

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

Officials Issuing Report

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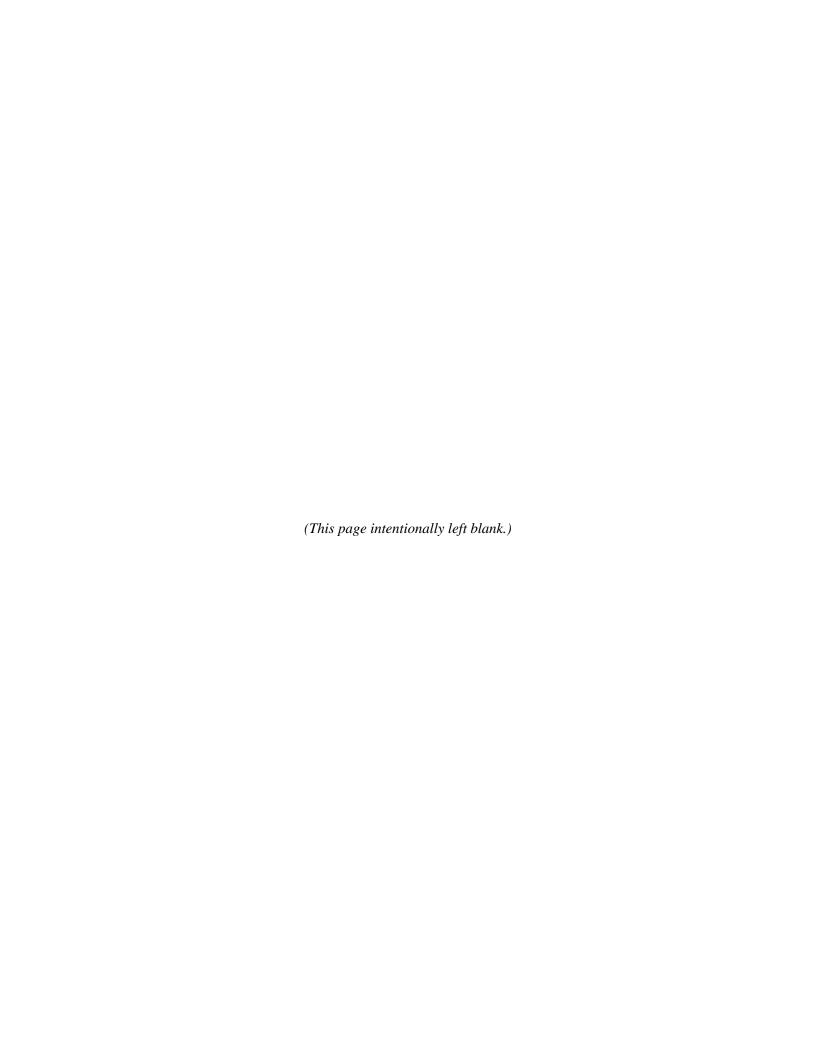
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March 11, 2013

To the Honorable Mayor, Members Of City Council, and Citizens of the City of Pearland, Texas

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Pearland, Texas (the "City") for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, is hereby submitted as mandated by both local and state statutes. These ordinances and statutes require that the City issue an annual report on its financial position and activity, and that an independent firm of certified public accountants audit this report.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Whitley Penn, LLP, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified (or "clean") opinion on the City of Pearland's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2012. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Pearland, incorporated in 1959, is located across the northern end of Brazoria County and shares a common border with Houston, Texas to the north. The City also extends into Fort Bend and Harris Counties. The City of Pearland, encompassing approximately 48 square miles, is the fastest growing city in Brazoria County, increasing from approximately 18,000 residents in 1990 to 99,800 residents estimated as of September 2012.

The City of Pearland is a home-rule City operating under a Council-Manager form of government.

Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council (Council) consisting of the mayor and five other members. The Mayor and all Council members are elected at large. The Mayor is allowed to vote only in case of a tie vote. The Mayor and each Council member hold office for a period

of three years and until his/her successor is elected and qualified. Council members are limited to two full consecutive terms of office and there is no limitation on the office of Mayor. The City Manager is appointed by Council and is responsible for implementation of Council policy, execution of the laws, and all day-to-day operations of the City.

A full range of municipal services is provided by the City of Pearland including public safety (police, fire, and emergency medical services); solid waste; water and wastewater utilities; public improvements; repair and maintenance of infrastructure; recreational and community activities; and general administrative services. In addition, the City provides planning for future land use, traffic control, building codes, and health inspections, and plans for new infrastructure and rehabilitation of infrastructure to meet the needs of the citizens today, as well as tomorrow. The City is authorized to issue debt, subject to certain limitations, for the purpose of financing its capital projects and the City is empowered to levy a property tax on real property within its boundaries.

Activities of the general, debt service, water and sewer, solid waste, capital project funds, and special revenue funds such as hotel/motel tax are included in the City's annual appropriated budget. Capital project funds are budgeted for project length. The legal level of control for each budget is at the fund level, which is to say that total expenditures for each fund should not exceed total budgeted expenditures for that fund. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within and among departments. The City Council must approve any budget amendment that increases appropriations by fund. The City amends the budget at the end of each fiscal year to reflect current year projections for revenues and expenditures/expenses.

As an independent political subdivision of the State of Texas, the City is considered a primary government. Pursuant to standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the City also reports for all funds for which the City, as the primary government, is financially accountable. As such, this report includes financial activities of three component units as follows: The Pearland Economic Development Corporation was created by the voters of the City in 1995 under the Texas Development Corporation Act of 1979 for the purpose of promoting, assisting, and enhancing economic and related development activities on behalf of the City. The Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ #2) was created in 1998 for the purposes of development and redevelopment in the Zone Area, better known as Shadow Creek Ranch. The City participates in the Zone by contributing a portion of tax increments produced in the Zone to the Tax Increment Fund. The Development Authority of Pearland was created in 2004 to provide financing for the development of TIRZ #2.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

Local Economy

Located minutes away from downtown Houston, Texas, the nation's second largest seaport, the world-renowned Texas Medical Center, and NASA-Johnson Space Center, Pearland is the premier location for residential and commercial growth. With abundant land, business facilities, a sound infrastructure, and a diverse workforce supported by educational programs, Pearland's growth has been consistent and will continue to be sustained over time with continued residential and commercial development.

The total of all new construction permitted during calendar year 2012 totaled over \$254.0 million, a 14.3% increase in value from 2011. New single-family housing permits totaled 951 with a construction value of \$192 million. This is 260 permits and \$58.0 million more than 2011; however Pearland's economy continues to grow at a respectable pace, faring better than the rest of the nation. Residential permitting activity is anticipated to increase for fiscal year 2013, budgeted at 1,142 permits. For calendar year 2012, the City had 77 commercial permits with a value of \$62 million, compared to 42 permits with a value of \$23 million in 2011. In addition, one multi-family development was permitted with a value of \$19.6 million. The downward trend on the commercial real estate market has turned upward and strengthened.

Sales of homes throughout the greater Houston area remained strong in 2012, driven by a combination of good local job numbers and historically low interest rates. The Houston Association of Realtors reported 62,229 single family home sales for 2012, up 16.1% from the 53,606 sales in 2011. Indications are that the Houston area will continue to have a healthy market with a balanced supply of housing inventory and strong pricing – conditions that put Houston in an enviable position compared to other markets around the Country. For fiscal year 2012, Pearland had 696 foreclosure filings, down from the 800 in fiscal year 2011, but still higher than the 588 we saw in fiscal year 2009. These filings also include areas in the ETJ with a Pearland address, but the number of filings only represents less than 3% of total households in Pearland. The decrease in foreclosures is another sign that the economy has turned around.

Houston is the world's energy capital, and much of the recovery is from the oil and gas industry. During the recession the exploration sector lost 1,200 jobs, but added 8,100 in the recovery. Oil field services lost 9,700 jobs and have since recouped 9,500. Much of this growth is from hydraulic fracturing and much of it from the South Texas Eagle Ford Shale oil and gas reserves. The Eagle Ford produced 844 barrels of crude per day in 2009; in August of 2012 it produced 297,079 per day. With the high price of oil, and the South Texas Eagle Ford Shale oil and gas reserves, it is forecasted that this trend will continue keeping the Houston oil industry busy for the next 20 years.

Pearland's unemployment rate was 5.2% in September 2012, down from 6.7% in September 2011. This is compared to the national unemployment rate of 8.0% and the State of Texas unemployment rate of 7.5% as of September 2012. Pearland's unemployment is less than the national and state rates with the economy turning around. Texas has been recognized by business publications as having the best business climate in the country. Houston's economy will continue to grow next year, adding more jobs in 2013 than in 2012. The Greater Houston Partnership forecasts the region to add 76,000 jobs in 2013. The Houston area is built on businesses, on jobs, and on economic opportunities. Pearland is poised to take advantage of those opportunities.

Pearland has two prime areas for commercial, mixed use, livable developments along the Highway 288 corridor. A strategic and target market study completed in 2009 shows that life sciences, port-related activities, production/industrial, campus based back-office, and the education/public sectors are prime areas of interest for the Pearland area. Combined with a mix of reinforcing land uses, urban planning, key entertainment and cultural attractions, public spaces, and walkability and connectivity, all will provide for livable sustainable developments.

Kelsey-Seybold, a major healthcare organization of 370 physicians, is building a new 170,000 square foot, four story corporate headquarters on an 18 acre site in Shadow Creek Ranch, which will be home to approximately 750 employees. The facility will be next to the Shadow Creek Business Center, an 80,000 square foot office building built in 2009, and Hospital Corporation of America's (HCA) 78,000 square foot medical office building. Merit Medical Systems, a global medical device company, is building on a 12 acre site, a 120,000 square foot facility for research and development and manufacturing. Merit Medical is expected to employ 220 employees at the Pearland facility. Ref Chem, an oil and gas service company is constructing a 39,000 square foot regional headquarters on Beltway 8 that will employ 100 people.

Sales tax for fiscal year 2012 totaled \$22.0 million, an increase of \$2.2 million or 11.3% over fiscal year 2011. Pearland is a regional shopping destination; however with lower consumer confidence, potential for job loss, debt, credit tightening, etc., homeowners tightened their budgets and spending in 2010 and 2011. The economy, however, has turned around, which should translate to higher consumer confidence. As such, the City projected a 5.4% growth in sales tax in the fiscal year 2013 operating budget.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City adopts a one-year operating budget, including a five-year capital improvement program (CIP). Even though a one-year budget is adopted, the budget implements strategies, both financial and operational, to meet existing challenges and to plan for the future.

The City's Five-Year CIP for fiscal year 2013 through fiscal year 2017 totals \$346 million and continues to implement the \$162 million bond program approved by the voters in May 2007, though at a slower pace, which is financially feasible given the slower economy in 2008-2011. Projects include Drainage (\$24M), Streets (\$149M), Facilities (\$24M), Parks (\$35M), Water and Wastewater (\$114M). Projects in the CIP have identified funding sources or potential funding sources. Funding for these projects comes from the issuance of debt through Certificates of Obligation, General Obligation Bonds, and Revenue Bonds, as well as impact fees, cash, and contributions from the State, County, and other sources. Those projects that are unfunded will be identifying projects for a new bond referendum.

The Debt Service Fund forecast projects a need to increase the Debt Service component of the tax rate to \$0.5250 by fiscal year 2015 to implement the Five-Year CIP. The debt service component of the tax rate for FY 2013 increased \$0.02 to \$0.4900, which is consistent with the financial modeling that the City undertook when analyzing the Debt Service tax implications of implementing the \$162 million bond referendum.

The City completes a Water/Sewer Cost of Service Rate Study annually for the forecast. The study is built around the Five-Year CIP, operating budget, and future needs. Due to funds on hand for pay-as-you go capital improvements, no rate increase was necessary for fiscal year 2011 or 2012, however, the model anticipates rate increases for 2015 and 2016. The City's utility system continues to be self-supporting and financially sound.

Relevant Financial Policies/Guidelines

Financial Policies guide the development and implementation of the budget and are a framework for fiscal decision making and that ensure financial resources are available to meet the current and future needs of the City. City Council adopted a set of Financial Management Policy Statements in August 2009, last amended in September 2011. The policy statements address areas of reporting and auditing, budgeting, revenues, capital improvements, debt, and grants to name a few. Some of the most relevant policies are:

- Recurring revenues fund recurring expenditures/expenses.
- Non-recurring funds fund non-recurring expenditures/expenses.
- General Fund Operating Reserves should be a minimum of two months of operations.
- Water and Wastewater Operating Reserves shall strive to be maintained at 25% of operations.
- Budget revenues on a conservative basis.
- Fund existing services at current service levels.
- Enterprise Funds must be self-supporting.
- Leverage City dollars by seeking outside funding sources.
- Maintain stable property tax rates.

Major Initiatives

The City Council, staff, and community share a vision that combines progress and innovation with prudent controls to shape Pearland's future, even as it becomes one of the largest suburbs in the Houston area. Some of the major initiatives are as follows:

Public Safety

Among numerous other reasons, families move to Pearland for a high degree of personal safety and a low crime rate. Pearland was recently rated as one of the safest Cities in the United States ranking number 48 in the nation. Pearland was one of two Cities in the Houston area in the top 50. The City Council continues to emphasize public safety and the City delivers programs in the areas of law enforcement, emergency management, emergency medical services, and fire protection.

For more than a decade, the City of Pearland public safety departments have been subscribers to an 800 MHZ trunked radio system provided by Harris County. This system was originally designed for mobile radios in vehicles and at a time when the western half of Pearland was sparsely populated. COP public safety departments have experienced significant radio reception difficulties creating safety issues for the City. Harris County is not able to improve radio coverage in west Pearland, and to switch to the digital version of the Harris County system is costly and would not guarantee improved radio coverage. The City of Houston has recently established a \$130 million dollar 700 MHz trunked radio system designed for in-building coverage using portable radios. After radio testing and research, the City of Pearland would be switching to the City of Houston's radio system with tremendous improvements in coverage improving public safety for employees and citizens of Pearland, and at a lesser cost than creating a new radio system or staying as a subscriber to the current radio system.

The City of Pearland Police Department communications division currently provides dispatch services for the city's Police, Fire, and EMS departments. Due to the rapid population growth and increased demands for service in the City, it has become apparent that the Police communications division workload is unsustainable. As an alternative to hiring more dispatchers, the City has contracted with Harris County Emergency Corps for the provision of Fire Department and EMS dispatch services. In addition to the cost savings of not having to hire additional employees, the contracted dispatch center brings added capabilities to the Fire and EMS departments. By utilizing personnel specifically trained and certified for the Fire and EMS dispatch role, as well as employing a Computer Aided Dispatch system specifically configured for Fire and EMS dispatching, this arrangement will contribute to better deployment and utilization of resources.

Brazoria County MUD's 21 and 22 in cooperation with Friendswood Development have constructed Fire Station 6 in the City's ETJ, which opened in 2012. This station is staffed and operated by Pearland Volunteer Firefighters with the MUD's bearing the cost of operations, pursuant to a Strategic Partnership Agreement. This will greatly enhance response times in the City's southwestern ETJ, where development continues.

The City is also currently designing the reconstruction of Fire Station #3 on the eastern edge of the City to accommodate 24/7 fire and EMS crews, improving response times to that area of the City.

Economic Development

The Pearland Economic Development Corporation (PEDC) is a Type B non-profit corporation under the Texas Development Corporation Act that utilizes a half cent sales tax collected in the City to carry out economic development activities. The Corporation assists new and existing businesses that create new jobs and capital investment. The Corporation works with the City to utilize various tools such as tax abatement and the authority granted the City under Chapter 380 of the Local Government Code to encourage new jobs and investment in the community.

PEDC celebrated the successful recruitment of Ref-Chem, L.P. to our community and kicked off their construction with a groundbreaking ceremony in June for the engineering, construction and maintenance firm's new office building. Ref-Chem L.P. is an Odessa, Texas based heavy industrial construction, engineering, EPC and maintenance organization with an annual sales volume of over \$100 million. Ref-Chem's new office building will be located on an 11-acre site at Beltway 8 and Tom Bass Parkway. The three-story facility will be 39,000 square feet with space for a staff of approximately 100 employees, including management personnel, engineers, designers and administrative staff.

PEDC assisted Hatch Mott MacDonald, a leading North American engineering and environmental consulting firm, in expanding and relocating its Pearland office to a new location in late 2012. HMM was previously located at 2950 Cullen Parkway and moved to its new location on the fourth floor of the Shadow Creek Business Center at 11233 Shadow Creek Parkway in mid-November. The new 20,000 square-foot Pearland office, which serves as headquarters to HMM's Pipeline Division and Houston Subdivision, houses HMM's current 70 local employees, with room for up to 30 additional employees. These two projects are in addition to KS Management Services and Merit Medical previously mentioned.

In 2012, the PEDC, along with local partners in government, education, healthcare and business, embarked upon a long-term strategic community and economic development planning process in order to create a shared vision for the community's future growth and an action plan to achieve it. The strategic plan process is being headed by a steering committee comprised of 23 community leaders in government, education, healthcare and local business. At the end of the process, Pearland will have a consensus-based, achievable roadmap to guide the community's path to short and long-term economic growth. The final plan will be released in April of 2013.

The Pearland Economic Development Corporation continues to promote Pearland and is working with a myriad of companies on future relocations and site visits as well as working with existing businesses on future expansions.

Land Use Plan/Annexation

Land use planning seeks to order and regulate the use of land in an efficient way, thus preventing land use conflicts. Land use planning is the systematic assessment of land, alternatives for land use, and social and economic conditions in order to select and adopt the best land use options. Its purpose is to select and put into practice those land uses that will best meet the needs of the people while safeguarding resources and ensuring sustainability.

PEDC and the City of Pearland, in partnership with Gateway Planning, finalized a market-based master plan and implementation strategy for the area formerly known as the Spectrum District that leverages the area's unique location (the southwest corner of Beltway 8 and SH 288) and creates a de facto "master development" context. The area is planned to be a regional employment center with destination mixed use urban living, and concentrated retail/entertainment areas.

The key issues addressed by the plan include drainage, transportation access, linkages, and transit; revision of the existing zoning and development standards; incorporating new development with existing uses; involving the existing municipal management districts; and incorporating public parks and open spaces.

The master plan and associated regulatory recommendation of a form-based code envisions a market-based approach and identifies different "character zones" of development, each implementing a unique neighborhood within the Lower Kirby Urban Center. This form-based code is combined with the overall infrastructure strategy that identifies the major regional drainage and roadway improvements needed to bring the plan together. This master plan and implementation strategy for Lower Kirby ensure that the vision for the mixed use regional destination is feasible, but flexible to address changing market conditions. In order to implement this vibrant vision for the Lower Kirby Urban Center, PEDC is working with the City of Pearland and the two area Municipal Management District Boards to create a coordinated action plan that identifies the responsibilities and roles of each of the entities.

The City's annexation of Brazoria County MUD #4 occurred December 31, 2012, pursuant to a Strategic Partnership Agreement between the City and MUD. Brazoria County MUD #4 encompasses approximately 600 acres and has an estimated population of 3,100. Upon annexation all assets and obligations of the MUD transferred to the City.

In January 2013, City Council voted to incorporate the Grand Avenue Master Plan into the City's Comprehensive Plan. The plan is designed to facilitate future development of Grand Avenue as a focal point for the Oldtown Site while also responding to existing growth patterns in the city. A primary initiative for this plan is to reinvent the Oldtown Site as a modern village with a compatible mix of residential and non-residential uses. The Plan recommends adopting form based codes that would be used to ensure buildings and streets are coordinated in a manner that is attractive to pedestrians and encourages outdoor activities. Using form based codes allows for more flexibility and a mix of uses as compared to traditional zoning used throughout the city.

Capital Improvement Projects and Planning

With continued residential and commercial growth, and to plan for the future, the need to build new infrastructure and maintain existing infrastructure is a priority and will be implemented through an aggressive capital improvement program. The City's Five-Year CIP 2013 – 2017 totals \$346 million. Projects include Drainage (\$24M), Streets (\$151M), Facilities (\$23M), Parks (\$36M), Water and Wastewater (\$112M).

Major thoroughfare projects include the widening of Bailey Road between FM1128 and Veterans, widening three miles of Mykawa Road to a four lane facility, reconstruction of one mile of Old Alvin Road from Plum Street to McHard Road, the extension of Pearland Parkway to Dixie Farm Road, McHard Road extension from Mykawa to Cullen, Longwood Street Reconstruction, extension of Business Center Drive between Broadway and CR59, the widening of Max Road between Broadway and Hughes Ranch Road, and the extension of Fite between McLean and Veterans. Major drainage projects include expansion of the D.L. Smith detention pond by approximately 150 acre-feet, an additional 200 acre-feet of storm water storage in the Hickory Slough watershed, and future storm water regional detention. Major park projects include a soccer complex, improvements to Independence and Centennial Parks, Phase I development of the Shadow Creek Ranch Park, and a 7,000 square foot Nature Center. Facility projects include an 11,500 square feet expansion and renovation to the Tom Reid Library, reconstruction of Fire Station #3 to accommodate a 24/7 manned station, Fire/EMS administrative building, traffic signal operational improvements with the takeover of TXDOT signals in 2011, Westside Library, and renovation of Old Police Department building. Water projects include the preliminary design of a 20 million gallon per day surface water plant along with various waterline extensions. Wastewater projects include the replacement of Southdown wastewater treatment plant, extension of trunk sewer on McHard, and various lift station projects.

Transportation Improvements and Strategic Planning

Charged with planning, establishing, and maintaining an effective transportation system, the City of Pearland is involved in numerous activities to face this challenge. The \$84 million transportation bond program (passed in 2007) will construct major projects mentioned previously.

The City is also involved in regional efforts for long-range transportation planning. The Mayor is a member of H-GAC's Transportation Policy Council (TPC), and an Assistant City Manager is a member of the Technical Advisory Committee (TAC), a sub-committee of the TPC and the Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) Subcommittee. The City submitted several proposed roadway projects from its Capital Improvement Program for possible funding in the region's Transportation Improvement Program for 2011-2014. In 2011, The TPC and TAC selected four City of Pearland projects for funding.

The projects are the Traffic Signal System Improvements (2012), Pearland Parkway Extension (2013), Max Road (2014), and Fite Road (2014). These projects will receive 80% funding from state or federal sources totaling \$20,180,901 with the city providing 20% matching funds. The City continues to work with the Brazoria County Toll Road Authority (BCTRA) to develop viable low cost alternatives for the Hwy 288 toll facility that can be constructed on a near-term schedule (3-5 years) to provide immediate relief to congestion along the corridor. H-GAC has planned a "Call for Projects" in 2012 for the 2013-2016 TIP. The City will submit several proposed roadway projects from its Capital Improvement Program in this new "Call for Projects" in an effort to continue to secure state and federal funding for projects in order to reduce the funding burden on the city taxpayers.

The City of Pearland, METRO, TxDOT, Brazoria County and Connect Transit have been working together since 2009 to establish a Park & Ride in the Pearland Area. On November 30, 2011, METRO closed on a 15.1 acre parcel of property along Smith Ranch Road and Country Road 403. METRO solicited proposals for Engineering services to do the design and the plans and specifications for the project in November of 2012. It is anticipated that the METRO Board will authorize a contract for Engineering services in early spring of 2013. Once the design contract is let it is anticipated it will take six (6) to eight (8) months to design the project and another twelve to fifteen months to construct the project.

The initial phase of the project will include approximately 1,000 parking spaces. The anticipated service area for the Pearland area Park & Ride includes Northern Brazoria County and Southern Harris County. The service will run between the Pearland area and the Texas Medical Center/Transit Center located at Fannin and Galen. The Texas Medical Center, the largest medical center in the world, houses 13 hospitals, 46 institutions (colleges, universities, research facilities, etc.), employs approximately 90,000 people, and services approximately 5.1 million patients annually.

The fare for service each way is estimated to be \$3.25. The Park & Ride will operate Monday through Friday (weekday service only). The service will be offered weekday mornings from 5:15 AM to 8:15 AM and 3:15 PM to 7:00 PM weekday evenings. It is anticipated that headway times for the busses will be twelve to fifteen minutes. METRO will provide a guaranteed ride home program during the day for those individuals that require a ride home during the times the regular bus service is not in operation.

Fiscal Responsibility and Sustainability

Fiscal sustainability can be defined as "the extent to which patterns of Government spending do not undermine the capability of the Government to continue to spend to achieve its public purposes." City Council takes a pro-active stance in ensuring the fiscal health and sustainability of the City. Council adopted a set of Financial Management Policy Statements and receives quarterly Finance "Snapshot" presentations, which includes economic indicators. The City also prepares a Five-Year Forecast for the City's major funds to see how the spending decisions made today affect the future as well as to identify any issues/concerns that are forthcoming and to put strategies in place today to address those issues/concerns for the future.

Fiscal Sustainability is more important given the most recent state of the economy and steady yet slow development. Based on the long-range forecast and impacts to the debt service and operating funds, the City delayed several major capital improvement projects and slotted them in the capital improvement plan, when the City could more afford to do them. In order to minimize the increase to the FY 2013 tax

rate and fund City infrastructure, the City continues to identify programs and line-items that could be reduced with little or no impact to the citizens and has looked at fees to ensure recoupment of costs resulting in budget reductions totaling \$330,227 and revenue enhancements of \$522,087, in the City's General Fund budget, for the 2013 fiscal year. Over the past three years base budget reductions to the General Fund totaled \$4.9 million. While only a few months into the 2013 fiscal year, the City is already beginning to prepare for the 2014 budget process and up-coming forecast with the same goal of being fiscally responsible to our citizens.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The City of Pearland was awarded a Gold rating from the Scenic City Texas Organization. The rating is based on the quality of our development codes, and the implementation and enforcement of these codes. The result of such work leads to a city full of both scenic roadways and scenic public and private developments.

The Scenic City Certification Program is a project of Scenic Texas. Scenic Texas has identified a direct correlation between the success of a city's economic development efforts and the visual appearance of its public spaces. In recognition of this link, Scenic Texas has developed the Scenic City Certification Program to support and recognize municipalities that implement high-quality scenic standards for public roadways and public spaces. The program recognizes Texas cities which already have strong scenic standards and provides an incentive to others to adopt and implement the kind of stringent criteria that has been proven to enhance economic development, improve quality of life and foster a sense of place.

The Scenic City application contained 270 possible criteria that earn points, including a high percentage of park and open space, implementation of multi-use trails and recreation areas, strong litter enforcement laws, street lighting standards, parking lot landscaping, utility line management, a budget that supports these programs and their ongoing maintenance, and more.

The City of Pearland Planning Department was recently awarded the 2012 Certificate of Achievement for Planning Excellence by the Texas Chapter of the American Planning Association. This award recognizes the professional planning standards demonstrated by the Planning staff and the support exhibited by the City Council and the Planning and Zoning Commission. Pearland received this award for increasing the awareness of professional planning, enhancing neighborhood and citizen recognition of planning efforts, encouraging the funding of professional training for Commissioners and Staff and aiding in economic development and community image. This marks the sixth time the Planning Department has won this award.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for the Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Pearland, Texas, for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended September 30, 2011. This was the 35th consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City has also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of this report was accomplished with the dedicated service of the Accounting staff of the Finance Department. We express our sincere appreciation to these individuals who have continually demonstrated the core beliefs of the City and who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. We also thank the Mayor and members of the City Council for their support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible manner.

