,454,501	\$ 3,922,374

# CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY BUDGET INFORMATION

#### **Budgetary Compliance**

The City has complied with all material budget requirements for the year ended September 30, 2014.

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds, using the same basis of accounting as for financial reporting. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Project length budgets are adopted for the Capital Project Funds. The City, for management control, approves a financial plan for the Enterprise Fund. City Council approves the annual budget for the Pearland Economic Development Corporation, which is included in the City's financial reporting entity.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level (i.e. General Fund, Debt Service Fund, etc.). Expenditure requests, which would require an increase in total budgeted appropriations, must be approved by City Council through a formal budget amendment. At any time in the fiscal year, the Council may make emergency appropriations to meet a pressing need for public expenditure in order to protect the public health, safety, or welfare. The Council has the power to transfer any unencumbered funds allocated by the budget from one activity, function, or department, to another activity, function, or department, to re-estimate revenues and expenditures, and to amend the budget.

Because City Council adopts the budget at the fund level, management has the authority to transfer available funds allocated by the budget from one function/department or activity to another function or activity within the same department. In cooperation with the directors and department heads of the City, the Budget Officer, the Director of Finance and the City Manager prepare an annual budget for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Debt Service Fund for the ensuing fiscal year, in a form and style as deemed desirable by the City Manager. The City Manager shall submit to the Council, for its review, consideration, and revision, both a letter describing the proposed new budget, as well as a balanced budget for the forthcoming fiscal year, between 60 (sixty) and 90 (ninety) days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. The budget, as adopted, must set forth the appropriations for services, functions, and activities of the various City departments and agencies, and shall meet all fund requirements provided by law and required by bond covenants. Capital projects are budgeted on a project-length basis.

Amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements represent the budgeted amount with all supplemental appropriations.

REQUIRED PENSION SYSTEM SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION September 30, 2014

# TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (UNAUDITED) Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date December 31,	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Percentage Liabilities Funded		Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Annual Covered Payroll	(UAAL) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2013	\$ 78,831,539	\$ 98,960,025	80%	\$20,128,486	\$ 33,237,051	61%
2012	69,800,322	85,022,771	82%	15,222,449	28,876,260	53%
2011	61,822,285	78,404,115	79%	16,581,830	27,756,555	60%

# CITY OF PEARLAND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATION Schedule of Funding Progress

					Unfunded		
Actuarial					Actuarial		(UAAL) as a
Valuation	Actuarial	I	Actuarial		Accrued	Annual	Percentage
<b>Date October</b>	Value of	I	Accrued	Percentage	Liability	Covered	of Covered
1,	Assets	L	iabilities	Funde d	(UAAL)	Payroll	Payroll
2012	\$	\$	8,339,937	0%	\$ 8,339,937	\$ 28,876,260	29%
2010			6,994,465	0%	6,994,465	26,871,670	26%

While retirees get the benefit of an overall employee blended rate for the Other Post-Employment Benefit Obligation, benefits are funded on a pay-as-you go basis via premiums paid by the retirees and to be paid by future retirees. Therefore, the City does not pay for retiree health insurance directly and there is an implicit subsidy due to the blended rate paid by the retirees. Thus, there is no direct liability due from the City as it does not pay any portion of the retiree's costs. Actuarial valuations are conducted every two years.

Trend information is designed to provide information about the progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

**Other Supplementary Information** 

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Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules (This page intentionally left blank.)

#### NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

To account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that, are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund - A fund created to account for hotel/motel occupancy tax revenue.

*Court Security Fund* - A fund created to account for the receipt and expenditure of revenues from court fines for court security.

City-Wide Donation Fund - A fund created to account for miscellaneous donations for all city departments except parks.

**Court Technology Fund** - This fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of revenues from court fines for court technology.

**Street Assessments Fund** – A fund created to account for the revenue and expenditure of street assessments as approved by City Council for a designated street(s).

**Park Donation Fund** - A fund used to account for park donations for park special events and development of parks. This fund also includes funds from tree trust donations.

**Police Seizure Fund** - A fund created to account for state and federal seizure funds which are used solely for law enforcement purposes.

**Park and Recreation Development Fund** - A fund created to account for the receipt and expenditure of payment in lieu of parkland for the development of parks.

Sidewalk Fund - A fund created to account for resources designated for sidewalks.

*Grant Fund* - A fund created to account for revenues and expenditures associated with federal, state, and local grants.

*Traffic Impact Improvement Fund* - A fund created to account for resources and expenditures from traffic impact analysis.

*Juvenile Management Fund* - A fund created to account for receipt and expenditure of revenues from court fines for juvenile case manager.

*Capital Projects Fund* - A fund used to account for the expenditures of resources accumulated on a payas-you go basis and the sale of bonds and related interest earnings for capital improvement projects.

**Educational TV Fund** – A fund created to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the purchase of equipment for public-access television broadcasting under rules set forth by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

*University of Houston (U of H) Fund* - A fund created to account for lease revenues and the operating expenditures related to the University of Houston Clear Lake-Pearland Campus built by the City and leased to the University of Houston Clear Lake and the Pearland Economic Development Corporation.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
September 30, 2014

	Hotel/Motel Court Tax Securit			City-Wide Donation		Court Technology		
Assets			-	,				·
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	879,290	\$	119,571	\$	49,667	\$	48,433
Investments		1,741,186						
Receivables (net of allowance								
for uncollectibles)		438,482						
Due from other governments								
Prepaid items		4,220						
Total Assets	\$	3,063,178	\$	119,571	\$	49,667	\$	48,433
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	64,710	\$	2,112	\$		\$	
Accrued expenditures								
Due to other funds								
Total Liabilities		64,710		2,112				
Deferred Inflows of Resource	es							
Unavailable revenue								
<b>Total Deferred Inflows</b>								
of Resources								
Fund Balance								
Non-spendable		4,220						
Restricted for:								
Community development								
programs		2,994,248		117,459		3,471		
Public safety						46,196		48,433
Capital improvements								
Total Fund Balances		2,998,468		117,459		49,667		48,433
Total Liabilities, Deferred								
Inflows of Resources,								
and Fund Balances	\$	3,063,178	\$	119,571	\$	49,667	\$	48,433

Street Assessments			Park Police Donation Seizure				
\$	\$	168,639	\$	205,187	\$	525,494 495,884	
2,527,689				39,196		211	
\$ 2,527,689	\$	168,639	\$	244,383	\$	1,021,589	
\$	\$	300	\$	2,641	\$	33,439	
		300		2,641		33,439	
2,527,689							
2,527,689							
		168,339		241,742		988,150	
		168,339		241,742		988,150	
\$ 2,527,689	\$	168,639	\$	244,383	\$	1,021,589	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
September 30, 2014

	S	Side walk		Grant		Traffic Impact Improvement		Juvenile Management	
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	242,999	\$		\$	176,216	\$	55,113	
Investments						496,089			
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)						304			
Due from other governments				319,934					
Prepaid items				,					
Total Assets	\$	242,999	\$	319,934	\$	672,609	\$	55,113	
Liabilities									
	\$		\$	5,803	\$		\$	1,601	
Accounts payable Accrued expenditures	Ф		Э	3,803	Ф		Ф	1,001	
Due to other funds				244.620					
Total Liabilities				244,629			-	1.601	
Total Liabilities				250,432				1,601	
Deferred Inflows of Resource	es								
Unavailable revenue									
<b>Total Deferred Inflows</b>									
of Resources									
Fund Balance									
Non-spendable									
Restricted for:									
Community development									
programs				69,502					
Public safety				,				53,512	
Capital improvements		242,999				672,609		,	
Total Fund Balances		242,999		69,502		672,609	-	53,512	
Total Liabilities, Deferred		y	-	7		7		,	
Inflows of Resources,									
and Fund Balances	\$	242,999	\$	319,934	\$	672,609	\$	55,113	

Capital Projects	Ed	ucational TV	1	U of H	Totals
\$ 14,437,088 2,979,484	\$	447,638	\$	240,128	\$ 17,595,463 5,712,643
207,598 3,710,441		40,000		59,248	3,253,480 4,089,623 4,220
\$ 21,334,611	\$	487,638	\$	299,376	\$ 30,655,429
\$ 1,872,600 136,761	\$	214	\$	28,554	\$ 2,011,974 136,761
				30,694	275,323
2,009,361		214		59,248	 2,424,058
3,710,441					 6,238,130
3,710,441					6,238,130
					4,220
		487,424		240,128	4,080,571 389,883
15,614,809					 17,518,567
15,614,809		487,424		240,128	21,993,241
\$ 17,624,170	\$	487,638	\$	299,376	\$ 26,944,988

 $COMBINING\ STATEMENT\ OF\ REVENUES,\ EXPENDITURES,\ AND\ CHANGES\ IN\ FUND\ BALANCES$   $NON\text{-}MAJOR\ GOVERNMENTAL\ FUNDS$ 

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

	Ho	otel/Motel Tax	Court ecurity	ty-Wide onation		Court chnology
Revenues					-	
Sales and use taxes	\$	1,404,306	\$	\$	\$	
Franchise fees						
Fines and forfeitures			53,213			60,846
Investment earnings		4,079	180	104		202
Intergovernmental						
Other		80,990		 40,775		
<b>Total Revenues</b>		1,489,375	53,393	40,879		61,048
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government		708,755				
Public safety				17,433		
Public works						
Community services			65,542			37,945
Parks and recreation						
Debt Service:						
Interest and other charges						
Capital outlay		53,304		44,116		258,105
Total Expenditures		762,059	65,542	61,549		296,050
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over expenditures		727,316	 (12,149)	 (20,670)		(235,002)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Issuance of debt						
Bond premium						
Transfers in						
Transfers out				(21,000)		
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)				 (21,000)		
Net change in fund balances		727,316	(12,149)	(41,670)		(235,002)
Fund balances - beginning		2,271,152	 129,608	 91,337		283,435
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,998,468	\$ 117,459	\$ 49,667	\$	48,433

Page 1 of 2

Street Assessments	Park Police nts Donation Seizure		Park and Recreation Development
\$	\$	\$	\$
394	258	352	1,942
62,194	111,529	118,233	292,379
62,588	111,787	118,585	294,321
62,588		72,342	
	133,052		
	122.052	46,000	35,590
62,588	133,052	118,342	35,590
	(21,265)	243	258,731
			(66,500)
			(66,500)
	(21,265)	243	192,231
	189,604	241,499	795,919
\$	\$ 168,339	\$ 241,742	\$ 988,150

 $COMBINING\ STATEMENT\ OF\ REVENUES,\ EXPENDITURES,\ AND\ CHANGES\ IN\ FUND\ BALANCES$   $NON\text{-}MAJOR\ GOVERNMENTAL\ FUNDS$ 

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

	Side walk	Grant	Traffic Impact Improvement	Juvenile Management
Revenues				
Sales and use taxes	\$	\$	\$	\$
Franchise fees				
Fines and forfeitures				36,066
Investment earnings	351		2,488	86
Intergovernmental		848,339		
Other	33,390		40,850	
Total Revenues	33,741	848,339	43,338	36,152
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government		11,993		
Public safety		41,936		
Public works	1,890			
Community services		27,641		43,139
Parks and recreation				
Debt Service:				
Interest and other charges				
Capital outlay		112,061		
Total Expenditures	1,890	193,631		43,139
Excess (deficiency) of				
revenues over expenditures	31,851	654,708	43,338	(6,987)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Issuance of debt				
Bond premium				
Transfers in				
Transfers out	(14,652)	(631,510)	(10,625)	
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	(14,652)	(631,510)	(10,625)	
Net change in fund balances	17,199	23,198	32,713	(6,987)
Fund balances - beginning	225,800	46,304	639,896	60,499
Fund balances - ending	\$ 242,999	\$ 69,502	\$ 672,609	\$ 53,512

Capital	Educational	^	
<b>Projects</b>	TV	U of H	<u>Totals</u>
\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,404,306
Ψ	269,915	Ψ	269,915
	,-		150,125
24,804	473	370	36,083
712,409		237,528	1,798,276
990,299		81,786	1,852,425
1,727,512	270,388	319,684	5,511,130
			783,336
			131,711
172,618			174,508
	37,877		212,144
		325,052	458,104
111,564			111,564
10,747,763	5,601		11,302,540
11,031,945	43,478	325,052	13,173,907
(9,304,433)	226,910	(5,368)	(7,662,777)
10,690,000			10,690,000
1,005,606			1,005,606
630,874		5,717	636,591
(1,942,825)			(2,687,112)
10,383,655		5,717	9,645,085
1,079,222	226,910	349	1,982,308
14,535,587	260,514	239,779	20,010,933
\$ 15,614,809	\$ 487,424	\$ 240,128	\$ 21,993,241

DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

		2014				
			Variance	<del></del>		
	E' al Dada d	A -41	Positive /	2012		
Revenues	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)	2013		
	¢ 26,694,405	ф 27.121.524	¢ 447.020	¢ 25 000 404		
Property taxes	\$ 26,684,495	\$ 27,131,534	\$ 447,039 711	\$ 25,898,494		
Investment earnings	36,561	37,272		19,296		
Miscellaneous Total Revenues	775,398	775,396	(2)	1,946,973		
Total Revenues	27,496,454	27,944,202	447,748	27,864,763		
Expenditures						
Debt Service:						
Principal	11,575,162	11,575,162		11,950,504		
Interest and other charges	13,163,774	13,102,430	61,344	12,667,961		
Intergovernmental	4,307,496	4,307,496		4,057,682		
Total Expenditures	29,046,432	28,985,088	61,344	28,676,147		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	(1,549,978)	(1,040,886)	509,092	(811,384)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Proceeds from long-term debt	29,720,000	29,720,000				
Premium on general obligation debt	3,778,000	3,778,000				
Payments to refunding escrow agent	(33,182,437)	(33,182,437)				
Transfers from other funds	618,439	618,439		461,726		
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>						
(Uses)	934,002	934,002		461,726		
Net change in fund balance	(615,976)	(106,884)	509,092	(349,658)		
Fund Balances - Beginning	4,642,821	4,642,821		4,992,479		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 4,026,845	\$ 4,535,937	\$ 509,092	\$ 4,642,821		

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - HOTEL/MOTEL TAX
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

		2014		
	Etral Dadas Associ		Variance Positive /	
	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)	2013
Revenues				
Sales and use taxes	\$ 1,342,794	\$ 1,404,306	\$ 61,512	\$ 1,150,360
Investment earnings	5,200	4,079	(1,121)	3,277
Other	82,000	80,990	(1,010)	
<b>Total Revenues</b>	1,429,994	1,489,375	59,381	1,153,637
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	727,292	708,755	18,537	533,088
Capital outlay	53,630	53,304	326	173,226
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	780,922	762,059	18,863	706,314
Net change in fund balance	649,072	727,316	78,244	447,323
Fund Balances - Beginning	2,271,152	2,271,152		1,823,829
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 2,920,224	\$ 2,998,468	\$ 78,244	\$ 2,271,152

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND-COURT SECURITY

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

				2014			
	Ethal Dudas4			A . 4 . 1	Po	ariance ositive /	2012
	Fin	al Budget		Actual	(Ne	egative)	 2013
Revenues							
Fines and forfeitures	\$	54,508	\$	53,213	\$	(1,295)	\$ 59,476
Investment earnings		175		180		5	200
<b>Total Revenues</b>		54,683		53,393		(1,290)	59,676
Expenditures Current:							
Community services		78,457		65,542		12,915	71,189
Total Expenditures		78,457		65,542		12,915	71,189
Net change in fund balance		(23,774)		(12,149)		11,625	(11,513)
<b>Fund Balances - Beginning</b>		129,608		129,608			141,121
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	105,834	\$	117,459	\$	11,625	\$ 129,608

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - CITY-WIDE DONATION
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

			2014			
	Fine	ll Budget	Actual	Po	ariance ositive / egative)	2013
	11110	n Duuget	 Actual	(110	eganve	 2013
Revenues						
Investment earnings	\$	150	\$ 104	\$	(46)	\$ 118
Other income		69,085	40,775		(28,310)	34,413
<b>Total Revenues</b>		69,235	40,879		(28,356)	34,531
Expenditures						
Current:						
Public safety		17,433	17,433			14,558
Community services		10,675	•		10,675	,
Capital outlay		53,986	44,116		9,870	
Total Expenditures	-	82,094	 61,549		20,545	 14,558
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	-		 			
over expenditures		(12,859)	(20,670)		(7,811)	19,973
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						 <u> </u>
Transfers out		(21,000)	(21,000)			
Net change in fund balance		(12,859)	(41,670)		(7,811)	19,973
Fund Balances - Beginning		91,337	 91,337			 71,364
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	57,478	\$ 49,667	\$	(7,811)	\$ 91,337

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - COURT TECHNOLOGY
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive / (Negative)		 2013
Revenues							
Fines and forfeitures	\$	62,000	\$	60,846	\$	(1,154)	\$ 70,909
Investment earnings		246		202		(44)	380
<b>Total Revenues</b>		62,246		61,048		(1,198)	71,289
Expenditures							
Current:							
Community services		46,994		37,945		9,049	31,149
Capital Outlay		293,000		258,105			
Total Expenditures		339,994		296,050		9,049	31,149
Net change in fund balance		(277,748)		(235,002)		7,851	40,140
Fund Balances - Beginning		283,435		283,435			243,295
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	5,687	\$	48,433	\$	7,851	\$ 283,435

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - STREET ASSESSMENTS
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive / (Negative)	2013
Revenues						
Investment earnings	\$	394	\$	394	\$	\$
Other		62,194		62,194		
<b>Total Revenues</b>		62,588		62,588		
Expenditures Current: General government		62,588		62,588		
Net change in fund balance		62,588		62,588		
Fund Balances - Beginning						
Fund Balances - Ending	\$		\$		\$	\$

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - PARK DONATION
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

				2014			
	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive / (Negative)		2013
Revenues							
Investment earnings	\$	994	\$	258	\$	(736)	\$ 203
Other		104,025		111,529		7,504	 163,096
<b>Total Revenues</b>		105,019		111,787		6,768	163,299
Expenditures							
Current:							
Parks and recreation		141,758		133,052		8,706	76,882
Capital outlay							5,245
<b>Total Expenditures</b>		141,758		133,052		8,706	82,127
Net change in fund balance		(36,739)		(21,265)		15,474	81,172
Fund Balances - Beginning		189,604		189,604			 108,432
<b>Fund Balances - Ending</b>	\$	152,865	\$	168,339	\$	15,474	\$ 189,604

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - POLICE SEIZURE
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

	Final I		Actual		Variance Positive / (Negative)		 2013
Revenues							
Investment earnings	\$	351	\$	352	\$	1	\$ 372
Other		56,162		118,233		62,071	43,191
<b>Total Revenues</b>		56,513		118,585		62,072	 43,563
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public safety		99,479		72,342		27,137	50,639
Capital outlay		46,000		46,000			29,883
Total Expenditures		145,479		118,342		27,137	 80,522
Net change in fund balance		(88,966)		243		89,209	(36,959)
Fund Balances - Beginning		241,499		241,499			 278,458
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	152,533	\$	241,742	\$	89,209	\$ 241,499

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - PARK AND RECREATION DEVELOPMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

				2014			
	Fina	Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive / (Negative)		2013
Revenues							
Investment earnings	\$	1,202	\$	1,942	\$	740	\$ 1,247
Other		223,879		292,379		68,500	243,803
<b>Total Revenues</b>		225,081		294,321		69,240	245,050
Expenditures							
Current:							
Parks and recreation							52,441
Capital outlay		181,523		35,590		145,933	256,392
<b>Total Expenditures</b>		181,523		35,590		145,933	308,833
Excess (deficiency) of							
revenues over expenditures		43,558		258,731		215,173	 (63,783)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers out		(66,500)		(66,500)			
Total Other Financing							
Sources (Uses)		(66,500)		(66,500)			 
Net change in fund balance		(22,942)		192,231		215,173	(63,783)
Fund Balances - Beginning		795,919		795,919			859,702
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	772,977	\$	988,150	\$	215,173	\$ 795,919

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SIDEWALK

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

				2014			
	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive / (Negative)		2013
Revenues							
Investment earnings	\$	325	\$	351	\$	26	\$ 308
Other		33,390		33,390			20,129
<b>Total Revenues</b>		33,715		33,741		26	20,437
Expenditures Current:							
Public works				1,890		(1,890)	
<b>Total Expenditures</b>				1,890		(1,890)	
Excess (deficiency) of							 
revenues over expenditures		33,715		31,851		(1,864)	20,437
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers out		(14,652)		(14,652)			 
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(14,652)	-	(14,652)			 
Net change in fund balance		19,063		17,199		(1,864)	20,437
Fund Balances - Beginning		225,800		225,800			 205,363
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	244,863	\$	242,999	\$	(1,864)	\$ 225,800

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - GRANT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

			2014			
	Fin	al Budget	Actual	P	Variance Vositive / Vegative)	 2013
Revenues						
Investment earnings	\$	11	\$	\$	(11)	\$ 27
Intergovernmental Other		1,383,649	848,339		(535,310)	814,545 12,292
<b>Total Revenues</b>		1,383,660	848,339		(535,321)	826,864
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government		21,200	11,993		9,207	
Public safety		95,056	41,936		53,120	57,282
Community service		87,132	27,641		59,491	93,441
Parks and recreation						3,741
Capital outlay		264,656	112,061		152,595	15,659
Total Expenditures		468,044	 193,631		274,413	170,123
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over expenditures		915,616	 654,708		(260,908)	 656,741
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in						20,748
Transfers out		(936,017)	 (631,510)		304,507	 (659,196)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(936,017)	(631,510)		304,507	(638,448)
Net change in fund balance		(20,401)	23,198		43,599	18,293
Fund Balances - Beginning		46,304	 46,304			28,011
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	25,903	\$ 69,502	\$	43,599	\$ 46,304

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TRAFFIC IMPACT IMPROVEMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

			2014			
				Pos	riance sitive /	
	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	(Ne	gative)	 2013
Revenues						
Investment earnings	\$	2,000	\$ 2,488	\$	488	\$ 1,006
Other		40,850	40,850			 204,689
<b>Total Revenues</b>		42,850	43,338		488	 205,695
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)						
Transfers out		(10,625)	(10,625)			(157,907)
Total Other Financing						 
Sources (Uses)		(10,625)	 (10,625)			 (157,907)
Net change in fund balance		32,225	32,713		488	47,788
Fund Balances - Beginning		639,896	639,896			 592,108
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	672,121	\$ 672,609	\$	488	\$ 639,896

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - JUVENILE MANAGEMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

			2014			
	Fina	l Budget	 Actual	Po	ariance esitive / egative)	 2013
Revenues						
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	37,164	\$ 36,066	\$	(1,098)	\$ 69,603
Investment earnings		85	86		1_	70
<b>Total Revenues</b>		37,249	36,152		(1,097)	 69,673
Expenditures						
Current:						
Community services		44,092	43,139		953	 44,081
Total Expenditures		44,092	 43,139		953	 44,081
Net change in fund balance		(6,843)	(6,987)		(144)	25,592
Fund Balances - Beginning		60,499	 60,499			 34,907
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	53,656	\$ 53,512	\$	(144)	\$ 60,499

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - CAPITAL PROJECTS
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

		2014		
			Variance Positive /	
	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)	2013
Revenues				
Investment earnings	\$ 24,854	\$ 24,804	\$ (50)	\$ 18,070
Intergovernmental	7,373,681	712,409	(6,661,272)	3,593,783
Other income	1,980,716	990,299	(990,417)	4,116,743
<b>Total Revenues</b>	9,379,251	1,727,512	(7,651,739)	7,728,596
Expenditures				
Current:				
Public works	371,081	172,618	198,463	309,833
Debt Service				
Interest and other charges	385,000	111,564	273,436	324,993
Capital outlay	37,644,848	10,747,763	26,897,085	17,487,825
Total Expenditures	38,400,929	11,031,945	27,368,984	18,122,651
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(29,021,678)	(9,304,433)	19,717,245	(10,394,055)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Issuance of debt	15,574,401	10,690,000	(4,884,401)	12,060,000
Bond premium	1,005,606	1,005,606		331,309
Transfers in	940,626	630,874	(309,752)	421,615
Transfers out	(1,942,825)	(1,942,825)		(1,659,245)
Net change in fund balance	(13,443,870)	1,079,222	14,523,092	759,624
Fund Balances - Beginning	14,535,587	14,535,587		13,775,963
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 1,091,717	\$ 15,614,809	\$ 14,523,092	\$ 14,535,587

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - EDUCATIONAL TV

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

			2014			
	Fina	al Budget	 Actual	Po	ariance sitive / egative)	 2013
Revenues						
Investment earnings	\$	407	\$ 473	\$	66	\$ 204
Franchise taxes		265,000	269,915		4,915	 240,378
<b>Total Revenues</b>		265,407	 270,388		4,981	 240,582
Expenditures						
Current:						
Community services		36,390	37,877		(1,487)	19,881
Capital outlay		10,156	 5,601		4,555	 44,813
Total Expenditures		46,546	 43,478		3,068	 64,694
Net change in fund balance		218,861	226,910		8,049	175,888
Fund Balances - Beginning		260,514	 260,514			84,626
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	479,375	\$ 487,424	\$	8,049	\$ 260,514

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - U OF H

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

			2014			
	Fina	al Budget	 Actual	Po	ariance ositive / egative)	 2013
Revenues						
Investment earnings	\$	370	\$ 370	\$		\$ 61
Intergovernmental		249,889	237,528		(12,361)	186,970
Other		85,523	81,786		(3,737)	338,511
<b>Total Revenues</b>		335,782	319,684		(16,098)	525,542
Expenditures Current:						
Parks and recreation		340,935	325,052		15,883	 316,828
Total Expenditures		340,935	 325,052		15,883	 316,828
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over expenditures		(5,153)	 (5,368)		(215)	 208,714
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		5,483	5,717		234	34,670
Transfers out			 			 (34,670)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>		5,483	 5,717		234	 
Net change in fund balance		330	349		19	208,714
<b>Fund Balances - Beginning</b>		239,779	 239,779			 31,065
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	240,109	\$ 240,128	\$	19	\$ 239,779

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**Long-Term Debt Amortization Schedules** 

