

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

Officials Issuing Report

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January 25, 2010

To the Honorable Mayor, Members Of City Council, and Citizens of the City of Pearland, Texas

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Pearland, Texas (the "City") for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009, is hereby submitted as mandated by both local and state statutes. These ordinances and statutes require that the City issue an annual report on its financial position and activity, and that an independent firm of certified public accountants audit this report.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Null-Lairson, PC, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified (or "clean") opinion on the City of Pearland's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2009. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Pearland, incorporated in 1959, is located across the northern end of Brazoria County and shares a common border with Houston, Texas to the north. The City also extends into Fort Bend and Harris Counties. The City of Pearland, encompassing approximately 48 square miles, is the fastest growing city in Brazoria County, increasing from approximately 18,000 residents in 1990 to 92,600 residents estimated as of June 2009.

The City of Pearland is a home-rule City operating under a Council-Manager form of government.

Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council (Council) consisting of the mayor and five other members. The Mayor and all Council members are elected at large. The Mayor is allowed to vote only in case of a tie vote. The Mayor and each Council member hold office for a period of three years and until his/her successor is elected and qualified. Council members shall be limited to two full consecutive terms of office and there is no limitation on the office of Mayor. The City Manager is appointed by Council and is responsible for implementation of Council policy, execution of the laws, and all day-to-day operations of the City.

A full range of municipal services is provided by the City of Pearland including public safety (police, fire, and emergency medical services); solid waste; water and wastewater utilities; public improvements; repair and maintenance of infrastructure; recreational and community activities; and general administrative services. In addition, the City provides planning for future land use, traffic control, building, code, and health inspections, and plans for new infrastructure and rehabilitation of infrastructure to meet the needs of the citizens today, as well as tomorrow.

Activities of the general, debt service, water and sewer, solid waste, capital project funds, and special revenue funds such as hotel/motel tax are included in the City's annual appropriated budget. Capital project funds are budgeted for project length. The legal level of control for each budget is at the fund level, which is to say that total expenditures for each fund should not exceed total budgeted expenditures for that fund. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within and among departments. The City Council must approve any budget amendment that increases appropriations by fund. The City amends the budget at the end of each fiscal year to reflect current year projections for revenues and expenditures/expenses.

As an independent political subdivision of the State of Texas, the City is considered a primary government. Pursuant to standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the City also reports for all funds for which the City, as the primary government, is financially accountable. As such, this report includes financial activities of three component units as follows: The Pearland Economic Development Corporation was created by the City in 1995 under the Texas Development Corporation Act of 1979 for the purpose of promoting, assisting, and enhancing economic and related development activities on behalf of the City. The Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ #2) was created in 1998 for the purposes of development and redevelopment in the Zone Area, better known as Shadow Creek Ranch. The City participates in the Zone by contributing a portion of tax increments produced in the Zone to the Tax Increment Fund. The Development Authority of Pearland was created in 2004 to provide financing for the development of the Zone.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

Local Economy

Located minutes away from downtown Houston, Texas, the nation's second largest seaport, the world-renowned Texas Medical Center, and NASA-Johnson Space Center, Pearland is the premier location for residential and commercial growth. With abundant land, business facilities, a sound infrastructure, and a diverse workforce supported by quality educational programs, Pearland's growth has been consistent and will continue to be sustained over time with continued residential and commercial development.

The total construction value of all building permits issued during calendar year 2009 totaled over \$347.9 million, a 7% reduction in value from 2008. New single-family housing permits totaled 776 with a construction value of \$148 million. The number of permits declined by 464, as anticipated, from 2008; however Pearland continues to grow at a respectable pace, faring better than the rest of the nation. Residential permitting activity is anticipated to remain at 2009 levels for fiscal year 2010. Houston is forecast to see average home prices appreciate a slight 2% for the year. For calendar year 2009, the City had 78 commercial permits with a value of \$95 million, compared to 52 permits with a value of \$100 million in 2008. Permits in 2008 included large retail developments: Shadow Creek Ranch Town Center and Pearland Town Center. Broad downward pressure remains on all segments of the commercial real estate market.

Houston at year-end showed clear signs of sustained economic improvement, however there will not be a reliable recovery in Houston until the United States recovery itself becomes more assured. An important key to the local economic recovery will be stability in the job market, a slowdown in residential foreclosures and a moderation in commercial real estate market difficulties. For fiscal year 2009, Pearland had 588 foreclosure filings, down from the 793 in fiscal year 2008. While there are foreclosures in Pearland, they exist at a lesser magnitude than in other U.S. real estate markets. unemployment rate was 6.5% in December 2009, up from 4.1% in December 2008. This is compared to the national unemployment rate of 10% as of December 2009. Businesses are still slow to hire and it will take time for the private sector to begin hiring again. However, the Texas economy continues to surpass that of the nation. More Americans have moved to Texas since the recession began in 2008 than any other state, according to a new estimate released by the U. S. Census Bureau. The State's population grew by 478,000 in a 12-month period. "Let's be clear: Texas is having a recession like the rest of the country, but it's not as bad. Texas is going to pop up on a lot of radar screens as a place to relocate or expand for business," said Southern Methodist University economist Bernard Weinstein. Texas's unemployment rate has remained at least 1 percent below the national average and Texas also created more jobs than any other state in October and November, keeping its reputation as the best place to escape economic hard times. The Houston area is built on businesses, on jobs, and on economic opportunities.

Pearland will be ready for these opportunities. Pearland has two prime areas for commercial, mixed use, livable developments along the Highway 288 corridor. A strategic and target market study completed in 2009 shows that life sciences, port-related activities, production/industrial, campus based back-office, and the education/public sectors are prime areas of interest for the Pearland area. Combined with a mix of reinforcing land uses, urban planning, key entertainment and cultural attractions, public spaces, and walkability and connectivity, all will provide for livable sustainable developments.

Summer 2009 saw the completion of an 80,000 square foot class "A" office building in Shadow Creek Ranch. The land and development cost for the building was approximately \$15 million. There is sufficient space on the property to construct a second office building of 80,000 to 100,000 square feet. The building is expected to have approximately 350 workers when fully leased.

The Pearland Economic Development Corporation also attracted Cardiovascular Systems Inc. (CSI) to expand its manufacturing facilities into Pearland. A Minnesota based firm, CSI is a medical device company developing and commercializing innovative interventional treatment systems for vascular disease. The company will lease a 46,000 square foot facility and could hire approximately 250 employees over the course of five-years to work at the Pearland facility, expanding the area's already thriving medical technology sector.

Sales tax for fiscal year 2009 totaled \$20.4 million, an increase of \$2.2 million or 12.3% over fiscal year 2008. This is mainly due to full year operations of two large retail developments: Pearland and Shadow Creek Town Centers. For the first two quarters of 2009, 68% of taxable sales are retail trade according to the State of Texas Comptroller information. Pearland is a regional shopping destination, however with lower consumer confidence, potential for job loss, debt, credit tightening, etc., homeowners are tightening their budgets and spending. As such, the City predicts much lower growth in sales tax for fiscal year 2010.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City adopts a one-year budget, including a five-year capital improvement program (CIP). Even though a one-year budget is adopted, the budget implements strategies, both financial and operational to meet existing challenges and to plan for the future.

The City's Five-Year CIP for fiscal year 2010 through fiscal year 2014 totals \$298 million and continues to implement the \$162 million bond program approved by the voters in May 2007. Projects include Drainage (\$28M), Streets (\$88M), Facilities (\$32M), Parks (\$33M), Water (\$62M), and Wastewater (\$55M). All projects in the CIP have identified funding sources or potential funding sources. Funding for these projects comes from the issuance of debt through Certificates of Obligation, General Obligation Bonds, and Revenue Bonds, as well as impact fees, cash, and contributions from the State, County, and other sources.

The Debt Service Fund forecast shows a need to increase the Debt Service component of the tax rate to \$0.5050 by tax year 2013 to implement the Five-Year CIP. This is consistent with the financial modeling that the City undertook when analyzing the Debt Service tax implications of implementing the \$162 million bond referendum.

In 2008, the City completed a Water/Sewer Cost of Service Rate Study for years 2009 – 2013. The study is built around the Five-Year CIP, operating budget, and future needs. The model was updated in 2009 and increases are anticipated to support operations, annual debt service, and funding for a \$117 million five-year CIP. No rate increase was necessary for fiscal year 2010 however the model anticipates rate increases for 2011 and 2014. With the implementation of past rate increases the City's utility system continues to be self-supporting and financially sound.

Relevant Financial Policies/Guidelines

Financial Policies guide the development and implementation of the budget and are a framework for fiscal decision making. In addition, they ensure financial resources are available to meet the current and future needs of the City. City Council adopted a set of Financial Management Policy Statements in August 2009. The policy statements address areas of reporting and auditing, budgeting, revenues, capital improvements, debt, and grants to name a few. Some of the most relevant policies are:

- Recurring revenues fund recurring expenditures/expenses.
- Non-recurring revenues fund non-recurring expenditures/expenses.
- General Fund Operating Reserves should be a minimum of two months of operations expense.
- Water and Wastewater Operating Cash Reserves shall strive to be maintained at 25% of operations expense.
- Revenues are budgeted on a conservative basis.
- Existing services are funded at current service levels.
- Enterprise Funds must be self-supporting.
- City dollars are leveraged by seeking outside funding sources.
- Stable property tax rates are to be maintained.

Major Initiatives

The City Council, staff, and community share a vision that combines progress and innovation with prudent controls to shape Pearland's future, even as it becomes one of the largest suburbs in the Houston area. Some of the major initiatives are as follows:

Public Safety

Among numerous other reasons, families move to Pearland for a high degree of personal safety and a low crime rate. The City Council continues to emphasize public safety, adding new police officers each year to keep pace with growth. The City added six officers in 2009 and has budgeted for an additional five in 2010. Community policing remains a focus, with crime prevention, victim assistance, and youth intervention programs further reinforcing the City's small-town feel.