Claire Bogard, Director of Finance

Respectfully submitted,

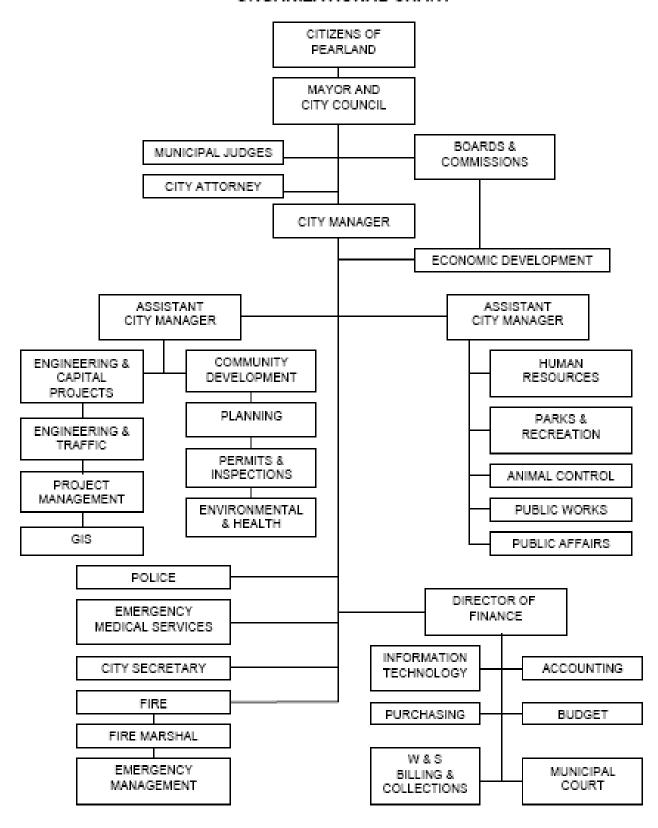
Bill Eisen, City Manager

Rick Overgaard, Assistant Director of Finance

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

Elected Officials	Position	Term Expires May
Tom Reid	Mayor	2014
Woody Owens	Council Member at Large - Position One	2013
Scott Sherman	Council Member at Large - Position Two	2014
Susan Sherrouse	Council Member at Large - Position Three, Mayor Pro Tem	2014
Keith Ordeneaux	Council Member at Large - Position Four	2014
Greg Hill	Council Member at Large - Position Five	2013
Appointed Officials	Position	
Bill Eisen	City Manager	
Darrin Coker	City Attorney	
Letitia Farnie	Municipal Court Judge	
City Management	Position	
Mickiel Hodge	Assistant City Manager	
Jon Branson	Assistant City Manager	
Claire Bogard	Director of Finance	
Matt Buchanan	President, PEDC	
Daniel Baum	Emergency Medical Services Chief	
Young Lorfing	City Secretary	
Danny Cameron	Director of Public Works	
Bonita Hall	Director of Human Resources	
Chris Doyle	Police Chief	
Michelle Smith	Director of Parks and Recreation	
Vance Riley	Fire Chief	
Andrew Fearn	Head Librarian	
Lata Krishnarao	Director of Community Development	
Trent Epperson	Director of Engineering and Capital Projects	

CITY OF PEARLAND, TX ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

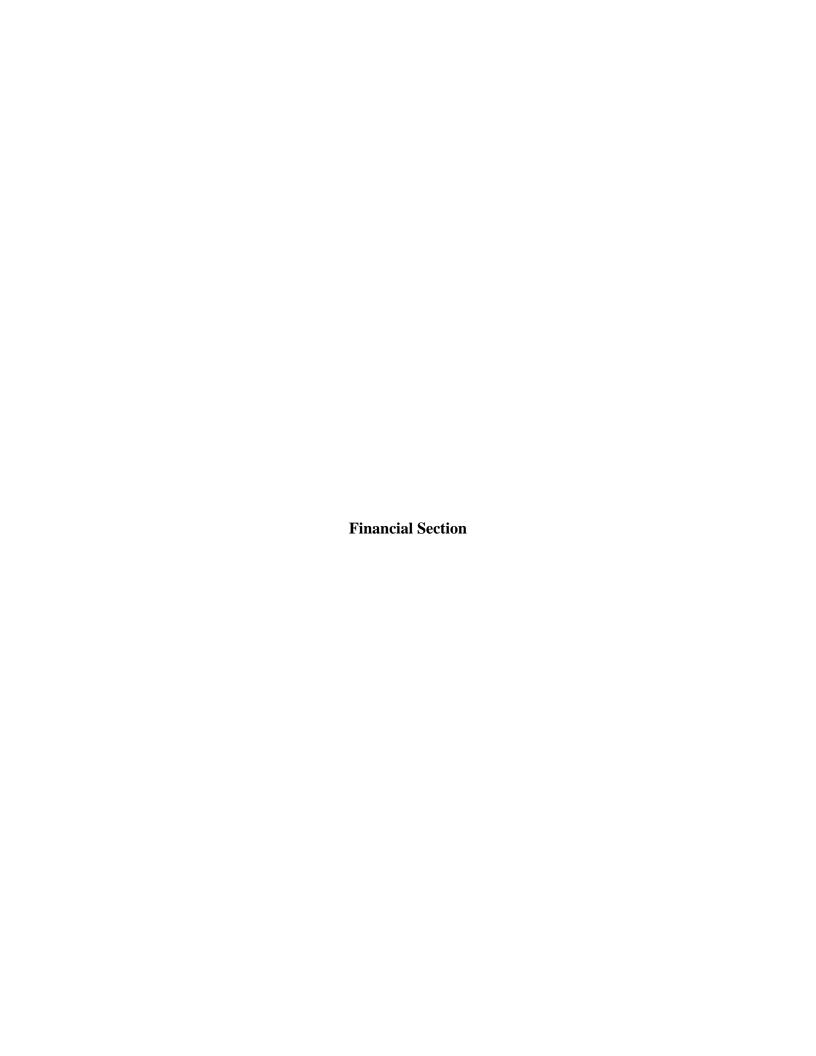
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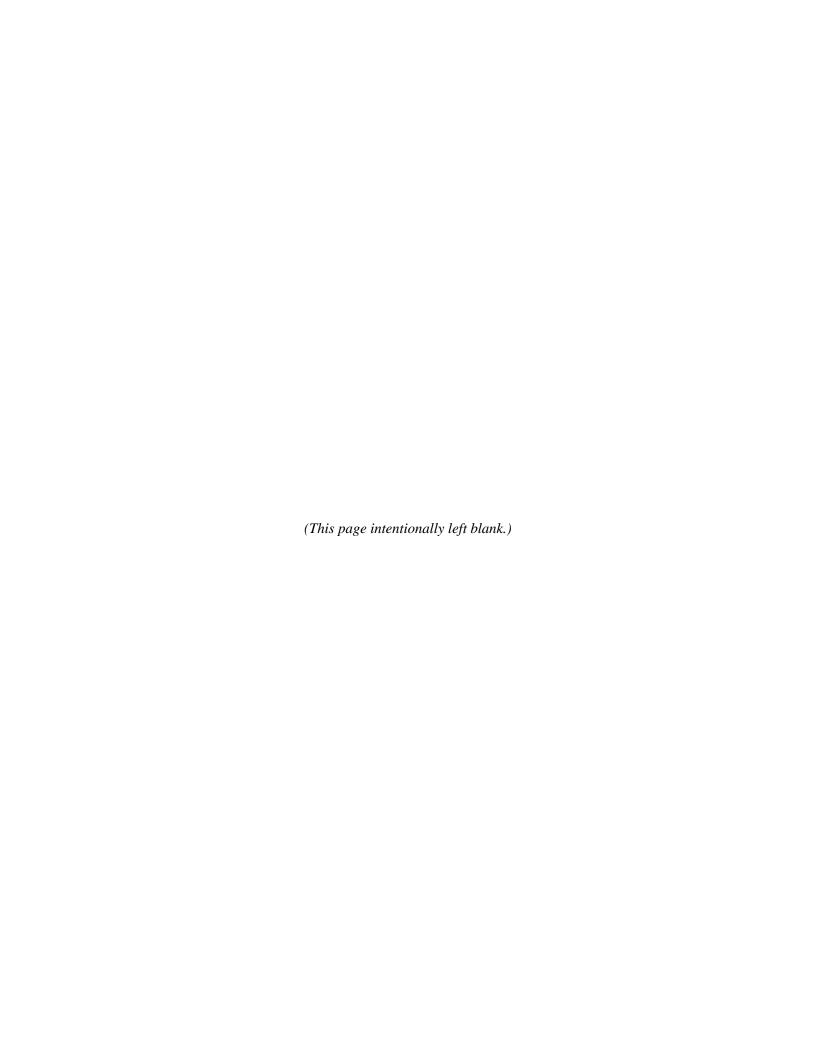
City of Pearland Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2011

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.









Houston Office 3411 Richmond Avenue Suite 500 Houston, Texas 77046 713.621.1515 Main whitleypenn.com

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Pearland, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Pearland, Texas (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 11, 2013, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 15, and budgetary comparison, required pension system, and other post-employment benefits on pages 68 through 70 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

March 11, 2013

Whitley FERN LLA

Management's Discussion and Analysis

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CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Pearland, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the primary government of the City of Pearland exceeded its liabilities as of September 30, 2012, by \$629.2 million (net assets). Of this amount, \$34.2 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with the City's fund designation and fiscal policies. The remaining amount is for investments in capital assets, net of related debt and amounts restricted for capital projects, debt service, and community development projects.
- The City's total primary government net assets increased by \$8.6 million due to lower accounts payable and long-term debt.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Pearland's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$40.8 million, a decrease of \$6.3 million in comparison with the prior year, approximately all of which is related to capital projects. Approximately \$13.8 million of the September 30, 2012, fund balance can be attributed to unspent bond proceeds for capital projects.
- As of September 30, 2012, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$17.2 million or 35% of total General Fund expenditures. The total fund balance for the General Fund is \$17.6 million or 35% of General Fund expenditures.
- The City of Pearland's General Obligation and Certificates of Obligation debt for governmental activities totaled \$289.6 million, a net decrease of \$8.7 million over the previous year. The decrease is attributable to principal payments for 2012 with no new money being issued. The City's debt for business activities totaled \$124.4 million, a net decrease of approximately \$1.4 million from the previous year principal outstanding.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Pearland include general government, public safety, public works, community services and parks and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, and solid waste.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 21 of this report. The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Pearland, itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Economic Development Corporation, Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ) and the Development Authority of Pearland for which the City of Pearland is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government, itself.

Fund Financial Statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of the City can be divided into two categories - governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statement focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Beginning on page 22 of this report, information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General, Debt Service, Capital Projects and other funds, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City of Pearland adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Proprietary Funds - The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an Enterprise Fund to account for its Water and Sewer Fund and Solid Waste Fund.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The basic proprietary fund financial statements, which begin on page 26 of this report, provide separate information for the Water and Sewer and Solid Waste Enterprise Funds since it is considered to be a major fund of the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 26 through 29 of this report.

Combining Component Unit Financial Statements - The City's three discretely presented component units shown in aggregate on the face of the government-wide financial statements have individual information for each of the major discretely presented component units presented in the form of combining statements immediately following the fund financial statements of the primary government.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 32 of this report.

Other Information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents other required supplementary information as well as combining and individual fund statements and schedules that further support the information in the financial statements. This information is presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements beginning on page 68 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$629.2 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net assets (90%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF NET ASSETS

September 30, 2012 and 2011 Amounts in (000's)

	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities			e Activities	Totals			
	2012	2011	2012 2011		2012	2011		
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 67,257 695,702	\$ 72,544 695,754	\$ 48,163 266,288	\$ 41,119 268,051	\$ 115,420 961,990	\$ 113,663 963,805		
Total Assets	762,959	768,298	314,451	309,170	1,077,410	1,077,468		
Liabilities								
Other liabilities Long-term liabilities outstanding	9,078 305,621	12,205 311,649	6,996 126,479	8,169 124,859	16,074 432,100	20,374 436,508		
Total Liabilities	314,699	323,854	133,475	133,028	448,174	456,882		
Net assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	410,078	413,439	158,716	156,629	568,794	570,068		
Restricted	16,430	16,462	9,821	5,603	26,251	22,065		
Unrestricted	21,752	14,543	12,439	13,910	34,191	28,453		
Total Net Assets	\$ 448,260	\$ 444,444	\$ 180,976	\$ 176,142	\$ 629,236	\$ 620,586		

An additional portion of the City's net assets (4%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net assets* (5%) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The increase in Total Net Assets from the prior year is \$8.7 million, which is attributed to a decrease in liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

For the Years Ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 Amounts in (000's)

	Governmen	Governmental Activities Business-type		e Activities	tals		
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	
Revenues							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 12,183	\$ 10,356	\$ 35,189	\$ 35,923	\$ 47,372	\$ 46,279	
Operating grants and							
contributions	7,662	7,399	205	61	7,867	7,460	
Capital grants and							
contributions	18,843	10,330	8,118	4,215	26,961	14,545	
Property taxes	34,305	33,451			34,305	33,451	
Sales and use taxes	15,632	13,983			15,632	13,983	
Franchise taxes	5,670	5,605			5,670	5,605	
Investment earnings	92	157	68	116	160	273	
Other	1,510	1,909	443	9	1,953	1,918	
Total Revenues	95,897	83,190	44,023	40,324	139,920	123,514	
Expenses							
General Government	13,334	15,637			13,334	15,637	
Public Safety	27,403	23,057			27,403	23,057	
Public Works	28,510	31,348			28,510	31,348	
Community Services	4,267	3,350			4,267	3,350	
Parks and Recreation	9,264	8,043			9,264	8,043	
Interest on long-term debt	11,572	13,087			11,572	13,087	
Water and Sewer			29,392	29,194	29,392	29,194	
Solid Waste			7,528	7,285	7,528	7,285	
Total Expenses	94,350	94,522	36,920	36,479	131,270	131,001	
Increase (decrease) in net							
assets before transfers	1,547	(11,332)	7,103	3,845	8,650	(7,487)	
Transfers	2,269	1,475	(2,269)	(1,475)			
Increase in net assets	3,816	(9,857)	4,834	2,370	8,650	(7,487)	
Net assets - beginning	444,444	454,301	176,142	173,772	620,586	628,073	
Net assets - ending	\$ 448,260	\$ 444,444	\$ 180,976	\$ 176,142	\$ 629,236	\$ 620,586	

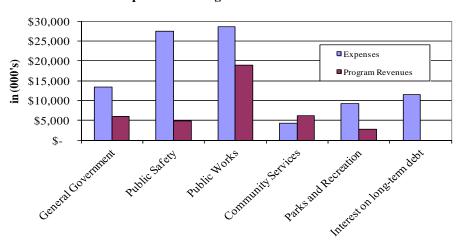
At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Net assets increased by \$8.7 million with the most significant change occurring in contributions for infrastructure by developers.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

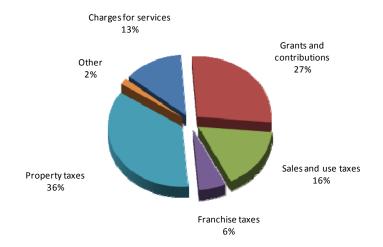
Governmental activities - Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$3.8 million, thereby accounting for 44% percent of the total increase in the net assets of the City. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Property taxes, sales and use taxes, and franchise taxes totaled \$34.3 million, \$15.6 million, and \$5.7 million respectively. These revenues increased by \$2.6 million from prior year primarily as a result of an increase in the debt service tax rate and increased consumer spending.
- Capital Contributions totaled \$18.8 million as a result of infrastructure contributed by developers.
- The revenues were offset by expenses for general government, public safety, and public works of \$13.3 million, \$27.4 million, and \$28.5 million respectively. In total, these expenses were relatively consistent with the prior year.
- The increase in net assets was also offset by interest expense on long-term debt of \$11.6 million, an increase of \$1.5 million from the prior year due to new issuances.



Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities

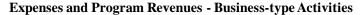
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

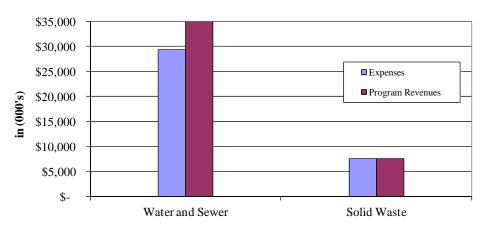


MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

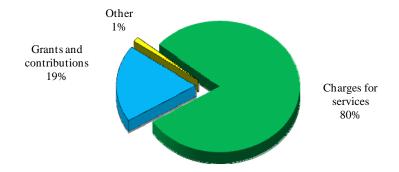
Business-type activities - Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$4.8 million. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Charges for services of \$35.2 million decreased approximately \$0.7 million over the prior year primarily due to an decrease in water and sewer consumption due to rainfall.
- Capital grants and contributions of \$8.1 million increased \$3.9 million from the prior year due to increased contributions from developers for impact fees.
- The revenues listed above were offset by expenses of \$29.4 million and \$7.5 million respectively for Water and Sewer and Solid Waste. Expenses for Water and Sewer increased from prior year by \$0.2 million mainly due to Kirby water well being down for repairs and the completion of Alice water plant.





Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information of near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The City's governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$40.8 million. A portion of the combined fund balance, or \$17.2 million, is unassigned and available for day-to-day operations of the City; \$13.8 million is restricted for capital projects; and the remaining balance is restricted for debt service and other programs.

There was a decrease in the combined fund balance of \$6.3 million from the prior year. The decrease in fund balance includes a decrease in the capital projects fund balance of approximately \$9.7 million due to draw down of bond proceed \$9.2 million, a decrease of \$0.2 million in the debt service fund balance, offset by a combined increase of approximately \$468,000 in the special revenue funds.

\$3.0 million increase in the General Fund is seen mainly in Charges for Services for TIRZ Administration fees and Recreation Center/Natatorium fees, the General Fund's fund balance totaled \$17.6 million at year end.

In the Capital Projects Fund, the City spent \$9.2 million on various improvement projects, leaving an ending fund balance of \$13.8 million.

Proprietary Funds - The City's business-type activities contain two activities (water and sewer, and solid waste). The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, there was a \$1.0 million increase in appropriations between the original and final amended budget. The increase in appropriations is attributable to carryover funding from prior-year encumbrances and projects and to reflect projections during the 2011-2012 budget process.

Budget estimates for revenues and other sources combined increased by approximately \$1.9 million for the year; also to reflect carryovers and revised projections. Actual revenues of \$49.4 million were \$1.2 million over the final budget mainly in sales and use tax and charges for services. Actual expenditures of \$48.5 million were under budget by \$3.0 million, resulting in the year-end fund balance of \$17.6 million over budget by \$3.1 million.

At year-end, equipment purchases and several projects were still in progress and part of the \$3.1 million will be carried over and reappropriated in the 2012-2013 budget year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets - At the end of fiscal year 2012, the City's governmental activities and business-type activities had invested \$695.7 million and \$266.3 million, respectively, in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure, as reflected in the following schedule. This represents a net decrease of (\$1.8)million, or -0.7 percent over the end of last fiscal year for the business-type activities capital assets and governmental activities capital assets stayed relatively flat.

	Governmental Activities		Business-Typ	oe Activities	Totals			
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011		
Land	\$ 28,409	\$ 28,409	\$ 3,610	\$ 3,610	\$ 32,018	\$ 32,018		
Construction in progress	23,120	32,868	5,419	24,891	28,539	57,759		
Infrastructure	573,752	564,903	199,511	179,648	773,263	744,551		
Buildings and improvements	64,378	63,351	27,898	28,615	92,277	91,966		
Machinery and equipment	6,043	6,224	1,243	1,299	7,286	7,523		
Contractual water rights			28,607	29,988	28,607	29,988		
Total Capital Assets	\$ 695,702	\$ 695,754	\$ 266,288	\$ 268,051	\$ 961,990	\$ 963,805		

Construction in progress at year-end represents numerous ongoing projects, the largest of which relate to street, drainage and water/sewer projects. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Long-Term Debt - At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonds, certificates of obligation, notes, capital leases, and post employment liabilities outstanding of \$432.1 million. Of this amount, \$239.3 million is composed of general obligation bonds, \$65.4 million is composed of certificates of obligation and \$109.3 million represents revenue bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources.

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Totals						
	2012	2011	2012		2012 2		2012 2011 2012		2012		2011	
General obligation bonds	\$ 224,170	\$ 207,105	\$	15,130	\$	9,730	\$	239,300	\$	216,835		
Deferred amount for issuance												
premium/(discount)	6,398	3,489		882		656		7,280		4,145		
Revenue bonds				109,305		113,270		109,305		113,270		
Certificates of obligation	65,425	91,150						65,425		91,150		
Capital leases payable	3,407	4,032		342		421		3,749		4,453		
Compensated absences	4,686	4,669		539		558		5,225		5,227		
Post employment benefit liability	1,535	1,204		282		224		1,817		1,428		
	\$ 305,621	\$ 311,649	\$	126,480	\$	124,859	\$	432,102	\$	436,508		

The City of Pearland's General Obligation and Certificates of Obligation debt for governmental activities decreased to \$289.6 million. The decrease is due to principal payments with no new monies issued. The City also refunded bonds of \$43.6 million, of which \$21.0 million was General Obligation bonds refunded, and \$22.4 million in Certificates of Obligation. The City's debt for business activities increased to \$126.5 million, a net increase of \$1.6 million from the previous year, which was a result of the addition of \$5.8 million in new Revenue Bonds offset by principal payments.

Current ratings on debt issues are as follows:

	Standard	
	and Poors	Fitch
General obligation bonds	AA-	AA
Revenue bonds	A A -	AA-

Both the Pearland Economic Development Corporation (PEDC) and the Development Authority of Pearland (DAP), component units of the City, have issued debt. The PEDC bonds are rated A1 from Moody's. The DAP bonds are rated A- by Standard and Poors. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 to the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

Two primary factors in the 2013 budget are the improving Houston area economy and the continued growth in population served by the City, which will include the annexation of Brazoria MUD No. 4 on December 31, 2012. The improving regional economy will result in substantially improved revenues in the coming fiscal year. Improved economic conditions will be most noticeable in two major revenue sources – sales tax and building permits. Sales tax revenue for FY 2012 was up 11% over FY 2011. The adopted budget for FY 2013 includes a total increase in sales tax of 5.4% over FY 2012 revenues. This increase assumes an overall increase in the dollar value of sales and also incorporates additional revenue from two major new sales tax producers, Sam's Club and Kelsey-Seybold. Building Permit revenue is also projected to maintain the strong levels that have developed during FY 2012. The FY 2012 Adopted Budget was based on an estimated 744 single-family permits. Due to the strengthening regional economy during the FY 2012, housing starts were 931. The FY 2013 Adopted Budget anticipates 1,142 singlefamily permits. Another economic factor that will impact revenues is an increase in property values of\$129 million or 2.6%, due to new construction. Values of existing residential properties have declined slightly over the past few years and indications are that residential property values will stay flat. The impact of new residential and commercial construction will more than offset home values for existing properties for 2013.

The budget incorporates an increase of 2 cents in the property tax rate. The entire increase is related to debt service. Of the total adopted tax rate of 70.51 cents per hundred dollars valuation, the operating tax rate remains at 21.51 cents per hundred dollars and the debt service tax rate is 49 cents. With this increase, the overall tax rate will have increased by 5.25 cents since the 2007 bond election. Prior to the election, voters were informed that approval of the bond propositions could result in a tax increase of 13 cents per hundred dollars of value. Another significant factor that impacts the adopted budget is a 7.1% increase in population. This increase in population results in increased services to meet the needs of the new residents. This projected increase in population is a combination of two factors – newly constructed homes and multifamily dwellings and the annexation of Brazoria MUD No. 4 on December 31, 2012. Charges for various services and permits were also reviewed as part of the budget process to determine their recovery for cost of service. As a result, increases in several charges and fees are included in the General Fund FY 2013 budget as well as \$330,227 in reductions.

Over the past 3 years, a total of \$4.4 million in General Fund budget reductions have been taken.

The Pearland City Council approved a \$58.6 million General Fund budget for FY 2013. This is a 13.7% increase from the FY 2012 adopted budget. The increase is mainly due to new positions added in FY 2013 and an average 3% pay increase for employees. The Water and Sewer fund is able to fund operations, debt service, and bond coverage requirements with no increase in rates. This is mainly attributable to efficient operations and transfers in from water and sewer impact fee funds used towards annual debt service payments.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of City's finances. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact Claire Bogard, Director of Finance, at 3519 Liberty Drive, Pearland, Texas 77581, or call (281) 652-1600. For general information, visit the City's website at www.cityofpearland.com.

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Basic Financial Statements

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

September 30, 2012

September 30, 2012				
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Discretely Presented Component Units
Assets	¢ 27,002,070	¢ 4.422.022	¢ 21.426.001	¢ 15 705 925
Cash and equivalents	\$ 27,003,079	\$ 4,422,922	\$ 31,426,001	\$ 15,705,835
Investments	14,024,006	6,051,442	20,075,448	2,002,459
Receivables, net of allowance	16 600 651	2 402 279	20,002,020	1 674 064
for uncollectibles	16,600,651	3,492,378	20,093,029	1,674,864
Due from other governmental agencies	768,652		768,652	
Inventories	134,720		134,720	20.425
Prepaid items	218,438	63,121	281,559	28,435
Restricted cash and investments		32,305,395	32,305,395	665,254
Deferred charges	8,507,030	1,827,653	10,334,683	607,575
Capital assets:				
Capital assets not subject				
to depreciation	51,528,815	9,028,352	60,557,167	3,220,907
Capital assets, net of				
accumulated depreciation	644,173,218	257,260,089	901,433,307	6,413,293
Total Capital Assets	695,702,033	266,288,441	961,990,474	9,634,200
Total Assets	762,958,609	314,451,352	1,077,409,961	30,318,622
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5,261,144	3,676,575	8,937,719	434,463
Due to other governmental agencies		91,350	91,350	
Accrued interest	1,004,536	435,835	1,440,371	227,370
Unearned revenues	2,616,994		2,616,994	
Customer deposits	195,698	2,791,112	2,986,810	38,333
Long-term liabilities				
Due within one year	10,705,778	4,895,325	15,601,103	3,600,000
Due in more than one year	294,915,760	121,584,984	416,500,744	69,250,043
Total Liabilities	314,699,910	133,475,181	448,175,091	73,550,209
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of				
related debt	410,077,968	158,715,983	568,793,951	(63,215,843)
Restricted for:	, ,	, ,	, ,	, , , ,
Capital improvements		8,689,520	8,689,520	
Debt service	11,223,863	1,131,525	12,355,388	437,884
Community development programs	4,502,287	-,,	4,502,287	19,546,372
Public safety	702,955		702,955	17,5 10,5 / 2
Unrestricted	21,751,626	12,439,143	34,190,769	
Total Net Assets	\$ 448,258,699	\$ 180,976,171	\$ 629,234,870	\$ (43,231,587)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

					Prog	ram Revenue		
			Charges for Ope		Ope	rating Grants	Capital Grants and	
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	and (Contributions	Co	ontributions
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$	13,333,899	\$		\$	6,045,268	\$	
Public Safety		27,402,713		4,205,641		711,306		
Public Works		28,509,730		42,991		52,538		18,742,786
Community Services		4,267,485		5,854,715		310,919		
Parks and Recreation		9,265,497		2,079,614		541,896		100,000
Interest on long-term debt		11,571,519						
Total Governmental Activities		94,350,843		12,182,961		7,661,927		18,842,786
Business-type activities:								
Water and Sewer		29,392,086		27,535,464		204,866		8,117,782
Solid Waste		7,527,713		7,653,933				
Total Business-Type Activities		36,919,799		35,189,397		204,866		8,117,782
Total Primary Government	\$	131,270,642	\$	47,372,358	\$	7,866,793	\$	26,960,568
Component Units: Pearland Economic Development			-					
Corporation	\$	3,042,464	\$	414,000	\$		\$	
Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #2		5,894,105						
Development Authority of Pearland		17,373,755						
Total Component Units	\$	26,310,324	\$	414,000	\$		\$	

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales and use taxes

Franchise taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in net assets **Net assets - beginning**

Net assets - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

		Primary Governmen	t			<u> </u>
G	overnmental	Business-type				
	Activities	Activities		Total	Cor	mponent Units
\$	(7,288,631)	\$	\$	(7,288,631)		
	(22,485,766)			(22,485,766)		
	(9,671,415)			(9,671,415)		
	1,898,149			1,898,149		
	(6,543,987)			(6,543,987)		
	(11,571,519)			(11,571,519)		
	(55,663,169)			(55,663,169)		
		6,466,026		6,466,026		
		126,220		126,220		
	(77.400.440)	6,592,246		6,592,246		
	(55,663,169)	6,592,246		(49,070,923)		
					ф	(2.629.464)
					\$	(2,628,464)
						(5,894,105)
						(17,373,755)
						(25,896,324)
	34,304,615			34,304,615		17,924,775
	15,631,576			15,631,576		7,337,389
	5,669,958			5,669,958		
	92,365	68,427		160,792		41,644
	1,510,310	442,794		1,953,104		44,353
	2,268,910	(2,268,910)				
	59,477,734	(1,757,689)		57,720,045		25,348,161
	3,814,565	4,834,557		8,649,122		(548,163)
	444,444,134	176,141,614		620,585,748		(42,683,424)
\$	448,258,699	\$ 180,976,171	\$	629,234,870	\$	(43,231,587)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2012

	General Fund	Debt Service	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,617,774	\$ 2,882,399	\$ 13,282,463	\$ 4,429,607	\$ 27,212,243
Investments	9,031,025	2,000,595	2,000,386	\$ 4,429,007	13,032,006
Receivables, net of allowance	7,031,023	2,000,575	2,000,300		13,032,000
for uncollectibles	5,725,094	10,377,470	4,642	482,213	16,589,419
Due from other governments	608,705	, ,	159,947	,	768,652
Due from other funds	168,548				168,548
Inventories	134,720				134,720
Prepaid items	48,222	166,894		3,322	218,438
Total Assets	\$ 22,334,088	\$ 15,427,358	\$ 15,447,438	\$ 4,915,142	\$ 58,124,026
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 1,446,733	\$ 166,894	\$ 1,671,475	\$ 237,844	\$ 3,522,946
Accrued expenditures	1,433,509				1,433,509
Deposits	195,698			4.50.740	195,698
Due to other funds	1 606 107	10.267.005		168,548	168,548
Deferred revenue	1,686,187 4,762,127	10,267,985	1,671,475	<u>6,463</u> 412,855	11,960,635 17,281,336
Total Liabilities	4,762,127	10,434,879	1,0/1,4/3	412,833	17,281,330
Fund balances: Non-spendable: Inventories Prepaid items Restricted for:	134,720 48,222	166,894		3,322	134,720 218,438
Debt service		4,825,585			4,825,585
Capital improvements Community development		, ,	13,775,963		13,775,963
programs Public safety				3,796,010 702,955	3,796,010 702,955
Assigned for:					
Encumbrances	167,016				167,016
Unassigned					
General fund	17,222,003	4.002.476	10.555.055	4 702 207	17,222,003
Total fund balances Total Liabilities and	17,571,961	4,992,479	13,775,963	4,502,287	40,842,690
Fund Balances	\$ 22,334,088	\$ 15,427,358	\$ 15,447,438	\$ 4,915,142	\$ 58,124,026

Total fund balance, governmental funds

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

September 30, 2012

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Assets.