## Certificates of Obligation, Series 2004

#### Permanent Improvement & Refunding Bonds, Series 2005

Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	In	terest	 Total	 Principal	]	Interest	 Total
2015	\$	710,000	\$	14,200	\$ 724,200	\$ 2,010,000	\$	603,428	\$ 2,613,428
2016						940,000		529,678	1,469,678
2017						385,000		498,478	883,478
2018						445,000		481,878	926,878
2019						170,000		469,493	639,493
2020						170,000		462,501	632,501
2021						175,000		455,320	630,320
2022						180,000		447,820	627,820
2023						390,000		435,610	825,610
2024						1,185,000		397,600	1,582,600
2025						1,245,000		336,850	1,581,850
2026						1,310,000		272,975	1,582,975
2027						1,355,000		209,738	1,564,738
2028						1,810,000		134,000	1,944,000
2029						1,775,000		44,375	1,819,375
2030									
2031									
2032									
2033									
2034									
2035									
2036									
2037									
2038									
	\$	710,000	\$	14,200	\$ 724,200	\$ 13,545,000	\$	5,779,741	\$ 19,324,741

## Certificates of Obligation, Series 2006

#### Permanent Improvement & Refunding Bonds, Series 2006

Fiscal Year	1	Principal	I	nterest	 Total	]	Principal	1	Interest	 Total
2015	\$	370,000	\$	174,685	\$ 544,685	\$	430,000	\$	458,756	\$ 888,756
2016		395,000		152,985	547,985		445,000		440,978	885,978
2017		405,000		134,263	539,263		460,000		422,025	882,025
2018		405,000		117,405	522,405		480,000		402,050	882,050
2019				108,900	108,900		1,335,000		361,813	1,696,813
2020				108,900	108,900		370,000		322,525	692,525
2021				108,900	108,900		395,000		303,400	698,400
2022				108,900	108,900		420,000		283,025	703,025
2023				108,900	108,900		535,000		259,150	794,150
2024				108,900	108,900		535,000		232,400	767,400
2025				108,900	108,900		565,000		204,900	769,900
2026				108,900	108,900		595,000		175,900	770,900
2027		765,000		91,688	856,688		630,000		146,063	776,063
2028		805,000		56,363	861,363		920,000		109,250	1,029,250
2029		850,000		19,125	869,125		1,840,000		43,700	1,883,700
2030										
2031										
2032										
2033										
2034										
2035										
2036										
2037										
2038										
	\$	3,995,000	\$	1,617,713	\$ 5,612,713	\$	9,955,000	\$	4,165,934	\$ 14,120,934
					104					

#### Certificates of Obligation, Series 2007

## Permanent Improvement & Refunding Bonds, Series 2007

Fiscal Year	 Principal	Interest	 Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 350,000	\$ 990,588	\$ 1,340,588	\$ 2,685,000	\$ 2,924,025	\$ 5,609,025
2016	400,000	970,900	1,370,900	2,345,000	2,791,563	5,136,563
2017	450,000	948,588	1,398,588	2,460,000	2,671,438	5,131,438
2018	1,005,000	910,394	1,915,394	2,220,000	2,554,438	4,774,438
2019	1,060,000	856,188	1,916,188	3,830,000	2,403,188	6,233,188
2020	1,115,000	799,094	1,914,094	5,190,000	2,190,663	7,380,663
2021	1,170,000	739,113	1,909,113	5,395,000	1,952,500	7,347,500
2022	1,230,000	676,113	1,906,113	5,610,000	1,704,888	7,314,888
2023	1,295,000	609,831	1,904,831	5,005,000	1,466,050	6,471,050
2024	1,360,000	540,138	1,900,138	5,230,000	1,235,763	6,465,763
2025	1,430,000	466,900	1,896,900	3,835,000	1,034,197	4,869,197
2026	1,500,000	389,988	1,889,988	3,845,000	866,197	4,711,197
2027	1,580,000	324,938	1,904,938	4,010,000	686,850	4,696,850
2028	1,660,000	272,288	1,932,288	2,290,000	537,225	2,827,225
2029	1,745,000	216,956	1,961,956	2,370,000	426,550	2,796,550
2030	1,540,000	163,575	1,703,575	2,590,000	308,750	2,898,750
2031	1,600,000	104,550	1,704,550	2,620,000	185,013	2,805,013
2032	1,660,000	35,275	1,695,275	2,585,000	61,394	2,646,394
2033						
2034						
2035						
2036						
2037						
2038	 		 			 
	\$ 22,150,000	\$ 10,015,413	\$ 32,165,413	\$ 64,115,000	\$ 26,000,688	\$ 90,115,688

## Certificates of Obligation, Series 2008

## Permanent Improvement Bonds, Series 2008

iscal Year	I	Principal	]	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$	145,000	\$	393,828	\$ 538,828	\$ 310,000	\$ 1,025,025	\$ 1,335,025
2016		150,000		388,019	538,019	325,000	1,009,150	1,334,150
2017		160,000		381,819	541,819	340,000	992,525	1,332,525
2018		165,000		375,319	540,319	360,000	975,025	1,335,025
2019		185,000		368,319	553,319	405,000	955,900	1,360,900
2020		195,000		360,719	555,719	425,000	934,619	1,359,619
2021		205,000		352,591	557,591	445,000	911,781	1,356,781
2022		215,000		343,794	558,794	470,000	887,763	1,357,763
2023		225,000		334,388	559,388	490,000	861,950	1,351,950
2024		240,000		324,300	564,300	515,000	834,313	1,349,313
2025		250,000		313,550	563,550	545,000	805,163	1,350,163
2026		290,000		301,525	591,525	625,000	772,988	1,397,988
2027		305,000		287,375	592,375	660,000	737,650	1,397,650
2028		320,000		271,750	591,750	695,000	700,388	1,395,388
2029		335,000		255,375	590,375	730,000	664,850	1,394,850
2030		1,335,000		213,625	1,548,625	4,530,000	543,669	5,073,669
2031		1,675,000		138,375	1,813,375	4,705,000	330,109	5,035,109
2032		1,930,000		48,250	1,978,250	4,785,000	110,653	4,895,653
2033								
2034								
2035								
2036								
2037								
2038								
	\$	8,325,000	\$	5,452,919	\$ 13,777,919	\$ 21,360,000	\$ 14,053,519	\$ 35,413,519

# CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITY LONG-TERM DEBT BY MATURITY DATE September 30, 2014

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2009

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2009A

Fiscal Year	I	Principal	]	Interest	Total	I	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$	235,000	\$	339,953	\$ 574,953	\$	640,000	\$ 341,765	\$ 981,765
2016		240,000		332,903	572,903		640,000	324,965	964,965
2017		245,000		325,703	570,703		640,000	301,765	941,765
2018		255,000		317,128	572,128		640,000	275,403	915,403
2019		320,000		307,565	627,565		640,000	252,560	892,560
2020		325,000		294,765	619,765		635,000	231,361	866,361
2021		340,000		281,765	621,765		640,000	210,163	850,163
2022		350,000		268,165	618,165		640,000	187,763	827,763
2023		365,000		253,815	618,815		640,000	164,403	804,403
2024		385,000		238,303	623,303		640,000	140,563	780,563
2025		400,000		221,363	621,363		635,000	116,339	751,339
2026		420,000		203,363	623,363		640,000	91,315	731,315
2027		440,000		183,938	623,938		640,000	65,715	705,715
2028		465,000		163,038	628,038		635,000	39,898	674,898
2029		485,000		139,788	624,788		640,000	13,440	653,440
2030		415,000		116,750	531,750				
2031		410,000		96,000	506,000				
2032		475,000		75,500	550,500				
2033		505,000		51,750	556,750				
2034		530,000		26,500	556,500				
2035									
2036									
2037									
2038					 				 
	\$	7,605,000	\$	4,238,050	\$ 11,843,050	\$	9,585,000	\$ 2,757,415	\$ 12,342,415

#### Permanent Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2009

Permanent Improvement Bonds, Series 2010A

Fiscal Year	F	Principal	]	Interest	Total	]	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$	405,000	\$	626,754	\$ 1,031,754	\$	370,000	\$ 399,553	\$ 769,553
2016		420,000		615,918	1,035,918		380,000	388,353	768,353
2017		435,000		599,267	1,034,267		390,000	378,703	768,703
2018		455,000		578,154	1,033,154		400,000	366,853	766,853
2019		590,000		557,888	1,147,888		415,000	354,628	769,628
2020		615,000		537,863	1,152,863		425,000	342,028	767,028
2021		635,000		517,075	1,152,075		440,000	329,053	769,053
2022		655,000		494,490	1,149,490		455,000	315,059	770,059
2023		680,000		470,120	1,150,120		465,000	300,109	765,109
2024		705,000		444,321	1,149,321		485,000	284,065	769,065
2025		735,000		416,953	1,151,953		500,000	265,578	765,578
2026		765,000		387,505	1,152,505		520,000	246,153	766,153
2027		795,000		356,305	1,151,305		540,000	226,603	766,603
2028		825,000		323,492	1,148,492		560,000	205,558	765,558
2029		865,000		288,415	1,153,415		585,000	182,938	767,938
2030		835,000		249,375	1,084,375		610,000	159,038	769,038
2031		945,000		204,875	1,149,875		635,000	133,344	768,344
2032		1,090,000		154,000	1,244,000		660,000	105,825	765,825
2033		1,235,000		95,875	1,330,875		690,000	77,138	767,138
2034		1,300,000		32,500	1,332,500		720,000	47,175	767,175
2035							750,000	15,938	765,938
2036									
2037									
2038									 
	\$	14,985,000	\$	7,951,145	\$ 22,936,145	\$	10,995,000	\$ 5,123,684	\$ 16,118,684

Permanent Improvement Bonds, Series 2010B

## Permanent Improvement Bonds, Series 2011

Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	In	terest	Total	1	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$	225,000	\$	21,150	\$ 246,150	\$	150,000	\$ 190,131	\$ 340,131
2016		225,000		14,400	239,400		155,000	184,031	339,031
2017		240,000		6,300	246,300		165,000	177,631	342,631
2018		90,000		1,350	91,350		170,000	170,931	340,931
2019							175,000	164,031	339,031
2020							185,000	156,831	341,831
2021							190,000	149,331	339,331
2022							200,000	141,531	341,531
2023							205,000	134,456	339,456
2024							210,000	128,231	338,231
2025							220,000	121,506	341,506
2026							225,000	114,275	339,275
2027							235,000	106,506	341,506
2028							245,000	98,106	343,106
2029							250,000	88,819	338,819
2030							260,000	78,619	338,619
2031							275,000	67,919	342,919
2032							285,000	56,719	341,719
2033							295,000	45,119	340,119
2034							305,000	33,119	338,119
2035							320,000	20,419	340,419
2036							335,000	6,909	341,909
2037									
2038									
	\$	780,000	\$	43,200	\$ 823,200	\$	5,055,000	\$ 2,435,172	\$ 7,490,172

## Certificates of Obligation, Series 2011

## Permanent Improvement & Refunding Bonds, Series 2012

Fiscal Year	I	Principal	Ir	nterest	Total	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2015	\$	210,000	\$	28,424	\$ 238,424	\$ 685,000	\$ 1,552,550	\$ 2,237,550
2016		210,000		24,035	234,035	1,955,000	1,489,975	3,444,975
2017		205,000		19,698	224,698	2,625,000	1,388,600	4,013,600
2018		210,000		15,362	225,362	2,690,000	1,282,300	3,972,300
2019		210,000		10,973	220,973	3,210,000	1,164,300	4,374,300
2020		210,000		6,584	216,584	2,200,000	1,056,100	3,256,100
2021		210,000		2,195	212,195	2,340,000	965,300	3,305,300
2022						2,680,000	864,900	3,544,900
2023						2,840,000	754,500	3,594,500
2024						2,720,000	643,300	3,363,300
2025						4,520,000	521,100	5,041,100
2026						4,540,000	385,200	4,925,200
2027						3,035,000	271,575	3,306,575
2028						5,355,000	145,725	5,500,725
2029						2,180,000	32,700	2,212,700
2030								
2031								
2032								
2033								
2034								
2035								
2036								
2037								
2038						 		
	\$	1,465,000	\$	107,269	\$ 1,572,269	\$ 43,575,000	\$ 12,518,125	\$ 56,093,125

BC MUD #1
Tax and Revenue Bonds, Series 2007

#### BC MUD #4 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2011

Fiscal Year	Pı	rincipal	Ir	nterest	Total	1	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$	70,000	\$	22,958	\$ 92,958	\$	130,000	\$ 94,300	\$ 224,300
2016				20,228	20,228		130,000	90,888	220,888
2017				20,228	20,228		130,000	87,313	217,313
2018				20,228	20,228		130,000	83,575	213,575
2019				20,228	20,228		130,000	79,350	209,350
2020				20,228	20,228		130,000	74,800	204,800
2021				20,228	20,228		130,000	69,925	199,925
2022				20,228	20,228		130,000	64,725	194,725
2023				20,228	20,228		130,000	59,444	189,444
2024				20,228	20,228		130,000	54,081	184,081
2025				20,228	20,228		130,000	48,475	178,475
2026				20,228	20,228		130,000	42,625	172,625
2027				20,228	20,228		130,000	36,645	166,645
2028		145,000		20,228	165,228		130,000	30,535	160,535
2029		155,000		13,920	168,920		130,000	24,360	154,360
2030		165,000		7,178	172,178		130,000	18,120	148,120
2031							130,000	11,750	141,750
2032							170,000	4,250	174,250
2033									
2034									
2035									
2036									
2037									
2038									
	\$	535,000	\$	307,013	\$ 842,013	\$	2,380,000	\$ 975,160	\$ 3,355,160