The City is nearing completion of a 79,800 square foot public safety facility totaling approximately \$22.8 million. The facility includes a police station including a jail, a state of the art Emergency Operations Center, court facilities, and an annex for utility bill paying and a county annex. The facility will open spring of 2010. The voter approved bond referendum also included \$2.9 million for the construction of a two-bay 9,500 square foot Fire Station located off Kirby Drive. The facility will have living quarters to accommodate a 24/7 fire and EMS operation. Design of the station is underway and a pumper for the Station was purchased in 2009.

The fire department is currently a combination paid-volunteer department with 18 paid firefighters and approximately 45 volunteers. In order to ensure a safe community, the City budgeted and is in the process of completing a fire staffing, scheduling, and deployment study. The study will be complete in spring 2010, and its recommendations will be considered, budgeted and implemented as appropriate.

Economic Development

Economic development provides long-term benefits to a community. It increases property values and sales taxes, lowers property tax rates, creates jobs and wealth and leads to higher living standards. The City is dedicated to helping foster the City's economic base to improve the quality of life for its citizens and business community through business attraction, expansion, and retention programs.

In 2009, the Pearland Economic Development Corporation completed a market analysis of business sectors/clusters that the City could target and attract to the area. Clusters are concentrations of interconnected business and suppliers in a particular field and are considered to increase the productivity of the companies in the cluster, drive innovation, and stimulate new business. The clusters identified were life sciences, port-related activities, production/industrial, campus-based back offices, and education/public sector.

The Pearland Economic Development Corporation also began an initiative in the Spectrum, along Hwy 288 and Beltway 8, to build upon previous investments, identify development issues, and to create an identity for the area to seek a sustainable development. This initiative and study will be complete in spring 2010.

Educational Enrichment

The City and The University of Houston negotiated a joint partnership to bring upper level higher education to Pearland. The first building of a satellite campus is targeted to open for junior, senior, and graduate level classes in the fall of 2010. Neighboring junior colleges will feed into the education system. The 30,000 square foot facility will be located at McHard Road and Pearland Parkway on approximately 40 acres of land. It is anticipated that approximately 10,000 square feet of the facility will be for the use and benefit of the City and the Pearland Economic Development Corporation as office space and a conference center. As the University's need for space increase, these 10,000 square feet will be turned over to the University. A construction contract was awarded in January 2009 totaling \$11.1 million, in conjunction with approval of an operating-lease agreement.

Capital Improvement Projects and Planning

With continued residential and commercial growth, and to plan for the future, the need to build new infrastructure and maintain existing infrastructure is a priority and will be implemented through an aggressive capital improvement program. The City's Five-Year CIP 2010 – 2014 totals \$298 million. Projects include Drainage (\$28M), Streets (\$88M), Facilities (\$32M), Parks (\$33M), Water (\$62M), and Wastewater (\$55M).

Major thoroughfare projects include the widening of Bailey Road between FM1128 and Veterans to a four lane divided facility, widening of Mykawa Road to a four lane divided facility, reconstruction of one mile of Old Alvin Road from Plum Street to McHard Road, and the extension of Pearland Parkway to Dixie Farm Road. Major drainage projects include expansion of the D.L. Smith detention pond by approximately 150 acre-feet, an additional 200 acre-feet of stormwater storage in the Hickory Slough watershed, and improvements to Town Ditch that will provide adequate conveyance for the 100-year storm flows. Major park projects include a recreation and natatorium facility in partnership with the school district and Pearland Economic Development Corporation. The facility will include two swimming pools, including a 50-meter indoor pool for competitive swimming and an indoor recreation center. Also included are a soccer complex, improvements to Independence and Centennial Parks, Phase I development of the Shadow Creek Ranch Park, and a 7,000 square foot Nature Center. Facility projects include funding of a Public Works annex on the west-side of town, and an 11.500 square feet expansion and renovation to the Tom Reid Library. Also included is the reconstruction of Fire Stations 2 and 3, and Service Center modifications to the existing facility on Old Alvin. Water projects include a 30 inch water transmission line to provide 10 million gallons per day of treated surface water to the City, and the design and construction of a 20 million gallon per day surface water plant along with various waterline extensions. Wastewater projects include the replacement of Southdown wastewater treatment plant, rehabilitation of the Barry Rose Lift Station, expansion of the John Hargrove Environmental Center wastewater treatment plant and major rehabilitation projects.

In order to design and construct these projects the City implemented a Project Delivery Model for consistency, efficiency, and effectiveness in completing projects. Fiscal year 2009 also included planning and implementing an enhanced communication plan to all stakeholders on the status of capital projects, timing, and impacts.

In 2009, City Council also approved a Green Building Policy. The policy requires that the design, construction, operation, maintenance, renovation, and deconstruction of buildings owned or leased by the City of Pearland, comply with certain energy-efficient building standards. Green building promotes better environmental standards for the construction, rehabilitation, and maintenance of buildings in the city; improves energy efficiency and increases generation of energy through renewable and clean energy; provides for environmentally preferable building materials, finishes, and furnishings; improves the environment by decreasing the discharge of pollutants from buildings; creates industry and public awareness of new technologies that can improve the quality of life for building occupants; and improves the health and productivity of building occupants by meeting advanced criteria for indoor environmental quality.

Transportation Improvements and Strategic Planning

Charged with planning, establishing, and maintaining an effective transportation system, the City of Pearland is involved in numerous activities to face this challenge. The \$84 million transportation bond program (passed in 2007) will construct major projects over the next seven years as mentioned previously.

The City is also involved in regional efforts for long-range transportation planning. The Mayor is a member of H-GAC's Transportation Policy Council (TPC) and an Assistant City Manager is a member of the Technical Advisory Committee (TAC), a sub-committee of the TPC. H-GAC has developed the 2008-2011 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP), which is the implementation plan for the Regional Transportation Plan. This effort involves allocating about \$150 million plus dollars for the region. The City is also working with TxDOT to develop a viable corridor for a toll road that would run adjacent to SH35 from Alvin to I-45, just south of downtown Houston. TxDOT has finalized the Major Investment Study and is working to bring a consultant on board to start the environmental documents. The project will take about 11 to 12 years to complete.

Being that rail service is an integral part of a comprehensive transportation system and enhances accessibility and mobility, the City of Pearland adopted a resolution supporting the Kirby rail route as the preferred passenger rail route in Pearland as organizations develop their transit plans for the region. Rail will also generate economic development, jobs, and tourism along with establishing and strengthening social, historical, commercial, and cultural bonds between communities.

The City of Pearland and various agencies and organizations have been working to provide a commuter type service to Houston via either a Park and Ride type facility or commuter van pooling. As a result of the collaborative efforts between the City of Pearland, Brazoria County, Metro, and H-GAC, a Job Access Reverse Commute (JARC) grant application was submitted by Connect Transit in June for federal funding. On July 24, 2009, the Transportation Policy Committee approved funding for the project. In September 2009, Houston Metro approved the project in their 2010 operating budget. Currently Metro is negotiating a purchase contract for a parcel of property along the Hwy. 288 corridor. It is anticipated that Park and Ride Service will begin by summer 2010. Program costs for the first five years are \$2.9 million, with \$1.0 million from local funding.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for the Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Pearland, Texas, for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended September 30, 2008. This was the 32nd consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the City also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of this report was accomplished with the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We express our sincere appreciation to these individuals who have continually demonstrated the core beliefs of the City and who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. We also thank the Mayor and members of the City Council for their support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible manner.

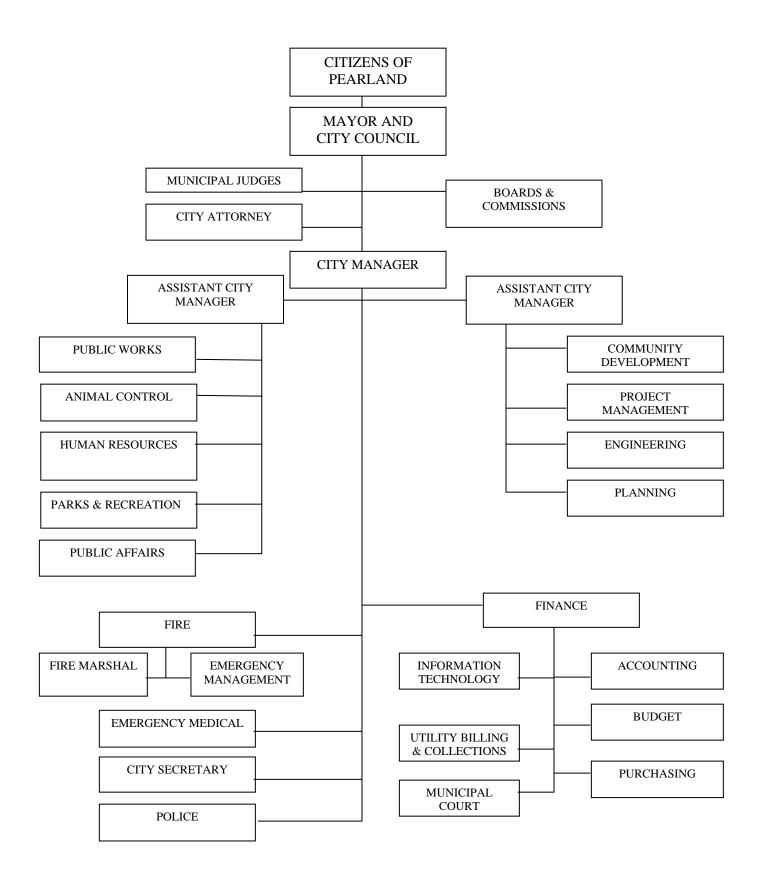
Respectfully submitted,

Bill Eisen, City Manager

Rick Overgaard, Assistant Director of Finance

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

Elected Officials	Position	Term Expires May
Tom Reid	Mayor	2011
Woody Owens	Council Member at Large - Position One	2010
Scott Sherman	Council Member at Large - Position Two	2012
Steve Saboe	Council Member at Large - Position Three	2011
Felicia Kyle	Council Member at Large - Position Four, Mayor Pro Tem	2012
Kevin Cole	Council Member at Large - Position Five	2010
Appointed Officials	Position	
Bill Eisen	City Manager	
Darrin Coker	City Attorney	
Letitia Farnie	Municipal Court Judge	
City Management	Position	
Mickiel Hodge	Assistant City Manager	
Jon Branson	Assistant City Manager	
Claire Bogard	Director of Finance	
Matt Buchanan	Executive Director PEDC	
Jeff Sundseth	Director of Emergency Medical Services	
Young Lorfing	City Secretary	
Danny Cameron	Director of Public Works	
Bonita Hall	Director of Human Resources	
Chris Doyle	Police Chief	
Narciso Lira	City Engineer	
David Whittaker	Building Official	
Michelle Smith	Director of Parks and Recreation	
Jack Colbath	Director of Fire Services	
Andrew Fearn	Head Librarian	
Lata Krishnarao	Director of Planning	
Trent Epperson	Projects Director	