695,702,033

40,842,690

\$

Certain other long-term assets (property taxes receivable and adjudicated court fines receivable) are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Assets.

9,343,641

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Assets.

Bonds and capital leases payable	(299,400,028)
Compensated absences	(4,686,124)
Accrued interest governmental activity debt	(1,004,536)
Estimated post employment benefit liability	(1,535,386)
Deferred bond issuance costs	8,507,030

The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Assets.

489,379

Net Assets of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets

\$ 448,258,699

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Comonal Evand	Dobt Coursing	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues	General Fund	Debt Service	Frojects Fullu	Fullus	runus		
Property taxes	\$ 10,861,341	\$ 23,500,454	\$	\$	\$ 34,361,795		
Sales and use taxes	14,814,936	Ψ 23,300,131	Ψ	816.640	15,631,576		
Franchise fees	5,669,958			146,988	5,816,946		
Licenses and permits	2,320,103			- 1 1 1 7 1 1 1	2,320,103		
Fines and forfeitures	3,164,068			209,967	3,374,035		
Charges for services	11,890,808			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	11,890,808		
Investment earnings	54,614	9,783	23,536	4,130	92,063		
Intergovernmental	,	,	1,851,938	1,419,488	3,271,426		
Other	623,824	796,087	482,784	455,800	2,358,495		
Total Revenues	49,399,652	24,306,324	2,358,258	3,053,013	79,117,247		
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government	8,241,509		172,191	449,174	8,862,874		
Public safety	25,168,443			193,972	25,362,415		
Public works	5,506,477			28,136	5,534,613		
Community services	3,861,520			384,262	4,245,782		
Parks and recreation	6,775,316			490,554	7,265,870		
Debt Service:							
Principal		9,373,377			9,373,377		
Interest and other charges		12,400,810			12,400,810		
Bond issuance costs							
Capital outlay			9,025,793	416,557	9,442,350		
Intergovernmental		3,992,293			3,992,293		
Total Expenditures	49,553,265	25,766,480	9,197,984	1,962,655	86,480,384		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	(153,613)	(1,460,156)	(6,839,726)	1,090,358	(7,363,137)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Issuance of debt		40.00 5.000			40.005.000		
Refunding bonds issued		49,805,000			49,805,000		
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent		(54,478,177)			(54,478,177)		
Bond premium		3,808,801			3,808,801		
Capital leases							
Transfers in	3,599,482	2,157,471	152,030		5,908,983		
Transfers out	(397,453)		(2,997,317)	(622,042)	(4,016,812)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,202,029	1,293,095	(2,845,287)	(622,042)	1,027,795		
Net change in fund balances	3,048,416	(167,061)	(9,685,013)	468,316	(6,335,342)		
Fund balances - beginning	14,523,545	5,159,540	23,460,976	4,033,971	47,178,032		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 17,571,961	\$ 4,992,479	\$ 13,775,963	\$ 4,502,287	\$ 40,842,690		

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ (6,335,342)
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period.	
This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$10,462,236 exceeded depreciation of \$27,702,583 in the current period.	(17,240,347)
Governmental funds report only the proceeds from the disposal of capital assets and not the difference between the carrying value and the accumulated depreciation of the asset. This is the amount by which the carrying value exceeded the accumulated depreciation. Capital assets net of related debt acquired as a result of in City development.	(105,786) 17,293,695
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned.	18,071
Governmental funds report bond proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental funds report repayment of bond principal as an expenditure, In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.	1,702,335
Governmental funds report bond issuance costs as expenditures. In contrast, the government wide financial statements amortized such a cost over the life of the bonds.	347,294
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Accrued interest not reflected in Governmental funds Amortization of bond issuance costs Capital lease activity Post employment benefit liability	56,248 8,657,350 (426,496) (348,491)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as property and liability insurance coverage and employee health benefits, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	196,034

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Change in net assets of governmental activities

3,814,565

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2012

	Business-type	Governmental Activities -		
	Water and Sewer	Solid Waste		Internal
	Fund	Fund	Total	Service Fund
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,481,057	\$ 941,865	\$ 4,422,922	\$ 782,836
Investments	6,051,442		6,051,442	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	2,779,458	712,920	3,492,378	11,232
Prepaid items	63,121		63,121	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	28,300,088		28,300,088	
Restricted investments	4,005,307		4,005,307	
Total current assets	44,680,473	1,654,785	46,335,258	794,068
Non-current assets:				
Deferred charges	1,827,653		1,827,653	
Capital assets:				
Land and improvements	3,609,542		3,609,542	
Construction in progress	5,418,810		5,418,810	
Contractual rights to water supply	34,511,428		34,511,428	
Infrastructure	280,739,923		280,739,923	
Buildings	31,256,473		31,256,473	
Machinery and equipment	3,465,029		3,465,029	
Less Accumulated depreciation	(92,712,764)		(92,712,764)	
Total non-current assets	268,116,094		268,116,094	
Total Assets	312,796,567	1,654,785	314,451,352	794,068
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,364,693	1,311,882	3,676,575	304,689
Accrued interest payable	435,835		435,835	
Due to other governments	91,350		91,350	
Customer deposits	2,791,112		2,791,112	
Compensated absences - current portion	88,945		88,945	
Bonds and certificates of obligation payable - current portion	4,725,000		4,725,000	
Capital lease - current portion	81,380		81,380	
Total current liabilities	10,578,315	1,311,882	11,890,197	304,689
Non-current liabilities:				
Compensated absences	449,933		449,933	
Capital lease obligation	260,984		260,984	
Other post-employment benefits	282,467		282,467	
Bonds and certificates of obligation payable	120,591,600		120,591,600	
Total non-current liabilities	121,584,984		121,584,984	
Total Liabilities	132,163,299	1,311,882	133,475,181	304,689
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	158,715,983		158,715,983	
Restricted for debt service	1,131,525		1,131,525	
Restricted for capital projects	8,689,520		8,689,520	
Unrestricted	12,096,240	342,903	12,439,143	489,379
Total Net Assets	\$ 180,633,268	\$ 342,903	\$ 180,976,171	\$ 489,379

$STATEMENT\ OF\ REVENUES,\ EXPENSES\ AND\ CHANGES\ IN\ FUND\ NET\ ASSETS$

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						vernmental ctivities -
	Wat	ter and Sewer Fund			Total	Inte	rnal Service Fund
Revenues							
Charges for services	\$	27,535,464	\$	7,653,933	\$ 35,189,397	\$	6,494,646
Operating Expenses							
Personnel services		4,790,448			4,790,448		
Supplies and materials		2,325,113			2,325,113		35,144
Contractual services		7,211,131		7,527,713	14,738,844		6,185,794
Repairs and maintenance		1,026,885			1,026,885		77,976
Other expenses		626,482			626,482		
Depreciation and amortization		8,564,822			8,564,822		
Total Operating Expenses		24,544,881		7,527,713	32,072,594		6,298,914
Operating income (loss)		2,990,583		126,220	3,116,803		195,732
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)							
Earnings on investments		68,050		377	68,427		303
Miscellaneous revenue (expense)		430,038			430,038		
Operating grants and contributions		204,866			204,866		
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		12,756			12,756		
Interest expense		(5,223,944)			(5,223,944)		
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		(4,508,234)		377	(4,507,857)		303
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		(1,517,651)		126,597	(1,391,054)		196,035
Capital contributions		8,117,782			8,117,782		
Transfers in		222,811			222,811		
Transfers out		(2,114,982)			(2,114,982)		
Change in net assets		4,707,960		126,597	4,834,557		196,035
Total net assets - beginning		175,925,308		216,306	176,141,614		293,344
Total net assets - ending	\$	180,633,268	\$	342,903	\$ 180,976,171	\$	489,379

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

		Business-type		vernmental Activities -			
	Wa	ter and Sewer	S	olid Waste		Inte	ernal Service
		Fund		Fund	Total		Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	Φ.	25 550 140	Φ.	T	A 25 202 022	Φ.	< 40 7 424
Receipts from customers and users	\$	27,578,140	\$	7,625,682	\$ 35,203,822	\$	6,487,121
Disbursed for personnel services		(4,782,920)		(0.501.402)	(4,782,920)		(6.047.156)
Disbursed for goods and services		(11,622,829)		(8,581,492)	(20,204,321)		(6,247,156)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		11,172,391		(955,810)	10,216,581		239,965
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities							
Transfers from funds		222,811			222,811		(61,095)
Transfers to other funds		(2,114,982)			(2,114,982)		(0-,05-)
Operating grants and contributions		204,866			204,866		
Net cash provided by (used by) noncapital							
financing activities		(1,687,305)			(1,687,305)		(61,095)
mancing activities		(1,087,303)			(1,087,303)		(01,093)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	s						
Proceeds from the sale of equipment		12,756			12,756		
Capital grants and contributions		6,041,758			6,041,758		
Proceeds from the issuance of debt		14,900,000			14,900,000		
Principal payments on debt		(13,465,000)			(13,465,000)		
Interest paid		(5,223,944)			(5,223,944)		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(7,644,628)			(7,644,628)		
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(5,379,058)			(5,379,058)		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities							
Purchase of investments		2,040,257			2,040,257		
Interest received		68,050		377	68,427		303
Net cash provided by (used by) investing activities		2,108,307		377	2,108,684		303
Net cash provided by (used by) investing activities		2,100,307		311	2,100,004		303
Net increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents		6,214,335		(955,433)	5,258,902		179,173
Cash and equivalents, beginning		25,566,810		1,897,298	27,464,108		603,663
Cash and equivalents, segmining	\$	31,781,145	\$	941,865	\$ 32,723,010	\$	782,836
	Ψ	21,701,110		7.1,000			, 02,000
Unrestricted cash and equivalents	\$	3,481,057	\$	941,865	\$ 4,422,922	\$	782,836
Restricted cash and equivalents		28,300,088	•	, , , , , ,	28,300,088		,
1	\$	31,781,145	\$	941,865	\$ 32,723,010	\$	782,836

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							vernmental ctivities -
		er and Sewer Fund	Solid Waste Fund		Total		Internal Service Funds	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	2,990,583	\$	126,220	\$	3,116,803	\$	195,732
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:								
Depreciation		8,564,822				8,564,822		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(222,682)		(28,251)		(250,933)		(7,525)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		49,740				49,740		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(482,958)		(1,053,779)		(1,536,737)		51,758
Increase (decrease) in salaries payable		7,528				7,528		
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		265,358				265,358		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	11,172,391	\$	(955,810)	\$	10,216,581	\$	239,965
Summary of non-cash transactions Contributed capital assets	\$	2,076,024	\$		\$	2,076,024	\$	

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES September 30, 2012

	Pearland Economic Development Corporation			x Increment investment Zone #2	Development Authority of Pearland	Total Component Units		
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,562,003	\$	4,655,490	\$ 1,488,342	\$	15,705,835	
Investments		2,002,459					2,002,459	
Receivables - less allowance		1 21 1 0 5 1			2 50 000		4 4 4	
for uncollectibles		1,314,864			360,000		1,674,864	
Due from primary government								
Prepaid items		28,435					28,435	
Restricted cash		665,254			2== 0.1 =		665,254	
Deferred charges		329,660			277,915		607,575	
Capital assets not subject		2 220 007					2 220 007	
to depreciation		3,220,907					3,220,907	
Capital assets net of		6 412 202					6 412 202	
accumulated depreciation		6,413,293		4 655 400	 0.106.057		6,413,293	
Total Assets		23,536,875		4,655,490	 2,126,257		30,318,622	
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued								
expenses		72,986		361,444	33		434,463	
Accrued interest		93,983		301,444	133,385		227,368	
Customer deposits		38,333			155,565		38,333	
Non-current liabilities:		30,333					30,333	
Due within one year		883,565			2,720,000		3,603,565	
Due in more than one year		23,725,351			45,521,127		69,246,478	
Total Liabilities		24,814,218		361,444	 48,374,545	_	73,550,207	
					10,011,010			
Net Assets								
Invested in capital assets, net of related								
debt		(14,974,716)			(48,241,127)		(63,215,843)	
Restricted - debt service		571,271			(133,385)		437,886	
Restricted - economic development		13,126,102		4,294,046	2,126,224		19,546,372	
Total Net Assets	\$	(1,277,343)	\$	4,294,046	\$ (46,248,288)	\$	(43,231,585)	

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

				Program Revenues		N	let (1	Expense) and C	han	nges in Net Asse	ets	
Functions/Programs Component Units:		Expenses	Cł	narges for Services]	Pearland Economic evelopment	Ta	nx Increment einvestment Zone #2	L	Development Authority of Pearland		Totals
Pearland Economic Development Corporation Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #2	\$	3,042,464 5,894,105	\$	414,000	\$	(2,628,464)	\$	(5,894,105)	\$		\$	(2,628,464) (5,894,105)
Development Authority of Pearland	\$	17,373,755 26,310,324	\$	414,000		(2,628,464)		(5,894,105)		(17,373,755) (17,373,755)		(17,373,755) (25,896,324)
General Revenues: Taxes: Property taxes Sales and use tax Unrestricted investm Miscellaneous Transfers between co					\$	7,337,389 34,161 44,353	\$	17,924,775 5,844 (12,016,051)	\$	1,641 12,016,051	\$	17,924,775 7,337,389 41,646 44,353
Total General Revent Change in net assets Net assets, beginning Net assets, ending	ues a	and Transfers			\$	7,415,903 4,787,439 (6,064,782) (1,277,343)	\$	5,914,568 20,463 4,273,583 4,294,046	\$	12,017,692 (5,356,063) (40,892,225) (46,248,288)	\$	25,348,163 (548,161) (42,683,424) (43,231,585)

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Pearland, Texas (the "City") was incorporated in December 1959 and adopted a "Home Rule Charter" February 6, 1971. The Charter, as amended, provides for a Council-Manager form of government and provides services authorized by its charter. Presently, these services include police, fire and emergency medical, water and sewer services, drainage, sanitation, building and code inspection, planning, zoning, engineering, street repair and maintenance, park maintenance, recreational activities for citizens, and general administrative services. Fire protection is provided through a combination full-time/volunteer part-time/volunteer department. The City is governed by an elected mayor and five-member Council.

The Mayor and all members are elected at large. The Mayor is allowed to vote only in case of a tie vote. The Mayor and each Council member hold office for a period of three years and until his/her successor is elected and qualified. Council members shall be limited to two full consecutive terms of office and there is no limitation on the office of the Mayor. The City Manager is appointed by Council and is responsible for implementation of Council policy, execution of the laws, and all day-to-day operations of the City.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City is an independent political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected council and a mayor and is considered a primary government. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements have been prepared based on considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of component units, which are other entities or organizations that are financially accountable to the City. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government. Based on these considerations, the City's financial statements include the following discretely presented component units: the Pearland Economic Development Corporation (PEDC); the Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ #2); and the Development Authority of Pearland (DAP). No other entities have been included in the City's reporting entity. Additionally, as the City is considered a primary government for financial reporting purposes, its activities are not considered a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity.

Considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions in the City's financial reporting entity are based on criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. These same criteria are evaluated in considering whether the City is a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. The overriding elements associated with prescribed criteria considered in determining that the City's financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are that it has a separately elected Governing body; it is legally separate; and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Additionally prescribed criteria under generally accepted accounting principles include: considerations pertaining to organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and considerations pertaining to other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City. The component units do not issue separate financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units:

Pearland Economic Development Corporation (PEDC)

In 1995, the citizens of Pearland established the Pearland Economic Development Corporation (PEDC) to help the citizens and public officials of Pearland attract new businesses and to help existing businesses to expand. The mechanism to fund the operations of the corporation is through a sales tax levy at a rate of one-half of one percent (1/2%). The PEDC is fiscally dependent upon the primary government because, besides appointing the Board, the City Council also must approve the PEDC's budget and any debt issuances.

Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ #2)

In 1998, the Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ #2) was established for a period of 30 years or until dissolved by the City. The TIRZ #2 provides tax-assisted property development and/or redevelopment in specific geographic areas in accordance with applicable state laws. Besides appointing Board members, the City Council must also approve any debt issuances done on behalf of the TIRZ. A major land owner within the City of Pearland sits on the Board of Directors for the TIRZ #2.

Development Authority of Pearland

In 2004, the City created the Development Authority of Pearland to provide financing for the development of the TIRZ #2. Proceeds from bond sales are to be used to reimburse developers and fund a debt service reserve. Besides appointing Board members, the City Council must also approve any debt issuances done on behalf of the Development Authority.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Changes in Net Assets) report information about the City as a whole. These statements include all activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's business-type and governmental funds. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements and all proprietary funds are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these activities are included on the statements of net assets. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. Furniture and equipment capitalized in the Proprietary Fund Types are valued at cost.

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on a *current financial resources measurement focus* and *modified accrual basis of accounting*. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means that the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise fees, charges for services and interest on temporary investments. Other receipts become measurable and available when cash is received by the government and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Under modified accrual accounting, expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is presented which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to reconcile fund-based financial statements with the governmental column of the government-wide presentation.

In the fund financial statements, the accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Following is a description of the various funds:

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions are typically financed. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is used to account for all financial transactions not properly includable in other funds. The principal sources of revenues include local property taxes, sales and franchise taxes, licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, and charges for services. Expenditures include general government, administrative services, public works, parks and recreation, community development, and public safety.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on all general obligation bonds and other governmental long-term debt of the City. The primary source of revenue for debt service is local property taxes. The Debt Service Fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

The *Capital Projects Fund* is used to account for the expenditures of resources accumulated on a pay-as-you go basis and the sale of bonds and related interest earnings for capital improvement projects. The Capital Projects Fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

The City's Business type activities consist of the following funds:

The *Enterprise Funds* are used to account for the operations that provide water and sewer utility services as well as solid waste collection services to the public. The services are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis will be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Additionally, the city maintains an *Internal Service Fund* used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. Services provided by the Internal Service Funds include property and liability insurance coverage and employee health benefits. The Internal Service Fund is included in governmental activities for government-wide reporting purposes.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. All assets, liabilities, equities, revenues, expenses and transfers relating to the government's business activities are accounted for through proprietary funds. The measurement focus is on determination of net income, financial position and cash flows. Operating revenues include charges for services. Operating expenses include costs of materials, contracts, personnel and depreciation. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 20, the City has elected to follow GASB statements issued after November 30, 1989, rather than the Financial Accounting Standards Board, in accounting for enterprise funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenue reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's Enterprise Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expense.

D. Fund Balance Working Capital Policies

As of these financial statements, the City has adopted GASB Statement No. 54, which redefined how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the City Charter, City Code, State or Federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed – Amounts than can be used only for specific purposes determined by ordinances passed by City Council, the City's highest level of decision making authority. Commitments may be modified or rescinded only through ordinances approved by City Council.

Assigned – Amounts that are intended to be used for a specific purposes, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. Under the City's policy, amounts can be assigned by the City's Director of Finance.

Unassigned – All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

The City Council has authorized the Director of Finance as the official authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose. The City shall maintain the fund balance and working capital of the various operating funds at the following levels:

General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance

The City shall maintain the General Fund unassigned fund balance equivalent to 2 months of recurring operating expenditures, based on current year expenditures. If the fund balance exceeds this amount, funding non-recurring expenditures in the following fiscal year may be used to draw down the balance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Fund Balance Working Capital Policies (continued)

Water/Sewer Unreserved Working Capital

The City shall maintain a working capital sufficient to provide for reserves for emergencies and revenue shortfalls. A cash equivalent operating reserve will be established and maintained at 25% of the current year's budget appropriation for recurring operating expenses.

The cash operating reserve is derived by dividing the total cash equivalents balance by recurring operating expenses.

Use of Fund Balance/Working Capital

Fund balance/Working Capital shall only be used for emergencies, non-recurring expenditures/expenses or major capital purchases that cannot be accommodated through current year savings. Should such use reduce balances below the level established as the objective for that fund, restoration recommendations will accompany the request/decision to utilize said balances.

Debt Service Fund Total Fund Balance

The City shall maintain the debt service fund balance at 10% of annual debt service requirements OR a fund balance reserve as required by bond ordinances, whichever is greater.

Property Insurance Fund Unrestricted Net Assets

The Property Insurance Fund accounts for uninsured and deductible claims for the City's property and liability insurance. Claims cannot be reasonably predicted and budgeted for; therefore the fund will maintain a balance that approximates the prior average annual expense for the last three years, excluding extra-ordinary expenses in the fund.

Employee Benefits Fund Unrestricted Net Assets

The Employee Benefits Fund is funded through City and employee contributions. Estimated costs shall be determined during each budget year and the contributions adjusted accordingly. There is no minimum balance for this fund.

Economic Development Corporation

As sales tax revenue fluctuates due to changes in economic conditions, the PEDC shall maintain a fund balance of no less than 10% of budgeted sales tax revenues.

Water/Sewer Revenue Debt Coverage Reserves

Revenues shall be maintained at 1.15 times coverage in a fiscal year where the water/sewer fund is not issuing additional debt and 1.4 times coverage in a year where debt is anticipated to be issued.

Bond Issuance Reserves

Debt service reserves should be maintained for each bond issue as required by bond covenants.

Contingency Fund

Pursuant to the City Charter, a provision shall be made within the annual budget for a contingency fund in an amount not more than seven percent of the total budget (General Fund) to be used in case of unforeseen items of expenditure.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the Proprietary Fund Types consider temporary investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The City pools cash resources of its various funds to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled cash accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing accounts and securities and disclosed as part of the City's investments.

The City pools excess cash of the various individual funds to purchase these investments. These pooled investments are reported in the combined balance sheet as Investments in each fund based on each fund's share of the pooled investments. Interest income is allocated to each respective individual fund, monthly, based on their respective share of investments in the pooled investments.

F. Investments

Investments consist of United States (U.S.) Government Agency securities. The City reports all investments at fair value based on quoted market prices at year-end date.

G. Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value, and where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 120 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles.

H. Due to and Due from Other Funds

Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which the transactions are executed. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" (or "due from component unit/primary government" or "due to component unit/primary government" if the transactions are between the primary government and its component unit). Interfund receivables and payables which are not expected to be paid within 12 months are classified as loans from/loans to other funds, component units, or primary government.

I. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventory, which consists of fuel and auto parts for use in the City's vehicles, is stated at cost (first-in, first-out method). Expenditures are recognized as the fuel and auto parts are consumed rather when purchased.

J. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund revenue bonds and certain resources set aside for their repayment are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Certain resources are also set aside for repayment of Pearland Economic Development Corporation Bonds and are reported as restricted assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of three years or more. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Asset	Years
Buildings and improvements	10-45
Machinery and equipment	3-15
Infrastructure	10-50

L. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, sick and holiday pay benefits.

Employees hired prior to October 1, 2005, earn vacation leave at the rate of 15 days per year from 1 to 15 years of service, 20 days per year for service of 16 to 19 years, and 25 days per year for service of 20 years or more. Employees, who are not classified and are hired after October 1, 2005, earn vacation at a rate of 10 days per year from 1-6 years of service, 15 days per year for 7-15 years of service and 20 days for 16 and over years of service. Effective October 1, 2005, employees are no longer able to carry over unused vacation from one year to the next with the exception of police department personnel in classified positions. Employees are required to use their vacation in the year it is earned. Employees who are unable to use their vacation due to departmental scheduling or staffing problems, may, with the City Manager's approval, receive compensation for half of the remaining balance up to a maximum of forty (40) hours.

City employees receive 11 paid holidays per year. Employees required to work on a City-observed holiday may be paid or may elect to receive compensatory time off for the holiday. Overtime is earned at one and one-half times the regular rate of pay for non-exempt employees. Employees may be paid or receive compensatory time. The maximum accrual for overtime is 60 hours, except for employees involved in public safety, who can accrue up to 120 hours.

All sick leave benefits are accumulated and paid to employees upon separation from the City not to exceed 720 hours for employees hired prior to July 24, 2006, and 360 hours for employees hired after. Vacation, sick and holiday pay benefits are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

M. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

N. Comparative Data and Reclassifications

Comparative data for the prior year have been presented in certain sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the City's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with current year's presentation.

Note 2 - Deposits (Cash) and Investments

Authorization for Deposits and Investments

The Texas Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA), as prescribed in Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code, regulates deposits and investment transactions of the City.

In accordance with applicable statutes, the City has a depository contract with an area bank (depository) providing for interest rates to be earned on deposited funds and for banking charges the City incurs for banking services received. The City may place funds with the depository in interest and non-interest bearing accounts. State law provides that collateral pledged as security for bank deposits must have a market value of not less than the amount of the deposits and must consist of: (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (3) other obligations, the principal and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas; and/or (4) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent. City policy requires the collateralization level to be at least 102% of market value of principal and accrued interest.

The Council has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of City funds as required by the Public Funds Investment Act (Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code). The investments of the City are in compliance with the City's investment policy. The City's investment policy is more restrictive than the PFIA requires. It is the City's policy to restrict its direct investments to obligations of the U.S. Government or U.S. Government Agencies, fully collateralized certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, mutual funds, repurchase agreements and local government investment pools. The maximum maturity allowed is three years from date of purchase. The City's investment policy does not allow investments in collateralized mortgage obligations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 2 - Deposits (Cash) and Investments (continued)

Deposit and Investment Amounts

The City's cash and investments are classified as: cash and cash equivalents, investments, and restricted cash and investments. The cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits with financial institutions, and short-term investments, which have maturities at purchase of less than three months, consisting mainly of certificates of deposit. The restricted cash and investments are assets restricted for specific use. The restricted cash and investments include cash on deposit with financial institutions. For better management of cash, the City pools the cash, based on the City's needs, into either bank/sweep accounts, or in longer-term investments in U.S. Government Securities. However, each fund's balance of cash and investments is maintained in the books of the City.

The deposit and investment policies for the Pearland Economic Development Corporation, TIRZ No. 2 and Development Authority of Pearland are substantially the same as the City.

The following schedule shows the City's recorded cash and investments at year-end:

		Total Fair Value					
	Primary			Component			
	G	overnment	Units				
Cash deposits	\$	55,706,673	\$	16,371,089			
Temporary Investments							
FFCB discount note		5,004,430		1,000,555			
FHLB discount note		6,055,222		1,001,904			
FHLMC discount note		5,005,182					
FNMA discount note		12,035,337					
	\$	83,806,844	\$	18,373,548			

Quoted market prices are the basis of the fair value for U.S. Treasury and Agency securities. The amount of increase or decrease in the fair value of investments during the current year is included in the City's investment income as follows:

	P	Primary	Component				
	Go	vernment	Units				
Interest income	\$	136,749	\$	38,899			
Unrealized gain (loss) on							
temporary investments		24,043		2,745			
Investment earnings	\$	160,792	\$	41,644			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 2 - Deposits (Cash) and Investments (continued)

Interest Rate Risk

At year-end, the City had the following investments subject to interest rate risk disclosure, under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles:

		Primary Go	vernment	Component Units			
	_ Tot	al Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (days)	Tota	al Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (days)	
Temporary Investments		_					
FFCB discount note	\$	5,004,430	549	\$	1,000,555	509	
FHLB discount note		6,055,222	135		1,001,904	600	
FHLMC discount note		5,005,182	346				
FNMA discount note		12,035,337	203				
	\$	28,100,171		\$	2,002,459		
Portfolio weighted average maturity			275			555	

The City's investment policy specifies a maximum weighted average maturity for the portfolio of 547.5 days or 18 months based on the stated maturity date of the investments. When including cash investments the weighted average maturity for the primary government is 107 days and for the component units is 124 days.