Permanent Improvement Bonds , Series 2013

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2013

Fiscal Year	I	Principal	]	nterest	Total	F	Principal	]	Interest	Total
2015	\$	295,000	\$	370,943	\$ 665,943	\$	85,000	\$	112,613	\$ 197,613
2016		295,000		362,093	657,093		85,000		110,063	195,063
2017		305,000		351,568	656,568		85,000		107,513	192,513
2018		305,000		339,368	644,368		85,000		104,963	189,963
2019		320,000		326,868	646,868		90,000		102,338	192,338
2020		320,000		314,068	634,068		100,000		98,988	198,988
2021		330,000		301,068	631,068		100,000		94,488	194,488
2022		330,000		287,868	617,868		100,000		89,488	189,488
2023		340,000		274,468	614,468		100,000		84,488	184,488
2024		350,000		260,668	610,668		100,000		79,488	179,488
2025		360,000		246,468	606,468		110,000		74,238	184,238
2026		370,000		231,868	601,868		110,000		69,288	179,288
2027		370,000		217,068	587,068		110,000		64,888	174,888
2028		380,000		202,068	582,068		110,000		60,488	170,488
2029		390,000		186,424	576,424		120,000		55,738	175,738
2030		400,000		169,880	569,880		120,000		50,563	170,563
2031		410,000		152,411	562,411		120,000		45,313	165,313
2032		420,000		134,203	554,203		120,000		40,063	160,063
2033		430,000		115,288	545,288		130,000		34,513	164,513
2034		440,000		95,713	535,713		130,000		28,663	158,663
2035		450,000		75,688	525,688		130,000		22,813	152,813
2036		460,000		55,213	515,213		140,000		16,650	156,650
2037		480,000		33,763	513,763		140,000		10,175	150,175
2038		490,000		11,331	501,331		150,000		3,469	153,469
	\$	9,040,000	\$	5,116,356	\$ 14,156,356	\$	2,670,000	\$	1,561,281	\$ 4,231,281

#### Permanent Improvement & Refunding Bonds, Series 2014

### Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest		Total	
2015	\$ 535,000	\$ 1,685,531	\$ 2,220,531	\$ 460,000	\$	305,938	\$	765,938
2016	1,735,000	1,662,831	3,397,831	480,000		287,538		767,538
2017	1,020,000	1,630,181	2,650,181	505,000		263,538		768,538
2018	1,085,000	1,603,231	2,688,231	530,000		238,288		768,288
2019	1,240,000	1,573,031	2,813,031	555,000		211,788		766,788
2020	2,310,000	1,508,281	3,818,281	575,000		189,588		764,588
2021	2,415,000	1,401,706	3,816,706	600,000		166,588		766,588
2022	2,510,000	1,284,831	3,794,831	625,000		141,988		766,988
2023	3,165,000	1,149,206	4,314,206	650,000		116,363		766,363
2024	2,710,000	1,002,331	3,712,331	675,000		89,550		764,550
2025	2,830,000	863,831	3,693,831	705,000		61,200		766,200
2026	3,055,000	716,706	3,771,706	735,000		31,238		766,238
2027	4,120,000	537,331	4,657,331					
2028	3,145,000	385,191	3,530,191					
2029	5,860,000	218,850	6,078,850					
2030	535,000	90,950	625,950					
2031	535,000	69,550	604,550					
2032	535,000	48,150	583,150					
2033	535,000	28,088	563,088					
2034	535,000	9,363	544,363					
2035								
2036								
2037								
2038	 	 	 					
	\$ 40,410,000	\$ 17,469,172	\$ 57,879,172	\$ 7,095,000	\$	2,103,600	\$	9,198,600

## Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2006

Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 230,000	\$ 422,919	\$ 652,919	\$ 275,000	\$ 339,983	\$ 614,983
2016	240,000	411,419	651,419	290,000	326,101	616,101
2017	255,000	401,219	656,219	300,000	311,462	611,462
2018	265,000	390,381	655,381	320,000	296,318	616,318
2019	280,000	378,788	658,788	340,000	280,164	620,164
2020	300,000	366,538	666,538	355,000	263,001	618,001
2021	310,000	353,038	663,038	375,000	245,080	620,080
2022	325,000	339,088	664,088	400,000	226,150	626,150
2023	345,000	322,838	667,838	420,000	205,958	625,958
2024	365,000	305,588	670,588	440,000	184,757	624,757
2025	385,000	287,338	672,338	465,000	162,546	627,546
2026	405,000	268,088	673,088	495,000	139,072	634,072
2027	1,190,000	247,838	1,437,838	525,000	114,085	639,085
2028	1,255,000	188,338	1,443,338	550,000	87,583	637,583
2029	1,320,000	128,725	1,448,725	575,000	59,819	634,819
2030	1,390,000	66,025	1,456,025	610,000	30,793	640,793
2031						
2032						
2033						
2034						
2035						
2036						
2037						
2038	 	 	 			 
	\$ 8,860,000	\$ 4,878,163	\$ 13,738,163	\$ 6,735,000	\$ 3,272,871	\$ 10,007,871

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Development Authority of Pearland Tax Increment Contract Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2012

#### Development Authority of Pearland Tax Increment Contract Revenue Bonds, Series 2013

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		Total	Principal	]	Interest	Total
2015	\$	2,885,000	\$	1,495,551	\$ 4,380,551	\$ 365,000	\$	328,744	\$ 693,744
2016		2,970,000		1,406,981	4,376,981	380,000		314,984	694,984
2017		3,070,000		1,315,802	4,385,802	385,000		300,658	685,658
2018		3,160,000		1,221,553	4,381,553	405,000		286,143	691,143
2019		3,255,000		1,124,541	4,379,541	420,000		270,875	690,875
2020		3,120,000		1,024,613	4,144,613	445,000		255,041	700,041
2021		3,215,000		928,829	4,143,829	465,000		238,264	703,264
2022		3,030,000		830,128	3,860,128	735,000		220,734	955,734
2023		3,130,000		737,107	3,867,107	560,000		193,024	753,024
2024		3,225,000		641,016	3,866,016	615,000		171,912	786,912
2025		3,320,000		542,009	3,862,009	670,000		148,727	818,727
2026		3,425,000		440,085	3,865,085	725,000		123,468	848,468
2027		3,530,000		334,937	3,864,937	785,000		96,135	881,135
2028		3,635,000		226,566	3,861,566	850,000		66,541	916,541
2029		3,745,000		114,972	3,859,972	915,000		34,496	949,496
2030									
2031									
2032									
2033									
2034									
2035									
2036									
2037									
2038									
	\$	48,715,000	\$	12,384,687	\$ 61,099,687	\$ 8,720,000	\$	3,049,742	\$ 11,769,742

# CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF ENTERPRISE FUND LONG-TERM DEBT BY MATURITY DATE September 30, 2014

#### Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1999

#### Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2006

Fiscal Year	I	Principal	I	nterest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$	135,000	\$	118,680	\$ 253,680	\$ 710,000	\$ 499,519	\$ 1,209,519
2016		145,000		112,470	257,470	745,000	467,569	1,212,569
2017		540,000		105,800	645,800	100,000	434,044	534,044
2018		565,000		80,960	645,960	100,000	429,744	529,744
2019		585,000		54,970	639,970	100,000	425,369	525,369
2020		610,000		28,060	638,060	100,000	420,869	520,869
2021						100,000	416,244	516,244
2022						100,000	411,619	511,619
2023						100,000	406,994	506,994
2024						100,000	402,369	502,369
2025						100,000	397,744	497,744
2026						1,150,000	393,119	1,543,119
2027						1,205,000	338,494	1,543,494
2028						1,265,000	278,244	1,543,244
2029						1,330,000	214,994	1,544,994
2030						1,395,000	146,831	1,541,831
2031						1,470,000	75,338	1,545,338
2032								
2033								
2034								
2035								
2036								
2037								
	\$	2,580,000	\$	500,940	\$ 3,080,940	\$ 10,170,000	\$ 6,159,100	\$ 16,329,100

#### Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2007

#### Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2008

T. 177	D	*	m . 1	n · · · ·	*	m . 1
Fiscal Year	 Principal	 Interest	Total	 Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 965,000	\$ 1,619,413	\$ 2,584,413	\$ 275,000	\$ 641,215	\$ 916,215
2016	1,010,000	1,566,338	2,576,338	290,000	628,840	918,840
2017	950,000	1,510,788	2,460,788	315,000	615,790	930,790
2018	995,000	1,458,538	2,453,538	340,000	601,615	941,615
2019	1,045,000	1,403,813	2,448,813	370,000	586,315	956,315
2020	1,095,000	1,348,950	2,443,950	395,000	569,665	964,665
2021	1,155,000	1,294,200	2,449,200	420,000	551,890	971,890
2022	1,210,000	1,236,450	2,446,450	440,000	532,990	972,990
2023	1,275,000	1,175,950	2,450,950	460,000	514,840	974,840
2024	2,295,000	1,112,200	3,407,200	490,000	495,520	985,520
2025	2,480,000	997,450	3,477,450	510,000	474,450	984,450
2026	3,120,000	873,450	3,993,450	540,000	448,950	988,950
2027	3,280,000	717,450	3,997,450	560,000	421,950	981,950
2028	3,440,000	553,450	3,993,450	595,000	393,950	988,950
2029	3,615,000	398,650	4,013,650	600,000	364,200	964,200
2030	3,795,000	272,125	4,067,125	580,000	334,200	914,200
2031	3,980,000	139,300	4,119,300	560,000	305,200	865,200
2032				1,890,000	277,200	2,167,200
2033				1,980,000	182,700	2,162,700
2034				2,080,000	93,600	2,173,600
2035						
2036						
2037						
	\$ 35,705,000	\$ 17,678,513	\$ 53,383,513	\$ 13,690,000	\$ 9,035,080	\$ 22,725,080

#### Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2009

#### Permanent Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2009 (water/sewer portion)

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest		Total		Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 385,000	\$	547,363	\$	932,363	\$ 1,195,000	\$ 243,713	\$ 1,438,713
2016	400,000		535,813		935,813	1,220,000	212,000	1,432,000
2017	410,000		522,813		932,813	2,065,000	143,600	2,208,600
2018	420,000		508,975		928,975	2,155,000	45,988	2,200,988
2019	435,000		493,750		928,750			
2020	450,000		476,350		926,350			
2021	465,000		458,350		923,350			
2022	485,000		438,588		923,588			
2023	505,000		416,763		921,763			
2024	520,000		393,406		913,406			
2025	545,000		368,056		913,056			
2026	570,000		340,806		910,806			
2027	600,000		311,594		911,594			
2028	630,000		280,844		910,844			
2029	665,000		247,769		912,769			
2030	700,000		212,025		912,025			
2031	730,000		173,525		903,525			
2032	765,000		133,375		898,375			
2033	815,000		91,300		906,300			
2034	845,000		46,475		891,475			
2035								
2036								
2037								
	\$ 11,340,000	\$	6,997,938	\$	18,337,938	\$ 6,635,000	\$ 645,300	\$ 7,280,300

#### Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A

#### Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B

		Ser	ies 2010A	Series 2010B						
Fiscal Year	 Principal		Interest	Total		Principal		Interest		Total
2015	\$ 405,000	\$	498,581	\$ 903,581	\$	355,000	\$	289,544	\$	644,544
2016	410,000		490,481	900,481		370,000		282,444		652,444
2017	425,000		480,231	905,231		385,000		273,194		658,194
2018	440,000		467,481	907,481		405,000		261,644		666,644
2019	455,000		453,731	908,731		425,000		248,988		673,988
2020	475,000		438,944	913,944		445,000		235,175		680,175
2021	495,000		422,319	917,319		1,750,000		219,600		1,969,600
2022	515,000		402,519	917,519		1,830,000		149,600		1,979,600
2023	535,000		381,919	916,919		1,910,000		76,400		1,986,400
2024	555,000		360,519	915,519						
2025	580,000		338,319	918,319						
2026	600,000		315,119	915,119						
2027	625,000		291,119	916,119						
2028	650,000		265,338	915,338						
2029	680,000		237,713	917,713						
2030	710,000		208,813	918,813						
2031	740,000		177,750	917,750						
2032	755,000		144,450	899,450						
2033	785,000		110,475	895,475						
2034	825,000		75,150	900,150						
2035	845,000		38,025	883,025						
2036										
2037				 						
	\$ 12,505,000	\$	6,598,994	\$ 19,103,994	\$	7,875,000	\$	2,036,588	\$	9,911,588

Permanent Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 (water/sewer portion) Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2012