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Pearland Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2008

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

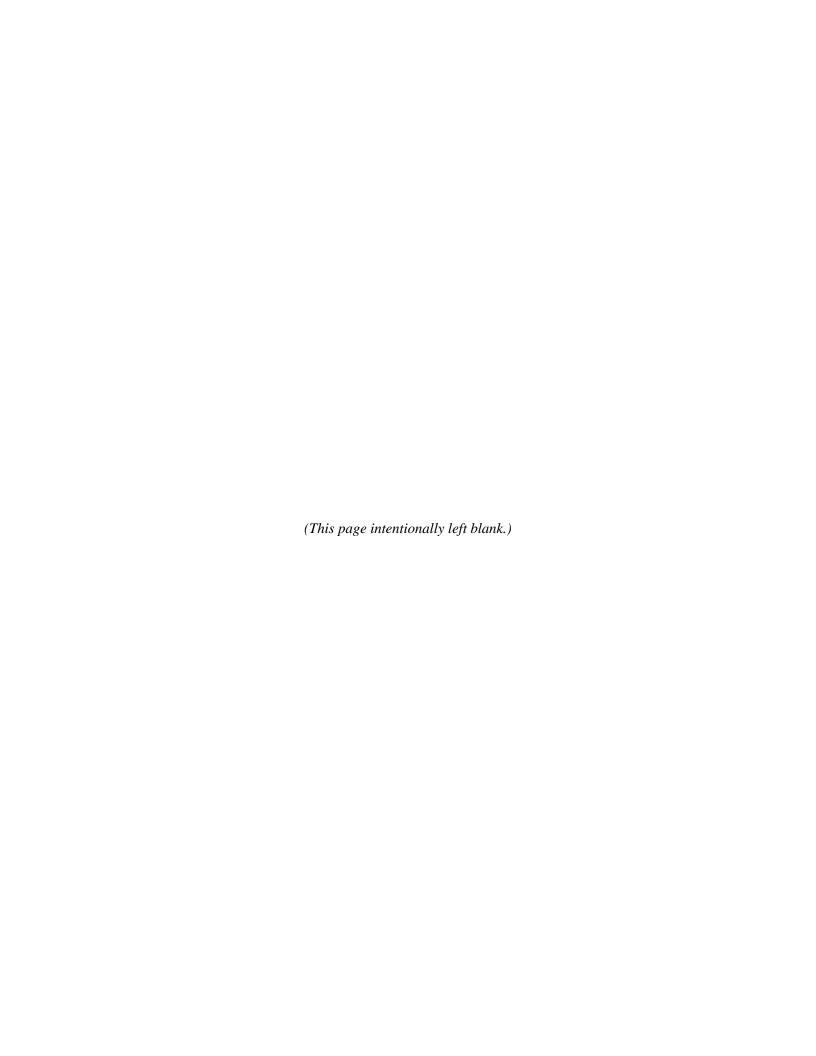
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President

Executive Director

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Pearland, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Pearland, Texas, (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 25, 2010 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions or laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report, which has been issued separately from this document, is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Pearland, Texas Page 2

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 5 through 14, budgetary comparison information and Required Pension System Supplementary information on pages 65 through 67 are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. Combining and individual nonmajor fund and component unit fund financial statements as well as long-term debt amortization and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. This information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Introductory Section and Statistical Section listed in the foregoing table of contents are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City. Such additional information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Houston, Texas January 25, 2010

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Pearland, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the primary government of the City of Pearland exceeded its liabilities as of September 30, 2009, by \$620.4 million (net assets). Of this amount, \$22.6 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with the City's fund designation and fiscal policies.
- The City's total net assets increased by \$30.4 million.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Pearland's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$86.3 million, a decrease of \$49.7 million in comparison with the prior year, of which \$48.2 million is related to capital projects. Approximately \$62.5 million of the September 30.2009 balance can be attributed to work in progress for capital projects.
- As of September 30, 2009, the unreserved, undesignated fund balance for the General Fund was \$11.4 million or 22% of total General Fund expenditures. Total fund balance of \$12.2 million or 24% of General Fund expenditures.
- The City of Pearland's General Obligation and Certificates of Obligation debt increased to \$263.3 million, a net increase of \$3.3 million over the previous year. The key factor was the sale of \$8.5 million in Certificates of Obligation. Annual principal payments totaled \$5.2 million.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Pearland include general government, public safety, public works, community services and parks and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, and solid waste.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 19 of this report. The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Pearland, itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Economic Development Corporation, Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ) and the Development Authority of Pearland for which the City of Pearland is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government, itself.

Fund Financial Statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of the City can be divided into two categories - governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statement focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Beginning on page 20 of this report, information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General, Debt Service, Capital Projects and other funds, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City of Pearland adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Proprietary Funds - The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an Enterprise Fund to account for its Water and Sewer Fund and Solid Waste Fund.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The basic proprietary fund financial statements, which begin on page 24 of this report, provide separate information for the Water and Sewer and Solid Waste Enterprise Funds since it is considered to be a major fund of the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24 through 27 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Combining Component Unit Financial Statements - The City's three discretely presented component units shown in aggregate on the face of the government-wide financial statements have individual information for each of the major discretely presented component units presented in the form of combining statements immediately following the fund financial statements of the primary government.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 30 of this report.

Other Information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents other required supplementary information as well as combining and individual fund statements and schedules that further support the information in the financial statements. This information is presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements beginning on page 67 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$620.4 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net assets (92 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF NET ASSETS September 30, 2009 and 2008

Amounts in (000's)

	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	To	tals
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
Assets						
Current and other assets	\$ 102,663	\$ 150,834	\$ 35,952	\$ 35,927	\$ 138,615	\$ 186,761
Capital assets	634,110	559,258	255,257	236,663	889,367	795,921
Total Assets	736,773	710,092	291,209	272,590	1,027,982	982,682
Liabilities						
Other liabilities	11,371	10,133	6,210	7,537	17,581	17,670
Long-term liabilities outstanding	272,403	268,190	117,628	106,873	390,031	375,063
Total Liabilities	283,774	278,323	123,838	114,410	407,612	392,733
Net assets						
Invested in capital assets, net of						
related debt	429,054	410,002	146,150	138,679	575,204	548,681
Restricted	10,615	10,863	11,965	16,095	22,580	26,958
Unrestricted	13,330	10,904	9,256	3,406	22,586	14,310
Total Net Assets	\$ 452,999	\$ 431,769	\$ 167,371	\$ 158,180	\$ 620,370	\$ 589,949

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

An additional portion of the City's net assets (four percent) represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net assets* (four percent) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

For the Years Ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 Amounts in (000's)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Tot	tals
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 8,985	\$ 9,128	\$ 33,638	\$ 27,562	\$ 42,623	\$ 36,690
Operating grants and						
contributions	6,985	4,976	2,464	315	9,449	5,291
Capital grants and contributions	30,399	16,027	6,125	5,869	36,524	21,896
Property taxes	31,140	29,492			31,140	29,492
Sales and use taxes	14,218	12,581			14,218	12,581
Franchise taxes	5,075	4,427			5,075	4,427
Investment earnings	1,377	4,572	362	1,669	1,739	6,241
Other	6,294	2,911	23	12	6,317	2,923
Total Revenues	104,473	84,114	42,612	35,427	147,085	119,541
Expenses						
General government	12,427	11,161			12,427	11,161
Public safety	22,421	17,684			22,421	17,684
Public works	26,934	24,532			26,934	24,532
Community services	3,254	3,336			3,254	3,336
Parks and recreation	7,181	7,157			7,181	7,157
Interest on long-term debt	11,647	12,266			11,647	12,266
Water and sewer			25,439	22,570	25,439	22,570
Solid waste management			7,361	6,024	7,361	6,024
Total Expenses	83,864	76,136	32,800	28,594	116,664	104,730
Increase (decrease) in net assets						
before transfers	20,609	7,978	9,812	6,833	30,421	14,811
Transfers	621	1,330	(621)	(1,330)		
Increase in net assets	21,230	9,308	9,191	5,503	30,421	14,811
Net assets - beginning	431,769	422,461	158,180	152,677	589,949	575,138
Net assets - ending	\$ 452,999	\$ 431,769	\$ 167,371	\$ 158,180	\$ 620,370	\$ 589,949

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

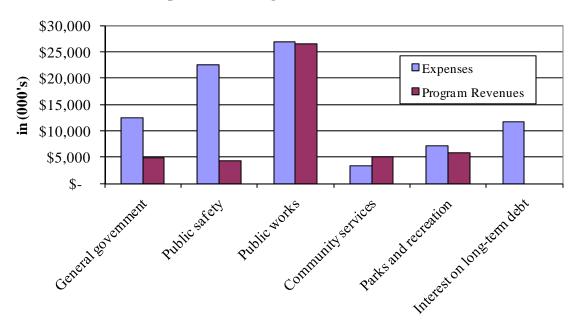
The most significant change in net assets occurred with a net increase in capital assets, net of related debt, of \$26.5 million due to contribution of infrastructure by developers.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

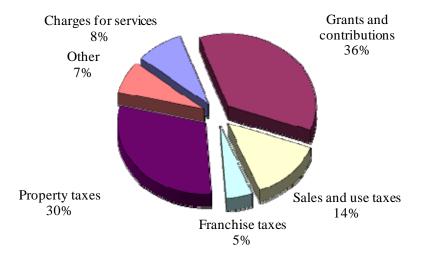
Governmental activities - Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$21.2 million, thereby accounting for 70 percent of the total growth in the net assets of the City. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Sales and use tax revenues increased by \$1.6 million, mainly due to full year operations of the two retail developments, Shadow Creek Ranch Town Center and Pearland Town Center.
- Capital Contributions increased significantly, \$14.4 million, mainly due to infrastructure of \$25.3 million contributed by developers.
- Property Taxes also increased \$1.6 million, due to an increase in taxable value of \$44 million from new construction, and revaluation.
- Operating Grants and Contributions increased by \$2.0 million due to increased contributions from Pearland TIRZ #2 in support of service to the area and contributions from participants in capital projects.
- Other Revenues increased by \$3.0 million mainly due to insurance reimbursements from hurricane IKE.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



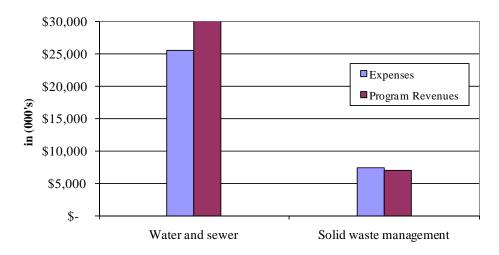
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Business-type activities - Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$9.2 million, accounting for 30 percent of the total growth in the government's net assets. Key elements of this increase are as follows.