To the extent possible, the City attempts to match investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. The City does not directly invest in securities with a stated maturity date more than three years or 1,095 days from date of purchase. The settlement date is considered the date of purchase.

Concentration of Credit Risk

With the exception of U.S. Treasury Securities and interest-bearing checking accounts that are fully collateralized, no more than 75 percent of the City's total investment portfolio will be invested in a single security type. As of September 30, 2012, the City had investments in U.S. Agency securities that exceeded five percent of the total investment portfolio at year-end.

		Primary Gov	ernment		Component Units			
			Percentage of			Percentage of		
			Total			Total		
			Investment			Investment		
Investment Type	Tot	al Fair Value	Portfolio	Tota	l Fair Value	Portfolio		
FFCB discount note	\$	5,004,430	18%	\$	1,000,555	50%		
FHLB discount note		6,055,222	21%		1,001,904	50%		
FHLMC discount note		5,005,182	18%					
FNMA discount note		12,035,337	43%					
Total	\$	28,100,171	100%	\$	2,002,459	100%		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 2 - Deposits (Cash) and Investments (continued)

Credit Risk

Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal Farm Credit Bank and the Federal National Mortgage Association Discount Notes were rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's, AAA by Fitch Ratings, and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service.

All credit ratings meet acceptable levels required by guidelines prescribed by both the PFIA and the City's investment policy. A public fund investment pool must be continuously rated no lower than AAA or AAAm or no lower than investment grade by at least one nationally-recognized rating service and have a weighted average maturity no greater than 90 days. Investments with minimum required ratings do not qualify as authorized investments during the period the investment does not have the minimum rating.

Restricted Assets

The Enterprise Funds have restricted certain cash and investments for customer deposits, reserve and emergency expenditures, capital improvements, cash restricted for others, and revenue bond debt service. Because of certain bond covenants, the Enterprise Fund is required to maintain prescribed amounts of resources that can be used only to service outstanding debt. Some of the proceeds from debt or from funds received from acquisition of Municipal Utility Districts are restricted for use on capital projects

	Primary			Component			
	G	overnment	Units				
Revenue bond debt service	\$	1,567,360	\$	665,254			
Customer deposits		2,813,050					
Capital improvements		27,924,985					
Total	\$	32,305,395	\$	665,254			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 3 - Receivables

Receivables at September 30, 2012, consisted of the following:

Primary Government:

Governmental Funds:

	General Fund		D	ebt Service Fund	Capital ects Fund	Other Non-Major Funds		Total
Receivables								
Property taxes, including								
penalties and interest	\$	563,152	\$	885,335	\$	\$		\$ 1,448,487
Lease receivable				9,508,179				9,508,179
Sales and other taxes		3,792,071					31,558	3,823,629
Fines and forfeitures		849,821						849,821
Interest		26,369		1,342	4,642		387	32,740
Other		504,776					450,268	955,044
Allowance for								
uncollectibles		(11,095)		(17,386)				 (28,481)
	\$	5,725,094	\$	10,377,470	\$ 4,642	\$	482,213	\$ 16,589,419

Proprietary Funds:

	V	Vater and					
	S	Sewer Fund		Waste Fund	Total		
Receivables							
Customer accounts	\$	2,771,892	\$	777,439	\$	3,549,331	
Interest		43,363				43,363	
Other		65,937				65,937	
Allowance for							
uncollectibles		(101,734)		(64,519)		(166,253)	
	\$	2,779,458	\$	712,920	\$	3,492,378	

Component Units:

Pearland Economic Development Corporation		Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Developments	Au	thority of		Total		
\$	1,305,787	\$	\$		\$	1,305,787		
	6,275					6,275		
	2,802			360,000		362,802		
\$	1,314,864	\$	\$	360,000	\$	1,674,864		
	De Co	Development Corporation \$ 1,305,787 6,275 2,802	Economic Development Zone Developments \$ 1,305,787	Economic Development Zone Developments Properties 2,802	Economic Development Zone Development Corporation Developments Pearland \$ 1,305,787 \$ \$ \$ 6,275 \$ 2,802 \$ 360,000	Economic Development Zone Development Authority of Pearland \$ 1,305,787 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 6,275 \$ \$ 2,802 \$ 360,000		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 3 - Receivables (continued)

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable			Unearned
Delinquent property taxes receivable - general fund	\$	498,094	\$	
Delinquent property taxes receivable - debt service fund		759,806		
Lease revenues-principal		7,235,920		
Municipal fines and forfeitures		849,821		
Lease interest revenues				2,272,259
Grants and revenues prior to meeting all eligibility requirements				344,735
Total Deferred Revenue for Governmental Funds	\$	9,343,641	\$	2,616,994

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. The Central Appraisal District ("CAD") of Brazoria County, Harris County, and Fort Bend County, Texas, establishes appraised values. Taxes are levied by the City Council based on the appraised values and operating needs of the City. The City contracts billing and collection of tax levies with the Brazoria County Tax Assessor-Collector.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 4 - Capital Assets

A summary of changes in the primary government's capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2012, follows:

	Balance September 30, 2011	Primary Go	(Decreases)	Balance September 30, 2012
Governmental Activities			(Decreases)	
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 28,408,628	\$	\$	\$ 28,408,628
Construction in progress	32,867,609	8,312,244	(18,059,666)	23,120,187
Total capital assets not being depreciated	61,276,237	8,312,244	(18,059,666)	51,528,815
Other capital assets:				
Infrastructure	771,888,616	32,315,680		804,204,296
Buildings and improvements	76,671,106	3,821,113		80,492,219
Machinery and equipment	15,396,213	1,339,442	(734,542)	16,001,113
Furniture and fixtures				
Total other capital assets	863,955,935	37,476,235	(734,542)	900,697,628
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(206,986,038)	(23,466,433)		(230,452,471)
Buildings and improvements	(13,319,668)	(2,794,104)		(16,113,772)
Machinery and equipment	(9,171,994)	(1,442,049)	655,876	(9,958,167)
Furniture and fixtures				
Total accumulated depreciation	(229,477,700)	(27,702,586)	655,876	(256,524,410)
Other capital assets, net	634,478,235	9,773,649	(78,666)	644,173,218
Totals	\$ 695,754,472	\$ 18,085,893	\$ (18,138,332)	\$ 695,702,033
	Balance September 30, 2011	Increases	(Decreases)	Balance September 30, 2012
Business-type Activities	September 30,	Increases	(Decreases)	September 30,
Capital assets not being depreciated:	September 30, 2011			September 30, 2012
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles	September 30, 2011 \$ 3,609,542	\$	\$	September 30, 2012 \$ 3,609,542
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress	\$ 3,609,542 24,891,393	\$ 4,432,206	\$ (23,904,789)	September 30, 2012 \$ 3,609,542 5,418,810
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	September 30, 2011 \$ 3,609,542	\$	\$	September 30, 2012 \$ 3,609,542
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets:	\$ 3,609,542 24,891,393 28,500,935	\$ 4,432,206 4,432,206	\$ (23,904,789)	\$ 3,609,542 5,418,810 9,028,352
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system	\$ 3,609,542 24,891,393 28,500,935	\$ 4,432,206	\$ (23,904,789)	\$ 3,609,542 5,418,810 9,028,352 280,739,923
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements	\$ 3,609,542 24,891,393 28,500,935 254,701,621 31,256,473	\$ 4,432,206 4,432,206 26,038,302	\$ (23,904,789) (23,904,789)	\$ 3,609,542 5,418,810 9,028,352 280,739,923 31,256,473
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 3,609,542 24,891,393 28,500,935 254,701,621 31,256,473 3,334,000	\$ 4,432,206 4,432,206	\$ (23,904,789)	\$ 3,609,542 5,418,810 9,028,352 280,739,923 31,256,473 3,465,028
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Contractual water rights	\$ 3,609,542 24,891,393 28,500,935 254,701,621 31,256,473 3,334,000 34,511,428	\$ 4,432,206 4,432,206 26,038,302 236,959	\$ (23,904,789) (23,904,789) (105,931)	\$ 3,609,542 5,418,810 9,028,352 280,739,923 31,256,473 3,465,028 34,511,428
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Contractual water rights Total other capital assets	\$ 3,609,542 24,891,393 28,500,935 254,701,621 31,256,473 3,334,000	\$ 4,432,206 4,432,206 26,038,302	\$ (23,904,789) (23,904,789)	\$ 3,609,542 5,418,810 9,028,352 280,739,923 31,256,473 3,465,028
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Contractual water rights Total other capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for:	\$ 3,609,542 24,891,393 28,500,935 254,701,621 31,256,473 3,334,000 34,511,428 323,803,522	\$ 4,432,206 4,432,206 26,038,302 236,959 26,275,261	\$ (23,904,789) (23,904,789) (105,931)	\$ 3,609,542 5,418,810 9,028,352 280,739,923 31,256,473 3,465,028 34,511,428 349,972,852
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Contractual water rights Total other capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for: Water and sewer system	\$ 3,609,542 24,891,393 28,500,935 254,701,621 31,256,473 3,334,000 34,511,428 323,803,522 (75,053,176)	\$ 4,432,206 4,432,206 26,038,302 236,959 26,275,261 (6,175,936)	\$ (23,904,789) (23,904,789) (105,931)	\$ 3,609,542 5,418,810 9,028,352 280,739,923 31,256,473 3,465,028 34,511,428 349,972,852 (81,229,112)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Contractual water rights Total other capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements	\$ 3,609,542 24,891,393 28,500,935 254,701,621 31,256,473 3,334,000 34,511,428 323,803,522 (75,053,176) (2,641,808)	\$ 4,432,206 4,432,206 26,038,302 236,959 26,275,261 (6,175,936) (716,274)	\$ (23,904,789) (23,904,789) (105,931) (105,931)	\$ 3,609,542 5,418,810 9,028,352 280,739,923 31,256,473 3,465,028 34,511,428 349,972,852 (81,229,112) (3,358,082)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Contractual water rights Total other capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 3,609,542 24,891,393 28,500,935 254,701,621 31,256,473 3,334,000 34,511,428 323,803,522 (75,053,176) (2,641,808) (2,035,386)	\$ 4,432,206 4,432,206 26,038,302 236,959 26,275,261 (6,175,936) (716,274) (292,154)	\$ (23,904,789) (23,904,789) (105,931)	\$ 3,609,542 5,418,810 9,028,352 280,739,923 31,256,473 3,465,028 34,511,428 349,972,852 (81,229,112) (3,358,082) (2,221,609)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Contractual water rights Total other capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Contractual water rights	\$ 3,609,542 24,891,393 28,500,935 254,701,621 31,256,473 3,334,000 34,511,428 323,803,522 (75,053,176) (2,641,808) (2,035,386) (4,523,503)	\$ 4,432,206 4,432,206 26,038,302 236,959 26,275,261 (6,175,936) (716,274) (292,154) (1,380,457)	\$ (23,904,789) (23,904,789) (105,931) (105,931)	\$ 3,609,542 5,418,810 9,028,352 280,739,923 31,256,473 3,465,028 34,511,428 349,972,852 (81,229,112) (3,358,082) (2,221,609) (5,903,960)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Contractual water rights Total other capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Contractual water rights Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 3,609,542 24,891,393 28,500,935 254,701,621 31,256,473 3,334,000 34,511,428 323,803,522 (75,053,176) (2,641,808) (2,035,386) (4,523,503) (84,253,873)	\$ 4,432,206 4,432,206 26,038,302 236,959 26,275,261 (6,175,936) (716,274) (292,154) (1,380,457) (8,564,821)	\$ (23,904,789) (23,904,789) (105,931) (105,931)	\$ 3,609,542 5,418,810 9,028,352 280,739,923 31,256,473 3,465,028 34,511,428 349,972,852 (81,229,112) (3,358,082) (2,221,609) (5,903,960) (92,712,763)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Contractual water rights Total other capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Contractual water rights	\$ 3,609,542 24,891,393 28,500,935 254,701,621 31,256,473 3,334,000 34,511,428 323,803,522 (75,053,176) (2,641,808) (2,035,386) (4,523,503)	\$ 4,432,206 4,432,206 26,038,302 236,959 26,275,261 (6,175,936) (716,274) (292,154) (1,380,457)	\$ (23,904,789) (23,904,789) (105,931) (105,931)	\$ 3,609,542 5,418,810 9,028,352 280,739,923 31,256,473 3,465,028 34,511,428 349,972,852 (81,229,112) (3,358,082) (2,221,609) (5,903,960)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 4 - Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation was charged to programs as follows:

General government	\$	479,575
Public safety		1,894,167
Public works		22,951,248
Community services		178,278
Parks and recreation		2,199,318
Total Governmental Activity	\$	27,702,586
W	Φ.	0.564.001
Water and sewer	\$	8,564,821
Total Business-Type Activity	\$	8,564,821

The City had active construction projects as of September 30, 2012. The projects included various improvements to streets, drainage and facilities as well as and water and sewer improvements. At yearend, the City's contractual commitments on projects were as follows:

Project Description	Total In Progress		C	<u>ommitment</u>
Drainage Improvement	\$	15,268,041	\$	5,328,936
Building Improvements		1,037,908		2,868,262
Street Improvement		5,930,085		7,608,379
Park Improvements		884,153		86,584
Water and Sewer Improvements		5,418,810		19,467,693
Totals	\$	28,538,997	\$	35,359,854

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt

A. General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation

The City issues general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation, and upon annexation and dissolution of Municipal Utility Districts, assumes unlimited tax and revenue obligations. The assumed obligations were used to acquire and construct major capital facilities. General obligation bonds, certificates of obligation, and assumed obligations from dissolved and annexed areas are for both governmental and business-type activities. The bonds are reported in the Proprietary Funds only if they are expected to be repaid from proprietary revenues. The general long-term bonds, certificates of obligation and assumed obligations are paid through the Debt Service Fund from tax revenues.

The following is a summary of changes in the City's total governmental long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2012. In general, the City uses the General and Debt Service funds to liquidate governmental long-term liabilities.

	Se	Balance eptember 30, 2011	Additions	(.	Reductions)	Se	Balance eptember 30, 2012	 nounts Due nin One Year
Governmental Activities								
Bonds payable:								
General obligation bonds	\$	207,105,000	\$ 43,575,000	\$	(26,510,000)	\$	224,170,000	\$ 5,955,000
Certificates of obligation		91,150,000			(25,725,000)		65,425,000	3,480,000
Deferred amount for issuance								
premium/(discount)		3,489,368	3,548,801		(639,900)		6,398,269	
Total bonds payable		301,744,368	47,123,801		(52,874,900)		295,993,269	9,435,000
Other liabilities:								
Obligations under capital leases		4,032,055			(625,296)		3,406,759	644,610
Compensated absences		4,668,853	2,486,200		(2,468,929)		4,686,124	626,168
Other post-employment benefits		1,204,166	331,220				1,535,386	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	311,649,442	\$ 49,941,221	\$	(55,969,125)	\$	305,621,538	\$ 10,705,778

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period, and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

The full amount estimated to be required for debt service on general obligation debt is provided by (1) the debt service portion of the tax levy; (2) interest earned in the Debt Service Fund; and (3) transfers from the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund. Transfers from the Enterprise Funds are approved at the discretion of City Council and are not intended to service a specific bond series.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

A. General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation (continued)

A summary of the terms of general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation, as of September 30, 2012, follows:

Series	Original Issue	Matures	Interest Rate (%)	Debt Outstanding		
General Obligation Bonds				. ,		
Permanent Improvement, Series 2003	15,000,000	2028	4.00-6.00	\$ 390,000		
Permanent Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2005	37,015,000	2029	3.25-5.00	22,570,000		
Permanent Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2006	32,165,000	2029	4.00-5.00	31,260,000		
Permanent Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2007	69,640,000	2032	4.00-5.00	68,565,000		
Permanent Improvement, Series 2008	22,835,000	2032	4.50-5.50	21,930,000		
Permanent Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2009	16,735,000	2034	2.00-5.00	15,755,000		
Permanent Improvement, Series 2010A	12,415,000	2035	3.00-4.00	11,700,000		
Permanent Improvement Refunding, Series 2010B	1,630,000	2018	2.00-4.00	1,215,000		
Permanent Improvement, Series 2011	5,400,000	2036	2.125-4.125	5,340,000		
Permanent Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	43,575,000	2029	3.00-5.00	43,575,000		
Annexed Municipal Utility District Bonds						
BC MUD 1 Series 2007	1,940,000	2030	3.75-4.35	1,870,000		
Total General Obligation Bonds				\$ 224,170,000		
Certificates of Obligation						
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2003	25,000,000	2023	3.00-4.50	\$ 2,330,000		
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2004	21,000,000	2028	4.00-5.25	1,805,000		
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2006	9,700,000	2029	3.65-4.68	9,160,000		
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2007	23,250,000	2032	3.25-5.25	22,700,000		
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2008	9,000,000	2032	3.75-5.00	8,585,000		
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2009	8,520,000	2034	2.25-5.00	8,095,000		
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2009A	12,145,000	2029	2.00-4.50	10,865,000		
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2011	2,095,000	2021	2.09	1,885,000		
Total Certificates of Obligation				\$ 65,425,000		

Prior Year Refunding

In prior years, the City defeased certain general obligation and other bonds by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. At September 30, 2012, approximately \$57.4 million of previously refunded bonds outstanding were considered defeased.

Current Year Refunding

On February 9, 2012, the City refunded approximately \$43.405 million in general obligation bonds and \$6.5 million in water and sewer bonds in order to take advantage of lower interest rates which produced \$5.3 million in savings over sixteen years. Net Present Value of the refunding is 9.2%, which is well over the City's financial policy of a minimum of 3% for a refunding. The water and sewer revenue bonds will be folded into general obligation bonds, however will be paid from water and sewer revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

A. General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation (continued)

Capital Lease Obligations

The City has entered into certain capital lease agreements in order to purchase public safety and management information systems, equipment and other construction-related equipment. The capital lease obligations are paid out of the General, Debt Service and Water and Sewer Funds. The historical purchase price of the capital assets under lease is approximately \$5.7 million.

Following is a summary of future lease payments due on this equipment:

	Fiscal Year	0	bligations
	2013	\$	843,723
	2014		843,723
	2015		843,723
	2016		696,006
	2017		516,550
	2018-2019		363,422
Total			4,107,146
Less: Interest			(358,809)
Obligations under	capital leases	\$	3,748,337

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

A. General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize governmental activity general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation outstanding at September 30, 2012, were as follows:

Governmental Activities

	General (Obligation	Certificates	cates of Obligation		
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2013	\$ 5,955,000	\$ 9,642,072	\$ 3,480,000	\$ 2,726,815		
2014	6,360,000	9,404,956	3,635,000	2,597,558		
2015	7,340,000	9,106,827	2,660,000	2,480,111		
2016	8,440,000	8,737,396	2,035,000	2,390,475		
2017	8,055,000	8,366,418	2,105,000	2,308,503		
2018	7,940,000	8,020,829	2,680,000	2,207,678		
2019	10,425,000	7,620,587	2,920,000	2,090,441		
2020	11,000,000	7,152,460	2,950,000	1,966,524		
2021	11,515,000	6,662,938	3,065,000	1,838,971		
2022	12,250,000	6,144,356	2,960,000	1,706,746		
2023	12,820,000	5,595,767	3,080,000	1,569,654		
2024	13,315,000	5,018,017	3,210,000	1,425,293		
2025	13,990,000	4,436,441	3,320,000	1,273,513		
2026	14,355,000	3,858,602	3,580,000	1,111,516		
2027	14,980,000	3,245,078	3,730,000	953,652		
2028	15,615,000	2,602,908	3,885,000	803,336		
2029	16,290,000	1,917,841	4,055,000	644,684		
2030	8,990,000	1,346,628	3,290,000	493,950		
2031	9,180,000	921,259	3,685,000	338,925		
2032	9,405,000	488,591	4,065,000	159,025		
2033	2,220,000	218,131	505,000	51,750		
2034	2,325,000	112,794	530,000	26,500		
2035	1,070,000	36,356				
2036	335,000	6,909				
	\$ 224,170,000	\$ 110,664,163	\$ 65,425,000	\$ 31,165,623		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

B. Enterprise Fund Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the City's total business-type long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2012.

	Balance September 30, 2011		Additions			Reductions)	Se	Balance eptember 30, 2012	Amounts Due Within One Year	
Business-type Activities Bonds payable: Permanent Improvement Bonds Water and sewer revenue bonds Deferred amount for issuance	\$	9,730,000 113,270,000	\$	6,230,000 8,670,000	\$	(830,000) (12,635,000)	\$	15,130,000 109,305,000	\$	1,110,000 3,615,000
premium/(discount) Total bonds payable		655,633 123,655,633		347,949 15,247,949		(121,982) (13,586,982)		881,600 125,316,600		4,725,000
Other liabilities:										
Obligations under capital leases Compensated absences Other post-employment benefits		421,093 558,216 224,017		288,223 58,450		(78,729) (307,561)		342,364 538,878 282,467		81,380 88,945
Total Business-type Activities	\$	124,858,959	\$	15,594,622	\$	(13,973,272)	\$	126,480,309	\$	4,895,325

A summary of the terms of certificates of obligation and revenue bonds recorded in the Enterprise Funds as of September 30, 2012, is as follows:

Series		riginal Issue	Matures	Interest Rate (%)	Deb	t Outstanding
Water and Wastewater Fund						
Water and Sewer System Adjustable Rate Revenue Bonds, Series 1999	\$	8,000,000	2020	4.41-4.60	\$	2,835,000
Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003 Water and Sewer System Revenue and Refunding Bonds,		9,500,000	2025	4.00-6.00		670,000
Series 2006		13,845,000	2031	3.74-4.82		11,500,000
Water and Sewer System Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2007		40,135,000	2031	3.50-5.50		37,505,000
Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2008		14,950,000	2034	4.125-5.00		14,180,000
Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2009		13,130,000	2034	3.00-5.50		12,090,000
Permanent Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2009		11,660,000	2018	2.00-5.00		8,900,000
Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A		14,040,000	2035	1.75-4.50		13,290,000
Water and Sewer System Refunding Bonds, Series 2010B		8,970,000	2023	1.75-4.00		8,565,000
Permanent Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2012		6,230,000	2025	3.00-5.00		6,230,000
Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2012		8,670,000	2037	2.00-3.625		8,670,000
Total Utility System Fund					\$	124,435,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

B. Enterprise Fund Debt (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize governmental activity revenue bonds and permanent improvement bonds outstanding at September 30, 2012, were as follows:

	Reven	Revenue Bonds Permanent Improvement Bo				
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2013	\$ 3,615,000	\$ 4,724,111	\$ 1,110,000	\$ 565,300		
2014	3,765,000	4,584,324	1,155,000	525,325		
2015	3,575,000	4,439,468	1,530,000	474,812		
2016	3,725,000	4,302,208	1,560,000	427,900		
2017	3,880,000	4,153,814	2,415,000	344,001		
2018	4,030,000	4,005,011	2,515,000	232,188		
2019	4,195,000	3,847,690	365,000	171,700		
2020	4,370,000	3,683,168	370,000	157,000		
2021	4,615,000	3,503,757	370,000	142,200		
2022	4,810,000	3,306,021	385,000	127,100		
2023	5,025,000	3,100,221	395,000	111,500		
2024	4,190,000	2,884,169	1,480,000	74,000		
2025	4,440,000	2,689,273	1,480,000	22,200		
2026	6,155,000	2,477,948				
2027	6,450,000	2,181,686				
2028	6,765,000	1,867,325				
2029	7,080,000	1,552,814				
2030	7,375,000	1,257,306				
2031	7,680,000	948,088				
2032	3,710,000	625,250				
2033	3,895,000	444,575				
2034	4,075,000	264,300				
2035	1,180,000	75,725				
2036	345,000	25,556				
2037	360,000	13,050				
	\$ 109,305,000	\$ 60,956,857	\$ 15,130,000	\$ 3,375,226		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

C. Component Unit Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the Pearland Economic Development Corporation and the Development Authority of Pearland for the year ended September 30, 2012:

	Balance September 30, 2011 Addi		Additions	(Reductions)			Balance eptember 30, 2012	Amounts Due Within One Year		
Pearland Economic						,				
Development Corporation										
Sales tax revenue bonds	\$	25,330,000	\$		\$	(840,000)	\$	24,490,000	\$	880,000
Deferred amount for issuance										
premium/(discount)		91,161				(10,364)		80,797		
Compensated absences		43,613		25,190		(30,684)		38,119		3,565
Development Authority of										
Pearland										
Tax Increment Revenue Bonds		49,230,000		56,915,000		(51,910,000)		54,235,000		2,720,000
Deferred Loss on Refunding				(8,649,167)		2,655,294		(5,993,873)		
Deferred amount for issuance				,				, , , ,		
premium/(discount)		(316,381)				316,381				
	\$	74,378,393	\$	48,291,023	\$	(49,819,373)	\$	72,850,043	\$	3,603,565

A summary of the terms of the revenue bonds recorded as long-term liabilities in the Pearland Economic Development Corporation and Development Authority of Pearland as of September 30, 2012, is as follows:

Series		Original Issue		Interest Rate (%)	Debt Outstanding	
Pearland Economic Development Corporation						
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005	\$	10,590,000	2026	2.30-4.42	\$	7,965,000
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2006		10,235,000	2030	3.66-4.75		9,285,000
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010		7,685,000	2030	variable-resets every 6 months		7,240,000
Development Authority of Pearland						
Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2012		56,915,000	2028	2.50-5.50		54,235,000
Total Component Unit Long-Term Debt					\$	78,725,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

C. Component Unit Long-Term Debt (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize component unit revenue bonds outstanding at September 30, 2012, were as follows:

	Revenue Bonds						
	Pearland Econor	mic Development	Development	t Authority of			
	Corpo	oration	Pear	land			
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest			
2013	\$ 880,000	\$ 1,173,162	\$ 2,720,000	\$ 1,665,014			
2014	920,000	1,132,524	2,800,000	1,581,511			
2015	965,000	1,090,031	2,885,000	1,495,550			
2016	1,010,000	1,045,383	2,970,000	1,406,981			
2017	1,060,000	995,632	3,070,000	1,315,802			
2018	1,115,000	943,456	3,160,000	1,221,553			
2019	1,175,000	888,202	3,255,000	1,124,541			
2020	1,230,000	835,519	3,120,000	1,024,613			
2021	1,285,000	779,982	3,215,000	928,828			
2022	1,350,000	721,322	3,030,000	830,128			
2023	1,415,000	657,996	3,130,000	737,107			
2024	1,480,000	591,411	3,225,000	641,016			
2025	1,555,000	521,215	3,320,000	542,008			
2026	1,635,000	447,066	3,425,000	440,085			
2027	1,715,000	369,033	3,530,000	334,937			
2028	1,805,000	281,379	3,635,000	226,566			
2029	1,895,000	192,272	3,745,000	114,972			
2030	2,000,000	98,737					
	\$ 24,490,000	\$ 12,764,322	\$ 54,235,000	\$ 15,631,212			

D. Legal Compliance

Long-term debt assumed by the City upon dissolution of annexed municipal utility district in fiscal years 2006 and 2007 has been recorded as part of the City's long-term debt. A portion of the assumed debt is related to assets recorded in the Water and Sewer Fund. Even though the debt is related to assets recorded in the Water and Sewer Fund, the debt is considered general obligation debt based on Texas law.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 6 - Interfund Transactions

A summary of interfund transfers, the purpose of which is to cover operational expenses/expenditures, for the year ended September 30, 2012, is as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	 Amounts	Purpose
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	\$ 1,944,269	Transfer of funds for capital projects costs
General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Fund	481,164	Transfer of funds for operating costs
General Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	1,174,049	Transfer of funds for administrative costs
Debt Service Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	434,865	Transfer of funds for debt service payments
Debt Service Fund	General Fund	163,490	Transfer of funds for debt service payments
Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	1,559,116	Transfer of funds for capital project costs
Water and Sewer Fund	General Fund Non-Major	222,811	Transfer of funds for operating costs
Capital Projects Fund	Governmental Fund	152,030	Transfer of funds for operating costs
		\$ 6,131,794	

A summary of interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2012, follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	Amount	Purpose
	Non-Major			
General Fund	Governmental Fund	\$	168,548	Short-term loan to fund operations
		\$	168,548	-

Note 7 - Fund Balance / Net Assets

The Pearland Economic Development Corporation and the Development Authority of Pearland, discretely presented component units of the City, had negative net asset balances at year-end of approximately \$1.3 and \$46.2 million respectively. These deficit balances are caused by these entities issuing bonds for economic development related construction projects and, in accordance with state law, transferring the capital assets to the primary government while retaining the related debt. As noted in Note 5, the debt is expected to be retired with future dedicated sales and property tax revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 7 - Fund Balance / Net Assets (continued)

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration for the General Fund, special revenue funds, and capital projects funds. September 30, 2012, certain amounts which were classified as restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes have been encumbered in the governmental funds. Significant encumbrances included in governmental fund balances are as follows:

	En	cumbrances
General Fund		
Assigned	\$	167,016
Capital Projects		
Restricted		9,201,689
Aggregate non-major funds Restricted Aggregate component units Restricted		140,352 90,585
		_
	\$	9,599,642

Note 8 - Deferred Compensation Plan

The City maintains, for its employees, a tax-deferred compensation plan meeting the requirements of Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan was established in the 1995 fiscal year by City Ordinance, and ICMA Retirement Corporation is the plan administrator. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseen emergency. The plan's trust arrangements are established to protect deferred compensation amounts of employees under the plan from any other use other than intended under the plan (eventual payment to employees deferring the compensation) in accordance with federal tax laws. Amounts of compensation deferred by employees under plan provisions are disbursed bi-weekly by the City to a third-party administrator. The third-party administrator handles all funds in the plan and makes investment decisions and disburses funds to employees in accordance with plan provisions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 9 - Employee Retirement System

Plan Description and Provisions

The City provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a non-traditional, joint contributory, defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System ("TMRS"), one of 842 currently administered by TMRS, an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system.