	 Principal	 Interest	Total	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2015	\$ 335,000	\$ 231,100	\$ 566,100	\$ 345,000	\$ 225,155	\$ 570,155
2016	340,000	215,900	555,900	355,000	218,255	573,255
2017	350,000	200,400	550,400	755,000	211,155	966,155
2018	360,000	186,200	546,200	765,000	196,055	961,055
2019	365,000	171,700	536,700	780,000	180,755	960,755
2020	370,000	157,000	527,000	800,000	165,155	965,155
2021	370,000	142,200	512,200	230,000	141,155	371,155
2022	385,000	127,100	512,100	230,000	134,255	364,255
2023	395,000	111,500	506,500	240,000	127,355	367,355
2024	1,480,000	74,000	1,554,000	230,000	120,155	350,155
2025	1,480,000	22,200	1,502,200	225,000	113,255	338,255
2026				175,000	106,505	281,505
2027				180,000	101,080	281,080
2028				185,000	95,500	280,500
2029				190,000	89,488	279,488
2030				195,000	83,313	278,313
2031				200,000	76,975	276,975
2032				300,000	70,225	370,225
2033				315,000	60,100	375,100
2034				325,000	49,075	374,075
2035				335,000	37,700	372,700
2036				345,000	25,556	370,556
2037	 	 	 	 360,000	 13,050	 373,050
	\$ 6,230,000	\$ 1,639,300	\$ 7,869,300	\$ 8,060,000	\$ 2,641,271	\$ 10,701,271

Statistical Section (Unaudited)

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## **Unaudited Statistical Section**

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	118
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	130
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and sales tax.	
Debt Capacity	140
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	145
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	148
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years Amounts in (000's) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Governmental Activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$396,619	\$402,103	\$400,522	\$410,002	\$429,054
Restricted	6,862	8,085	10,130	10,864	10,615
Unrestricted	5,785	8,917	11,809	10,903	13,330
Total governmental activities					
net position	\$409,266	\$419,105	\$422,461	\$431,769	\$452,999
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$127,144	\$130,648	\$126,779	\$138,679	\$146,150
Restricted	7,027	10,129	24,258	16,094	11,965
Unrestricted	552	700	1,638	3,406	9,256
Total business-type activities					
net position	\$134,723	\$141,477	\$152,675	\$158,179	\$167,371
Primary government					
Investment in capital assets	\$523,763	\$532,751	\$527,301	\$548,681	\$575,204
Restricted	13,889	18,214	34,388	26,958	22,580
Unrestricted	6,337	9,617	13,447	14,309	22,586
Total primary government					
net position	\$543,989	\$560,582	\$575,136	\$589,948	\$620,370

<sup>(1)</sup> Due to implementation of GASB 61, the City's component units are now considered blended component units versus discretely presented as in years prior to fiscal year 2013. Fiscal year 2012 has been restated for comparison purposes.

<sup>(2)</sup> Restated due to implementation of GASB 65 in fiscal year 2014. Fiscal years 2012 and 2013 have been restated for comparison purposes.

2010	2011	2012 (2)	2013 (1)(2)	2014	
\$422,643	\$413,439	\$367,747	\$420,009	\$430,286	
18,020	16,462	36,548	34,666	45,826	
13,692	14,543	(6,868)	(5,534)	(13,010)	
\$454,355	\$444,444	\$397,427	\$449,141	\$463,102	
\$144,244	\$156,629	\$156,888	\$165,915	\$174,955	
17,587	5,603	9,821	9,542	14,484	
11,942	13,910	12,439	16,704	15,612	
\$173,773	\$176,142	\$179,148	\$192,161	\$205,050	
\$566,887	\$570,068	\$524,635	\$585,924	\$605,241	
35,607	22,065	46,369	44,208	60,309	
25,634	28,453	5,571_	11,170	2,602	
\$628,128	\$620,586	\$576,575	\$641,302	\$668,152	

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Amounts in (000's)

 $(Accrual\ Basis\ of\ Accounting)$ 

	2005	2006	2007	2008
Expenses				
Governmental activities				
General Government	\$ 8,714	\$ 8,574	\$ 8,660	\$ 11,161
Public Safety	11,857	12,564	14,655	17,684
Public Works	28,858	26,914	24,041	24,532
Community Services	2,939	2,903	3,113	3,336
Parks and Recreation		4,131	4,882	7,157
Economic Development				
Interest on long-term debt	5,115	6,559	9,070	12,266
Total government activities expenses	57,483	61,645	64,421	76,136
Business-type activities:				
Water and Sewer	17,624	20,531	21,076	22,570
Solid Waste	ŕ	,	5,218	6,024
Total business-type activities:	17,624	20,531	26,294	28,594
Total primary government expenses	\$ 75,107	\$ 82,176	\$ 90,715	\$104,730
r				
Program Revenue				
Governmental activities				
Charges for services:				
General Government	\$ 185	\$	\$	\$
Public Safety	3,640	2,627	2,788	2,959
Public Works	7,221	4,331	195	103
Community Services	1,263	6,312	5,822	5,130
Parks and Recreation	ŕ	825	818	936
Economic Development				
Operating grants and contributions				
General Government	2	1,239	1,659	3,951
Public Safety	673	111	154	230
Public Works			456	551
Community Services	479	55	34	129
Parks and Recreation	,	21	11	115
Capital grants and contributions				110
General Government	800			
Public Safety	312			503
Public Works	6	15,743	8,690	15,263
Parks and Recreation	Ü	6	0,020	261
Total governmental activities program revenues	14,582	31,270	20,627	30,131
Business-type activities:				20,121
Charges for services				
Water and Sewer	11,219	13,849	17,754	21,524
Solid Waste	11,217	13,017	5,218	6,038
Operating grants and contributions			3,210	0,030
Water and Sewer		474	385	315
Capital grants and contributions				
Water and Sewer	8,365	13,434	12,621	5,869
Total business-type activities program revenues	19,585	27,757	35,978	33,746
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 34,167	\$ 59,027	\$ 56,605	\$ 63,877
20m. primiting 50.01milent programme ventues	Ψ 3 1,107	Ψ 57,021	Ψ 50,005	Ψ 03,011

<sup>(1)</sup> Due to implementation of GASB 61, the City's component units are now considered blended component units versus discretely presented as in years prior to fiscal year 2013. Fiscal year 2012 has been restated for comparison purposes.

<sup>(2)</sup> Restated due to implementation of GASB 65 in fiscal year 2014. Fiscal years 2012 and 2013 have been restated for comparison purposes.

2009	2010	2011	2012 (2)	2013 (1)(2)	2014	
\$ 12,355	\$ 13,439	\$ 15,945	\$ 13,334	\$ 13,358	\$ 12,241	
22,438	24,268	23,042	27,403	28,944	32,130	
26,893	35,679	31,130	28,510	31,690	38,579	
3,290	3,323	3,254	4,267	3,807	4,687	
7,240	7,699	8,062	9,264	9,524	6,896	
7,= 13	,,	-,	26,311	17,411	26,498	
11,647	13,738	13,142	11,572	10,534	16,225	
83,863	98,146	94,575	120,661	115,268	137,255	
25,439	27,157	29,192	29,392	31,289	32,444	
7,106	7,089	7,285	7,528	8,324	6,664	
32,545	34,246	36,477	36,920	39,613	39,108	
\$116,408	\$132,392	\$131,052	\$157,581	\$154,881	\$176,363	
\$ 6,351	\$ 6,351	\$	\$ 6,637	\$ 6,326	\$ 6,637	
3,524	3,296	э 3,679	4,206	5 0,320 7,410	2,793	
35	10	18	4,200	3,096	322	
4,755	4,312	4,632	5,855	3,264	7,375	
672	906	2,027	2,080	2,209	2,290	
072	700	2,027	413	414	430	
			413	717	430	
4,913	5,215	5,488	6,045	44	440	
420	641	407	711	603	434	
375	207	675	53	1,388	7,612	
202	159	366	311	108	337	
450	424	462	542	182	474	
				180		
279	98					
26,092	29,800	10,330	18,743	52,921	29,269	
4,653			100			
52,721	51,419	28,084	45,739	78,145	58,413	
26,617	24,961	28,664	27,535	29,008	28,929	
6,766	7,313	7,258	7,654	8,175	7,008	
3,700	1,515	7,230	7,054	0,175	7,000	
2,464	70	61	205			
,						
6,125	8,611	4,215	8,118	16,273	17,677	
41,972	40,955	40,198	43,512	53,456	53,614	
\$ 94,693	\$ 92,374	\$ 68,282	\$ 89,251	\$131,601	\$112,027	

CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Nine Fiscal Years\* Amounts in (000's)

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2005	2006	2007	2008
Net (Expense)/Revenue				
Governmental activities	\$ (42,901)	\$ (30,375)	\$ (43,794)	\$ (46,005)
Business-type activities	1,961	7,226	9,684	5,152
Total primary government net expense	\$ (40,940)	\$ (23,149)	\$ (34,110)	\$ (40,853)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Ne	t Assets			
Governmental activities:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 19,805	\$ 21,845	\$ 24,823	\$ 29,492
Sales and use taxes	8,026	9,980	11,025	12,581
Franchise taxes	3,097	3,426	3,760	4,427
Investment earnings	1,863	2,991	4,943	4,572
Miscellaneous	828	740	1,539	2,911
Special item				
Transfers	359	1,230	1,060	1,330
Total governmental activities	\$ 33,978	\$ 40,212	\$ 47,150	\$ 55,313
Business-type activities:				
Investment earnings	\$ 399	\$ 758	\$ 2,574	\$ 1,669
Miscellaneous	Ψ	Ψ 720	Ψ 2,57.	12
Transfers	(359)	(1,230)	(1,060)	(1,330)
Total business-type activities	40	(472)	1,514	351
Total primary government	\$ 34,018	\$ 39,740	\$ 48,664	\$ 55,664
Change in Net Position				
Governmental activities	\$ (8,923)	\$ 9,837	\$ 3,356	\$ 9,308
Business-type activities	2,001	6,754	11,198	5,503
Total primary government	\$ (6,922)	\$ 16,591	\$ 14,554	\$ 14,811
Total printary government	Ψ (0,722)	Ψ 10,571	Ψ 17,557	Ψ 1-7,011

<sup>(1)</sup> Due to implementation of GASB 61, the City's component units are now considered blended component units versus discretely presented as in years prior to fiscal year 2013. Fiscal year 2012 has been restated for comparison purposes.

<sup>(2)</sup> Restated due to implementation of GASB 65 in fiscal year 2014. Fiscal years 2012 and 2013 have been restated for comparison purposes.

2009	2010	2011	2012 (2)	2013 (1)(2)	2014
\$ (31,142)	\$ (46,727)	\$ (66,491)	\$ (74,922)	\$ (37,123)	\$ (78,842)
9,427	6,709	3,721	6,592	13,843	14,506
\$ (21,715)	\$ (40,018)	\$ (62,770)	\$ (68,330)	\$ (23,280)	\$ (64,336)
\$ 31,140	\$ 32,963	\$ 33,451	\$ 52,230	\$ 54,433	\$ 57,378
14,218	13,578	13,983	22,969	24,942	27,295
5,075	5,426	5,605	5,670	5,999	6,484
1,376	253	157	134	155	254
6,294	1,028	1,854	1,554	1,701	2,398
					(3,039)
621	1,186	1,475	2,269	1,607	2,031
\$ 58,724	\$ 54,434	\$ 56,525	\$ 84,826	\$ 88,837	\$ 92,801
Φ 2.62	Φ 100	Φ 116	Φ 60	Φ 0.5	Φ 120
\$ 363	\$ 100	\$ 116	\$ 68	\$ 95	\$ 139
23	779	9	444	682	274
(621)	(1,186)	(1,475)	(2,269)	(1,607)	(2,030)
(235)	(307)	(1,350)	(1,757)	(830)	(1,617)
\$ 58,489	\$ 54,127	\$ 55,175	\$ 83,069	\$ 88,007	\$ 91,184
\$ 27,582	\$ 7,707	\$ (9,966)	\$ 9,904	\$ 51,714	\$ 13,960
9,192	6,402	2,371	4,835	13,013	12,889
\$ 36,774	\$ 14,109	\$ (7,595)	\$ 14,739	\$ 64,727	\$ 26,849

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years Amounts in (000's)

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2005		2006	2007	2008	
General fund				 		
Non-spendable	\$	71	\$ 84	\$ 123	\$	181
Restricted						
Assigned			552	581		4,698
Unassigned		8,132	9,961	12,932		8,647
Total General Fund	\$	8,203	\$ 10,597	\$ 13,636	\$	13,526
All other governmental funds						
Non-spendable	\$		\$	\$	\$	
Restricted						
Debt service		3,855	4,658	6,552		6,835
Capital improvements		43,545	52,957	96,542		110,715
Public safety		348	453	591		583
Economic Development						
Community development progra	ıms					
Tourism		670	864	1,051		1,247
Parks and recreation		992	1,393	1,652		1,183
Capital projects - other		1,007	1,064	1,138		1,346
Other		238	 247	 114		629
Total other Governmental Funds	\$	50,655	\$ 61,636	\$ 107,640	\$	122,538

<sup>(1)</sup> Due to implementation of GASB 61, the City's component units are now considered blended component units versus discretely presented as in years prior to fiscal year 2013.