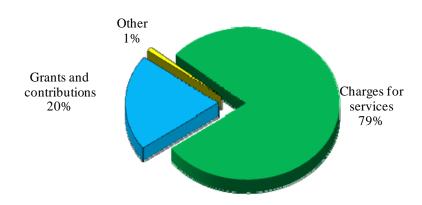
- Charges for services, excluding Solid Waste, increased approximately \$5.1 million over the prior year primarily due to an increase in water and sewer consumption.
- Capital grants and contributions increased by \$256,000 due to increased contributions of infrastructure from developers.
- Operating grants and contributions increased by \$2.1 million due to Pearland Economic Development Corporation participation in capital projects.
- An increase was seen in Water and Sewer expenses of \$2.9 million.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Transfers out to the governmental activities of \$0.6 million offset the increase of net assets before transfers of \$9.8 million.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information of near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements, in particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The City's governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$86.3 million. Of this, \$11.4 million is unreserved and available for day-to-day operations of the City; \$7.2 million is reserved for debt service and the balance is reserved or designated for capital projects and other projects.

There was a decrease in the combined fund balance of \$49.7 million from the prior year. The decrease in fund balance included a decrease in the capital projects fund balance of approximately \$48.2 million due to the expenditure of \$65.9 million in recent bond issues, an increase of \$0.4 million in the debt service fund balance, and a planned decrease of \$1.3 million in the general fund.

With a current year decrease of \$1.3 million, the General Fund's fund balance totaled \$12.2 million at year end.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

In the Capital Projects Fund, the City spent \$67.8 million on various improvement projects. Additionally, the City issued \$8.5 million in Certificates of Obligation and received contributions from the General Fund and component units totaling \$2.8 million, and \$8.2 million from contributions, leaving an ending fund balance of \$62.5 million.

Proprietary Funds - The City's business-type activities contain two activities (water and sewer, and solid waste) The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year there was a \$6.0 million increase in appropriations between the original and final amended budget. The increase in appropriations is attributable to carryover funding from prior year encumbrances and projects, hurricane IKE, as well as, amending the budget to reflect projections during the 2009-2010 budget process.

Budget estimates for revenues and other sources increased by \$4.8 million for the year as well to reflect the increases in revenues as projected during the 2009-2010 budget process and for FEMA and insurance reimbursements related to Hurricane Ike.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets - At the end of fiscal year 2009, the City's governmental activities and business-type activities had invested \$634.1 million and \$255.2 million, respectively, in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure, as reflected in the following schedule. This represents a net increase of \$18.5 million, or 8 percent over the end of last fiscal year for the business-type activities capital assets and a change of \$74.9 million or 13 percent for the governmental activities capital assets.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities	Tot	tals
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
Land	\$ 28,457	\$ 27,646	\$ 3,610	\$ 3,610	\$ 32,066	\$ 31,255
Construction in progress	85,710	60,756	19,202	32,585	104,912	93,340
Infrastructure	497,271	450,728	170,614	171,421	667,885	622,149
Buildings and improvements	17,421	15,771	27,781	1,609	45,201	17,380
Machinery and equipment	5,252	4,357	1,303	1,166	6,555	5,522
Contractual water rights			32,749	26,273	32,749	26,273
Total Capital Assets	\$ 634,110	\$ 559,258	\$ 255,257	\$ 236,663	\$ 889,368	\$ 795,921

Construction in progress at year-end represents numerous ongoing projects, the largest of which relate to street, building and park projects. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Long-Term Debt - At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonds, certificates of obligation, notes, and capital leases outstanding of \$386.8 million. Of this amount, \$180.8 million is composed of general obligation bonds, \$94.7 million is composed of certificates of obligation and \$104.4 million represents revenue bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Typ	pe Activities	To	tals
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
General obligation bonds	\$ 180,765	\$ 184,985	\$	\$	\$ 180,765	\$ 184,985
Revenue bonds			104,435	92,900	104,435	92,900
Certificates of obligation	82,505	74,980	12,160	13,140	94,665	88,120
Capital leases payable	1,479	1,187			1,479	1,187
Compensated absences	4,395	3,898	520	494	4,915	4,392
Post employment benefit liability	484	291	92	55	576	346
	\$ 269,628	\$ 265,341	\$ 117,207	\$ 106,589	\$ 386,835	\$ 371,930

The City had two debt issuances during the year involving certificates of obligation, and revenue bonds. The net effect of these issuances was an increase in total debt of \$14.9 million or 4 percent.

Current ratings on debt issues are as follows:

	Standard	
	and Poors	Fitch
General obligation bonds	AA-	AA-
Revenue bonds	AA-	A+

In January 2009, Standard and Poors upgraded the City's water and sewer bonds from A to AA- and Fitch ratings were A+.

Both the Pearland Economic Development Corporation (PEDC) and the Development Authority of Pearland (DAP), component units of the City, have issued debt. The PEDC bonds are rated "A" from Standard and Poors. The DAP bonds are rated A- by Standard and Poors. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 to the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

A primary factor in the 2010 budget is how the projected condition of the City of Pearland's economy affects the City's revenue stream. New home starts for 2010 are expected to remain at the relatively low level experienced in 2009 and is estimated to be 744, however the City is still growing, just at a lower rate. Commercial construction is anticipated to remain strong, however the dollar values are anticipated to be less with the completion of Pearland and Shadow Creek Ranch Town Centers. Sales tax revenues are expected to increase at a very modest level of 2.5%, well below the current year in which a 12.3% increase was seen. The City's population is projected to increase by 2,500 next year resulting in a 2.7 percent population growth.

The Pearland City Council approved a \$49.75 million General Fund budget for fiscal year 2009 – 2010. This is a 0.6% increase over the 2008–2009 adopted budget. The budget funds 19 new full-time positions and includes the opening of the new Public Safety facility, Recreation Natatorium, and University of Houston Pearland Campus. The budget incorporates a tax rate of \$0.6526 per \$100 of valuation, which is the same as last year.

The Water and Sewer fund is able to fund operations, debt service, and bond coverage requirements with no increase in rates. This is mainly attributable to efficient operations and transfers in from water and sewer impact fee funds used towards annual debt service payments..

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of City's finances. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact Claire Bogard, Director of Finance, at 3519 Liberty Drive, Pearland, Texas 77581, or call (281) 652-1600. For general information, visit the City's website at www.cityofpearland.com.

Basic Financial Statements

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

September 30, 2009

September 30, 2009		D					
	Go	Primary Government Governmental Business-type			Discretely Presented Component		
		Activities		Activities	_	Total	Units
Assets							
Cash and equivalents	\$	81,735,939	\$	6,506,528	\$	88,242,467	\$ 12,986,351
Investments		999,060		999,060		1,998,120	
Receivables, net of allowance for							
uncollectibles		8,706,640		3,566,779		12,273,419	1,237,719
Due from other governmental agencies		6,956,554				6,956,554	
Inventories		66,630				66,630	
Prepaid items		131,489		21,155		152,644	21,272
Restricted cash and investments				23,561,948		23,561,948	1,522,642
Deferred charges		4,066,496		1,296,770		5,363,266	3,740,688
Capital assets							
Capital assets not subject to depreciation		114,166,825		22,811,053		136,977,878	6,875,415
Capital assets, net of accumulated							
depreciation		519,943,657		232,446,348		752,390,005	
Total Capital Assets		634,110,482		255,257,401		889,367,883	6,875,415
Total Assets		736,773,290		291,209,641	1.	,027,982,931	26,384,087
Liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		9,936,368		3,659,393		13,595,761	1,078,959
Due to other governmental agencies							1,058,590
Accrued interest		1,021,326		424,068		1,445,394	263,638
Unearned revenues		157,521				157,521	
Customer deposits		256,282		2,127,206		2,383,488	
Long-term liabilities							
Due within one year		6,449,877		3,696,195		10,146,072	2,325,000
Due in more than one year		265,953,280		113,931,316		379,884,596	69,312,187
Total Liabilities		283,774,654		123,838,178		407,612,832	74,038,374
Net Assets							
Invested in capital assets, net of related							
debt		429,053,674		146,149,602		575,203,276	
Restricted for:							

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Community development projects

Debt service

Unrestricted

Total Net Assets

6,248,294

4,367,160

13,329,508

452,998,636

270,053

11,695,609

\$ 167,371,463

9,256,199

6,518,347

16,062,769

22,585,707

\$ 620,370,099

1,327,232

(48,981,519)