Benefits depend upon the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits, with interest. At the date the plan began, the City granted monetary credits for service rendered before the plan began of a theoretical amount equal to two times what would have been contributed by the employee, with interest, prior to establishment of the plan. Monetary credits for service since the plan began are a percent (100%, 150%, or 200%) of the employee's accumulated contributions. In addition, the City can grant, as often as annually, another type of monetary credit referred to as an updated service credit which is a theoretical amount which, when added to the employee's accumulated contributions and the monetary credits for service since the plan began, would be the total monetary credits and employee contributions accumulated, with interest, if the current employee contribution rate and City matching percent had always been in existence and if the employee's salary had always been the average of his salary in the last three years that are one year before the effective date. At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions, with interest, and the employer-financed monetary credits, with interest, were used to purchase an annuity.

The plan provisions are adopted by the City Council of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS and within the actuarial constraints also in the statutes. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	Plan Year 2011	Plan Year 2012
Employee deposit rate	7.0%	7.0%
Matching ratio (City to employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	5	5
Service retirement eligibility		
(expressed as age/years of service)	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
Updated Service Credit	100% Repeating, Transfers	100% Repeating, Transfers
Annuity Increase (to retirees)	70% of CPI Repeating	70% of CPI Repeating

Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 5 or more years of service or with 20 years of service regardless of age.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 9 - Employee Retirement System (continued)

Contributions

Under the state law governing TMRS, the Actuary annually determines the City's contribution rate. This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service contribution rate, both of which are calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate finances the currently accruing monetary credits due to City matching percent, which are the obligation of the City as of an employee's retirement date, not at the time the employee's contributions are made. The normal cost contribution rate is the actuarially determined percent of payroll necessary to satisfy the obligation of the City to each employee at the time his retirement becomes effective. The prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (over funded) actuarial liability (asset) over the remainder of the plan's 30-year amortization period. The projected unit credit actuarial cost method is used for determining the City contribution rate using a 28-year closed period. Both the employees and the City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance to budget for it, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that is the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect.

The City's total payroll in fiscal year 2012 was \$29.9 million and the City's contributions were based on a payroll of \$28.4 million. Contributions made by employees totaled \$2.0 million, and the City made contributions of \$3.5 million during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012.

Three-year trend information is presented below:

	 2012	 2011	2010
Annual Pension Cost (APC)	\$ 3,518,289	\$ 3,302,952	\$ 2,995,119
Percentage of APC Contributed	100%	100%	100%
NPO at the End of Period	\$ -	\$ =	\$ =

Because the actuary determines contribution rates on an annual basis and the City pays the calculated rate each month, the City will always have a net pension obligation (NPO) of zero at the beginning and end of the period, and the annually required contributions (ARC) will always equal contributions made.

All assumptions for the December 31, 2011, valuations are contained in the 2011 TMRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, a copy of which may be obtained by writing to P.O. Box 149153, Austin, Texas 78714-9153. The following is a summary of the actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll
Remaining Amortization Period	27.2 Years - Closed Period
Asset Valuation Method	Amortized cost
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Projected Salary Increases	Varies by age and service
Includes Inflation At	3.00%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	2.1%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 9 - Employee Retirement System (continued)

In order to provide a reasonable retirement benefit at a reasonable cost to employers and to provide better long-range rate forecasts, TMRS' actual funding method is the Projected Unit Credit method using a 25-30 year "closed" period.

For cities that have adopted annually repeating annuity increases (COLA's) this change in method results in increased contribution rates, which will provide advanced funding and positive improvement in the pension funding rates. The TMRS Board adopted an eight-year phase-in period for new rates to enable cities to slowly increase contributions. These new rates were first reflected in 2009.

A schedule of funding status and progress for TMRS for the most recent valuation date follows:

				Unfunded		
				Actuarial		(UAAL) as a
Actuarial		Actuarial		Accrued	Annual	Percentage of
Valuation Date	Actuarial	Accrued	Percentage	Liability	Covered	Covered
December 31,	Value of Assets	Liabilities	Funded	(UAAL)	Payroll	Payroll
2011	\$ 61.822.285	\$ 78,404,115	79%	16,581,830	\$ 27.756.555	60%

A schedule of funding progress for TMRS for the three most recent actuarial valuations may be found in the required supplementary information section of the City's Annual Financial Report.

Note 10 - Other Post-Employment Benefits

In addition to pension benefits, the City provides access to medical and dental coverage through its selected insurance carrier, to retirees and/or retiree dependents. The City's other post-employment benefit plan is a single-employer plan. To qualify for retiree's medical or dental insurance, the retiree must have a minimum of ten years of continuous service with the City and be at least sixty years of age, or with 20 years of continuous service at any age. The City provides the coverage on a pay-as-you-go basis similar to current employees, but the City does not pay any portion of the retiree premium. Therefore, there is an implicit subsidy due to the blended rate paid by the retirees, but there is no direct liability due from the City as it does not pay any portion of the retiree's costs.

The costs of providing these benefits and number of retired employees are as follows:

			E	mp/Dep	Number
Tota	l	City's	C	overage	of Retired
Cost		Cost	Cost		Employees
\$ 7	4,932 \$		\$	74,932	9

Retirees who are entitled to receive retirement benefits under the City's retirement plan may purchase continued health benefits coverage for the retiree and the retiree's dependents, but shall pay 100% of the premium for coverage. The retiree, however, is able to receive a lower rate by participating in the City's plan as opposed to individually purchasing health insurance. The City's coverage is secondary to Medicare when the person becomes eligible for these benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 10 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board published a guideline regarding accounting and financial reporting by employers for post-employment benefits other than pensions. This document gives guidance regarding the methods and timing for reporting. The effect of the Guideline is to cause the cost of retiree benefits to be accrued for during the working lifetime of the employees. This requires pre-funding or accruing of a liability. The City has elected to accrue the liability, and the unfunded liability will be funded over a period of 30 years. Calculations are based on OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the City and plan members to that point. The results of the City's most recent actuarial valuation are as follows:

				Unfunded							
				Actuarial			(UAAL) as a				
Actuarial		Actuarial		Accrued			Percentage of				
Valuation Date		Accrued	Liability			Annual	Covered				
October 1,	Liabilities		(UAAL)		(UAAL)		Liabilities (UAAL)		Co	vered Payroll	Payroll
2010	\$	6,994,465	\$	6,994,465	\$	26,871,670	26%				

Net OPEB obligations at year-end for the last three fiscal years are as follows:

		2010	2011	2012
Normal cost	\$	323,138	\$ 206,293	\$ 190,706
Amortization of UAAL		116,541	141,837	141,837
Annual required contribution (ARC)	-	439,679	348,130	332,543
Interest on prior-year net OPEB obligation		23,032	41,540	57,127
Estimated increase in Net OPEB obligation	-	462,711	389,670	389,670
Net OPEB Obligation - beginning of year		575,801	1,038,512	1,428,182
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$	1,038,512	\$ 1,428,182	\$ 1,817,852

The annual cost recorded to the general ledger for fiscal year 2012 is \$389,670, which includes the estimated normal cost of \$190,706 to provide for the benefits earned by active employees. The total liability, which is not recorded to the general ledger, is \$6,994,465, and represents the actuarial present value of benefits.

Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The methods and assumptions used as of the measurement date of October 1, 2010 include using the Projected Unit Credit actuarial costs method, a closed amortization period of 28 years, a discount rate of 4%, medical inflation and ultimate pre-Medicare rate of 10% and 5% respectively, with a straight years of service amortization method. Calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing costs between employer and plan members to that point.

Separate, audited GAAP-basis postemployment benefit plan reports are not applicable for the other post retirement benefit plan for the City as there are no separately issued plan financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 11 - Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation and Other Contingencies

The City was involved in various lawsuits and arbitration proceedings at September 30, 2012. The City and its legal counsel believe that any amounts which the City might ultimately be required to pay will not exceed underlying insurance coverage.

Reimbursements due to Developers

Pursuant to the Local Government Code, the Economic Development Corporation offers incentives to attract and retain businesses to Pearland. The following are the current incentives.

Current Incentives	Amount	Prior Years	FY 2012	Balance
Altus Harbor	\$ 87,500	\$ 50,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 22,500
Braska/Neela, Inc	150,000	0	0	150,000
Cardiovascular Systems, Inc.	5,100,000	4,100,000	0	1,000,000
Hatch Mott	100,000	0	0	100,000
KS Management	2,600,000	0	0	2,600,000
KS Management Sales Tax Est.	600,000	0	0	600,000
Merit Medical Systems, Inc	888,000	0	0	888,000
Ref-Chem	340,000	0	0	340,000
SCR HH GP, LLC	300,000	180,000	0	120,000
Speed Shore	80,000	0	66,000	0
TurboCare	105,000	0	101,000	0
Zapp Precision Wire, Inc	29,500	0	0	29,500

Shadow Creek Town Center

In 2004, the City, along with the Reinvestment Zone Number Two (the Zone) and the Development Authority of Pearland (the Authority), component units of the City, entered into an agreement with a developer to reimburse the developer all or a portion of the project costs to implement the Shadow Creek Ranch Development TIRZ (TIRZ Plan). As projects implementing the TIRZ Plan are completed, the Zone Board may recommend to the City that the Authority reimburse developers on behalf of the Zone and the City. The Zone Board will forward to the City and the Authority all of the necessary and required documentation supporting the requested reimbursement and a determination of the exact amount requested for reimbursement, including a calculation of the amount of interest to be reimbursed on funds advanced for the projects. In addition all monies available in the Tax Increment Fund shall be transferred to the escrow agent no less than once per year and no later than the fifteenth day of each August, subject to the retention by the City of: (1) an amount equal to the City's administrative costs connected with the Zone and the TIRZ Plan, as provided in the TIRZ plan (36% of the City's Tax Increment, but not more than \$0.255, in years four through eight, and 64% of the City's Tax Increment, but not more than \$0.44, in years nine through 30) shall be retained by the City; (2) amounts required to be maintained in the Alvin ISD Suspense Account; (3) an amount sufficient to pay reasonable current and anticipated administrative and operating costs of the Zone, as determined by the Zone Board.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 11 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Shadow Creek Town Center (continued)

On November 13, 2006, the City of Pearland, Pearland Economic Development Corporation (PEDC) and Shadow Creek Retail, LP entered into an agreement whereby the developer would build and construct a mixed use commercial development located at the northwest corner of State Highway 288 and Broadway, also known as FM 518.

The Developer provided for the construction of segments of Broadway Street, Business Center Drive, Memorial Hermann Drive, as well as landscaping, underground utilities, pipeline relocation and other associated costs. The source of funds for reimbursement of the public infrastructure is both the TIRZ #2 and City and PEDC sales tax revenue generated from the project. The total funded from TIRZ #2 is \$11,749,618 and the amount of TIRZ improvements to be funded from sales tax is \$2,001,931. Once completion and tenant occupancy of at least 318,000 square feet is achieved for a period of three consecutive months, the City and PEDC, shall remit, monthly, thirty-three percent of sales tax received by the City and PEDC to the Developer until paid in full plus interest at eight percent per annum for the first two years following completion of the widening of Broadway and interest at five percent per annum for the subsequent two years. The Developer met the targets set forth in the agreement in fiscal year 2008.

Through September 30, 2012, the City remitted sales tax to the developer pursuant to the agreement in the amount of \$1,456,768, of which \$502,699 was remitted in fiscal year 2012. To date, \$1.0 million has been reimbursed towards principal and \$448,585 for interest.

Note 12 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City's risk management program mainly encompasses obtaining property and liability insurance through Texas Municipal League's Intergovernmental Risk-Pool (TML-IRP), and through commercial insurance carriers. The participation of the City in TML-IRP is limited to payment of premiums. The City has not had any significant reduction in insurance coverage, and the amounts of insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for any of the last three years.

The City also provides Workers' Compensation insurance on its employees through TML-Workers' Compensation Fund. Workers' Compensation premiums are subject to change when audited by TML Workers' Compensation Fund. At fiscal year-end September 30, 2012, the City believed the amounts paid on Workers' Compensation would not change significantly from the amounts recorded.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 13 - Capital Lease

The City has a 20-year agreement to lease a facility to the University of Houston Clear Lake (UHCL), which commenced in July 2010. Rent or lease payments are broken into two parts, debt service and operating. For accounting purposes the City has classified the lease as a direct financing lease. Because this lease is recorded in a governmental fund, the receivable is deferred and the distinction between a sales and direct financing lease is not relevant at the fund level.

UHCL has an option to purchase the facility upon the commencement date of July 2010 until the 61st day preceding the 20th anniversary of the commencement date.

The lease payments related to debt service to be received coincide with debt service payments the City is required to make on a bond that matures on March 1, 2029. At September 30, 2012, the future minimum debt service lease payments to be received under the lease are as follows:

Fiscal year ending September 30,	Payment
2013	\$ 673,447
2014	664,384
2015	654,255
2016	643,059
2017	627,598
2018-2029	6,300,155
Total	\$ 9,562,898

PEDC Operating Lease

Note 14 - Operating Lease

The City has a five-year agreement to lease a portion of the UHCL facility to the Pearland Economic Development Corporation which commenced in July 2010. For accounting purposes the City has classified the lease as an operating lease. The agreement calls for up to three additional five-year terms for a total of 20 years. The rent/lease payments are broken into two parts, debt service and operating.

The debt service lease payments to be received coincide with debt service payments the City is required to make on a bond that matures on March 1, 2029. At September 30, 2012, the future minimum debt service lease payments to be received under the lease are as follows:

Fiscal year ending September 30,	Payment		
2013	\$	113,384	
2014		111,858	
2015		110,153	
2016		108,268	
2017		105,665	
2018-2029		1,060,718	
Total	\$	1,610,046	

Note 15 - Subsequent Events

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Annexation of Brazoria County MUD No. 4

On December 31, 2012 the City annexed Brazoria County Municipal Utility District No. 4 and abolished the District. This annexation will add 600 acres and an additional 1,332 single family housing units as well as commerical property to the City. All assets and liabilities shall transfer to the City, with the City assuming approximately \$2.5 million in debt outstanding and capital assets of \$8.7 million, excluding streets and sidewalks. All City services shall be provided to the citizens in the district.

Lease Purchase

City Council approved a Notice of Intent to reimburse itself from future capital lease proceeds on October 11, 2011 not to exceed \$1,300,000. On November 12, 2012 City Council awarded the bid to Chase Equipment Finance that provided the lowest overall interest rate of 1.29%. The amount financed via lease/purchase is \$1,179,413.39 as follows:

General Fund:

Fire Truck	\$	550,000
Vactor Truck Body		88,850
Vehicles		379,263
(2) Ambulances		161,300
Total	\$1	,179,413

The first semi-annual payment is due January 2013 in the amount of \$137,552.91 with the final semi-annual payment due July 2019 in the amount of \$40,989.60. There is no penalty for pre-payment.

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Required Supplementary Information

GENERAL FUND

 $SCHEDULE\ OF\ REVENUES,\ EXPENDITURES\ AND\ CHANGES\ IN$ $FUND\ BALANCES\ -\ BUDGET\ AND\ ACTUAL$

For the year ended September 30, 2012

				Variance with Final Budget -	
	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 10,840,389	\$ 10,748,148	\$ 10,861,341	\$ 113,193	
Sales and use taxes	13,631,831	14,363,666	14,814,936	451,270	
Franchise fees	5,361,910	5,697,733	5,669,958	(27,775)	
Licenses and permits	1,741,529	2,224,046	2,320,103	96,057	
Fees and forfeitures	2,851,290	2,999,214	3,164,068	164,854	
Charges for services	11,292,491	11,564,231	11,890,808	326,577	
Investment earnings	35,000	56,729	54,611	(2,118)	
Other	307,904	525,887	623,824	97,937	
Total Revenues	46,062,344	48,179,654	49,399,649	1,219,995	
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	7,203,370	8,574,634	8,241,509	333,125	
Public safety	25,968,194	26,389,773	25,168,443	1,221,330	
Public works	5,773,975	6,100,143	5,506,477	593,666	
Community services	3,982,113	4,087,483	3,861,520	225,963	
Parks and recreation	7,540,139	7,463,214	6,775,316	687,898	
Total Expenditures	50,467,791	52,615,247	49,553,265	3,061,982	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	20,107,771	02,010,217	.>,000,200	5,001,502	
over expenditures	(4,405,447)	(4,435,593)	(153,616)	4,281,977	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds from capital leases	1,222,785	1,143,465		(1,143,465)	
Transfers in	3,786,100	3,660,348	3,599,482	(60,866)	
Transfers out	(1,058,162)	(397,453)	(397,453)	(00,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,950,723	4,406,360	3,202,029	(1,204,331)	
Net change in fund balances	(454,724)	(29,233)	3,048,413	3,077,646	
Fund balances, beginning	14,523,548	14,523,548	14,523,548	, , ,	
Fund balances, ending	\$ 14,068,824	\$ 14,494,315	\$ 17,571,961	\$ 3,077,646	

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY BUDGET INFORMATION

Budgetary Compliance

The City of Pearland has complied with all material budget requirements for the year ended September 30, 2012.

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds, using the same basis of accounting as for financial reporting. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Project length budgets are adopted for the Capital Project Funds. The City, for management control, approves a financial plan for the Enterprise Fund. City Council approves the annual budget for the Pearland Economic Development Corporation, which is included in the City's financial reporting entity.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level (i.e. General Fund, Debt Service Fund, etc.). Expenditure requests, which would require an increase in total budgeted appropriations, must be approved by City Council through a formal budget amendment. At any time in the fiscal year, the Council may make emergency appropriations to meet a pressing need for public expenditure in order to protect the public health, safety, or welfare. The Council has the power to transfer any unencumbered funds allocated by the budget from one activity, function, or department, to another activity, function, or department, to re-estimate revenues and expenditures, and to amend the budget.

Because City Council adopts the budget at the fund level, management has the authority to transfer available funds allocated by the budget from one function/department or activity to another function or activity within the same department. In cooperation with the directors and department heads of the City, the Budget Officer, the Director of Finance and the City Manager prepare an annual budget for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Debt Service Fund for the ensuing fiscal year, in a form and style as deemed desirable by the City Manager. The City Manager shall submit to the Council, for its review, consideration, and revision, both a letter describing the proposed new budget, as well as a balanced budget for the forthcoming fiscal year, between 60 (sixty) and 90 (ninety) days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. The budget, as adopted, must set forth the appropriations for services, functions, and activities of the various City departments and agencies, and shall meet all fund requirements provided by law and required by bond covenants. Capital projects are budgeted on a project-length basis.

Amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements represent the budgeted amount with all supplemental appropriations.

REQUIRED PENSION SYSTEM SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION September 30, 2012

$\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{\textit{TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (UNAUDITED)}} \\ \textbf{Schedule of Funding Progress} \\ \end{tabular}$

					Unfunded Actuarial		(UAAL) as a
Actuarial Valuation Date		Actuarial	Actuarial Accrued	Percentage	Accrued Liability	Annual Covered	Percentage of Covered
December 31,	Va	lue of Assets	Liabilities	Funded	(UAAL)	Payroll	Payroll
2011	\$	61,822,285	\$ 78,404,115	79%	16,581,830	\$ 27,756,555	60%
2011 2010	\$	61,822,285 54,358,041	\$ 78,404,115 72,195,923	79% 75%	16,581,830 17,837,882	\$ 27,756,555 26,871,670	60% 66%

CITY OF PEARLAND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATION Schedule of Funding Progress

				Unfunded		
				Actuarial		(UAAL) as a
Actuarial		Actuarial		Accrued	Annual	Percentage of
Valuation Date	Actuarial	Accrued	Percentage	Liability	Covered	Covered
October 1,	Value of Assets	Liabilities	Funded	(UAAL)	Payroll	Payroll
2010		6,994,465	0%	6,994,465	26,871,670	26%

While retirees get the benefit of an overall employee blended rate for the Other Post-Employment Benefit Obligation, benefits are funded on a pay-as-you go basis via premiums paid by the retirees and to be paid by future retirees. Therefore, the City does not pay for retiree health insurance directly and there is an implicit subsidy due to the blended rate paid by the retirees. Thus, there is no direct liability due from the City as it does not pay any portion of the retiree's costs.

Trend information is designed to provide information about the progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

Other Supplementary Information

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Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules (This page intentionally left blank.)

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

To account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that, are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund - A fund created to account for hotel/motel occupancy tax revenue.

Court Security Fund - A fund created to account for the receipt and expenditure of revenues from court fines for court security.

City-Wide Donation Fund - A fund created to account for miscellaneous donations for all city departments except parks.

Court Technology Fund - This fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of revenues from court fines for court technology.

Regional Detention Fund - A fund created to account for regional detention development.

Park Donation Fund - A fund used to account for park donations for park special events and development of parks. This fund also includes funds from tree trust donations.

Police Seizure Fund - A fund created to account for state and federal seizure funds which are used solely for law enforcement purposes.

Park and Recreation Development Fund - A fund created to account for the receipt and expenditure of payment in lieu of parkland for the development of parks.

Sidewalk Fund - A fund created to account for resources designated for sidewalks.

Grant Fund - A fund created to account for revenues and expenditures associated with federal, state, and local grants.

Traffic Impact Improvement Fund - A fund created to account for resources for street assessments.

Juvenile Management Fund - A fund created to account for receipt and expenditure of revenues from court fines for juvenile case manager.

Educational TV Fund – A fund created to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the purchase of equipment for public-access television broadcasting under rules set forth by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

University of Houston (U of H) Fund - A fund created to account for lease revenues and the operating expenditures related to the University of Houston Clear Lake-Pearland Campus built by the City and leased to the University of Houston Clear Lake and the Pearland Economic Development Corporation.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2012

	H	otel/Motel Tax	Court Security		City-Wide Donations		Court Technology	
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,643,314	\$	142,669	\$	71,364	\$	243,608
Receivables (net of allowance								
for uncollectibles)		213,464		2,740				2,515
Prepaid items		3,322						
Total Assets	\$	1,860,100	\$	145,409	\$	71,364	\$	246,123
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	36,271	\$	1,548	\$		\$	313
Deferred revenue				2,740				2,515
Total Liabilities		36,271		4,288				2,828
Fund Balance: Non-spendable Restricted for:		3,322						
Community development								
programs		1,820,507				66,190		
Public safety				141,121		5,174		243,295
Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities and		1,823,829		141,121		71,364		243,295
Fund Balances	\$	1,860,100	\$	145,409	\$	71,364	\$	246,123

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Regional Detention	_ <u>D</u>	Park Jonations	Pol	ice Seizure	Re	Parks and Recreation Development	
\$	5 \$	100,082	\$	315,203	\$	940,911	
		8,350		3,545		25	
\$	5 \$	108,432	\$	318,748	\$	940,936	
\$	\$		\$	40,290	\$	81,234	
				40,290		81,234	
(5	108,432		278,458		859,702	
	5	108,432		278,458		859,702	
\$ 6	5 \$	108,432	\$	318,748	\$	940,936	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
September 30, 2012

	S	idewalk	Gr	ant Fund	ffic Impact provements	Juvenile Management Fund	
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	205,363	\$	212	\$ 591,721	\$	36,386
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)				217,212	387		1,208
Prepaid items				,			•
Total Assets	\$	205,363	\$	217,424	\$ 592,108	\$	37,594
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue Total Liabilities	\$		\$	20,865 168,548 189,413	\$	\$	1,479 1,208 2,687
Fund Balance: Non-spendable Restricted for: Community development							
programs		205,363		28,011	592,108		
Public safety		,		- ,	,		34,907
Total Fund Balances		205,363		28,011	 592,108		34,907
Total Liabilities and					 		
Fund Balances	\$	205,363	\$	217,424	\$ 592,108	\$	37,594

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Edu	ucational TV	Uo	f H Fund	Totals
\$	53,068	\$	85,700	\$ 4,429,607
	31,558		1,209	482,213
\$	84,626	\$	86,909	\$ 3,322 4,915,142
\$		\$	55,844	\$ 237,844
				168,548
			55 011	 6,463
			55,844	 412,855
				3,322
	84,626		31,065	3,796,010
				 702,955
	84,626		31,065	 4,502,287
\$	84,626	\$	86,909	\$ 4,915,142

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Н	otel/Motel Tax	•		y-Wide nations			
Revenues								
Sales and use taxes	\$	816,640	\$		\$		\$	
Franchise fees								
Fines and forfeitures				62,493				74,945
Investment earnings		1,471		113		51		179
Intergovernmental								
Other						33,179		
Total Revenues		818,111		62,606		33,230		75,124
Expenditures		_		_		_		<u> </u>
Current:								
General government		449,174						
Public safety						14,937		
Public works								
Community services				61,525		7,697		41,268
Parks and recreation								
Capital outlay								
Total Expenditures		449,174		61,525		22,634		41,268
Excess (deficiency) of								
revenues over expenditures		368,937		1,081		10,596		33,856
Other Financing								
Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out								
Total Other Financing								
Sources (Uses)								
Net change in fund balances		368,937		1,081		10,596		33,856
Fund balances - beginning		1,454,892		140,040		60,768		209,439
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,823,829	\$	141,121	\$	71,364	\$	243,295

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Regional Park Detention Donations			Poli	ice Seizure	Parks and Recreation Development			
\$	\$		\$		\$			
6		74		209		1,054		
24,750 24,756		84,559 84,633		178,773 178,982		65,308 66,362		
				59,789				
 		65,149		8,085 67,874		232,935 232,935		
24,756		19,484		111,108		(166,573)		
 (24,750)						(27,280)		
 (24,750)						(27,280)		
6		19,484 88,948		111,108 167,350		(193,853) 1,053,555		
\$ 6	\$	108,432	\$	278,458	\$	859,702		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

For the Tear Enaea September 50, 2	Sidewalk	Grant Fund	Traffic Impact Improvements	Juvenile Management Fund		
Revenues						
Sales and use taxes	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Franchise fees						
Fines and forfeitures				72,529		
Investment earnings	167		704	25		
Intergovernmental		1,236,628				
Other		5,000				
Total Revenues	167	1,241,628	704	72,554		
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government						
Public safety		119,246				
Public works	1,980	26,156				
Community services		198,688		57,048		
Parks and recreation		208,059				
Capital outlay		131,191				
Total Expenditures	1,980	683,340		57,048		
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over expenditures	(1,813)	558,288	704	15,506		
Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)						
Transfers out	(12,072)	(557,940)				
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)	(12,072)	(557,940)				
Net change in fund balances	(13,885)	348	704	15,506		
Fund balances - beginning	219,248	27,663	591,404	19,401		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 205,363	\$ 28,011	\$ 592,108	\$ 34,907		

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Edu	ucational TV	Uo	f H Fund		Totals
ф		Ф		Φ	016.640
\$	146000	\$		\$	816,640
	146,988				146,988
	20				209,967
	20		57		4,130
			182,860		1,419,488
	1.47.000		64,231		455,800
	147,008		247,148		3,053,013
					449,174
					193,972
					28,136
	18,036				384,262
			217,346		490,554
	44,346				416,557
	62,382		217,346		1,962,655
	84,626		29,802		1,090,358
					(622,042)
					(622,042)
	84,626		29,802		468,316
			1,263		4,033,971
\$	84,626	\$	31,065	\$	4,502,287

DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

with comparative actual totals for the year ended September 30, 2011

			Variance	
	Final Budget	Actual	Positive / (Negative)	2011
Revenues	Final Duuget	Actual	(Negative)	2011
Property taxes	\$ 23,202,520	\$ 23,500,454	\$ 297,934	\$ 22,586,408
Investment earnings	12,215	9,784	(2,431)	29,217
Miscellaneous	796,087	796,087	(2,131)	805,071
Total Revenues	24,010,822	24,306,325	295,503	23,420,696
		, ,		
Expenditures				
Debt Service:				
Principal	9,372,486	9,373,377	(891)	8,217,402
Interest	12,543,037	12,400,810	142,227	13,302,477
Intergovernmental	3,992,293	3,992,293		3,954,050
Total Expenditures	25,907,816	25,766,480	141,336	25,473,929
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,896,994)	(1,460,155)	436,839	(2,053,233)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from long-term debt	49,805,000	49,805,000		1,630,000
Premium on general obligation debt	3,808,801	3,808,801		55,521
Payments to refunding escrow agent	(54,478,177)	(54,478,177)		(1,630,140)
Transfers from other funds	2,157,471	2,157,471		451,704
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,293,095	1,293,095		507,085
Net change in fund balance	(603,899)	(167,060)	436,839	(1,546,148)
ret change in rund barance	(003,099)	(107,000)	730,039	(1,570,140)
Fund Balances - Beginning	5,159,539	5,159,539		6,705,689
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 4,555,640	\$ 4,992,479	\$ 436,839	\$ 5,159,539
- ware additional and a second	Ψ 7,333,040	Ψ 7,772,719	Ψ +30,039	Ψ 5,157,559

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - HOTEL/MOTEL TAX

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

with comparative actual totals for the year ended September 30, 2011

	2012							
		al Budget	Variance Positive / Actual (Negative)		2011			
Revenues								
Hotel occupancy tax	\$	768,930	\$	816,640	\$	47,710	\$	652,110
Investment earnings		993		1,471		478		1,848
Other								25
Total Revenues		769,923		818,111		48,188		653,983
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		445,944		449,174		(3,230)		446,973
Total Expenditures		445,944		449,174		(3,230)		446,973
Revenues over (under) expenditures		323,979		368,937		44,958		207,010
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers to other funds								(170,537)
Net change in fund balance		323,979		368,937		44,958		36,473
Fund Balances - Beginning		1,454,892		1,454,892				1,418,419
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,778,871	\$	1,823,829	\$	44,958	\$	1,454,892

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - COURT SECURITY

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

 $with\ comparative\ actual\ totals\ for\ the\ year\ ended\ September\ 30,\ 2011$

	2012							
	Fin	al Budget		Actual	Variance Positive / (Negative)		2011	
Revenues								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	59,789	\$	62,493	\$	2,704	\$	54,323
Investment earnings		73		113		40		198
Total Revenues		59,862		62,606		2,744		54,521
Expenditures Current:								
Community services		59,018		61,525		(2,507)		4,078
Total Expenditures		59,018		61,525		(2,507)		4,078
Revenues over (under) expenditures		844		1,081		237		50,443
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								(45.706)
Transfers to other funds		844		1,081		237		(45,706)
Net change in fund balance		044		1,001		237		4,737
Fund Balances - Beginning		140,040		140,040				135,303
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	140,884	\$	141,121	\$	237	\$	140,040

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - CITY-WIDE DONATIONS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Final Budget		I	Actual		ariance ositive / egative)	2011
Revenues							
Investment earnings	\$	35	\$	51	\$	16	\$ 76
Other income		31,934		33,179		1,245	29,299
Total Revenues		31,969		33,230		1,261	 29,375
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public safety		15,331		14,937		394	13,004
Community services		7,220		7,697		(477)	89
Total Expenditures		22,551		22,634		(83)	 13,093
Revenues over (under) expenditures		9,418		10,596		1,178	16,282
Net change in fund balance		9,418		10,596		1,178	 16,282
Fund Balances - Beginning		60,768		60,768			44,486
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	70,186	\$	71,364	\$	1,178	\$ 60,768

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - COURT TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Final Budget		 Actual	Variance Positive / (Negative)		2011
Revenues						
Fines and forfeitures	\$	73,800	\$ 74,945	\$	1,145	\$ 65,200
Investment earnings		105	 180		75	 287
Total Revenues		73,905	75,125		1,220	65,487
Expenditures Current:						
Community services		46,360	41,268		5,092	52,103
Total Expenditures		46,360	41,268		5,092	 52,103
Revenues over (under) expenditures		27,545	 33,857		6,312	 13,384
Net change in fund balance		27,545	33,857		6,312	13,384
Fund Balances - Beginning		209,438	 209,438			 196,054
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	236,983	\$ 243,295	\$	6,312	\$ 209,438

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - REGIONAL DETENTION
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

		Final Budget		Actual		riance sitive / gative)	 2011
Revenues							
Investment earnings	\$	100	\$	6	\$	(94)	\$ 5
Other income		24,750		24,750			
Total Revenues		24,850		24,756		(94)	5
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Operating Transfers (Out)		(24,750)		(24,750)			 (4,040)
Net change in fund balance		100		6		(94)	(4,035)
Fund Balances - Beginning							 4,035
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	100	\$	6	\$	(94)	\$

 $SPECIAL\ REVENUE\ FUND\ -\ PARK\ DONATIONS$

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Final Budget		Actual		Po	ariance ositive / egative)	2011
Revenues							
Investment earnings	\$	40	\$	74	\$	34	\$ 89
Other		86,000		84,559		(1,441)	 79,861
Total Revenues		86,040		84,633		(1,407)	79,950
Expenditures							
Current:							
Parks and recreation		79,296		65,149		14,147	 41,396
Total Expenditures		79,296		65,149		14,147	41,396
Revenues over (under) expenditures		6,744		19,484		12,740	 38,554
Net change in fund balance		6,744		19,484		12,740	38,554
Fund Balances - Beginning		88,948		88,948			 50,394
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	95,692	\$	108,432	\$	12,740	\$ 88,948

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - POLICE SEIZURE

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive / (Negative)		2011	
Revenues								
Investment earnings	\$	126	\$	209	\$	83	\$ 299	
Other		157,335		178,773		21,438	31,941	
Total Revenues		157,461		178,982		21,521	32,240	
Expenditures Current:								
Public safety		58,001		59,789		(1,788)	100,153	
Capital outlay		8,085		8,085		():/	11,000	
Total Expenditures		66,086		67,874		(1,788)	111,153	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		91,375		111,108		19,733	(78,913)	
Net change in fund balance		91,375		111,108		19,733	(78,913)	
Fund Balances - Beginning		167,350		167,350			246,263	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	258,725	\$	278,458	\$	19,733	\$ 167,350	

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - PARKS AND RECREATION DEVELOPMENT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive / (Negative)			2011
Revenues							
Investment earnings	\$	635	\$ 1,054	\$	419	\$	1,605
Other		57,058	65,308		8,250		54,040
Total Revenues		57,693	66,362		8,669		55,645
Expenditures Current: Parks and recreation							635
Capital outlay		480,717	232,935		247,782		26,107
Total Expenditures		480,717	 232,935		247,782		26,742
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(423,024)	(166,573)		256,451		28,903
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers (to) other funds		(27,280) (27,280)	 (27,280) (27,280)			_	(139,574) (139,574)
Net change in fund balance		(450,304)	(193,853)		256,451		(110,671)
Fund Balances - Beginning		1,053,555	1,053,555				1,164,226
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	603,251	\$ 859,702	\$	256,451	\$	1,053,555

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SIDEWALK

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive / (Negative)		2011
Revenues							
Investment earnings	\$	110	\$	167	\$	57	\$ 306
Other		(1,980)				1,980	5,803
Total Revenues		(1,870)		167		2,037	6,109
Expenditures Current: Public works Total Expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,870)		1,980 1,980 (1,813)		(1,980) (1,980) 57	6,109
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers (to) other funds		(12,072)		(12,072)			,
Total other financing sources (uses)		(12,072)		(12,072)			
Net change in fund balance		(13,942)		(13,885)		57	6,109
Fund Balances - Beginning		219,248		219,248			 213,139
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	205,306	\$	205,363	\$	57	\$ 219,248

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - GRANT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

		2012		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive / (Negative)	2011
Revenues				
Investment earnings	\$ 5	\$	\$ (5)	\$ 6
Intergovernmental	1,748,801	1,236,626	(512,175)	694,329
Other	5,000	5,000		
Total Revenues	1,753,806	1,241,626	(512,180)	694,335
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	525		525	18,435
Public safety	157,554	119,246	38,308	85,489
Public works	180,117	26,156	153,961	
Community service	193,013	198,688	(5,675)	292,871
Parks and recreation	182,367	208,059	(25,692)	36,939
Capital outlay	421,362	131,191	290,171	157,564
Total Expenditures	1,134,938	683,340	451,598	591,298
Revenues over (under) expenditures	618,868	558,286	(60,582)	103,037
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers from other funds				
Transfers (to) other funds	(618,863)	(557,940)	60,923	(105,786)
Total other financing	(610.062)	(555.040)	60.022	(105 500)
sources (uses)	(618,863)	(557,940)	60,923	(105,786)
Net change in fund balance	5	346	341	(2,749)
Fund Balances - Beginning	27,665	27,665		30,414
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 27,670	\$ 28,011	\$ 341	\$ 27,665

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TRAFFIC IMPACT IMPROVEMENTS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

			2012			
	Fin	al Budget	Actual	Pos	riance sitive / gative)	 2011
Revenues						
Investment earnings Other	\$	600	\$ 704	\$	104	\$ 790 44,800
Total Revenues		600	704		104	45,590
Other Financing Sources/(Uses) Transfers (to) other funds Total Other Financing			 			 (750)
Sources (Uses) Net change in fund balance		600	704		104	(750) 44,840
Fund Balances - Beginning		591,404	591,404			 546,564
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	592,004	\$ 592,108	\$	104	\$ 591,404

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - JUVENILE MANAGEMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

		Final Budget		Actual		riance sitive / egative)	2011
Revenues							
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	71,075	\$	72,529	\$	1,454	\$ 60,955
Investment earnings		12		25		13	28
Total Revenues		71,087		72,554		1,467	60,983
Expenditures Current:							
Community services		54,245		57,048		(2,803)	
Total Expenditures		54,245		57,048		(2,803)	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		16,842		15,506		(1,336)	60,983
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)							
Transfers (to) other funds							(50,653)
Total other financing sources (uses)							(50,653)
Net change in fund balance		16,842		15,506		(1,336)	10,330
Fund Balances - Beginning		19,401		19,401			 9,071
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	36,243	\$	34,907	\$	(1,336)	\$ 19,401

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - EDUCATIONAL TV

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

	2012										
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive / (Negative)								
Revenues											
Investment earnings	\$	\$ 20	\$ 20								
Franchise taxes	169,500	146,988	(22,512)								
Other											
Total Revenues	169,500	147,008	(22,492)								
Expenditures											
Current:											
Community services	12,161	18,036	(5,875)								
Capital outlay	54,958	44,346	10,612								
Total Expenditures	67,119	62,382	4,737								
Revenues over (under) expenditures	102,381	84,626	(27,229)								
Net change in fund balance Fund Balances - Beginning	102,381	84,626	(27,229)								
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 102,381	\$ 84,626	\$ (27,229)								

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - U OF H FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive / (Negative)		2011
Revenues							
Investment earnings	\$	30	\$	57	\$	27	\$ 34
Intergovernmental		185,789		182,860		(2,929)	255,783
Other		62,426		64,231		1,805	3,255
Total Revenues		248,245		247,148		(1,097)	259,072
Expenditures							
Current:							
Parks and recreation		248,215		217,346		30,869	261,858
Total Expenditures		248,215		217,346		30,869	261,858
Revenues over (under) expenditures		30		29,802		29,772	(2,786)
Net change in fund balance		30		29,802		29,772	(2,786)
Fund Balances - Beginning		1,263		1,263			 4,049
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,293	\$	31,065	\$	29,772	\$ 1,263

Discretely Presented Component Units Fund Based Financial Statements

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS BALANCE SHEETS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2012

	D	Pearland Economic evelopment orporation		x Increment investment Zone #2	A	evelopment uthority of Pearland		Total Component Units
Assets Cash and equivalents	\$	9,562,003	\$	4,655,490	\$	1,488,342	\$	15,705,835
Investments	Ф	2,002,459	Ф	4,033,490	Ф	1,400,342	Ф	2,002,459
Receivables-less allowance for		2,002,437						2,002,437
uncollectibles		1,314,864				360,000		1,674,864
Prepaid items		28,435				,		28,435
Restricted cash		665,254						665,254
Total Assets	\$	13,573,015	\$	4,655,490	\$	1,848,342	\$	20,076,847
Liabilities Accounts payable and								
accrued expenses	\$	72,986	\$	361,444	\$	33	\$	434,463
Customer deposits Total Liabilities		38,333		261 444		22		38,333
Total Liabilities		111,319		361,444		33		472,796
Fund Balance Non-spendable: Prepaid items Restricted for:		28,435						28,435
Debt service		665,254						665,254
Economic development		12,768,007		4,294,046		1,848,309		18,910,362
Total Fund Balance		13,461,696		4,294,046		1,848,309		19,604,051
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	13,573,015	\$	4,655,490	\$	1,848,342	\$	20,076,847
Deconciliation from for all alarms to								
Reconciliation from fund balance to net as fund balance		12 461 606	\$	4,294,046	¢	1,848,309	\$	10 604 051
Add capital assets	\$	13,461,696 9,634,200	Ф	4,294,040	\$	1,040,309	Ф	19,604,051 9,634,200
Less revenue bonds payable		(24,241,137)				(53,957,085)		(78,198,222)
Less other long-term liabilities		(24,241,137) $(34,554)$				(33,737,003)		(34,554)
Less interest payable		(93,983)				(133,385)		(227,368)
Net Assets	\$	(1,277,343)	\$	4,294,046	\$	(46,248,288)	\$	(43,231,585)

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Pearland Economic Development Corporation	Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #2	Development Authority of Pearland	Total Component Units
Revenues				
Taxes:				*
Property taxes	\$ 7.227.200	\$ 17,924,775	\$	\$ 17,924,775
Sales and use taxes	7,337,389			7,337,389
Charges for services Investment earnings	414,000	5,844	1,641	414,000
Other	34,161 44,353	3,044	1,041	41,646 44,353
Total Revenues	7,829,903	17,930,619	1,641	25,762,163
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government			12,782	12,782
Economic development	1,397,984	5,894,105	13,105,300	20,397,389
Intergovernmental	165,638			165,638
Debt Service	940,000		2 690 000	2 520 000
Principal Interest	840,000 1,204,742		2,680,000 1,642,734	3,520,000 2,847,476
Bond issuance cost	1,204,742		286,458	286,458
Total Expenditures	3,608,364	5,894,105	17,727,274	27,229,743
Revenues over (under) expenditures	4,221,539	12,036,514	(17,725,633)	(1,467,580)
			(=:,:==;===)	(=,101,000)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers from other component units			12,016,051	12,016,051
Transfers (to) other component units		(12,016,051)		(12,016,051)
Issuance of revenue bonds			56,915,000	56,915,000
Payment to escrow agent			(54,746,730)	(54,746,730)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(12,016,051)	14,184,321	2,168,270
Changes in fund balance	4,221,539	20,463	(3,541,312)	700,690
Fund Balances - Beginning	9,240,157	4,273,583	5,389,621	18,903,361
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 13,461,696	\$ 4,294,046	\$ 1,848,309	\$ 19,604,051
Reconciliation from changes in fund balance to changes in net assets				
Change in fund balance	\$ 4,221,539	\$ 20,463	\$ (3,541,312)	\$ 700,690
Add principal payments	840,000		2,680,000	3,520,000
Less amortization	,		(2,377,379)	(2,377,379)
Changes in interest payable	1,628		50,898	52,526
Payment to escrow agent			54,746,730	54,746,730
Bond proceeds			(56,915,000)	(56,915,000)
Less post-employment benefit				
liability expense	(30,194)			(30,194)
Less depreciation	(245,534)		·	(245,534)
Changes in Net Assets	\$ 4,787,439	\$ 20,463	\$ (5,356,063)	\$ (548,161)

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Long-Term Debt Amortization Schedules

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITY LONG-TERM DEBT BY MATURITY DATE September 30, 2012

Permanent Improvement Bonds, Series 2003

Permanent Improvement & Refund Bonds, Series 2005

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$ 390,000	\$ 11,700	\$ 401,700	1,845,000	999,761	\$ 2,844,761
2014				1,930,000	925,414	2,855,414
2015				2,010,000	836,564	2,846,564
2016				2,115,000	733,439	2,848,439
2017				865,000	663,264	1,528,264
2018				995,000	626,064	1,621,064
2019				380,000	598,374	978,374
2020				385,000	582,643	967,643
2021				395,000	566,408	961,408
2022				405,000	549,506	954,506
2023				875,000	522,088	1,397,088
2024				1,185,000	473,650	1,658,650
2025				1,245,000	412,900	1,657,900
2026				1,310,000	349,025	1,659,025
2027				3,045,000	247,763	3,292,763
2028				1,810,000	134,000	1,944,000
2029				1,775,000	44,375	1,819,375
2030						
2031						
2032						
2033						
2034						
2035						
2036						
	\$ 390,000	\$ 11,700	\$ 401,700	\$ 22,570,000	\$ 9,265,235	\$ 31,835,235

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2003

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2004

Fiscal Year]	Principal	Ir	iterest	Total	F	rincipal	I	nterest	Total
2013	\$	1,295,000	\$	61,541	\$ 1,356,541	\$	385,000	\$	64,500	\$ 449,500
2014		1,035,000		18,630	1,053,630		710,000		42,600	752,600
2015							710,000		14,200	724,200
2016										
2017										
2018										
2019										
2020										
2021										
2022										
2023										
2024										
2025										
2026										
2027										
2028										
2029										
2030										
2031										
2032										
2033										
2034										
2035										
2036										
	\$	2,330,000	\$	80,171	\$ 2,410,171	\$	1,805,000	\$	121,300	\$ 1,926,300

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2006

BCMUD #1 Bonds, Series 2007

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$ 335,000	\$ 414,688	\$ 749,688	\$ 60,000	\$ 77,865	\$ 137,865
2014	355,000	393,557	748,557	65,000	75,585	140,585
2015	370,000	371,354	741,354	70,000	73,082	143,082
2016	395,000	349,654	744,654	75,000	70,353	145,353
2017	405,000	330,932	735,932	75,000	67,428	142,428
2018	405,000	314,074	719,074	80,000	64,428	144,428
2019	505,000	294,838	799,838	85,000	61,228	146,228
2020	470,000	274,001	744,001	90,000	57,827	147,827
2021	500,000	253,146	753,146	95,000	54,228	149,228
2022	525,000	230,912	755,912	100,000	50,333	150,333
2023	555,000	207,218	762,218	110,000	46,232	156,232
2024	585,000	181,991	766,991	115,000	41,612	156,612
2025	605,000	155,363	760,363	120,000	36,782	156,782
2026	730,000	125,325	855,325	130,000	31,622	161,622
2027	765,000	91,688	856,688	135,000	26,033	161,033
2028	805,000	56,363	861,363	145,000	20,227	165,227
2029	850,000	19,125	869,125	155,000	13,920	168,920
2030				165,000	7,178	172,178
2031						
2032						
2033						
2034						
2035						
2036						
	\$ 9,160,000	\$ 4,064,226	\$ 13,224,226	\$ 1,870,000	\$ 875,963	\$ 2,745,963

Permanent Improvement & Refund Bonds, Series 2006

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2007

Fiscal Year]	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$	400,000	\$ 1,490,994	\$ 1,890,994	\$ 250,000	\$ 1,022,088	\$ 1,272,088
2014		410,000	1,474,794	1,884,794	300,000	1,007,650	1,307,650
2015		430,000	1,457,994	1,887,994	350,000	990,588	1,340,588
2016		445,000	1,440,216	1,885,216	400,000	970,900	1,370,900
2017		460,000	1,421,263	1,881,263	450,000	948,587	1,398,587
2018		480,000	1,401,288	1,881,288	1,005,000	910,394	1,915,394
2019		1,335,000	1,361,050	2,696,050	1,060,000	856,187	1,916,187
2020		1,485,000	1,293,888	2,778,888	1,115,000	799,094	1,914,094
2021		1,580,000	1,217,263	2,797,263	1,170,000	739,112	1,909,112
2022		1,675,000	1,135,888	2,810,888	1,230,000	676,113	1,906,113
2023		2,150,000	1,040,263	3,190,263	1,295,000	609,831	1,904,831
2024		2,150,000	932,763	3,082,763	1,360,000	540,137	1,900,137
2025		2,270,000	822,263	3,092,263	1,430,000	466,900	1,896,900
2026		2,395,000	705,638	3,100,638	1,500,000	389,988	1,889,988
2027		2,525,000	585,794	3,110,794	1,580,000	324,937	1,904,937
2028		3,690,000	438,188	4,128,188	1,660,000	272,288	1,932,288
2029		7,380,000	175,275	7,555,275	1,745,000	216,956	1,961,956
2030					1,540,000	163,575	1,703,575
2031					1,600,000	104,550	1,704,550
2032					1,660,000	35,275	1,695,275
2033							
2034							
2035							
2036			 		 	 	
	\$	31,260,000	\$ 18,394,816	\$ 49,654,816	\$ 22,700,000	\$ 12,045,150	\$ 34,745,150

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITY LONG-TERM DEBT BY MATURITY DATE September 30, 2012

Permanent Improvement & Refund Bonds, Series 2007

Certificate of Obligation, Series 2009

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$ 1,940,000	\$ 3,137,063	\$ 5,077,063	\$ 260,000	\$ 351,553	\$ 611,553
2014	2,510,000	3,048,062	5,558,062	230,000	345,703	575,703
2015	2,685,000	2,924,025	5,609,025	235,000	339,953	574,953
2016	2,345,000	2,791,562	5,136,562	240,000	332,903	572,903
2017	2,460,000	2,671,438	5,131,438	245,000	325,703	570,703
2018	2,220,000	2,554,437	4,774,437	255,000	317,128	572,128
2019	3,830,000	2,403,188	6,233,188	320,000	307,565	627,565
2020	5,190,000	2,190,662	7,380,662	325,000	294,765	619,765
2021	5,395,000	1,952,500	7,347,500	340,000	281,765	621,765
2022	5,610,000	1,704,887	7,314,887	350,000	268,165	618,165
2023	5,005,000	1,466,050	6,471,050	365,000	253,815	618,815
2024	5,230,000	1,235,763	6,465,763	385,000	238,303	623,303
2025	3,835,000	1,034,197	4,869,197	400,000	221,363	621,363
2026	3,845,000	866,197	4,711,197	420,000	203,363	623,363
2027	4,010,000	686,850	4,696,850	440,000	183,938	623,938
2028	2,290,000	537,225	2,827,225	465,000	163,038	628,038
2029	2,370,000	426,550	2,796,550	485,000	139,788	624,788
2030	2,590,000	308,750	2,898,750	415,000	116,750	531,750
2031	2,620,000	185,012	2,805,012	410,000	96,000	506,000
2032	2,585,000	61,394	2,646,394	475,000	75,500	550,500
2033				505,000	51,750	556,750
2034				530,000	26,500	556,500
2035						
2036						
	\$ 68,565,000	\$ 32,185,812	\$ 100,750,812	\$ 8,095,000	\$ 4,935,305	\$ 13,030,305

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2008

Permanent Improvement Bonds, Series 2008

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$ 105,000	\$ 404,678	\$ 509,678	\$ 235,000	\$ 1,055,400	\$ 1,290,400
2014	155,000	399,641	554,641	335,000	1,041,150	1,376,150
2015	145,000	393,828	538,828	310,000	1,025,025	1,335,025
2016	150,000	388,019	538,019	325,000	1,009,150	1,334,150
2017	160,000	381,819	541,819	340,000	992,525	1,332,525
2018	165,000	375,319	540,319	360,000	975,025	1,335,025
2019	185,000	368,319	553,319	405,000	955,900	1,360,900
2020	195,000	360,719	555,719	425,000	934,619	1,359,619
2021	205,000	352,591	557,591	445,000	911,781	1,356,781
2022	215,000	343,794	558,794	470,000	887,763	1,357,763
2023	225,000	334,388	559,388	490,000	861,950	1,351,950
2024	240,000	324,300	564,300	515,000	834,313	1,349,313
2025	250,000	313,550	563,550	545,000	805,163	1,350,163
2026	290,000	301,525	591,525	625,000	772,988	1,397,988
2027	305,000	287,375	592,375	660,000	737,650	1,397,650
2028	320,000	271,750	591,750	695,000	700,388	1,395,388
2029	335,000	255,375	590,375	730,000	664,850	1,394,850
2030	1,335,000	213,625	1,548,625	4,530,000	543,669	5,073,669
2031	1,675,000	138,375	1,813,375	4,705,000	330,109	5,035,109
2032	1,930,000	48,250	1,978,250	4,785,000	110,653	4,895,653
2033						
2034						
2035						
2036						
	\$ 8,585,000	\$ 6,257,238	\$ 14,842,238	\$ 21,930,000	\$ 16,150,069	\$ 38,080,069

Certificate of Obligation, Series 2009A

Permanent Improvement Bonds, Series 2010A

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	640,000	370,565	1,010,565	350,000	417,553	767,553
2014	640,000	356,965	996,965	355,000	410,503	765,503
2015	640,000	341,765	981,765	370,000	399,553	769,553
2016	640,000	324,965	964,965	380,000	388,353	768,353
2017	640,000	301,765	941,765	390,000	378,703	768,703
2018	640,000	275,403	915,403	400,000	366,853	766,853
2019	640,000	252,560	892,560	415,000	354,628	769,628
2020	635,000	231,361	866,361	425,000	342,028	767,028
2021	640,000	210,163	850,163	440,000	329,053	769,053
2022	640,000	187,763	827,763	455,000	315,059	770,059
2023	640,000	164,403	804,403	465,000	300,109	765,109
2024	640,000	140,562	780,562	485,000	284,065	769,065
2025	635,000	116,338	751,338	500,000	265,578	765,578
2026	640,000	91,315	731,315	520,000	246,153	766,153
2027	640,000	65,715	705,715	540,000	226,603	766,603
2028	635,000	39,898	674,898	560,000	205,558	765,558
2029	640,000	13,440	653,440	585,000	182,938	767,938
2030				610,000	159,038	769,038
2031				635,000	133,344	768,344
2032				660,000	105,825	765,825
2033				690,000	77,138	767,138
2034				720,000	47,175	767,175
2035				750,000	15,938	765,938
2036						
	\$ 10,865,000	\$ 3,484,945	\$ 14,349,945	\$ 11,700,000	\$ 5,951,739	\$ 17,651,739

Permanent Improvement & Refund Bonds, Series 2009 (Governmental Activities Portion) Principal Interest Total

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	
2013	380,000	655,118	1,035,118	
2014	390,000	641,568	1,031,568	
2015	405,000	626,754	1,031,754	
2016	420,000	615,918	1,035,918	
2017	435,000	599,267	1,034,267	
2018	455,000	578,154	1,033,154	
2019	590,000	557,888	1,147,888	
2020	615,000	537,863	1,152,863	
2021	635,000	517,075	1,152,075	
2022	655,000	494,490	1,149,490	
2023	680,000	470,120	1,150,120	
2024	705,000	444,321	1,149,321	
2025	735,000	416,953	1,151,953	
2026	765,000	387,505	1,152,505	
2027	795,000	356,305	1,151,305	
2028	825,000	323,492	1,148,492	
2029	865,000	288,415	1,153,415	
2030	835,000	249,375	1,084,375	
2031	945,000	204,875	1,149,875	
2032	1,090,000	154,000	1,244,000	
2033	1,235,000	95,875	1,330,875	
2034	1,300,000	32,500	1,332,500	
2035				
2036				
	\$ 15,755,000	\$ 9,247,831	\$ 25,002,831	

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Permanent Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2010B

Permanent Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 (Governmental Activities Portion)

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	215,000	29,950	244,950		1,566,250	1,566,250
2014	220,000	25,600	245,600		1,566,250	1,566,250
2015	225,000	21,150	246,150	685,000	1,552,550	2,237,550
2016	225,000	14,400	239,400	1,955,000	1,489,975	3,444,975
2017	240,000	6,300	246,300	2,625,000	1,388,600	4,013,600
2018	90,000	1,350	91,350	2,690,000	1,282,300	3,972,300
2019				3,210,000	1,164,300	4,374,300
2020				2,200,000	1,056,100	3,256,100
2021				2,340,000	965,300	3,305,300
2022				2,680,000	864,900	3,544,900
2023				2,840,000	754,500	3,594,500
2024				2,720,000	643,300	3,363,300
2025				4,520,000	521,100	5,041,100
2026				4,540,000	385,200	4,925,200
2027				3,035,000	271,575	3,306,575
2028				5,355,000	145,725	5,500,725
2029				2,180,000	32,700	2,212,700
2030						
2031						
2032						
2033						
2034						
2035						
2036						
	\$ 1,215,000	\$ 98,750	\$ 1,313,750	\$ 43,575,000	\$ 15,650,625	\$ 59,225,625