2009	2010	 2011	2012	 013 (1)	 2014
\$ 119	\$ 146	\$ 130 126	\$ 182	\$ 158	\$ 202
699	117	160	167	1,554	1,394
11,401	 12,599	 14,108	 17,222	 16,911	 17,859
\$ 12,219	\$ 12,862	\$ 14,524	\$ 17,571	\$ 18,623	\$ 19,455
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 183	\$ 209
7,246	6,705	5,160	4,992	5,192	5,951
62,467	30,893	23,461	13,776	14,536	17,519
699	612	541	702	715	390
				20,777	23,814
1,344	1,394	1,452	1,821	2,267	2,994
1,094	1,214	1,143	968	985	168
1,146	962	810	797	866	
 85	 79	 87	 215	 638	 918
\$ 74,081	\$ 41,859	\$ 32,654	\$ 23,271	\$ 46,159	\$ 51,963

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Amounts in (000's)

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2005	2006	2007		2008	
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 19,745	\$ 22,150	\$	24,525	\$	29,200
Sales and use taxes	8,026	9,980		11,025		12,581
Franchise fees	3,097	3,426		3,760		4,427
Licenses and permits	3,864	4,067		4,030		2,992
Fines and forfeitures	1,935	2,038		2,048		2,086
Charges for services	6,139	8,734		5,250		7,512
Investment earnings	1,863	2,991		4,938		4,568
Intergovernmental	2,382	7,852		14,463		3,731
Other	1,172	1,744		1,815		5,638
Total Revenues	48,223	62,982		71,854		72,735
Expenditures						
General government	6,750	6,381		6,293		7,388
Public safety	11,081	12,870		14,598		19,604
Public works	10,450	9,728		6,278		7,536
Community services	2,747	3,787		3,102		3,426
Parks and recreation	_,	3,358		4,908		6,605
Economic development		- ,		<i>y-</i>		-,
Debt service:						
Principal	3,535	3,429		3,228		3,160
Interest and other charges	5,555	6,771		10,197		12,382
Capital outlay	28,661	36,706		28,530		27,777
Intergovernmental	1,084	1,684		2,169		3,434
Total Expenditures	69,863	84,714		79,303		91,312
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(21,640)	(21,732)		(7,449)		(18,577)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	4,870	5,852		4,596		4,912
Transfers out	(4,510)	(4,698)		(3,536)		(3,582)
Bonds issued	37,015	41,959		94,559		31,835
Payment to Escrow Agent						
Capital leases	271			1,568		
Other	(15,926)	 (8,005)		(40,695)		200
Total other Financing Sources (uses)	 21,720	 35,108		56,492		33,365
Net change in fund balances	\$ 80	\$ 13,376	\$	49,043	\$	14,788
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital						
expenditures	22.1%	21.2%		26.4%		24.5%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Due to implementation of GASB 61, the City's component units are now considered blended component units versus discretely presented as in years prior to fiscal year 2013.

	2009		2010		2011		2012		2013 <sup>a</sup>	2014		
\$	31,349	\$	32,856	\$	33,454	\$	34,362	\$	54,475	\$	57,378	
Ψ	14,218	φ	13,578	Ψ	13,983	Ψ	15,632	φ	24,942	ψ	27,295	
	5,075		5,426		5,605		5,817		5,999		6,484	
	2,079		1,807		1,721		2,320		2,989		4,149	
	2,325		2,475		2,895		3,374		3,534		3,121	
	8,885		9,328		11,687		11,891		12,982		13,078	
	1,375		591		156		92		154		254	
	7,589		3,689		2,199		3,089		4,595		2,541	
	8,980		982		1,560		2,541		7,973		4,157	
	81,875		70,732		73,260		79,118		117,643		118,455	
	8,412		8,527		10,866		7,784		7,958		8,027	
	22,310		23,784		23,926		25,372		26,204		29,171	
	12,051		7,108		6,505		5,533		7,812		8,121	
	3,386		3,839		3,376		4,246		3,523		3,960	
	5,789		6,305		7,539		7,499		7,244		7,816	
									17,414		25,248	
	5,482		6,200		8,217		9,373		15,637		15,815	
	12,080		13,635		13,543		12,401		15,859		16,373	
	68,615		61,317		25,703		9,201		22,101		15,536	
	3,250		3,794		3,954		3,992		4,058		4,307	
	141,375		134,509		103,629		85,401		127,810	_	134,374	
	(59,500)		(63,777)		(30,369)		(6,283)		(10,167)		(15,919)	
	2 246		2 409		2 525		<i>5</i> ,000		15 515		16 507	
	3,246 (2,625)		3,498 (2,312)		3,525 (2,050)		5,909 (5,096)		15,515 (14,583)		16,507 (16,967)	
	8,520		28,962		21,637		49,805		12,060		49,560	
	0,520		20,702		(1,630)		(54,478)		12,000		(33,182)	
	649		2,050		1,289		(34,470)		1,179		1,853	
	(54)		2,030		56		3,809		331		4,784	
	9,736		32,198		22,826		(51)		14,502		22,555	
\$	(49,764)	\$	(31,579)	\$	(7,543)	\$	(6,334)	\$	4,335	\$	6,636	
	24.1%		27.1%		27.9%		28.3%		29.8%		27.0%	

# CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS SPENDING AND GROWTH ANALYSIS Last Ten Fiscal Years Amounts in (000's) (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Amounts in (000's)				
Expenditures	 2005	 2006	 2007	 2008
General Gov't	\$ 6,750	\$ 6,430	\$ 6,363	\$ 7,406
Public Safety	11,081	12,870	14,598	19,604
Public Works	10,450	9,728	6,278	7,536
Coummunity Servies	171	3,787	3,102	3,426
Parks & recreation	2,576 16,528	3,358 10,670	4,908 14,391	6,605 16,899
Economic Development Debt Service - principal	3,950	5,309	5,183	4,265
Debt service - principal  Debt service - interest	7,530	9,141	13,483	15,688
Capital outlay	28,661	36,706	28,530	
*	1,084	8,896	28,530 14,699	27,777 3,434
Intergovernmental	 	 	 	 
Total	\$ 88,781	\$ 106,895	\$ 111,535	\$ 112,640
Distribution of Spending		 	 	 
General Gov't	7.6%	6.0%	5.7%	6.6%
Public Safety	12.5%	12.0%	13.1%	17.4%
Public Works	11.8%	9.1%	5.6%	6.7%
Coummunity Servies	0.2%	3.5%	2.8%	3.0%
Parks & recreation	2.9%	3.1%	4.4%	5.9%
Economic Development	18.6%	10.0%	12.9%	15.0%
Debt Service - principal	4.4%	5.0%	4.6%	3.8%
Debt service - interest	8.5%	8.6%	12.1%	13.9%
Capital outlay	32.3%	34.3%	25.6%	24.7%
Intergovernmental	1.2%	 8.3%	 13.2%	 3.0%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Per Capita Expenditures Adjusted for CPI				
POPULATION	62,634	79,322	84,500	89,000
PER CAPITA	\$ 1,417.46	\$ 1,347.61	\$ 1,319.94	\$ 1,265.62
CPI INDEX (NATIONAL)	195.29	201.59	207.34	215.30
PER CAPITA ADJ TO 2014	\$ 1,703.85	\$ 1,569.27	\$ 1,494.42	\$ 1,379.94
PER CAPITA ADJ TO 2005	\$ 1,417.46	\$ 1,305.49	\$ 1,243.23	\$ 1,147.99

							Average Compounded
2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	% CHG	<b>Growth Rate</b>
\$ 8,423	\$ 19,561	\$ 10,877	\$ 7,797	\$ 7,958	\$ 8,027	18.9%	1.94%
22,310	23,784	23,926	25,372	26,204	29,171	163.3%	11.35%
12,051	7,108	6,505	5,533	7,812	8,121	-22.3%	-2.76%
3,386	3,839	3,376	4,246	3,523	3,960	2215.6%	41.78%
5,789	6,305	7,539	7,499	7,244	7,816	203.4%	13.13%
18,730	15,426	17,391	20,397	17,414	25,248	52.8%	4.82%
7,517	8,525	10,847	12,893	15,637	15,815	300.4%	16.67%
15,704	17,096	17,154	15,534	15,859	16,373	117.4%	9.01%
75,490	64,563	25,768	9,201	22,101	15,536	-45.8%	-6.58%
7,630	4,234	4,127	4,158	4,058	4,307	297.4%	16.57%
\$ 177,030	\$ 170,441	\$ 127,510	\$ 112,630	\$ 127,810	\$ 134,374	51.4%	4.71%
4.8% 12.6% 6.8% 1.9% 3.3% 10.6% 4.2% 8.9% 42.6% 4.3%	11.5% 14.0% 4.2% 2.3% 3.7% 9.1% 5.0% 10.0% 37.9% 2.5%	8.5% 18.8% 5.1% 2.6% 5.9% 13.6% 8.5% 13.5% 20.2% 3.2% 100.0%	6.9% 22.5% 4.9% 3.8% 6.7% 18.1% 11.4% 13.8% 8.2% 3.7%	6.2% 20.5% 6.1% 2.8% 5.7% 13.6% 12.2% 12.4% 17.3% 3.2%	6.0% 21.7% 6.0% 2.9% 5.8% 18.8% 11.8% 12.2% 11.6% 3.2%		
							Average Compounded Growth Rate
92,600	94,100	97,200	99,800	104,100	106,900		6.12%
\$ 1,911.77	\$ 1,811.28	\$ 1,311.83	\$ 1,128.56	\$ 1,227.76	\$ 1,257.00		-1.33%
214.54	218.06	224.94	229.59	232.96	234.75		2.07%
\$ 2,091.89	\$ 1,949.95	\$ 1,369.05	\$ 1,153.90	\$ 1,237.21	\$ 1,257.00		-3.32%
\$ 1,740.27	\$ 1,622.19	\$ 1,138.93	\$ 959.95	\$ 1,029.25	\$ 1,045.72		-3.32%

# ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE

OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Nine Fiscal Years

## **Real Property**

Fiscal Year	Tax Year	Residential Commercial			Per	sonal Property	Less Tax Exempt Real Property		
2006	2005	\$ 2,689,041,440	\$	1,072,417,312	\$	309,552,190	\$	270,175,010	
2007 (1)	2006	3,398,952,580		1,234,444,431		378,160,330		307,538,080	
2008	2007	4,136,844,130		1,463,969,653		449,453,570		384,651,183	
2009	2008	4,535,133,971		1,795,132,850		521,854,047		461,051,494	
2010	2009	4,673,324,896		1,762,831,286		632,160,830		484,145,515	
2011	2010	4,916,409,359		1,833,483,370		527,132,210		590,247,297	
2012	2011	4,929,336,548		1,897,683,176		488,098,315		592,996,676	
2013 (2)	2012	5,042,965,503		1,954,587,058		612,564,952		617,274,555	
2014	2013	5,530,854,515		1,966,675,342		614,461,500		627,308,465	

#### Notes:

Assessed valuation for fiscal year 2007 does not include Brazoria County Mud #1 valuation of (1) \$241,248,630 that was annexed into the City on December 31, 2006.

Assessed valuation for fiscal year 2013 does not include Brazoria County Mud #4 valuation of (2) \$241,712,166 that was annexed into the City on December 31, 2012.

Assessed value based on adjusted taxroll at year end.

Ex	Less Other Exemptions and Abatements		Total Taxable ssessed Value	 al Direct ax Rate	 timated Actual Caxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percent of Actual Taxable Value
\$	224,396,803	\$	3,576,439,129	\$ 0.6744	\$ 3,576,439,129	100%
	291,197,312		4,412,821,949	0.6527	4,412,821,949	100%
	275,826,005		5,389,790,165	0.6526	5,389,790,165	100%
	486,242,814		5,904,826,560	0.6526	5,904,826,560	100%
	315,123,559		6,269,047,937	0.6526	6,269,047,937	100%
	355,054,613		6,331,723,029	0.6651	6,331,723,029	100%
	352,494,382		6,369,626,981	0.6851	6,369,626,981	100%
	454,866,920		6,537,976,038	0.7051	6,537,976,038	100%
	487,709,374		6,996,973,518	0.7051	6,996,973,518	100%

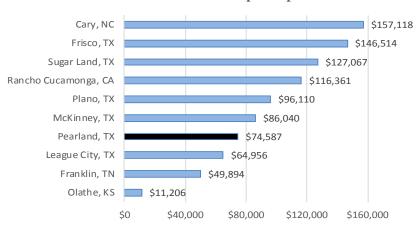
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PER CAPITA, HOUSEHOLD, SQUARE MILE

#### FOR BENCHMARK CITIES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Fiscal Year 2014

#### Total Taxable Value per Capita



## Total Taxable Value per Household



#### Taxable Value per Square Mile



Notes: Data from Community Development Strategies Survey

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$100 of assessed value)

	Cit	y Direct Ra	ates							O	ve rlapping	Rates a
Fiscal Year	M & O Rate	I & S Rate	Total Direct	Inde S	arland pendent chool istrict	Pasadena Independent School District	Alvin Independent School District	Alvin Comm College	Brazoria County	Fort Bend County	Harris County	Port of Houston Authority
2005	\$ 0.339	\$ 0.356	\$ 0.695	\$	1.792	\$	\$	\$ 0.241	\$ 0.422	\$ 0.500	\$ 0.400	\$ 0.017
2006	0.345	0.329	0.674		1.792			0.238	0.408	0.517	0.400	0.015
2007	0.299	0.354	0.653		1.662	1.350	1.546	0.220	0.382	0.517	0.402	0.013
2008	0.250	0.402	0.653		1.427	1.350	1.328	0.210	0.311	0.517	0.392	0.014
2009	0.220	0.433	0.653		1.419	1.350	1.328	0.200	0.330	0.500	0.391	0.018
2010	0.220	0.433	0.653		1.419	1.350	1.304	0.200	0.366	0.500	0.392	0.016
2011	0.215	0.450	0.665		1.419	1.350	1.304	0.200	0.403	0.500	0.388	0.021
2012	0.215	0.470	0.685		1.419	1.350	1.344	0.199	0.413	0.500	0.391	0.019
2013	0.215	0.490	0.705		1.419	1.350	1.329	0.200	0.426	0.500	0.400	0.020
2014	0.215	0.490	0.705		1.416	1.350	1.329	0.194	0.492	0.500	0.415	0.017

Source: Brazoria County, Harris County, and Fort Bend County Appraisal District.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Pearland. Not all overlapping rates apply to all Pearland property ownerss; for example, although the county property tax rates apply to all.