\$ (47,654,287)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

		Program Revenue								
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions						
Primary Government										
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$ 12,427,361	\$	\$ 4,913,318	\$						
Public safety	22,421,158	3,523,723	420,056	279,466						
Public works	26,933,702	33,868	1,000,051	25,467,283						
Community services	3,253,606	4,754,984	201,933							
Parks and recreation	7,181,445	672,066	449,982	4,652,731						
Interest on long-term debt	11,646,842									
Total Governmental Activities	83,864,114	8,984,641	6,985,340	30,399,480						
Business-type activities:										
Water and sewer	25,439,293	26,616,961	2,464,377	6,125,006						
Solid waste management	7,360,856	7,020,992								
Total Business-Type Activities	32,800,149	33,637,953	2,464,377	6,125,006						
Total Primary Government	\$ 116,664,263	\$ 42,622,594	\$ 9,449,717	\$ 36,524,486						
Component Units:										
Pearland Economic Development										
Corporation	11,148,886									
Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #2	4,775,345									
Development Authority of Pearland	10,654,274									
Total Component Units	\$ 26,578,505	\$	\$	\$						

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales and use taxes

Franchise taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Net assets - ending

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets									
	Pri	nt								
Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units						
\$	(7,514,043) (18,197,913) (432,500) 1,703,311 (1,406,666)	\$	\$ (7,514,043) (18,197,913) (432,500) 1,703,311 (1,406,666)							
	(11,646,842)		(11,646,842)							
	(37,494,653)		(37,494,653)							
		0.767.051	0.767.051							
		9,767,051	9,767,051							
		(339,864)	(339,864)							
	(37,494,653)	9,427,187 9,427,187	9,427,187 (28,067,466)							
				\$ (11,148,886) (4,775,345) (10,654,274) (26,578,505)						
	31,140,394 14,217,586		31,140,394 14,217,586	12,931,900 6,801,185						
	5,074,602	262.404	5,074,602	240.167						
	1,375,686	363,404	1,739,090	249,167						
	6,294,166 621,417	22,979 (621,417)	6,317,145	68,542						
	58,723,851	(621,417) (235,034)	58,488,817	20,050,794						
	21,229,198	9,192,153	30,421,351	(6,527,711)						
	431,769,438	158,179,310	589,948,748	(41,126,576)						

452,998,636 \$167,371,463 \$620,370,099 \$(47,654,287)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2009

	General Fund	Debt Service	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 4,085,976	\$ 6,068,497 999,060	\$ 67,451,562	\$ 4,097,636	\$ 81,703,671 999,060
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles Due from other governments Due from other funds	4,768,498 6,956,554 94,402	821,172	2,685,671	429,464	8,704,805 6,956,554 94,402
Inventories Prepaid items	66,630 51,779	\$ 7,047,306	¢ 70 127 222	21,043	66,630 131,489
Total Assets	\$ 16,023,839	\$ 7,947,396	\$ 70,137,233	\$ 4,548,143	\$ 98,656,611
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:					
Accounts payable Accrued expenditures	\$ 1,072,441 1,091,893	\$ 23,072	\$ 7,669,881	\$ 81,735	\$ 8,824,057 1,114,965
Deposits Due to other funds Deferred revenue	256,282 1,384,114	677,776		94,402 4,846	256,282 94,402 2,066,736
Total Liabilities	3,804,730	700,848	7,669,881	180,983	12,356,442
Fund balances: Reserved for:					
Inventories Encumbrances	66,630 699,287				66,630 699,287
Prepaid items Debt service Unreserved, reported in:	51,779	58,667 7,187,881		21,043	131,489 7,187,881
General fund Special revenue funds	11,401,413			4,346,117	11,401,413 4,346,117
Capital projects funds Total fund balances	12,219,109	7,246,548	62,467,352 62,467,352	4,367,160	62,467,352 86,300,169
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 16,023,839	\$ 7,947,396	\$ 70,137,233	\$ 4,548,143	\$ 98,656,611

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

September 30, 2009

\$ 86,300,169

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Assets.

634,110,482

Certain other long-term assets (property taxes receivable and adjudicated court fines receivable) are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Assets.

1,909,215

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Assets.

Bonds and capital leases payable	(267,524,160)
Compensated absences	(4,395,127)
Accrued interest governmental activity debt	(998,254)
Estimated post employment benefit liability	(483,870)
Deferred bond issuance costs	4,066,496

The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Assets.

13,685

Net Assets of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets

\$ 452,998,636

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

	General Fund	Capital Governm		Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 10,688,512	\$ 20,660,512	\$	\$	\$ 31,349,024		
Sales and use taxes	13,760,714			456,872	14,217,586		
Franchise fees	5,074,602				5,074,602		
Licenses and permits	2,079,099				2,079,099		
Fines and forfeitures	2,213,101			112,660	2,325,761		
Charges for services	8,884,529				8,884,529		
Investment earnings	143,190	147,127	1,046,181	38,828	1,375,326		
Intergovernmental	4,909,362		1,638,766	1,040,917	7,589,045		
Other	344,473		8,191,407	444,403	8,980,283		
Total Revenues	48,097,582	20,807,639	10,876,354	2,093,680	81,875,255		
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government	8,020,370			391,505	8,411,875		
Public safety	22,025,695			284,760	22,310,455		
Public works	11,913,119			137,815	12,050,934		
Community services	3,204,702			181,188	3,385,890		
Parks and recreation	5,753,141			35,790	5,788,931		
Debt Service:							
Principal		5,482,133			5,482,133		
Interest and other charges		11,941,654			11,941,654		
Bond issuance costs			139,921		139,921		
Capital outlay			67,773,777	840,806	68,614,583		
Intergovernmental		3,249,619			3,249,619		
Total Expenditures	50,917,027	20,673,406	67,913,698	1,871,864	141,375,995		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	(2,819,445)	134,233	(57,037,344)	221,816	(59,500,740)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
General obligation debt issued			8,520,000		8,520,000		
Discount on general obligation debt			(54,016)		(54,016)		
Issuance of capital leases	648,896				648,896		
Transfers in	1,793,465	277,127	1,175,513		3,246,105		
Transfers out	(930,038)		(851,880)	(842,770)	(2,624,688)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,512,323	277,127	8,789,617	(842,770)	9,736,297		
Net change in fund balances	(1,307,122)	411,360	(48,247,727)	(620,954)	(49,764,443)		
Fund balances - beginning	13,526,231	6,835,188	110,715,079	4,988,114	136,064,612		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 12,219,109	\$ 7,246,548	\$ 62,467,352	\$ 4,367,160	\$ 86,300,169		

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$	(49,764,443)
---	----	--------------

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period.

This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$74,307,375 exceeded depreciation of \$21,798,648 in the current period.

52,508,727

Governmental funds re[port only the proceeds from the disposal of capital assets and not the difference between the carrying value and the accumulated depreciation of the asset. This is the amount by which the carrying value exceeded the accumulated depreciation.

(184,515)

Capital assets net of related debt acquired as a result of Municipal Utility District annexation

22,528,718

Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned.

125,150

Governmental funds report bond proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental funds report repayment of bond principal as an expenditure, In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.

(3,275,205)

Governmental funds report bond issuance costs as expenditures. In contrast, the government wide financial statements amortized such a cost over the life of the bonds.

139,921

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Accrued interest not reflected in Governmental funds	(38,627)
Amortization of bond issuance costs	(351,871)
Other long-term liabilities	218,458
Post employment benefit liability	(690,300)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as property and liability insurance coverage and employee health benefits, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

13,185

Change in net assets of governmental activities

21,229,198

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2009

	Business-type	Governmental Activities -		
	Water and Sewer	Solid Waste		Internal
	Fund	Fund	Total	Service Fund
Assets	-			
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,506,528	\$	\$ 6,506,528	\$ 32,268
Investments	999,060		999,060	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	2,846,311	720,468	3,566,779	1,835
Due from other funds	77,723		77,723	
Prepaid items	21,155		21,155	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	23,561,948		23,561,948	
Total current assets	34,012,725	720,468	34,733,193	34,103
Non-current assets:				
Deferred charges	1,296,770		1,296,770	
Capital assets:				
Land and improvements	3,609,542		3,609,542	
Construction in progress	19,201,511		19,201,511	
Contractual rights to water supply	34,511,428		34,511,428	
Infrastructure	234,295,776		234,295,776	
Buildings	29,062,375		29,062,375	
Machinery and equipment	2,873,319		2,873,319	
Less Accumulated depreciation	(68,296,550)		(68,296,550)	
Total non-current assets	256,554,171		256,554,171	
Total Assets	290,566,896	720,468	291,287,364	34,103
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	3,032,340	627,053	3,659,393	20,418
Accrued interest payable	424,068	,	424,068	,
Due to other funds	,	77,723	77,723	
Customer deposits	2,127,206	,	2,127,206	
Compensated absences - current portion	71,514		71,514	
Bonds and certificates of obligation payable - current portion	3,590,000		3,590,000	
Capital lease - current portion	34,681		34,681	
Total current liabilities	9,279,809	704,776	9,984,585	20.418
Non-current liabilities:				
Compensated absences	448,118		448,118	
Capital lease obligation	200,156		200,156	
Other postemployment benefits	91,931		91,931	
Bonds and certificates of obligation payable	113,191,111		113,191,111	
Total non-current liabilities	113,931,316		113,931,316	
Total Liabilities	123,211,125	704,776	123,915,901	20,418
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	146,149,602		146,149,602	
Restricted for debt service	270,053		270,053	
Restricted for capital projects	11,695,609		11,695,609	
Unrestricted	9,240,507	15,692	9,256,199	13,685
Total Net Assets		\$ 15,692	\$ 167,371,463	
Total Net Assets	\$ 167,355,771	\$ 13,092	\$ 107,371,403	\$ 13,685