Permanent Improvement Bonds , Series 2011

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2011

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	140,000	200,419	340,419	210,000	37,202	247,202
2014	145,000	196,031	341,031	210,000	32,813	242,813
2015	150,000	190,131	340,131	210,000	28,424	238,424
2016	155,000	184,031	339,031	210,000	24,035	234,035
2017	165,000	177,631	342,631	205,000	19,698	224,698
2018	170,000	170,931	340,931	210,000	15,362	225,362
2019	175,000	164,031	339,031	210,000	10,973	220,973
2020	185,000	156,831	341,831	210,000	6,584	216,584
2021	190,000	149,331	339,331	210,000	2,195	212,195
2022	200,000	141,531	341,531			
2023	205,000	134,456	339,456			
2024	210,000	128,231	338,231			
2025	220,000	121,506	341,506			
2026	225,000	114,275	339,275			
2027	235,000	106,506	341,506			
2028	245,000	98,106	343,106			
2029	250,000	88,819	338,819			
2030	260,000	78,619	338,619			
2031	275,000	67,919	342,919			
2032	285,000	56,719	341,719			
2033	295,000	45,119	340,119			
2034	305,000	33,119	338,119			
2035	320,000	20,419	340,419			
2036	335,000	6,909	341,909			
	\$ 5,340,000	\$ 2,831,622	\$ 8,171,622	\$ 1,885,000	\$ 177,284	\$ 2,062,284

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF ENTERPRISE FUND LONG-TERM DEBT BY MATURITY DATE September 30, 2012

Water & Sewer System Revenue Bonds Series 1999

Water & Sewer System Revenue Bonds Series 2003

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$ 125,000	\$ 130,410	\$ 255,410	\$ 330,000	\$ 32,575	\$ 362,575
2014	130,000	124,660	254,660	340,000	13,600	\$ 353,600
2015	135,000	118,680	253,680			
2016	145,000	112,470	257,470			
2017	540,000	105,800	645,800			
2018	565,000	80,960	645,960			
2019	585,000	54,970	639,970			
2020	610,000	28,060	638,060			
2021						
2022						
2023						
2024						
2025						
2026						
2027						
2028						
2029						
2030						
2031						
2032						
2033						
2034						
2035						
2036						
2037						
	\$ 2,835,000	\$ 756,010	\$ 3,591,010	\$ 670,000	\$ 46,175	\$ 716,175

Water & Sewer System Revenue and Refunding

		Bonds, Series 2006	i		Bonds, Series 2007	
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$ 650,0	\$ 559,369	\$ 1,209,369	\$ 880,000	\$ 1,718,413	\$ 2,598,413
2014	680,0	000 530,119	1,210,119	920,000	1,670,013	2,590,013
2015	710,0	000 499,519	1,209,519	965,000	1,619,413	2,584,413
2016	745,0	000 467,569	1,212,569	1,010,000	1,566,338	2,576,338
2017	100,0	000 434,044	534,044	950,000	1,510,788	2,460,788
2018	100,0	000 429,744	529,744	995,000	1,458,538	2,453,538
2019	100,0	000 425,369	525,369	1,045,000	1,403,813	2,448,813
2020	100,0	000 420,869	520,869	1,095,000	1,348,950	2,443,950
2021	100,0	000 416,244	516,244	1,155,000	1,294,200	2,449,200
2022	100,0	000 411,619	511,619	1,210,000	1,236,450	2,446,450
2023	100,0	000 406,994	506,994	1,275,000	1,175,950	2,450,950
2024	100,0	000 402,369	502,369	2,295,000	1,112,200	3,407,200
2025	100,0	000 397,744	497,744	2,480,000	997,450	3,477,450
2026	1,150,0	000 393,119	1,543,119	3,120,000	873,450	3,993,450
2027	1,205,0	000 338,494	1,543,494	3,280,000	717,450	3,997,450
2028	1,265,0	000 278,244	1,543,244	3,440,000	553,450	3,993,450
2029	1,330,0	000 214,994	1,544,994	3,615,000	398,650	4,013,650
2030	1,395,0	000 146,831	1,541,831	3,795,000	272,125	4,067,125
2031	1,470,0	000 75,338	1,545,338	3,980,000	139,300	4,119,300
2032						
2033						
2034						
2035						
2036						
2037						
	\$ 11,500,0	900 \$ 7,248,588	\$ 18,748,588	\$ 37,505,000	\$ 21,066,938	\$ 58,571,938

Water & Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2008

Water & Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2009

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	7	Γotal	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$ 235,000	\$ 660,328	\$	895,328	\$ 370,000	\$ 569,862	\$ 939,862
2014	255,000	652,690		907,690	380,000	558,763	938,763
2015	275,000	641,215		916,215	385,000	547,362	932,362
2016	290,000	628,840		918,840	400,000	535,812	935,812
2017	315,000	615,790		930,790	410,000	522,813	932,813
2018	340,000	601,615		941,615	420,000	508,975	928,975
2019	370,000	586,315		956,315	435,000	493,750	928,750
2020	395,000	569,665		964,665	450,000	476,350	926,350
2021	420,000	551,890		971,890	465,000	458,350	923,350
2022	440,000	532,990		972,990	485,000	438,588	923,588
2023	460,000	514,840		974,840	505,000	416,763	921,763
2024	490,000	495,520		985,520	520,000	393,406	913,406
2025	510,000	474,450		984,450	545,000	368,056	913,056
2026	540,000	448,950		988,950	570,000	340,806	910,806
2027	560,000	421,950		981,950	600,000	311,594	911,594
2028	595,000	393,950		988,950	630,000	280,844	910,844
2029	600,000	364,200		964,200	665,000	247,769	912,769
2030	580,000	334,200		914,200	700,000	212,025	912,025
2031	560,000	305,200		865,200	730,000	173,525	903,525
2032	1,890,000	277,200		2,167,200	765,000	133,375	898,375
2033	1,980,000	182,700		2,162,700	815,000	91,300	906,300
2034	2,080,000	93,600		2,173,600	845,000	46,475	891,475
2035							
2036							
2037						 	
	\$ 14,180,000	\$ 10,348,098	\$	24,528,098	\$ 12,090,000	\$ 8,126,563	\$ 20,216,563

PIB Refunding Portion Series 2009 (Water & Sewer Portion)

PIB Refunding Bonds Series 2012 - W&S Portion

		(wa	tel & Sewel I	or non)				
Fiscal Year	Principal	In	terest		Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$ 1,110,000	\$	327,500	\$	1,437,500		\$ 237,800	\$ 237,800
2014	1,155,000		287,525		1,442,525		237,800	237,800
2015	1,195,000		243,712		1,438,712	335,000	231,100	566,100
2016	1,220,000		212,000		1,432,000	340,000	215,900	555,900
2017	2,065,000		143,601		2,208,601	350,000	200,400	550,400
2018	2,155,000		45,988		2,200,988	360,000	186,200	546,200
2019						365,000	171,700	536,700
2020						370,000	157,000	527,000
2021						370,000	142,200	512,200
2022						385,000	127,100	512,100
2023						395,000	111,500	506,500
2024						1,480,000	74,000	1,554,000
2025						1,480,000	22,200	1,502,200
2026								
2027								
2028								
2029								
2030								
2031								
2032								
2033								
2034								
2035								
2036								
2037								
	\$ 8,900,000	\$	1,260,326	\$	10,160,326	\$ 6,230,000	\$ 2,114,900	\$ 8,344,900

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Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds , Series 2010A Water & Sewer Refunding Bonds, Series 2010B

	P	Principal	Interest	Total	1	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$	390,000	\$ 513,306	\$ 903,306	\$	340,000	\$ 302,494	\$ 642,494
2014		395,000	506,481	901,481		350,000	296,544	646,544
2015		405,000	498,581	903,581		355,000	289,544	644,544
2016		410,000	490,481	900,481		370,000	282,444	652,444
2017		425,000	480,231	905,231		385,000	273,194	658,194
2018		440,000	467,481	907,481		405,000	261,644	666,644
2019		455,000	453,731	908,731		425,000	248,988	673,988
2020		475,000	438,944	913,944		445,000	235,175	680,175
2021		495,000	422,318	917,318		1,750,000	219,600	1,969,600
2022		515,000	402,519	917,519		1,830,000	149,600	1,979,600
2023		535,000	381,919	916,919		1,910,000	76,400	1,986,400
2024		555,000	360,519	915,519				
2025		580,000	338,318	918,318				
2026		600,000	315,118	915,118				
2027		625,000	291,118	916,118				
2028		650,000	265,337	915,337				
2029		680,000	237,713	917,713				
2030		710,000	208,813	918,813				
2031		740,000	177,750	177,750				
2032		755,000	144,450	144,450				
2033		785,000	110,475	110,475				
2034		825,000	75,150	75,150				
2035		845,000	38,025	3,988,025				
2036								
2037			 					
	\$	13,290,000	\$ 7,618,778	\$ 20,908,778	\$	8,565,000	\$ 2,635,627	\$ 11,200,627

Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2012

	Series 2012						
	Principal	Interest	Total				
2013	\$ 295,000	\$ 237,355	\$ 532,355				
2014	315,000	231,455	546,455				
2015	345,000	225,155	570,155				
2016	355,000	218,255	573,255				
2017	755,000	211,155	966,155				
2018	765,000	196,055	961,055				
2019	780,000	180,755	960,755				
2020	800,000	165,155	965,155				
2021	230,000	141,155	371,155				
2022	230,000	134,255	364,255				
2023	240,000	127,355	367,355				
2024	230,000	120,155	350,155				
2025	225,000	113,255	338,255				
2026	175,000	106,505	281,505				
2027	180,000	101,080	281,080				
2028	185,000	95,500	280,500				
2029	190,000	89,488	279,488				
2030	195,000	83,312	278,312				
2031	200,000	76,975	276,975				
2032	300,000	70,225	370,225				
2033	315,000	60,100	375,100				
2034	325,000	49,075	374,075				
2035	335,000	37,700	372,700				
2036	345,000	25,556	370,556				
2037	360,000	13,050	373,050				
	\$ 8,670,000	\$ 3,110,081	\$ 11,780,081				

PEARLAND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT OF PEARLAND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION BY MATURITY DATE September 30, 2012

Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005

Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2006

Fiscal Year	I	Principal	Interest	Total		Principal		Interest		Total	
2013	\$	425,000	\$ 340,738	\$ 765,738	\$	210,000	\$	444,169	\$	654,169	
2014		445,000	323,738	768,738		215,000		433,669		648,669	
2015		460,000	305,938	765,938		230,000		422,919		652,919	
2016		480,000	287,538	767,538		240,000		411,419		651,419	
2017		505,000	263,538	768,538		255,000		401,219		656,219	
2018		530,000	238,288	768,288		265,000		390,381		655,381	
2019		555,000	211,788	766,788		280,000		378,788		658,788	
2020		575,000	189,588	764,588		300,000		366,538		666,538	
2021		600,000	166,588	766,588		310,000		353,038		663,038	
2022		625,000	141,988	766,988		325,000		339,088		664,088	
2023		650,000	116,363	766,363		345,000		322,838		667,838	
2024		675,000	89,550	764,550		365,000		305,588		670,588	
2025		705,000	61,200	766,200		385,000		287,338		672,338	
2026		735,000	31,238	766,238		405,000		268,088		673,088	
2027						1,190,000		247,838		1,437,838	
2028						1,255,000		188,338		1,443,338	
2029						1,320,000		128,725		1,448,725	
2030						1,390,000		66,025		1,456,025	
	\$	7,965,000	\$ 2,768,075	\$ 10,733,075	\$	9,285,000	\$	5,756,000	\$	15,041,000	

Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	
2013	\$ 245,000	\$ 388,256	\$ 617,410	
2014	260,000	375,117	619,807	
2015	275,000	361,174	621,434	
2016	290,000	346,427	622,288	
2017	300,000	330,876	617,371	
2018	320,000	314,788	621,940	
2019	340,000	297,627	625,480	
2020	355,000	279,394	622,991	
2021	375,000	260,357	624,731	
2022	400,000	240,247	630,441	
2023	420,000	218,796	629,866	
2024	440,000	196,273	628,262	
2025	465,000	172,677	630,630	
2026	495,000	147,741	636,711	
2027	525,000	121,196	641,249	
2028	550,000	93,042	639,245	
2029	575,000	63,547	635,954	
2030	610,000	32,712	641,377	
	\$ 7,240,000	\$ 4,240,247	\$ 11,307,187	

DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PEARLAND

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT OF DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PEARLAND BY MATURITY DATE September 30, 2012

Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2012

Fiscal Year			
Ending	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2013	\$ 2,720,000	\$ 1,665,014	\$ 4,385,014
2014	2,800,000	1,581,511	4,381,511
2015	2,885,000	1,495,550	4,380,550
2016	2,970,000	1,406,981	4,376,981
2017	3,070,000	1,315,802	4,385,802
2018	3,160,000	1,221,553	4,381,553
2019	3,255,000	1,124,541	4,379,541
2020	3,120,000	1,024,613	4,144,613
2021	3,215,000	928,828	4,143,828
2022	3,030,000	830,128	3,860,128
2023	3,130,000	737,107	3,867,107
2024	3,225,000	641,016	3,866,016
2025	3,320,000	542,008	3,862,008
2026	3,425,000	440,085	3,865,085
2027	3,530,000	334,937	3,864,937
2028	3,635,000	226,566	3,861,566
2029	3,745,000	114,972	3,859,972
	\$ 54,235,000	\$ 15,631,212	\$ 69,866,212

Statistical Section (Unaudited)

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Unaudited Statistical Section

This part of the City of Pearland, Texas' comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	120
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	130
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and sales tax.	
Debt Capacity	138
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	143
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	145
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years Amounts in (000's) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Governmental Activities					
Invested in capital assets, net					
of related debt	\$418,713	\$405,052	\$396,619	\$402,103	\$400,522
Restricted	4,151	6,391	6,862	8,085	10,130
Unrestricted	3,210	6,746	5,785	8,917	11,809
Total governmental activities					
net assets	\$426,074	\$418,189	\$409,266	\$419,105	\$422,461
Business-type activities					
Invested in capital assets, net					
of related debt	\$107,472	\$113,736	\$127,144	\$130,648	\$126,779
Restricted			7,027	10,129	24,258
Unrestricted	25,749	18,986	552	700	1,638
Total business-type activities					
net assets	\$133,221	\$132,722	\$134,723	\$141,477	\$152,675
Primary government					
Invested in capital assets	\$526,185	\$518,788	\$523,763	\$532,751	\$527,301
Restricted	4,151	6,391	13,889	18,214	34,388
Unrestricted	28,959	25,732	6,337	9,617	13,447
Total primary government					
net assets	\$559,295	\$550,911	\$543,989	\$560,582	\$575,136

In Fiscal Year 2007, the City implemented the retroactive reporting of infrastructure in accordance with GASB 34. Prior year presentations have been adjusted to reflect the retroactive reporting.

2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	
\$410,002	\$429,054	\$422,643	\$413,439	\$410,078	
10,864	10,615	18,020	16,462	16,429	
10,903	13,330	13,692	14,543	21,752	
\$431,769	\$452,999	\$454,355	\$444,444	\$448,259	
\$138,679	\$ 146,150	\$144,244	\$156,629	\$158,715	
16,094	11,965	17,587	5,603	9,822	
3,406	9,256	11,942	13,910	12,439	
\$158,179	\$167,371	\$173,773	\$176,142	\$180,976	
\$548,681	\$575,204	\$566,887	\$570,068	\$568,793	
26,958	22,580	35,607	22,065	26,251	
14,309	22,586	25,634	28,453	34,191	
\$589,948	\$620,370	\$628,128	\$620,586	\$629,235	
φ 303,340	\$020,370	φυ20,120	\$ 020,360	φ049,433	

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Amounts in (000's)

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Expenses					
Governmental activities					
General Government	\$ 6,275	\$ 7,314	\$ 8,714	\$ 8,574	\$ 8,660
Public Safety	9,645	10,525	11,857	12,564	14,655
Public Works	25,729	25,913	28,858	26,914	24,041
Community Services	2,874	2,700	2,939	2,903	3,113
Parks and Recreation				4,131	4,882
Interest on long-term debt	4,559	5,549	5,115	6,559	9,070
Total government activities expenses	49,082	52,001	57,483	61,645	64,421
Business-type activities:					
Water and Sewer	13,643	19,265	17,624	20,531	21,076
Solid Waste					5,218
Total business-type activities:	13,643	19,265	17,624	20,531	26,294
Total primary government expenses	\$ 62,725	\$ 71,266	\$ 75,107	\$ 82,176	\$ 90,715
Program Revenue					
Governmental activities					
Charges for services:					
General Government	\$ 161	\$ 506	\$ 185	\$	\$
Public Safety	1,998	2,975	3,640	2,627	2,788
Public Works	5,547	6,864	7,221	4,331	195
Community Services	866	696	1,263	6,312	5,822
Parks and Recreation	000	070	1,203	825	818
Operating grants and contributions				023	010
General Government	5		2	1,239	1,659
Public Safety	370	839	673	1,239	154
Public Works	12	037	073	111	456
Community Services	324	17	479	55	34
Parks and Recreation	324	17	7/)	21	11
Capital grants and contributions				21	11
General Government	14	1,319	800		
Public Safety	1,618	756	312		
Public Works	586	730	6	15,743	8,690
Parks and Recreation	300		O	6	0,070
Total governmental activities program revenues	11,501	13,971	14,582	31,270	20,627
Business-type activities:	11,501	13,771	14,362	31,270	20,027
Charges for services					
Water and Sewer	8,809	11,893	11,219	13,849	17,754
Solid Waste	0,007	11,075	11,217	13,017	5,218
Operating grants and contributions					3,210
Water and Sewer		47		474	385
Capital grants and contributions		4/		4/4	303
Water and Sewer	9,882	6,933	8,365	13,434	12,621
Total business-type activities program revenues	18,691	18,873	19,585	27,757	35,978
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 30,192	\$ 32,844	\$ 34,167	\$ 59,027	\$ 56,605
Total primary government program revenues	ψ 30,172	Ψ 32,017	φ 5-1,107	Ψ 37,021	Ψ 50,005

2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	
¢ 11 161	¢ 12.255	¢ 12.420	¢ 15.627	¢ 12.224	
\$ 11,161	\$ 12,355	\$ 13,439	\$ 15,637	\$ 13,334	
17,684	22,438	24,268	23,057	27,403	
24,532	26,893	35,679 3,323	31,347	28,510	
3,336	3,290		3,350	4,267 9,266	
7,157	7,240	7,699	8,043 13,087		
12,266 76,136	11,647 83,863	13,738 98,146	94,521	94,352	
70,130	63,603	96,140	94,321	94,332	
22,570	25,439	27,157	29,192	29,392	
6,024	7,106	7,089	7,285	7,528	
28,594	32,545	34,246	36,477	36,920	
\$ 104,730	\$116,408	\$132,392	\$130,998	\$131,272	
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
	э 3,524				
2,959	3,324	3,296 10	3,679 18	4,206 43	
103		4,312			
5,130	4,755		4,632	5,855	
936	672	906	2,027	2,080	
3,951	4,913	5,215	5,488	6,045	
230	420	641	407	711	
551	375	207	675	53	
129	202	159	366	311	
115	450	424	462	542	
503	279	98			
15,263	26,092	29,800	10,330	18,743	
261	4,653			100	
30,131	46,370	45,068	28,084	38,689	
21,524	26,617	24,961	28,664	27,535	
6,038	6,766	7,313	7,258	7,654	
3,030	3,700	,,515	,,230	7,05 F	
315	2,464	70	61	205	
	,				
5,869	6,125	8,611	4,215	8,118	
33,746	41,972	40,955	40,198	43,512	
\$ 63,877	\$ 88,342	\$ 86,023	\$ 68,282	\$ 82,201	

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
Last Nine Fiscal Years*

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Amounts in (000's)

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Net (Expense)/Revenue					
Governmental activities	\$ (37,581)	\$ (38,030)	\$ (42,901)	\$ (30,375)	\$ (43,794)
Business-type activities	5,048	(392)	1,961	7,226	9,684
Total primary government net expense	\$ (32,533)	\$ (38,422)	\$ (40,940)	\$ (23,149)	\$ (34,110)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Asse	ets				
Governmental activities:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ 15,120	\$ 17,907	\$ 19,805	\$ 21,845	\$ 24,823
Sales and use taxes	6,008	6,933	8,026	9,980	11,025
Franchise taxes	2,533	2,883	3,097	3,426	3,760
Investment earnings	171	1,115	1,863	2,991	4,943
Miscellaneous	742	783	828	740	1,539
Transfers	728	524	359	1,230	1,060
Total governmental activities	\$ 25,302	\$ 30,145	\$ 33,978	\$ 40,212	\$ 47,150
Business-type activities:					
Investment earnings	\$ 196	\$ 417	\$ 399	\$ 758	\$ 2,574
Miscellaneous					
Transfers	(728)	(524)	(359)	(1,230)	(1,060)
Total business-type activities	(532)	(107)	40	(472)	1,514
Total primary government	\$ 24,770	\$ 30,038	\$ 34,018	\$ 39,740	\$ 48,664
Change in Net Assets					
Governmental activities	\$ (12,279)	\$ (7,885)	\$ (8,923)	\$ 9,837	\$ 3,356
Business-type activities	4,516	(499)	2,001	6,754	11,198
Total primary government	\$ (7,763)	\$ (8,384)	\$ (6,922)	\$ 16,591	\$ 14,554

In Fiscal Year 2007, the City implemented the retroactive reporting of infrastructure in accordance with GASB 34. Prior year presentations have been adjusted to reflect the retroactive reporting of depreciation expenses.

2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
\$ (46,005)	\$ (37,493)	\$ (53,078)	\$ (66,437)	\$ (55,663)
5,152	9,427	6,709	3,721	6,592
\$ (40,853)	\$ (28,066)	\$ (46,369)	\$ (62,716)	\$ (49,071)
\$ 29,492	\$ 31,140	\$ 32,963	\$ 33,451	\$ 34,305
12,581	14,218	13,578	13,983	15,632
4,427	5,075	5,426	5,605	5,670
4,572	1,376	253	157	92
2,911	6,294	1,028	1,854	1,510
1,330	621	1,186	1,475	2,269
\$ 55,313	\$ 58,724	\$ 54,434	\$ 56,525	\$ 59,478
\$ 1,669	\$ 363	\$ 100	\$ 116	\$ 68
12	23	779	9	444
(1,330)	(621)	(1,186)	(1,475)	(2,269)
351	(235)	(307)	(1,350)	(1,757)
\$ 55,664	\$ 58,489	\$ 54,127	\$ 55,175	\$ 57,721
\$ 9,308	\$ 21,231	\$ 1,356	\$ (9,912)	\$ 3,815
5,503	9,192	6,402	2,371	4,835
\$ 14,811	\$ 30,423	\$ 7,758	\$ (7,541)	\$ 8,650

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years Amounts in (000's)

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2003	2004	2005	2006		
General fund							
Non-spendable	\$	52	\$ 70	\$ 71	\$	84	
Restricted							
Assigned						552	
Unassigned		5,310	8,216	8,132		9,961	
Total General Fund	\$	5,362	\$ 8,286	\$ 8,203	\$	10,597	
All other governmental funds restricte	d for:						
Debt service	\$	2,130	\$ 3,008	\$ 3,855	\$	4,658	
Capital improvements		41,255	46,014	43,545		52,957	
Public safety		190	284	348		453	
Community development projects							
Tourism		392	557	670		864	
Parks and recreation		569	793	992		1,393	
Capital projects - other		250	872	1,007		1,064	
Other		323	909	238		247	
Total other Governmental Funds	\$	45,109	\$ 52,437	\$ 50,655	\$	61,636	

2007	 2008	 2009	2010		 2011		2012
\$ 123	\$ 181	\$ 119	\$	146	\$ 130 126	\$	182
581	4,698	699		117	160		167
12,932	8,647	11,401		12,599	14,108		17,222
\$ 13,636	\$ 13,526	\$ 12,219	\$	12,862	\$ 14,524	\$	17,571
\$ 6,552	\$ 6,835	\$ 7,246	\$	6,705	\$ 5,160	\$	4,992
96,542	110,715	62,467		30,893	23,461		13,776
591	583	699		612	541		702
1,051	1,247	1,344		1,394	1,452		1,821
1,652	1,183	1,094		1,214	1,143		968
1,138	1,346	1,146		962	810		797
114	629	 85		79	 87		215
\$ 107,640	\$ 122,538	\$ 74,081	\$	41,859	\$ 32,654	\$	23,271

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years Amounts in (000's) (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2003	2004	2005		2006	
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 15,120	\$ 17,891	\$	19,745	\$	22,150
Sales and use taxes	6,008	6,933		8,026		9,980
Franchise fees	2,533	2,883		3,097		3,426
Licenses and permits	2,682	3,441		3,864		4,067
Fines and forfeitures	1,422	1,608		1,935		2,038
Charges for services	3,982	5,260		6,139		8,734
Investment earnings	171	1,115		1,863		2,991
Intergovernmental	2,398	3,040		2,382		7,852
Other	 1,135	1,076		1,172		1,744
Total Revenues	35,451	43,247		48,223		62,982
Expenditures						
General government	5,852	6,221		6,750		6,381
Public safety	9,650	10,142		11,081		12,870
Public works	8,770	8,709		10,450		9,728
Community services	2,827	2,904		2,747		3,787
Parks and recreation						3,358
Debt service:						
Principal	2,040	3,000		3,535		3,429
Interest and other charges	4,469	5,665		5,555		6,771
Capital outlay	23,568	18,058		28,661		36,706
Intergovernmental	 			1,084		1,684
Total Expenditures	57,176	54,699		69,863		84,714
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(21,725)	(11,452)		(21,640)		(21,732)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	1,534	1,431		4,870		5,852
Transfers out	(806)	(907)		(4,510)		(4,698)
Bonds issued	34,653	184		37,015		41,959
Payment to Escrow Agent						
Capital leases		21,000		271		
Other		94		(15,926)		(8,005)
Total other Financing Sources (uses)	35,381	21,802		21,720		35,108
Net change in fund balances	\$ 13,656	\$ 10,350	\$	80	\$	13,376
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital						
expenditures	19.4%	23.6%		22.1%		21.2%

	2007		2008		2009		2010	2011			2012
¢.	24.525	ď	20, 200	ф	21 240	ď	22.957	¢	22 454	ď	24.262
\$	24,525 11,025	\$	29,200 12,581	\$	31,349 14,218	\$	32,856 13,578	\$	33,454 13,983	\$	34,362 15,632
	3,760		4,427		5,075		5,426		5,605		5,817
	4,030		2,992		2,079		1,807		1,721		2,320
	2,048		2,086		2,325		2,475		2,895		3,374
	5,250		7,512		8,885		9,328		11,687		11,891
	4,938		4,568		1,375		591		156		92
	14,463		3,731		7,589		3,689		2,199		3,271
	1,815		5,638		8,980		982		1,560		2,358
	71,854		72,735		81,875		70,732		73,260		79,117
	,	-	<u> </u>		,		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
	6,293		7,388		8,412		8,527		10,866		8,863
	14,598		19,604		22,310		23,784		23,926		25,362
	6,278		7,536		12,051		7,108		6,505		5,535
	3,102		3,426		3,386		3,839		3,376		4,246
	4,908		6,605		5,789		6,305		7,539		7,266
	3,228		3,160		5,482		6,200		8,217		9,373
	10,197		12,382		12,080		13,635		13,543		12,401
	28,530		27,777		68,615		61,317		25,703		9,442
	2,169		3,434		3,250		3,794		3,954		3,992
	79,303		91,312		141,375		134,509		103,629		86,480
	(7,449)		(18,577)		(59,500)		(63,777)		(30,369)		(7,363)
	4.506		4.012		2.246		2.400		2.525		5,000
	4,596		4,912		3,246		3,498		3,525		5,909
	(3,536) 94,559		(3,582) 31,835		(2,625) 8,520		(2,312) 28,962		(2,050)		(4,017) 49,805
	34,333		31,033		6,320		20,902		21,637 (1,630)		(54,478)
	1,568				649		2,050		1,289		(34,476)
	(40,695)		200		(54)		2,030		56		3,809
	56,492		33,365		9,736		32,198		22,827		1,028
	30,172		33,303		7,750		32,170		22,027		1,020
\$	49,043	\$	14,788	\$	(49,764)	\$	(31,579)	\$	(7,542)	\$	(6,335)
	26.4%		24.5%		24.1%		27.1%		27.9%		28.3%

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Seven Fiscal Years

Real Property

Fiscal Year	Tax Year	Residential		Residential Commercial				Less Tax Exempt Real Property		
2006	2005	\$	2,689,041,440	\$	1,072,417,312	\$	309,552,190	\$	270,175,010	
2007	2006		3,398,952,580		1,234,444,431		378,160,330		307,538,080	
2008	2007		4,136,844,130		1,463,969,653		449,453,570		384,651,183	
2009	2008		4,535,133,971		1,795,132,850		521,854,047		461,051,494	
2010	2009		4,673,324,896		1,762,831,286		632,160,830		484,145,515	
2011	2010		4,916,409,359		1,833,483,370		527,132,210		590,247,297	
2012	2011		4,929,336,548		1,897,683,176		488,098,315		592,996,676	

Notes:

Information not presented was not available at time of publication. Agricultural Property and Productivity Loss in Commercial

Assessed valuation for fiscal year 2007 does not include Brazoria County Mud #1 valuation of \$241,248,630 that was annexed into the City on December 31, 2006.