Harris	Harris	Harris	Brazoria/								
County	County	County	Ft Bend								
Flood	Hospital	Dept of	MUD	MUD	MUD	MUD	MUD	MUD	MUD	MUD	MUD
Control	District	Education	No. 1	No. 17	No. 18	No. 19	No. 23	No. 26	No. 28	No. 34	No. 35
\$ 0.033	\$0.190	\$ 0.006	\$	\$0.750	\$0.650	0.800	0.850	0.850	\$ 0.820	\$ 0.850	\$
0.033	0.192	0.006	0.850	0.750	0.640	0.800	0.850	0.850	0.820	0.850	
0.032	0.192	0.006	0.850	0.750	0.610	0.780	0.850	0.770	0.820	0.850	
0.031	0.192	0.006	0.850	0.730	0.590	0.680	0.850	0.710	0.820	0.850	0.850
0.031	0.192	0.006	0.850	0.630	0.570	0.660	0.820	0.710	0.820	0.850	0.890
0.029	0.192	0.060	0.850	0.600	0.560	0.630	0.800	0.710	0.820	0.850	1.020
0.029	0.192	0.007	0.850	0.547	0.550	0.620	0.770	0.710	0.820	0.850	1.020
0.028	0.192	0.007	0.850	0.547	0.545	0.600	0.630	0.690	0.820	0.850	1.020
0.028	0.182	0.007	0.850	0.547	0.530	0.580	0.610	0.690	0.820	0.850	1.020
0.028	0.170	0.006	0.850	0.544	0.510	0.550	0.600	0.690	0.820	0.850	1.020

# PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied		Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy			Collections			<b>Total Collections to Date</b>			
<b>Ende d</b>		for the			Percentage	in S	Subsequent			Percentage		
<b>Sept 30</b> ,	F	iscal Year		Amount	of Levy		Years		Amount	of Levy		
2005	\$	21,073,788	\$	20,576,812	97.64%	\$	477,235	\$	21,054,047	99.9%		
2006		24,284,597		23,690,031	97.55%		564,465		24,254,496	99.9%		
2007		28,819,229		28,235,276	97.97%		555,538		28,790,814	99.9%		
2008		35,035,569		34,461,652	98.36%		563,405		35,025,057	100.0%		
2009		38,368,354		37,820,603	98.57%		516,212		38,336,815	99.9%		
2010		41,081,407		40,590,543	98.81%		425,209		41,015,752	99.8%		
2011		41,968,046		41,594,389	99.11%		278,859		41,873,248	99.8%		
2012		43,441,792		43,110,373	99.24%		249,826		43,360,199	99.8%		
2013		45,850,625		45,509,522	99.26%		200,552		45,710,074	99.7%		
2014		49,096,473		48,802,720	99.40%				48,802,720	99.4%		

Source: Brazoria County Tax Office

Taxes levied based on adjusted tax roll.

# PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2	2014		2	2005		
<u>Taxpayer</u>	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	
Weatherford U.S., Inc.	\$ 69,914,860	1	1.00%	\$			
Pearland Town Center LP	66,757,240	2	0.95%				
Global Pipe Supply	51,522,280	3	0.74%				
Amreit SPF Shadow Creek, LP	47,959,306	4	0.69%				
Centerpoint Energy, Inc.	32,832,920	5	0.47%				
Shadow Creek Parkway	27,100,030	6	0.39%				
Discovery Shadow Creek	25,330,000	7	0.36%				
Shadow Kirby LTD Partnership	25,000,000	8	0.36%				
Walmart Real Estate BUS TR	23,179,360	9	0.33%	12,428,460	2	0.45%	
HCA Healthcare Corp	18,981,110	10	0.27%				
Lowe's Home Centers, Inc.				13,731,150	1	0.50%	
Home Depot				9,756,700	3	0.35%	
Walmart Stores, Inc.				7,855,740	4	0.28%	
CFPI LP				6,488,200	5	0.23%	
Home Depot USA, Inc.				6,410,390	6	0.23%	
HD Development Properties, LP				6,117,950	7	0.22%	
Walmart Stores, Inc.				5,920,880	8	0.21%	
WC Properties, LTD				4,679,450	9	0.17%	
Walmart Stores, Inc.	 			 4,099,890	10	0.15%	
Total	\$ 388,577,106		5.55%	\$ 77,488,810		2.80%	

Source: Brazoria County Appraisal District

## TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY

Last Ten Calendar Years (in thousands of dollars)

	2005	2006	2007	2008
Retail Trade	\$ 370,665	\$ 464,850	\$ 536,352	\$ 667,470
Accommodations & Food Services	80,185	95,154	107,850	127,994
Real Estate/Rental/Leasing	18,629	33,329	44,560	52,276
Manufacturing	41,057	46,241	50,134	47,447
Wholesale Trade	24,070	30,592	28,782	32,999
Other Services (Except Public Admin)	16,921	20,390	20,794	23,764
Information	7,203	8,553	10,086	12,567
Construction	13,234	18,348	16,232	17,496
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	4,787	5,208	8,789	9,751
Mining, Quarrying, Oil and Gas	2,985	11,186	9,280	10,520
Admin/Support/Waste Mgmt/Remediation	13,688	8,060	9,209	12,656
Professional/Scientific/Technical	3,538	3,893	4,103	5,218
Health Care/Social Assistance	72	56	63	37
Finance, Insurance	1,811	1,722	1,038	1,469
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing	283	453	473	675
Transportation/Warehousing	55	155	169	138
Educational Services	204	110	110	212
Utilities		7	3	6
Management of Companies/Enterprises	2,278		1,161	2,594
Other	13	2		
Total	\$ 601,677	\$ 748,310	\$ 849,188	\$1,025,289
City direct sales tax rate <sup>b</sup>	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

**Source:** State Comptroller's Office.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> 2014 taxable sales thru 2nd quarter of 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> The City direct sales tax rate includes the City only and not the Pearland Economic Development Corp. (4B).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Categories changed in 2007. Re-categorized data.

Cal	endar	Year

	uui I C ui				
2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014 <sup>a</sup>
\$ 699,338	\$ 673,714	\$ 697,419	\$ 764,460	\$ 829,666	\$ 393,002
146,598	155,345	172,126	198,439	216,155	117,241
38,924	46,811	48,059	61,690	56,079	27,978
31,243	39,582	49,474	48,213	34,598	20,705
25,954	30,730	33,163	33,566	34,358	19,925
23,670	25,114	29,557	30,669	34,175	18,687
14,413	15,672	16,896	19,194	24,387	15,155
14,372	15,537	17,558	23,181	24,370	12,285
9,909	11,315	11,511	12,710	13,570	7,294
3,355	3,246	3,316	3,726	12,893	6,762
11,670	10,650	11,004	12,696	13,778	6,364
5,923	6,277	7,072	9,037	11,317	4,388
52	184	252	351	1,057	1,629
1,811	1,404	1,261	1,347	1,246	661
566	180	306	468	772	218
161	282	418	425	318	157
144	207	314	429	374	136
6	3	187	3	7	
\$1,028,107	\$ 1,036,253	\$1,099,893	\$ 1,220,603	\$ 1,309,121	\$ 652,588
1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

#### RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

		Gov	ental Activ		Business-Type Activities									
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds		Certificates of Obligation Bonds		ion Revenue		Capital Lease Obligations		Revenue Bonds		Permanent Improvement Bonds		Capital Lease Obligations	
2005	\$	60,175	\$	72,390	\$		\$	396	\$	32,480	\$	15,880	\$	
2006		90,305		81,275				309		40,170		15,000		
2007		164,810		66,220				1,538		79,180		13,915		
2008		184,985		74,980				1,187		92,900		13,140		
2009		180,765		82,505				1,479		104,435		12,160		235
2010		193,785		92,380				3,237		116,440		10,540		345
2011		207,105		91,150				4,032		113,270		9,730		421
2012		224,170		65,425		4,344		3,407		109,305		15,130		342
2013		236,199		64,690	7	75,125		3,681		105,690		14,020		253
2014		246,852		56,505	8	30,125		4,344		102,517		12,865		169

**Note:** Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>\*</sup> Due to implementation of GASB 61 in fiscal year 2013, the City's component units are now considered blended component units versus discretely as in years prior to fiscal year 2013. As such, the outstanding debt for the components units have been added; however, the City, or primary government is not legally responsible for the payment of its debt.

Total Primary vernment	Percentage of Personal Income	•	Fotal Per Capita	Excluding Component Units Per Capita		
\$ 181,321	9.3%	\$	2,895	\$		
227,059	11.1%		2,862			
325,663	12.4%		3,854			
367,192	12.4%		4,126			
381,579	13.0%		4,121			
416,727	13.5%		4,429			
425,708	14.3%		4,380			
422,123	13.1%		4,230			
499,658	14.1%		4,800	4,019		
503,378	13.2%		4,709	3,859		

RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

Fiscal Year	Tax Year	Ol	General bligation Bonds	Se	s Debt ervice unds	Ne	t Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Percentage of Personal Income <sup>a</sup>	Per apita <sup>a</sup>
2005	2004	\$	148,445	\$	3,855	\$	144,590	6.2%	7.4%	\$ 2,308
2006	2005		186,580		4,658		181,922	5.1%	8.9%	2,293
2007	2006		244,945		6,552		238,393	5.4%	9.1%	2,821
2008	2007		273,105		6,552		266,553	4.9%	9.0%	2,995
2009	2008		275,430		7,247		268,183	4.5%	9.1%	2,896
2010	2009		296,705		6,706		289,999	4.6%	9.4%	3,082
2011	2010		307,985		5,160		302,825	4.8%	10.2%	3,115
2012	2011		304,725		4,992		299,733	4.7%	9.3%	3,003
2013	2012		314,909		4,643		310,266	4.7%	8.7%	2,980
2014	2013		316,222		4,536		311,686	4.5%	8.2%	2,916

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Population and personal income data can be found in demographic and economic statistics table.

# DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT September 30, 2014

	Debt as of			
Tradica Institution	September 30,		rlappin	
Taxing Jurisdiction	2014 \$14,380,000	Percent 27.15%	\$	Amount 3,904,170
Alvin Community College District			Э	
Alvin ISD	463,780,000	30.34%		140,710,852
Brazoria County	90,265,000	25.46%		22,981,469
Brazoria County MUD No. 17	26,990,000	100.00%		26,990,000
Brazoria County MUD No. 18	28,170,000	97.35%		27,423,495
Brazoria County MUD No. 19	34,825,000	100.00%		34,825,000
Brazoria County MUD No. 23	16,530,000	100.00%		16,530,000
Brazoria County MUD No. 26	41,235,000	100.00%		41,235,000
Brazoria County MUD No. 28	22,820,000	100.00%		22,820,000
Brazoria County MUD No. 34	28,205,000	100.00%		28,205,000
Brazoria County MUD No. 35	8,815,000	100.00%		8,815,000
Brazoria-Fort Bend County MUD No. 1	62,105,000	60.32%		37,461,736
Fort Bend County	448,570,000	0.42%		1,883,994
Harris County (a)	2,396,117,860	0.14%		3,354,565
Harris County Dept. of Education	7,410,000	0.14%		10,374
Harris County Flood Control District	87,400,000	0.14%		122,360
Pasadena ISD	590,315,000	0.14%		826,441
Pearland ISD	321,365,767	75.74%		243,402,432
Port of Houston Authority	702,379,397	0.14%		983,331
Total estimated Overlapping				662,485,219
The City	\$307,701,571	100.00%		307,701,571
Total Direct and Estimated Overlapping	Debt		\$	970,186,790
Population				106,900
Per Capita Debt - Direct and Overlapping De	bt		\$	9,076

Source: Individual jurisdictions and/or Texas Municipal Reports.

<sup>\*</sup> Debt amounts are as of September 30, 2014.

<sup>(</sup>a) Harris County Toll Road Certificates are considered self-supporting and are not included in the amount shown for Harris County.