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

		Governmental Activities -					
	Water and Sewer Fund			olid Waste Fund	Total	Internal Service Fund	
Revenues							
Charges for services	\$	26,616,961	\$	7,020,992	\$ 33,637,953	\$	803,104
Operating Expenses							
Personal services		3,820,951			3,820,951		
Supplies and materials		2,007,446			2,007,446		
Contractual services		6,144,495		7,105,926	13,250,421		790,279
Repairs and maintenance		828,093			828,093		
Other expenses		75,942		254,930	330,872		
Depreciation and amortization		7,371,908			7,371,908		
Total Operating Expenses		20,248,835		7,360,856	27,609,691		790,279
Operating income (loss)		6,368,126		(339,864)	6,028,262		12,825
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)							
Earnings on investments		362,706		698	363,404		360
Operating grants and contributions		2,464,377			2,464,377		
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		22,979			22,979		
Interest expense		(5,190,458)			(5,190,458)		
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		(2,340,396)		698	(2,339,698)		360
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	·	4,027,730		(339,166)	3,688,564		13,185
Capital contributions		6,125,006			6,125,006		
Transfers in		211,690		339,298	550,988		
Transfers out		(1,172,405)			(1,172,405)		
Change in net assets		9,192,021		132	9,192,153		13,185
Total net assets - beginning		158,163,750		15,560	158,179,310		500
Total net assets - ending	\$	167,355,771	\$	15,692	\$ 167,371,463	\$	13,685

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							Governmental Activities -		
	Wa	ter and Sewer		olid Waste			I	nternal		
		Fund		Fund	Total	_	Ser	vice Fund		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities										
Receipts from customers and users	\$	26,735,263	\$	7,252,810	\$ 33,988,07	73	\$	801,769		
Disbursed for personnel services		(3,825,345)		, , , , ,	(3,825,34			,,,,,,		
Disbursed for goods and services		(10,187,546)		(7,828,653)	(18,016,19	-		(770,382)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		12,722,372		(575,843)	12,146,52	_		31,387		
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities										
Transfers from funds				417,021	417,02	21				
Transfers to other funds		(882,992)			(882,99) 2)				
Operating grants and contributions		2,464,377			2,464,37	17				
Net cash provided by (used by) noncapital financing						_				
activities		1,581,385		417,021	1,998,40)6_				
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activitie	ne.									
Proceeds from the sale of equipment	cs .	22,979			22,97	70				
Capital grants and contributions		6,125,006			6,125,00					
Proceeds from the sale of bonds		12,745,409			12,745,40					
Principal payments on debt		(2,666,740)			(2,666,74					
Issuance costs		83,080			83,08	-				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(25,628,070)			(25,628,07					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(23,028,070)			(23,028,07	0)				
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(9,318,336)			(9,318,33	36)				
Cash Flows from Investing Activities										
Purchase of investments		8,419,590			8,419,59	} 0				
Interest received		362,706		696	363,40)2		360		
Interest paid		(5,190,458)			(5,190,45	58)				
Net cash provided by (used by) investing activities		3,591,838		696	3,592,53	34		360		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents		8,577,259		(158,126)	8,419,13	33		31,747		
Cash and equivalents, beginning of year		21,491,217		158,126	21,649,34			521		
Cash and equivalents, at end of year	\$	30,068,476	\$		\$ 30,068,47	_	\$	32,268		
Unrestricted cash and equivalents	\$	6,506,528	\$		\$ 6,506,52	28	\$	32,268		
Restricted cash and equivalents		23,561,948			23,561,94			- ,		
	\$	30,068,476	\$		\$ 30,068,47	_	\$	32,268		
						—				

		Business-type	Activ	ities - Enterpr	ise F	unds	 ernmental tivities -
	Wat	Water and Sewer Solid Waste Fund Fund		Total		 nternal ice Funds	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash pro- operating activities	vided by						
Operating income (loss)	\$	6,368,126	\$	(339,864)	\$	6,028,262	\$ 12,825
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net ca	sh provided b	у					
operating activities:							
Depreciation		7,371,908				7,371,908	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(92,070)		231,818		139,748	(1,335)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		(20,950)				(20,950)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(1,110,620)		(467,797)		(1,578,417)	19,897
Increase (decrease) in salaries payable		(4,394)				(4,394)	
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		210,372					
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	12,722,372	\$	(575,843)	\$	12,146,529	\$ 31,387

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES September 30, 2009

Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 2,000,000 \$ 7,836,347 \$ 3,150,004 \$ 12,986,351 Receivables-less allowance for uncollectibles 1,089,606 133,256 14,857 1,237,719 Prepaid items 21,272 2 21,272 Restricted cash 1,522,642 1,522,642 1,522,642 Deferred charges 384,943 3,355,745 3,740,688 Capital assets not subject to depreciation 6,875,415 6,875,415 6,875,415 Total Assets 10,371,236 7,969,603 8,043,248 26,384,087 Liabilities 4 1,070,683 8,185 1,078,868 1,078,868 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 1,070,683 8,185 195,410 263,638 Due to primary government 1,058,590 1,058,590 1,058,590 Non-current liabilities: 565,000 1,760,000 2,325,000 Due within one year 565,000 1,760,000 2,325,000 Due in more than one year 18,628,004 50,684,274 69,312,278 Total Liabilities		D	Pearland Economic evelopment Corporation	Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #2		Development Authority of Pearland		(Total Component Units
Receivables-less allowance for uncollectibles 1,089,606 133,256 14,857 1,237,719 Prepaid items 21,272 21,272 21,272 Restricted cash 1,522,642 1,522,642 1,522,642 Deferred charges 384,943 3,355,745 3,740,688 Capital assets not subject to depreciation 6,875,415 6,875,415 6,875,415 Total Assets 10,371,236 7,969,603 8,043,248 26,384,087 Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses 1,070,683 8,185 1,078,868 Accrued interest 68,228 195,410 263,638 Due to primary government 1,058,590 1,058,590 Non-current liabilities: 1,070,683 1,760,000 2,325,000 Due within one year 565,000 1,760,000 2,325,000 Due in more than one year 18,628,004 50,684,274 69,312,278 Total Liabilities 21,390,505 8,185 52,639,684 74,038,374 Net Assets Restricted-debt service 1,327,232	Assets		_		_		_		_
uncollectibles 1,089,606 133,256 14,857 1,237,719 Prepaid items 21,272 21,272 21,272 Restricted cash 1,522,642 1,522,642 1,522,642 Deferred charges 384,943 3,355,745 3,740,688 Capital assets not subject to depreciation 6,875,415 6,875,415 6,875,415 Total Assets 10,371,236 7,969,603 8,043,248 26,384,087 Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses 1,070,683 8,185 1,078,868 Accrued interest 68,228 195,410 263,638 Due to primary government 1,058,590 1,058,590 Non-current liabilities: 10 1,760,000 2,325,000 Due within one year 565,000 1,760,000 2,325,000 Due in more than one year 18,628,004 50,684,274 69,312,278 Total Liabilities 21,390,505 8,185 52,639,684 74,038,374 Net Assets Restricted-debt service 1,327,232 1,327,232	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,000,000	\$	7,836,347	\$	3,150,004	\$	12,986,351
Prepaid items 21,272 21,272 Restricted cash 1,522,642 1,522,642 Deferred charges 384,943 3,355,745 3,740,688 Capital assets not subject to depreciation 6,875,415 6,875,415 Total Assets 10,371,236 7,969,603 8,043,248 26,384,087 Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses 1,070,683 8,185 1,078,868 Accrued interest 68,228 195,410 263,638 Due to primary government 1,058,590 1,058,590 Non-current liabilities: 1 1,760,000 2,325,000 Due within one year 565,000 1,760,000 2,325,000 Due in more than one year 18,628,004 50,684,274 69,312,278 Total Liabilities 21,390,505 8,185 52,639,684 74,038,374 Net Assets Restricted-debt service 1,327,232 1,327,232 1,327,232	Receivables-less allowance for								
Restricted cash 1,522,642 1,522,642 Deferred charges 384,943 3,355,745 3,740,688 Capital assets not subject to depreciation 6,875,415 6,875,415 Total Assets 10,371,236 7,969,603 8,043,248 26,384,087 Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses 1,070,683 8,185 1,078,868 Accrued interest 68,228 195,410 263,638 Due to primary government 1,058,590 1,058,590 Non-current liabilities: 0 1,760,000 2,325,000 Due within one year 565,000 1,760,000 2,325,000 Due in more than one year 18,628,004 50,684,274 69,312,278 Total Liabilities 21,390,505 8,185 52,639,684 74,038,374 Net Assets Restricted-debt service 1,327,232 1,327,232 1,327,232	uncollectibles		1,089,606		133,256		14,857		1,237,719
Deferred charges 384,943 3,355,745 3,740,688 Capital assets not subject to depreciation 6,875,415 6,875,415 Total Assets 10,371,236 7,969,603 8,043,248 26,384,087 Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses 1,070,683 8,185 1,078,868 Accrued interest 68,228 195,410 263,638 Due to primary government 1,058,590 1,058,590 Non-current liabilities: Due within one year 565,000 1,760,000 2,325,000 Due in more than one year 18,628,004 50,684,274 69,312,278 Total Liabilities 21,390,505 8,185 52,639,684 74,038,374 Net Assets Restricted-debt service 1,327,232 1,327,232	Prepaid items		21,272						21,272
Capital assets not subject to depreciation 6,875,415 6,875,415 Total Assets 10,371,236 7,969,603 8,043,248 26,384,087 Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses 1,070,683 8,185 1,078,868 Accrued interest 68,228 195,410 263,638 Due to primary government 1,058,590 1,058,590 Non-current liabilities: 100 1,760,000 2,325,000 Due in more than one year 565,000 1,760,000 2,325,000 Due in more than one year 18,628,004 50,684,274 69,312,278 Total Liabilities 21,390,505 8,185 52,639,684 74,038,374 Net Assets Restricted-debt service 1,327,232 1,327,232 1,327,232	Restricted cash						1,522,642		1,522,642
depreciation 6,875,415 6,875,415 Total Assets 10,371,236 7,969,603 8,043,248 26,384,087 Liabilities Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses 1,070,683 8,185 1,078,868 Accrued interest 68,228 195,410 263,638 Due to primary government 1,058,590 1,058,590 Non-current liabilities: 1,760,000 2,325,000 Due within one year 565,000 1,760,000 2,325,000 Due in more than one year 18,628,004 50,684,274 69,312,278 Total Liabilities 21,390,505 8,185 52,639,684 74,038,374 Net Assets Restricted-debt service 1,327,232 1,327,232 1,327,232	Deferred charges		384,943				3,355,745		3,740,688
Total Assets 10,371,236 7,969,603 8,043,248 26,384,087 Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses 1,070,683 8,185 1,078,868 Accrued interest 68,228 195,410 263,638 Due to primary government 1,058,590 1,058,590 Non-current liabilities: 565,000 1,760,000 2,325,000 Due in more than one year 18,628,004 50,684,274 69,312,278 Total Liabilities 21,390,505 8,185 52,639,684 74,038,374 Net Assets Restricted-debt service 1,327,232 1,327,232 1,327,232	Capital assets not subject to								
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses 1,070,683 8,185 1,078,868 Accrued interest 68,228 195,410 263,638 Due to primary government 1,058,590 1,058,590 Non-current liabilities: 0 1,760,000 2,325,000 Due within one year 18,628,004 50,684,274 69,312,278 Total Liabilities 21,390,505 8,185 52,639,684 74,038,374 Net Assets Restricted-debt service 1,327,232 1,327,232 1,327,232	depreciation		6,875,415						6,875,415
Accounts payable and accrued expenses 1,070,683 8,185 1,078,868 Accrued interest 68,228 195,410 263,638 Due to primary government 1,058,590 1,058,590 Non-current liabilities: Due within one year 565,000 1,760,000 2,325,000 Due in more than one year 18,628,004 50,684,274 69,312,278 Total Liabilities 21,390,505 8,185 52,639,684 74,038,374 Net Assets Restricted-debt service 1,327,232 1,327,232	Total Assets		10,371,236		7,969,603		8,043,248		26,384,087
Accrued interest 68,228 195,410 263,638 Due to primary government 1,058,590 1,058,590 Non-current liabilities: 300 1,760,000 2,325,000 Due within one year 18,628,004 50,684,274 69,312,278 Total Liabilities 21,390,505 8,185 52,639,684 74,038,374 Net Assets Restricted-debt service 1,327,232 1,327,232	Liabilities								
Due to primary government 1,058,590 1,058,590 Non-current liabilities: 565,000 1,760,000 2,325,000 Due within one year 18,628,004 50,684,274 69,312,278 Total Liabilities 21,390,505 8,185 52,639,684 74,038,374 Net Assets Restricted-debt service 1,327,232 1,327,232	Accounts payable and accrued expenses		1,070,683		8,185				1,078,868
Non-current liabilities: 565,000 1,760,000 2,325,000 Due within one year 18,628,004 50,684,274 69,312,278 Total Liabilities 21,390,505 8,185 52,639,684 74,038,374 Net Assets Restricted-debt service 1,327,232 1,327,232	Accrued interest		68,228				195,410		263,638
Due within one year 565,000 1,760,000 2,325,000 Due in more than one year 18,628,004 50,684,274 69,312,278 Total Liabilities 21,390,505 8,185 52,639,684 74,038,374 Net Assets Restricted-debt service 1,327,232 1,327,232	Due to primary government		1,058,590						1,058,590
Due in more than one year 18,628,004 50,684,274 69,312,278 Total Liabilities 21,390,505 8,185 52,639,684 74,038,374 Net Assets Restricted-debt service 1,327,232 1,327,232	Non-current liabilities:								
Total Liabilities 21,390,505 8,185 52,639,684 74,038,374 Net Assets Restricted-debt service 1,327,232 1,327,232	Due within one year		565,000				1,760,000		2,325,000
Net Assets Restricted-debt service 1,327,232 1,327,232	Due in more than one year		18,628,004				50,684,274		69,312,278
Restricted-debt service 1,327,232 1,327,232	Total Liabilities		21,390,505		8,185		52,639,684		74,038,374
Restricted-debt service 1,327,232 1,327,232	Net Accets								
1,627,262	- 144						1 327 232		1 327 232
(11,012,202) $(13,723,000)$ $(40,701,312)$			(11 019 269)		7 961 418		, ,		
Total Net Assets \$ (11,019,269) \$ 7,961,418 \$ (44,596,436) \$ (47,654,287)		\$		\$		\$		\$	