E	Less Other xemptions and Abatements	 Total Taxable Assessed Value	 tal Direct ax Rate	_	stimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percent of Actual Taxable Value
\$	224,396,803	\$ 3,576,439,129	\$ 0.6744	\$	3,576,439,129	100%
	291,197,312	4,412,821,949	0.6527		4,412,821,949	100%
	275,826,005	5,389,790,165	0.6526		5,389,790,165	100%
	486,242,814	5,904,826,560	0.6526		5,904,826,560	100%
	315,123,559	6,269,047,937	0.6526		6,269,047,937	100%
	355,054,613	6,331,723,029	0.6651		6,331,723,029	100%
	352,494,382	6,369,626,981	0.6851		6,369,626,981	100%

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$100 of assessed value)

	Ci	ty Direct Ra	ites								Overlapping	Ra	tes ^a
Fiscal Year	M & O Rate	I & S Rate	Total Direct	Pearland Independent School District	Pasadena ndependent School District	Alvin lependent School District	Alvin Comm College	Brazoria County	Fort Bend County	Harris County	Port of Houston Authority	1	Harris County Flood Control
2003	\$ 0.406	\$ 0.280	\$ 0.686	\$ 1.837			\$ 0.255	\$ 0.420	\$ 0.513	\$ 0.360	\$ 0.020	\$	0.050
2004	0.346	0.350	0.696	1.809			0.255	0.420	0.499	0.388	0.020	-	0.042
2005	0.339	0.356	0.695	1.792			0.241	0.422	0.500	0.400	0.017		0.033
2006	0.345	0.329	0.674	1.792			0.238	0.408	0.517	0.400	0.015		0.033
2007	0.299	0.354	0.653	1.662	\$ 1.350	\$ 1.546	0.220	0.382	0.517	0.402	0.013		0.032
2008	0.250	0.402	0.653	1.427	1.350	1.328	0.210	0.311	0.517	0.392	0.014		0.031
2009	0.220	0.433	0.653	1.419	1.350	1.328	0.200	0.330	0.500	0.391	0.018		0.031
2010	0.220	0.433	0.653	1.419	1.350	1.304	0.200	0.366	0.500	0.392	0.016		0.029
2011	0.215	0.450	0.665	1.419	1.350	1.304	0.200	0.403	0.500	0.388	0.021		0.029
2012	0.215	0.470	0.685	1.419	1.350	1.344	0.199	0.413	0.500	0.391	0.019		0.028

Source: Brazoria County, Harris County, and Fort Bend County Appraisal District.

Harris County Hospital District	Harris County Dept of Education	Brazoria/ Ft Bend MUD No. 1	MUD No. 17	MUD No. 18	MUD No. 19	MUD No. 23	MUD No. 26	MUD No. 28	MUD No. 34	MUD No. 35
\$ 0.190	\$ 0.006		\$ 0.750	\$0.650	\$ 0.800		\$ 0.850			
0.190	0.006		0.750	0.650	0.800		0.850			
0.190	0.006		0.750	0.650	0.800	0.850	0.850	\$ 0.820	\$ 0.850	
0.192	0.006	\$ 0.850	0.750	0.640	0.800	0.850	0.850	0.820	0.850	
0.192	0.006	0.850	0.750	0.610	0.780	0.850	0.770	0.820	0.850	
0.192	0.006	0.850	0.730	0.590	0.680	0.850	0.710	0.820	0.850	\$ 0.850
0.192	0.006	0.850	0.630	0.570	0.660	0.820	0.710	0.820	0.850	0.890
0.192	0.060	0.850	0.600	0.560	0.630	0.800	0.710	0.820	0.850	1.020
0.192	0.007	0.850	0.547	0.550	0.620	0.770	0.710	0.820	0.850	1.020
0.192	0.007	0.850	0.547	0.545	0.600	0.630	0.690	0.820	0.850	1.020

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Т	axes Levied		Collected w Fiscal Year of	C	ollections	Total Collections to Date				
		for the			Percentage	in S	Subsequent			Percentage	
Sept 30 ,	Fiscal Year		Amount		of Levy	<u>Years</u>			Amount	of Levy	
2003	\$	14,880,007	\$	14,575,297	97.95%	\$	279,516	\$	14,854,813	99.8%	
2004		18,030,473		17,633,986	97.80%		361,748		17,995,734	99.8%	
2005		21,073,788		20,576,812	97.64%		473,048		21,049,860	99.9%	
2006		24,284,597		23,690,031	97.55%		558,342		24,248,373	99.9%	
2007		28,819,229		28,235,276	97.97%		546,638		28,781,914	99.9%	
2008		35,035,569		34,461,652	98.36%		528,647		34,990,299	99.9%	
2009		38,368,354		37,820,603	98.57%		463,703		38,284,306	99.8%	
2010		41,081,407		40,590,543	98.81%		322,919		40,913,461	99.6%	
2011		41,968,046		41,594,389	99.11%		155,198		41,749,587	99.5%	
2012		43,441,792		43,110,373	99.24%				43,110,373	99.2%	

Source: Brazoria County Tax Office

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2	2012			_					
<u>Taxpayer</u>		Percentage of Total City Taxable Taxable Taxable Assessed Assessed Value Rank Value Value		Rank	Assessed						
Pearland Town Center LP	\$	66,933,820	1	1.06%							
Amreit SPF Shadow Creek, LP		41,006,650	2	0.65%							
Pearland Investments Ltd		31,696,920	3	0.50%							
Weatherford U.S., Inc.		31,613,080	4	0.50%	\$ 34,843,830	1	1.48%				
Villas Shadow Creek Ranch LP		29,000,460	5	0.46%							
Centerpoint Energy, Inc.		26,536,120	6	0.42%	18,062,650	2	0.77%				
Walmart Real Estate Bus TR		23,678,280	7	0.37%	12,115,230	3	0.51%				
Shadow Kirby LTD Partnership		23,114,059	8	0.37%							
MRP Shadow Creek LP		21,000,000	9	0.33%							
HCA Healthcare Corp.		19,074,620	10	0.30%							
Landar Mary's Creek Apts					11,113,820	4	0.47%				
Southwestern Bell Telephone					9,439,220	5	0.40%				
Lennar Homes of Texas					8,997,250	6	0.38%				
Westlake Residential Apts					8,835,990	7	0.38%				
Aggreko, Inc.					8,560,750	8	0.36%				
Whispering Winds Apartments					7,705,580	9	0.33%				
Texas Windmill Apts	_				7,624,730	10	0.32%				
Total	\$	313,654,009		4.95%	\$ 127,299,050		5.40%				

Source: Brazoria County Appraisal District

TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY

Last Ten Calendar Years (in thousands of dollars)

	Calendar Year									
		<u>2003</u>		<u>2004</u>		<u>2005</u>		<u>2006</u>		
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing	\$	13	\$	190	\$	283	\$	453		
Mining, Quarrying, Oil and Gas		4,283		3,738		2,985		11,186		
Utilities								7		
Manufacturing		27,491		29,200		41,057		46,241		
Wholesale Trade		11,234		13,059		24,070		30,592		
Retail Trade		278,528		305,156		370,665		464,850		
Transportation/Warehousing		43		54		55		155		
Information		2,851		3,365		7,203		8,553		
Finance, Insurance		3,403		3,505		1,811		1,722		
Real Estate/Rental/Leasing		14,243		10,722		18,629		33,329		
Professional/Scientific/Technical		2,743		3,516		3,538		3,893		
Management of Companies/Enterprises				2,399		2,278				
Admin/Support/Waste Mgmt/Remediation		10,515		17,880		13,688		8,060		
Educational Services		195		95		204		110		
Health Care/Social Assistance		14		9		72		56		
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation		4,283		4,703		4,787		5,208		
Accommodations & Food Services		54,331		65,708		80,185		95,154		
Construction		14,392		13,288		13,234		18,348		
Other Services (Except Public Admin)		14,500		15,108		16,921		20,390		
Other		2,412		547		13		2		
Total	\$	445,475	\$	492,242	\$	601,677	\$	748,310		
O'. I' b		1.000/		1.000/		1.000/		1.000/		
City direct sales tax rate ^b		1.00%		1.00%		1.00%		1.00%		

Source: State Comptroller's Office.

^a 2012 taxable sales thru 2nd quarter of 2012.

^b The City direct sales tax rate includes the City only and not the Pearland Economic Development Corp. (4B).
^C Categories changed in 2007. Re-categorized data.

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			Carcilu	uı .	1 cai		
<u>2007</u>		<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>		<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	2012 a
· <u> </u>							
\$ 473	\$	675	\$ 566	\$	180	\$ 306	\$ 244
9,280		10,520	3,355	3,246		3,316	1,348
3		6	6		3	187	
50,134		47,447	31,243		39,582	49,474	24,733
28,782		32,999	25,954		30,730	33,163	18,754
536,352		667,470	699,338		673,724	697,252	353,081
169		138	161		282	418	200
10,086		12,567	14,413		15,672	16,896	9,180
1,038		1,469	1,811		1,404	1,260	681
44,560		52,276	38,924		46,811	48,062	28,209
4,103		5,218	5,923		6,277	7,069	5,120
1,161		2,594					
9,209		12,656	11,670		10,650	11,002	5,756
110		212	144		207	314	148
63		37	52		184	252	183
8,789		9,751	9,909		11,315	11,566	6,488
107,850		127,994	146,598		155,335	172,088	96,885
16,232		17,496	14,372		15,537	17,558	9,472
20,794		23,764	23,670		25,114	29,748	15,156
\$ 849,188	\$	1,025,289	\$ 1,028,107	\$	1,036,253	\$ 1,099,932	\$ 575,638
1.00% 1.00		1.00%	1.00%		1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

		Go	vernm	ental Activi	ties		Business-Type Activities						
Fiscal Year	Obligation of Ob		Certificates Capital of Obligation Lease Obligations		Revenue Bonds		Certificates of Obligation Bonds		Capital Lease Obligations				
2003	\$	26,880	\$	70,650			\$	34,485	\$	16,835			
2004		25,345		90,185	\$	184		33,505		16,735			
2005		60,175		72,390		396		32,480		15,880			
2006		90,305		81,275		309		40,170		15,000			
2007		164,810		66,220		1,538		79,180		13,915			
2008		184,985		74,980		1,187		92,900		13,140			
2009		180,765		82,505		1,479		104,435		12,160	\$	235	
2010		193,785		92,380		3,237		116,440		10,540		345	
2011		207,105		91,150		4,032		113,270		9,730		421	
2012		224,170		65,425		3,407		109,305		15,130		342	

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

	Total Primary vernment	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita			
\$	148,850	10.6%	\$	3,167		
	165,954	10.3%		3,073		
	181,321	9.3%		2,895		
	227,059	11.1%		2,862		
	325,663	12.4%		3,854		
	367,192	12.4%		4,126		
	381,579	13.0%		4,121		
	416,727	13.5%		4,429		
425,708		14.3%		4,380		
	417,779	13.0%		4,186		

RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands, except per capita)

Fiscal Year	Tax Year	0	General bligation Bonds	Less Debt Service Funds		Service Net Bonde		Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Percentage of Personal Income ^a	Per	Capita
2003	2002	\$	114,365	\$	2,130	\$	112,235	6.0%	8.0%	\$	2,388
2004	2003		132,265		3,008		129,257	6.3%	8.0%		2,394
2005	2004		148,445		3,855		144,590	6.2%	7.4%		2,308
2006	2005		186,580		4,658		181,922	5.1%	8.9%		2,293
2007	2006		244,945		6,552		238,393	5.4%	9.1%		2,821
2008	2007		273,105		6,552		266,553	4.9%	9.0%		2,995
2009	2008		275,430		7,247		268,183	4.5%	9.1%		2,896
2010	2009		296,705		6,706		289,999	4.6%	9.4%		3,082
2011	2010		307,985		5,160		302,825	4.8%	10.2%		3,115
2012	2011		304,725		4,992		299,733	4.7%	9.3%		3,003

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^a Population and personal income data can be found in demographic and economic statistics table.

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT
September 30, 2012

	Gross	Ove	rlappii	ng
Taxing Jurisdiction	Debt *	Percent (a)		Amount
Alvin Community College District	\$16,160,000	27.17%	\$	4,390,672
Alvin ISD	314,505,000	30.89%		97,150,595
Brazoria County	89,385,000	24.19%		21,622,232
Brazoria County MUD No. 17	29,565,000	100.00%		29,565,000
Brazoria County MUD No. 18	30,260,000	97.35%		29,458,110
Brazoria County MUD No. 19	37,285,000	100.00%		37,285,000
Brazoria County MUD No. 23	18,570,000	100.00%		18,570,000
Brazoria County MUD No. 26	43,130,000	100.00%		43,130,000
Brazoria County MUD No. 28	13,300,000	100.00%		13,300,000
Brazoria County MUD No. 34	24,800,000	100.00%		24,800,000
Brazoria County MUD No. 35	9,410,000	100.00%		9,410,000
Brazoria-Fort Bend County MUD No. 1	53,015,000	73.76%		39,103,864
Fort Bend County	485,890,000	0.23%		1,117,547
Harris County	2,365,577,190	0.13%		3,075,250
Harris County Dept. of Education	7,795,000	0.13%		10,134
Harris County Flood Control District	96,470,000	0.13%		125,411
Pasadena ISD	488,300,000	0.14%		683,620
Pearland ISD	311,629,177	71.72%		223,500,446
Port of Houston Authority	731,969,397	0.13%		951,560
TOTAL ESTIMATED OVERLAPPING				597,249,440
The City	\$304,725,000	100.00%		304,725,000
Total Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt			\$	901,974,440
Population				99,800
Per Capita Debt - Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$	9,038

Source: Individual jurisdictions and/or Texas Municipal Reports.

^{*} Debt amounts as of September 30, 2012.

⁽a) Overlapping percentage based on assessed property tax values

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE Amounts in (000's) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds

Fiscal Year	Gross Revenues	Less: Operating Expenses	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Debt Service Principal Interest				_Coverage
2003	\$ 9.023	\$ 6.282	\$ 2,741	\$ 980	\$ 1.635	\$ 2.615	1.05	
2003	12,357	10.877	1.480	1,025	1.504	2,529	0.59	
	,	- ,	,	,	,	7		
2005	11,619	8,607	3,012	1,075	1,459	2,534	1.19	
2006	15,004	11,228	3,776	1,125	1,829	2,954	1.28	
2007	20,713	12,151	8,562	1,125	2,915	4,040	2.12	
2008	23,507	14,827	8,680	1,230	4,011	5,241	1.66	
2009	26,980	12,877	14,103	1,595	4,648	6,243	2.26	
2010	25,061	13,585	11,476	2,575	4,848	7,423	1.55	
2011	28,664	15,529	13,135	3,170	5,155	8,325	1.58	
2012	27,969	15,946	12,023	3,305	5,016	8,321	1.44	

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expenses.

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population (A)	Personal Income (in \$000's)		•		Education level in Years of Schooling	School Enrollment (C)	Unemployment Rate (D)
2003	47,000	\$	1,400,741	\$ 29,803	35.1	14.3	12,708	4.7%
2004	54,000		1,609,362	29,803	35.1	14.3	13,600	4.5%
2005	62,634		1,951,801	31,162	35.5	14.3	15,023	4.6%
2006	79,322		2,050,394	25,849	33.4	14.3	16,629	3.6%
2007	84,500		2,631,837	31,146	34.9	14.3	17,733	3.6%
2008	89,000		2,963,255	33,295	35.8	14.3	18,439	3.8%
2009	92,600		2,941,717	31,768	34.5	14.2	20,056	6.5%
2010	94,100		3,076,788	32,697	33.4	14.2	21,269	6.9%
2011	97,200		2,974,785	30,605	33.3	14.2	20,931	6.9%
2012	99,800		3,213,184	32,196	34.8	14.2	21,721	5.6%

⁽A) Estimated

⁽B) Pearland Economic Development Corporation(C) Texas Education Agency

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Six Years Ago

		2012			2005	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Pearland ISD	2,268	1	4.97%	1,820	1	7.26%
Wal-Mart	1,150	2	2.52%	800	2	3.19%
City of Pearland	633	3	1.39%	420	3	1.67%
Kemlon	390	4	0.86%	185	6	0.74%
HEB	350	5	0.77%			
Davis-Lynch	300	6	0.66%			
Sam's Club	230	7	0.50%			
Bass Pro Shop	225	8	0.49%			
Home Depot	223	9	0.49%			
Packaging Service Co, Inc.	205	10	0.45%			
TurboCare				175	7	0.70%
Weatherford				250	4	1.00%
Randall's				250	5	1.00%
Super Target				150	8	0.60%
Tele-flow				140	9	0.56%
Lowes				132	10	0.53%
Total	5,974		13.10%	4,322		17.23%

Sources:

2005 Pearland Economic Development Corp.

2012 Pearland Chamber of Commerce

Note: Information for the period nine years ago is not readily available.

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Full-time Equivalent Employees as of Sept 30									
	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	
Function/Program											
Governmental Activities											
General Government	45	41	42	49	51	55	55	57	57	57	
Public Safety	132	160	170	184	205	242	253	264	276	286	
Public Works	41	42	43	44	47	45	47	47	45	32	
Community Services	34	37	41	47	50	51	52	47	45	54	
Parks and Recreation	52	55	58	52	59	68	72	99	105	108	
Business Type Activities											
Water & Sewer	56	62	62	76	78	77	82	82	87	91	
Component Unit											
Economic Development	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	6	5	5	
Total	364	401	420	456	494	543	564	601	619	633	

Source: City Budget

Reorganization in 2012 with 17 FTE's moving from Public Works to Community Services

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Ye					
	-	2003	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	2007	
Function/	/Program						
	AL GOVERNMENT						
Finance					• • • •		
	Number of purchase orders	3,953	3,667	3,183	3,085	3,475	
	Number of budget transfers	61 N/A	82	117	226	194	
	Number of invoices paid	N/A	N/A	21,180	22,438	22,279	
11 D	Average number of employees paid per month	764	848	930	984	1,026	
Human Ro		60	5 0	77	05	07	
	Number of hires	69	58	77	95	97	
	Number of interviews conducted	320	292	333	360	449	
T 1	Number of applications received	2,318	2,541	3,138	2,808	3,074	
Legal	No. 1	261	260	224	205	260	
I f	Number of resolutions and ordinances prepared	261	268	234	295	269	
mormano	on Technology	275	300	350	270	486	
	Average monthly service requests	275 175	185	205	370 220	354	
	Number of PC's supported	1/3	185	205	220	334	
PUBLIC	SAFFTV						
Police	SAFETT						
1 Office	Number of police calls resulting in dispatch	23,706	25,849	27,443	30,496	32,747	
	Total police arrests made	4,234	4,222	3,753	4,809	5,053	
	Dispatched calls per patrol officer	677	680	704	555	544	
	Commercial vehicles equipment violations	991	1,104	1,015	1,069	980	
	UCR Part I cases assigned (1)		398	418		371	
Fire	OCK Part I cases assigned	398	390	410	366	3/1	
riie	Total number of arson incidents	8	6	4	11	21	
	Fires investigated	33	71	70	120	96	
	Total annual inspections	300	1,059	965	1,307	2,333	
	Total calls for service	644	889	1,168	1,188	1,202	
EMS	Total calls for service	044	007	1,100	1,100	1,202	
LIVIS	Total calls for service	N/A	3,297	3,941	4,290	5,372	
	Patients treated	2,858	3,124	3,848	4,048	4,983	
	1 dienes treated	2,030	3,124	3,040	4,040	4,703	
PUBLIC	WORKS						
Fleet Main							
	Fleet maintenance jobs completed	3,593	3,850	3,950	4,778	4,686	
	Preventative maintenance performed	1,348	1,501	2,251	1,815	1,889	
Other Pub	olic Works	,	,	, -	,	,	
	Fuel issued (gallons)	143,686	183,000	220,000	303,930	318,587	
	Street sweeping (miles)	145	790	790	790	583	
	Street signs maintained/replaced	865	758	1,170	1,725	1,404	
	Total work orders completed	15,463	16,888	19,327	21,181	19,961	
	<u>*</u>	•	,	,	,	•	

page 1 of 2

2009	2010	<u>2011</u>	2012
3,264	2,913	2,679	2,415
406	470	427	429
23,259	21,632	21,000	20,768
1,230	1,220	1,438	1,481
90	91	131	112
431	532	73	54
3,137	3,880	3,299	4,936
266	229	205	220
649	734	815	832
394	429	439	448
37,440	35,676	39,815	42,318
5,188	5,986	6,218	6,525
576	513	606	625
711	672	852	900
629	2,003	3,304	1,836
8	5	2	2
			18
		_	1,537
2,432	2,416	2,621	2,826
6.411	6.472	7.055	7,668
			6,537
3,004	3,017	0,121	0,337
2.062	2 204	2.410	2.501
			3,581 682
			377,754
			1,079
			1,090
20,213	18,632	16,834	17,803
	3,264 406 23,259 1,230 90 431 3,137 266 649 394 37,440 5,188 576 711 629 8 33 2,374	3,264 2,913 406 470 23,259 21,632 1,230 1,220 90 91 431 532 3,137 3,880 266 229 649 734 394 429 37,440 35,676 5,188 5,986 576 513 711 672 629 2,003 8 5 33 22 2,374 1,752 2,432 2,416 6,411 6,472 5,804 5,619 3,063 2,394 1,998 1,741 313,596 354,422 2,561 2,239 2,864 2,049	3,264 2,913 2,679 406 470 427 23,259 21,632 21,000 1,230 1,220 1,438 90 91 131 431 532 73 3,137 3,880 3,299 266 229 205 649 734 815 394 429 439 37,440 35,676 39,815 5,188 5,986 6,218 576 513 606 711 672 852 629 2,003 3,304 8 5 2 33 22 25 2,374 1,752 1,380 2,432 2,416 2,621 6,411 6,472 7,055 5,804 5,619 6,121 3,063 2,394 3,410 1,998 1,741 747 313,596 354,422 361,464 2,561 2,239 1,256 2,864 2,049 1,588

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Nine Fiscal Years

		Fi	Fiscal Year		
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
PARKS AND RECREATION					
All Parks and recreation					
ROW maintained - acres	760	N/A	N/A	478	385
Trees maintained	N/A	N/A	3,450	3,450	4,280
Acres of city property mowed	N/A	N/A	N/A	167	439
Total number of parkwork orders received	N/A	N/A	N/A	227	361
Parkland - acres (2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	175	175
Total number of special events held	24	23	24	20	25
Total number of tournaments held	N/A	N/A	N/A	19	25
Number of recreation classes offered (3)	N/A	632	1,170	1,189	1,222
Average monthly attendance (all locations) (4)	2,543	5,211	5,977	6,723	7,988
COMMUNITY SERVICES					
Animal Control	2 2 5 5	1.024	2 220	2 000	2.060
Number of animals at shelter	2,357	1,834	2,228	2,898	3,068
Total number of calls for service	3,721	3,535	5,443	4,600	6,099
Inspection Services	25.007	44.072	52.024	26.704	21.004
Total building inspections	35,007	44,973	53,924	36,724	31,004
Total code violation cases	5,242	3,687	2,792	2,739	3,962
Total permits issued	11,515	13,738	15,289	14,889	13,769
Number of plans reviewed	2,136	2,482	3,026	2,682	3,055
Municipal Court	1.667	2.105	2 000	1.052	2 205
Number of trials	1,667	2,195	2,800	1,952	2,305
Number of charges	24,494	20,964	18,275	22,185	20,481
Warrants cleared	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3,596
WATER & SEWER					
Distribution and Collection					
Fire hydrant maintenance and inspections (5)	1,730	1,730	1,967	99*	537
Backed up sewer repairs	313	261	278	251	330
Water mains repaired	29	37	71	129	108
Water Production					
Water produced - wells					
(in millions of gallons)	1,465	1,850	1,925	2,044	1,597
Surface Water Purchased					
(in millions of gallons)	118	280	683	967	1,121
Billing & Collections					
Annual meter reads	N/A	N/A	211,956	234,875	285,930
Number of bills	146,055	N/A	192,014	248,848	293,833
Wastewater Treatment					
Wastewater treated					
(in millions of gallons)	1,467	1,386	1,398	1,668	2,305

Sources: Various city departments.

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2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
210	228	245	255	251
5,000	5,004	5,800	6,327	6,157
470	851	1,301	1,331	1,380
316	275	252	249	230
180	138	139	139	138
25	25	24	21	22
9	6	9	11	2
1,083	855	307	459	486
7,607	3,623	11,823	16,116	18,378
2,947	2,868	2,532	2,685	2,220
4,296	3,529	4,206	4,346	4,326
34,773	24,834	21,753	19,244	22,416
3,629	4,274	3,433	2,860	1,952
9,878	9,249	7,874	7,869	8,696
1,309	925	969	917	1,050
1,616	1,391	402	688	1,116
19,666	24,400	24,657	26,369	30,187
6,402	7,374	8,692	8,204	10,080
740	451	402	395	887
393	270	325	310	275
160	168	82	410	283
2.120	0.574	2.065	2.060	2.016
2,128	2,574	3,065	3,869	2,916
1,147	1,146	634	968	1,321
325,471	340,281	344,618	364,424	370,755
318,160	325,201	336,668	350,871	359,716
2,096	2,106	2,361	1,943	2,364
_,570	_,	_,001	2,5 13	_,00.

¹UCR method of reporting was terminated after 2009. Effective 2010, Incident Based Reporting (IBR) is used.

²Prior to 2009, Parkland acres included medians and Wastewater Treatment Plants. After 2009, reported under total acres of city property maintained.

³Prior to 2010, individual music classes were included in the total recreation classes held. Program was cancelled.

⁴In FY 2010, a new facility, Recreation Center/Natatorium, opened.

⁵In Water & Sewer, Distribution and Collection fire hydrant maintenance and inspections is contracted out. During

FY06, the contractor's services were disrupted by a storm.

 ${\bf CITY\ OF\ PEARLAND,\ TEXAS}$

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year									
		2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Functio	n/Program										
PUBLIC	C SAFETY										
Police											
	Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Police vehicles	89	100	109	112	117	126	130	138	142	155
Fire											
	Fire stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	6
	Fire vehicles	14	15	15	16	16	17	17	17	22	23
EMS											
	EMS Stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4
	EMS Ambulances	5	5	5	5	5	6	8	8	8	8
PUBLIC	C WORKS										
Other pu	ıblic works										
	Streets (miles)*	202	232	248	578	758	773	807	807	806	806
	Vehicle Inventory	N/A	N/A	N/A	342	405	360	333	355	363	385
	Traffic signals	43	43	47	48	57	67	71	80	62	74
PARKS	AND RECREATION										
Parks an	nd recreation										
	Developed acreage**	124	124	124	175	175	180	138	139	139	138
	Pools	N/A	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3
	Outdoor basketball courts	N/A	N/A	N/A	10	10	10	10	10	10	6
	Soccer fields	N/A	N/A	N/A	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
	Activity buildings	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	3
	Baseball/Softball Fields	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
WATEI	R AND SEWER										
	roduction										
	Water wells	8	8	9	9	10	11	11	11	11	11
	Pumping stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
	Ground storage tanks	10	10	13	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
	Elevated towers	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	6	6	6
Wastew											
	Treatment Plants	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5
	Lift Stations	74	74	78	74	78	76	78	78	80	80
Distribu	tion and Collection				•						
	Water mains (miles)	240	250	296	361	395	410	420	433	443	448
	Sanitary sewers (miles)	230	240	279	321	353	360	370	378	380	382
	• , ,										

Sources: Various city departments.

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government and community services functions. Information not presented was not available at time of publication.

^{*}Inside city limits. Prior to FY07, street miles were measured visually. Beginning FY07, a GIS system was used to measure street miles. Although new streets were added in FY 2011, an audit of the database resulted in the elimination of some street miles previously reported.

^{**}Prior to 2009, Parkland acres included medians and Wastewater Treatment Plants.