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE Amounts in (000's) Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds

Fiscal Year	Gross Revenues	Less: Operating Expenses	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Principal	Debt Service Interest	Total	Coverage
				4 10==			
2005	\$ 11,619	\$ 8,607	\$ 3,012	\$ 1,075	\$ 1,459	\$ 2,534	1.19
2006	15,004	11,228	3,776	1,125	1,829	2,954	1.28
2007	20,713	12,151	8,562	1,125	2,915	4,040	2.12
2008	23,507	14,827	8,680	1,230	4,011	5,241	1.66
2009	26,980	12,877	14,103	1,595	4,648	6,243	2.26
2010	25,061	13,585	11,476	2,575	4,848	7,423	1.55
2011	28,664	15,529	13,135	3,170	5,155	8,325	1.58
2012	27,969	15,946	12,023	3,305	5,016	8,321	1.44
2013	29,607	17,423	12,184	3,615	4,724	8,339	1.46
2014	29,341	17,707	11,633	3,765	4,584	8,349	1.39

**Note:** Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expenses. Debt service excludes Permanent Improvement Bonds paid with system revenues, as those bonds do not require bond coverage.

# DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population (A)	Personal Income (in \$000's)	Per Capita Personal Income (B)	Median Age (B)	Education level in Years of Schooling	School Enrollment (C)	Unemployment Rate (D)
2005	62,634	\$ 1,951,801	\$ 31,162	35.5	14.3	15,023	4.6%
2006	79,322	2,050,394	25,849	33.4	14.3	16,629	3.6%
2007	84,500	2,631,837	31,146	34.9	14.3	17,733	3.6%
2008	89,000	2,963,255	33,295	35.8	14.3	18,439	3.8%
2009	92,600	2,941,717	31,768	34.5	14.2	20,056	6.5%
2010	94,100	3,076,788	32,697	33.4	14.2	21,269	6.9%
2011	97,200	2,974,785	30,605	33.3	14.2	20,931	6.9%
2012	99,800	3,213,184	32,196	34.8	14.2	21,721	5.6%
2013	104,100	3,555,431	34,154	34.4	14.2	23,771	5.0%
2014	106,900	3,822,958	35,762	34.6	14.2	23,075	4.3%

<sup>(</sup>A) Estimated

<sup>(</sup>B) Pearland Economic Development Corporation

<sup>(</sup>C) Texas Education Agency

<sup>(</sup>D) Bureau of Labor Statistics

<sup>\*</sup> Information not presented is not available.

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# PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2014			2005	
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
<b>Employer</b>	<b>Employees</b>	Rank	Employment	<b>Employees</b>	Rank	<b>Employme nt</b>
Pearland ISD	2,472	1	5.42%	1,820	1	7.26%
Kelsey Seybold	850	2	1.86%	1,020	1	7.2070
• •	614	3	1.35%	420	3	1.67%
City of Pearland						
Kemlon	390	4	0.86%	185	6	0.74%
Alvin ISD	352	5	0.77%			
Davis-Lynch (Forum Energy Tech.)	300	6	0.66%			
Packaging Service Co.	230	7	0.50%			
Texas Honing	190	8	0.42%			
TurboCare	175	9	0.38%	175	7	0.70%
Weatherford	160	10	0.35%	250	4	1.00%
Wal-Mart				800	2	3.19%
Randall's				250	5	1.00%
Super Target				150	8	0.60%
Tele-flow				140	9	0.56%
Lowes				132	10	0.53%
Total	5,733		12.57%	4,322		17.23%

# Sources:

Pearland Economic Development Corp.

# FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Function/Program							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	42	49	51	55	55	57	57
Public Safety	170	184	205	242	253	264	276
Public Works	43	44	47	45	47	47	45
Community Services	41	47	50	51	52	47	45
Parks and Recreation	58	52	59	68	72	99	105
Business Type Activities:							
Water & Sewer	62	76	78	77	82	82	87
Component Unit:							
Economic Development	4	4	4	5	5	6	5
Total	420	456	494	543	564	601	619

Source: City Budget

2012	2013	2014
56	44	48
286	295	315
31	57	60
56	51	53
109	101	99
90	99	104
5	5_	5
633	652	684

# OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Last Ten Fiscal Years		Fiscal '	Vaar			
<del>-</del>	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Function/Program	2003	2000	2007		2007	2010
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
Finance						
Number of purchase orders	3,183	3,085	3,475	3,552	3,264	2,913
Number of budget transfers	117	226	194	398	406	470
Number of invoices paid	21,180	22,438	22,279	23,434	23,259	21,632
Average number of employees paid per month	930	984	1,026	1,185	1,230	1,220
Human Resources	750	701	1,020	1,100	1,230	1,220
Number of hires	77	95	97	109	90	91
Number of applications received	3,138	2,808	3,074	2,495	3,137	3,880
Legal	-,	,	- ,	,	-,	- ,
Number of resolutions and ordinances prepare	234	295	269	293	266	229
Information Technology						
Average monthly service requests	350	370	486	616	649	734
Number of PC's supported	205	220	354	386	394	429
••						
PUBLIC SAFETY						
Police						
Number of police calls resulting in dispatch	27,443	30,496	32,747	34,865	37,440	35,676
Total police arrests made	3,753	4,809	5,053	4,424	5,188	5,986
Dispatched calls per patrol officer	704	555	544	592	576	513
Commercial vehicles equipment violations	1,015	1,069	980	860	711	672
UCR Part I cases assigned (1)	418	366	371	349	629	2,003
Fire						,
Total number of arson incidents	4	11	21	9	8	5
Fires investigated	70	120	96	28	33	22
Total annual inspections	965	1,307	2,333	2,677	2,374	1,752
Total calls for service (2)	1,168	1,188	1,202	2,215	2,432	2,416
EMS	-,	-,	-,	_,	_,	_,
Total calls for service	3,941	4,290	5,372	6,029	6,411	6,472
Patients treated	3,848	4,048	4,983	5,529	5,804	5,619
PUBLIC WORKS						
Fleet Maintenance						
Fleet maintenance jobs completed	3,950	4,778	4,686	4,153	3,063	2,394
Preventative maintenance performed	2,251	1,815	1,889	1,756	1,998	1,741
Other Public Works						
Fuel issued (gallons)	220,000	303,930	318,587	343,865	313,596	354,422
Street sweeping (miles)	790	790	583	2,324	2,561	2,239
Street signs maintained/replaced	1,170	1,725	1,404	1,288	2,864	2,049
Total work orders completed	19,327	21,181	19,961	18,723	20,213	18,632

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Fiscal	Year
--------	------

Fisca	l Year		
2011	2012	2013	2014
2,679	2,415	2,671	2,640
427	429	465	548
21,000	20,768	23,512	21,486
1,438	1,481	1,527	1,548
131	112	94	98
3,299	4,936	7,642	8,507
205	220	254	243
815	832	843	838
439	448	454	575
39,815	42,318	47,200	45,500
6,218	6,525	7,642	7,081
606	625	659	550
852	900	810	598
3,304	1,836	2,094	1,900
2	2	6	7
25	18	16	25
1,380	1,537	1,958	1,644
2,621	2,826	3,369	7,602
7,055	7,668	7,420	7,446
6,121	6,537	6,537	6,936
3,410	3,581	3,817	3,860
747	682	611	610
361,464	377,754	350,186	353,890
1,299	1,079	1,155	871
1,588	1,090	884	993
16,834	17,803	18,346	21,212

#### OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Nine Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year								
<del>-</del>	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010		
Function/Program (continued)								
PARKS AND RECREATION								
All Parks and recreation								
ROW maintained - acres	N/A	478	385	210	228	245		
Trees maintained	3,450	3,450	4,280	5,000	5,004	5,800		
Acres of city property mowed	N/A	167	439	470	851	1,301		
Total number of parkwork orders received	N/A	227	361	316	275	252		
Parkland - acres (3)	N/A	175	175	180	138	139		
Total number of special events held	24	20	25	25	25	24		
Total number of tournaments held	N/A	19	25	9	6	9		
Number of recreation classes offered (4)	1,170	1,189	1,222	1,083	855	307		
Average monthly attendance (all locations) (5)	5,977	6,723	7,988	7,607	3,623	11,823		
COMMUNITY SERVICES								
Animal Control								
Number of animals at shelter	2,228	2,898	3,068	2,947	2,868	2,532		
Total number of calls for service	5,443	4,600	6,099	4,296	3,529	4,206		
Inspection Services								
Total building inspections	53,924	36,724	31,004	34,773	24,834	21,753		
Total code violation cases	2,792	2,739	3,962	3,629	4,274	3,433		
Total permits issued	15,289	14,889	13,769	9,878	9,249	7,874		
Number of plans reviewed	3,026	2,682	3,055	1,309	925	969		
Municipal Court								
Number of trials	2,800	1,952	2,305	1,616	1,391	402		
Number of charges	18,275	22,185	20,481	19,666	24,400	24,657		
Warrants cleared	N/A	N/A	3,596	6,402	7,374	8,692		
WATER & SEWER								
Distribution and Collection								
Fire hydrant maintenance and inspections (6)	1,967	99*	537	740	451	402		
Backed up sewer repairs	278	251	330	393	270	325		
Water mains repaired	71	129	108	160	168	82		
Water Production								
Water produced - wells								
(in millions of gallons)	1,925	2,044	1,597	2,128	2,574	3,065		
Surface Water Purchased								
(in millions of gallons)	683	967	1,121	1,147	1,146	634		
Billing & Collections								
Annual meter reads	211,956	234,875	285,930	325,471	340,281	344,618		
Number of bills	192,014	248,848	293,833	318,160	325,201	336,668		
Wastewater Treatment								
Wastewater treated	4.00-							
(in millions of gallons)	1,398	1,668	2,305	2,096	2,106	2,361		

**Sources:** Various city departments.

Information not presented was not available at time of publication.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>UCR method of reporting was terminated after 2009. Effective 2010, Incident Based Reporting (IBR) is used.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>First Responders calls to Fire Department are included in this number. First Responder calls increased from 1,492 in FY13 to 5,422 in FY14.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Prior to 2009, Parkland acres included medians and Wastewater Treatment Plants. After 2009, reported under total acres of city property maintained.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Prior to 2010, individual music classes were included in the total recreation classes held. Program was cancelled.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>In FY 2010, a new facility, Recreation Center/Natatorium, opened.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>In Water & Sewer, Distribution and Collection fire hydrant maintenance and inspections is contracted out. During FY06, the contractor's services were disrupted by a storm.

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Fiscal Year							
2011	2012	2013	2014				
255	251	251	251				
255 6 327	251 6,157	6,312	251 6,313				
6,327 1,331	1,380	1,035	1,035				
249	230	1,033	180				
		138	138				
139	138 22	22	20				
21		1					
11	2		3				
459	486	281	272				
16,116	18,378	18,980	21,366				
2,685	2,220	2,375	2,176				
4,346	4,326	5,236	6,114				
7,570	7,320	3,230	0,114				
19,244	22,416	26,274	28,434				
2,860	1,952	2,244	2,140				
7,869	8,696	10,630	13,972				
917	1,050	939	1,185				
688	1,116	885	839				
26,369	30,187	27,439	23,182				
8,204	10,080	10,328	9,050				
395	887	1,399	837				
310	275	286	334				
410	283	380	111				
3,869	2,916	2,859	2,470				
968	1,321	1,816	2,133				
364,424	370,755	403,220	414,499				
350,871	359,716	387,997	388,338				
550,071	557,710	331,771	200,220				
1,943	2,364	2,530	2,493				

#### CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Function/Program										
PUBLIC SAFETY	<u></u>									
Police										
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Police vehicles	109	112	117	126	130	138	142	155	157	161
Fire										
Fire stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	6	6	6
Fire vehicles	15	16	16	17	17	17	22	23	26	26
EMS										
EMS Stations*	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	5	1
EMS Ambulances	5	5	5	6	8	8	8	8	9	9
PUBLIC WORKS										
Other public works										
Streets (miles)**	248	578	758	773	807	807	806	806	839	844
Vehicle Inventory***	N/A	342	405	360	333	355	363	385	374	375
Traffic signals	47	48	57	67	71	80	62	74	81	81
PARKS AND RECREATION	I									
Parks and recreation										
Developed acreage****	124	175	175	180	138	139	139	138	138	138
Pools	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3
Outdoor basketball courts	N/A	10	10	10	10	10	10	6	6	6
Soccer fields	N/A	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Activity buildings	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	3	3	3
Baseball/Softball Fields	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
WATER AND SEWER										
Water Production										
Water wells	9	9	10	11	11	11	11	11	10	10
Pumping stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
Ground storage tanks	13	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Elevated towers	4	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6
Wastewater										
Treatment Plants	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Lift Stations	78	74	78	76	78	78	80	80	75	76
Distribution and Collection										
Water mains (miles)	296	361	395	410	420	433	443	448	469	488
Sanitary sewers (miles)	279	321	353	360	370	378	380	382	400	415

Sources: Various city departments.

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government and community services functions.

Information not presented was not available at time of publication.

<sup>\*</sup>EMS and Fire Departments merged in FY 2014 and EMS locations are now included with Fire stations, except in one location.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Inside city limits. Prior to FY07, street miles were measured visually. Beginning FY07, a GIS system was used to measure street miles.

Although new streets were added in FY 2011, an audit of the database resulted in the elimination of some street miles previously reported.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Decrease in inventory reflects surplus of vehicles auctioned off. Increases reflect new purchases, which may offset with those sold. those sold. Vehicle inventory includes public safety revenues.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>Prior to 2009, Parkland acres included medians and Wastewater Treatment Plants.