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

		Net (Expense) and Changes in Net Assets							
			Economic		x Increment		evelopment		_
Errordiana/Dua anama	Functions/Programs Expenses		Development Corporation	R	Reinvestment Zone #2		Authority of Pearland		Totals
Functions/Programs Component Units:	Expenses	<u> </u>	201 por acion		Zone #2		reariand		Totals
component cints.									
Pearland Economic									
Development Corporation	\$ 11,148,886	\$	(11,148,886)	\$		\$		\$	(11,148,886)
Tax Increment									
Reinvestment Zone #2	4,775,345				(4,775,345)				(4,775,345)
Development Authority of									
Pearland	10,654,274						(10,654,274)		(10,654,274)
	\$ 26,578,505		(11,148,886)		(4,775,345)		(10,654,274)		(26,578,505)
General Revenues:									
Taxes:									
Property taxes		\$		\$	12,931,900	\$		\$	12,931,900
Sales and use tax		-	6,801,185	7	,,	-		_	6,801,185
Unrestricted investm	ent earnings		150,475		62,866		35,826		249,167
Miscellaneous	· ·		206				68,336		68,542
Transfers between co	omponent units				(6,825,679)		6,825,679		
Total General Reven	ung and Tuangfaug		6 051 966		6 160 007		6 020 941		20.050.704
	ues and 1 ransters		6,951,866		6,169,087		6,929,841		20,050,794
Change in net assets			(4,197,020)		1,393,742		(3,724,433)		(6,527,711)
Net assets, beginning			(6,822,249)		6,567,676		(40,872,003)		(41,126,576)
Net assets, ending		\$	(11,019,269)	\$	7,961,418	\$	(44,596,436)	\$	(47,654,287)

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Summary Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Pearland, Texas, (the "City") was incorporated in December 1959, and adopted a "Home Rule Charter" February 6, 1971. The Charter, as amended, provides for a Council-Manager form of government and provides services authorized by its charter. Presently, these services include police and emergency medical, water and sewer services, drainage, sanitation, building and code inspection, planning, zoning, engineering, street repair and maintenance, park maintenance, recreational activities for citizens, and general administrative services. Fire protection is provided through a combination full-time/volunteer department. The City is governed by an elected mayor and five-member Council.

The Mayor and all members are elected at large. The Mayor is allowed to vote only in case of a tie vote. The Mayor and each Council member hold office for a period of three years and until his/her successor is elected and qualified. Council members shall be limited to two full consecutive terms of office and there is no limitation on the office of the Mayor. The City Manager is appointed by Council and is responsible for implementation of Council policy, execution of the laws, and all day-to-day operations of the City.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City is an independent political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected council and a mayor and is considered a primary government. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements have been prepared based on considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of component units, which are other entities or organizations that are financially accountable to the City. Discretely presented component units, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government. Based on these considerations, the City's financial statements include the following discretely presented component units: the Pearland Economic Development Corporation (PEDC); the Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ #2); and the Development Authority of Pearland. No other entities have been included in the City's reporting entity. Additionally, as the City is considered a primary government for financial reporting purposes, its activities are not considered a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity.

Considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions in the City's financial reporting entity are based on criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. These same criteria are evaluated in considering whether the City is a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. The overriding elements associated with prescribed criteria considered in determining that the City's financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are: that it has a separately elected Governing body; it is legally separate; and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Additionally prescribed criteria under generally accepted accounting principles include: considerations pertaining to organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and considerations pertaining to other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City. The component units do not issue separate financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 1 - Summary Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units:

Pearland Economic Development Corporation (PEDC)

In 1995, the citizens of Pearland established the Pearland Economic Development Corporation (PEDC) to help the citizens and public officials of Pearland attract new businesses and existing businesses to expand. The mechanism to fund the operations of the corporation is through a sales tax levy at a rate of one-half of one percent (1/2%). The PEDC is fiscally dependent upon the primary government because, besides appointing the Board, the City Council also must approve the PEDC's budget and any debt issuances.

Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ #2)

In 1998, the Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ #2) was established for a period of 30 years or until dissolved by the City. The TIRZ #2 provides tax assisted property development and/or redevelopment in specific geographic areas in accordance with applicable state laws. Besides appointing Board members, the City Council must also approve any debt issuances done on behalf of the TIRZ. A major land owner within the City of Pearland sits on the Board of Directors for the TIRZ #2.

Development Authority of Pearland

In 2004, the City created the Development Authority of Pearland to provide financing for the development of the TIRZ #2. Proceeds from bond sales are to be used to reimburse developers and fund a debt service reserve. Besides appointing Board members, the City Council must also approve any debt issuances done on behalf of the Development Authority.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Changes in Net Assets) report information about the City as a whole. These statements include all activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's business-type and governmental funds. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 1 - Summary Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements and all proprietary funds are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these activities are included on the statements of net assets. Proprietary fund equity consists of retained earnings. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. Furniture and equipment capitalized in the Proprietary Fund Types are valued at cost.

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on a *current financial resources measurement focus* and *modified accrual basis of accounting*. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means that the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise fees, charges for services and interest on temporary investments. Other receipts become measurable and available when cash is received by the government and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Under modified accrual accounting, expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is presented which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to reconcile fund-based financial statements with the governmental column of the government-wide presentation.

In the fund financial statements, the accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Following is a description of the various funds:

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions are typically financed. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is used to account for all financial transactions not properly includable in other funds. The principal sources of revenues include local property taxes, sales and franchise taxes, licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, and charges for services. Expenditures include general government, administrative services, public works, parks and recreation, community development, and public safety.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 1 - Summary Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on all general obligation bonds and other governmental long-term debt of the City. The primary source of revenue for debt service is local property taxes. The Debt Service Fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

The *Capital Projects Fund* is used to account for the expenditures of resources accumulated from sales tax revenues and the sale of bonds and related interest earnings for capital improvement projects. The Capital Projects Fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

The City's Business type activities consist of the following funds:

The *Enterprise Funds* are used to account for the operations that provide water and sewer utility services as well as solid waste collection services to the public. The services are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis will be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Additionally, the city maintains an *Internal Service Fund* used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. Services provided by the Internal Service Funds include property and liability insurance coverage and employee health benefits. The Internal Service Fund is included in governmental activities for government-wide reporting purposes.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. All assets, liabilities, equities, revenues, expenses and transfers relating to the government's business activities are accounted for through proprietary funds. The measurement focus is on determination of net income, financial position and cash flows. Operating revenues include charges for services. Operating expenses include costs of materials, contracts, personnel and depreciation. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 20, the City has elected to follow GASB statements issued after November 30, 1989, rather than the Financial Accounting Standards Board, in accounting for enterprise funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenue reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 1 - Summary Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's Enterprise Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expense.

D. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in the governmental funds. Open encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the Proprietary Fund Types consider temporary investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The City pools cash resources of its various funds to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled cash accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing accounts and securities and disclosed as part of the City's investments.

The City pools excess cash of the various individual funds to purchase these investments. These pooled investments are reported in the combined balance sheet as Investments in each fund based on each fund's share of the pooled investments. Interest income is allocated to each respective individual fund, monthly, based on their respective share of investments in the pooled investments.

F. Investments

Investments consist of United States (US) Government Agency securities. The City reports all investments at fair value based on quoted market prices at year-end date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 1 - Summary Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

G. Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 120 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles.

H. Due to and Due from Other Funds

Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which the transactions are executed. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" or "due from component unit/primary government" or "due to component unit/primary government" if the transactions are between the primary government and its component unit. Interfund receivables and payables which are not expected to be paid within 12 months are classified as loans from/loans to other funds, component units, or primary government.

I. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventory, which consists of fuel and auto parts for use in the City's vehicles, is stated at cost (first-in, first-out method). Expenditures are recognized as the fuel and auto parts are consumed rather when purchased.

J. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund revenue bonds and certain resources set aside for their repayment are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Certain resources are also set aside for repayment of Development Authority Bonds and are reported as restricted assets.

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of three years or more. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Asset	Years
Buildings and improvements	10-45
Machinery and equipment	3-15
Infrastructure	10-50

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 1 - Summary Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

L. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, sick and holiday pay benefits.

Employees hired prior to October 1, 2005 earn vacation leave at the rate of 15 days per year from 1 to 15 years of service, 20 days per year for service of 16 to 19 years, and 25 days per year for service of 20 years or more. Employees, who are not classified and are hired after October 1, 2005, earn vacation at a rate of 10 days per year from 1-6 years of service, 15 days per year for 7-15 years of service and 20 days for 16 and over years of service. Effective October 1, 2005, employees are no longer able to carry over unused vacation from one year to the next with the exception of police department personnel in classified positions. Employees are required to use their vacation in the year it is earned. Employees who are unable to use their vacation due to departmental scheduling or staffing problems, may, with the City Manager's approval, receive compensation for half of the remaining balance up to a maximum of forty (40) hours.

City employees receive 11 paid holidays per year. Employees required to work on a City observed holiday may be paid or may elect to receive compensatory time off for the holiday. Overtime is earned at one and one-half times the regular rate of pay for non-exempt employees. Employees may be paid or receive compensatory time. The maximum accrual for overtime is 60 hours, except for employees involved in public safety, who can accrue up to 120 hours.

All sick leave benefits are accumulated and paid to employees upon separation from the City not to exceed 720 hours for employees hired prior to July 24, 2006 and 360 hours for employees hired after. Vacation, sick and holiday pay benefits are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

M. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 2 - Deposits (Cash) and Investments

Authorization for Deposits and Investments

The Texas Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA), as prescribed in Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code, regulates deposits and investment transactions of the City.

In accordance with applicable statutes, the City has a depository contract with an area bank (depository) providing for interest rates to be earned on deposited funds and for banking charges the City incurs for banking services received. The City may place funds with the depository in interest and non-interest bearing accounts. State law provides that collateral pledged as security for bank deposits must have a market value of not less than the amount of the deposits and must consist of: (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (3) other obligations, the principal and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas; and/or (4) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent. City policy requires the collateralization level to be at least 102% of market value of principal and accrued interest.

The Council has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of City funds as required by the Public Funds Investment Act (Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code). The investments of the City are in compliance with the City's investment policy. The City's investment policy is more restrictive than the PFIA requires. It is the City's policy to restrict its direct investments to obligations of the U.S. Government or U.S. Government Agencies, fully collateralized certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, mutual funds, repurchase agreements and local government investment pools. The maximum maturity allowed is three years from date of purchase. The City's investment policy does not allow investments in collateralized mortgage obligations.

Deposit and Investment Amounts

The City's cash and investments are classified as: cash and cash equivalents, investments, and restricted cash and investments. The cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits with financial institutions, and short-term investments, which have maturities at purchase of less than three months, consisting mainly of certificates of deposit. The restricted cash and investments are assets restricted for specific use. The restricted cash and investments include cash on deposit with financial institutions. For better management of cash, the City pools the cash, based on the City's needs, into either bank/sweep accounts, or in longer-term investments in U.S. Government Securities. However, each fund's balance of cash and investments is maintained in the books of the City.

The deposit and investment policies for the Pearland Economic Development Corporation, TIRZ Developments, and Development Authority of Pearland are substantially the same as the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 2 - Deposits (Cash) and Investments (continued)

The following schedule shows the City's recorded cash and investments at year-end:

		Total Fair Value					
	(Component Units					
Cash deposits Temporary Investments	\$	111,804,415	\$	14,508,993			
FHLB discount note		1,998,120					
	\$	113,802,535	\$	14,508,993			

Quoted market prices are the basis of the fair value for U.S. Treasury and Agency securities. The amount of increase or decrease in the fair value of investments during the current year is included in the City's investment income as follows:

	Primary overnment	Component Units		
Interest income	\$ 1,737,495	\$	249,659	
Unrealized gain (loss) on				
temporary investments	 (1,235)		492	
Investment earnings	\$ 1,738,730	\$	249,167	

Investment Risks

Interest Rate Risk

At year-end, the City had the following investments subject to interest rate risk disclosure, under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles:

		Primary Government					
	_ Tota	al Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (days)				
Temporary Investments							
FHLB discount note	\$	1,998,120	455				
	\$	1,998,120					
Portfolio weighted average maturity			455				

The City's investment policy specifies a maximum weighted average maturity of 547.5 days or 18 months based on the stated maturity date for each investment in the portfolio.

To the extent possible, the City attempts to match investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. The City does not directly invest in securities with a stated maturity date more than three years or 1,095 days from date of purchase. The settlement date is considered the date of purchase.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 2 - Deposits (Cash) and Investments (continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

With the exception of U.S. Treasury Securities and interest bearing checking accounts that are fully collateralized, no more than 75 percent of the City's total investment portfolio will be invested in a single security type. As of September 30, 2009, the City had investments in U.S. Agency securities that exceeded five percent of the total investment portfolio at year-end.

		Primary Go	overnment			
Investment Type	Tota	l Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio			
FHLB discount note	\$	1,998,120	100%			
Total	\$	1,998,120	100%			

Credit Risk

Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Discount Notes were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's, AAA by Fitch Ratings, and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service.

All credit ratings meet acceptable levels required by guidelines prescribed by both the PFIA and the City's investment policy. A public fund investment pool must be continuously rated no lower than AAA or AAAm or no lower than investment grade by at least one nationally recognized rating service and have a weighted average maturity no greater than 90 days. Investments with minimum required ratings do not qualify as authorized investments during the period the investment does not have the minimum rating.

Restricted Assets

The Enterprise Funds have restricted certain cash and investments for customer deposits, reserve and emergency expenditures, capital improvements, cash restricted for others, and revenue bond debt service. Because of certain bond covenants, the Enterprise Fund is required to maintain prescribed amounts of resources that can be used only to service outstanding debt. Some of the proceeds from debt or from funds received from acquisition of Municipal Utility Districts are restricted for use on capital projects.

	C	Component Units			
\$	694,121	\$	1,522,642		
	2,126,456				
	20,741,371				
\$	23,561,948	\$	1,522,642		
	\$	2,126,456 20,741,371	Government \$ 694,121 \$ 2,126,456 20,741,371		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 3 - Receivables

Receivables at September 30, 2009 consist of the following:

Primary Government:

Governmental Funds:

	Ge	eneral Fund	De	ebt Service Fund	Pr	Capital ojects Fund	Other Non Major overnmental Funds	Total
Receivables								
Property taxes, including penalties and interest	\$	632.037	\$	819,193	\$		\$	\$ 1,451,230
Sales and other taxes		3,085,614						3,085,614
Fines and forfeitures		697,744						697,744
Interest		21,135		4,742		30,076		55,953
Other		347,530		17,717		2,655,595	429,464	3,450,306
Allowance for								
uncollectibles		(15,562)		(20,480)				(36,042)
	\$	4,768,498	\$	821,172	\$	2,685,671	\$ 429,464	8,704,805

Accounts Receivable - Hurricane Ike

On September 12, 2008, the City sustained substantial damage to City facilities, mainly the Library, Community Center, and City Hall. The City also incurred significant expenditures associated with debris removal and emergency measures. The City submitted 40 project worksheets to FEMA totaling \$10.6 million, as well as submitted documentation for insurance reimbursements. As of September 30, 2009, there were \$5.9 million in reimbursements still outstanding from FEMA and approximately \$800,000 from insurance.

Proprietary Funds:

	,	Vater and			
	Sewer Fund		Solid	Waste Fund	Total
Receivables					
Customer accounts	\$	2,699,722	\$	784,987	\$ 3,484,709
Interest		22,869			22,869
Other		333,717			333,717
Allowance for					
uncollectibles		(209,997)		(64,519)	(274,516)
	\$	2,846,311	\$	720,468	\$ 3,566,779

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 3 - Receivables (continued)

Component Units:

	I De	Pearland Economic evelopment orporation	Rei	Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Developments		Development Authority of Pearland		Total
Receivables								
Sales and other taxes	\$	1,074,568	\$		\$		\$	1,074,568
Interest		15,038				14,857		29,895
Other				133,256				133,256
Total	\$	1,089,606	\$	133,256	\$	14,857	\$	1,237,719

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	U	navailable	J	Unearned		
Delinquent property taxes receivable - general fund	\$	533,695	\$	_		
Delinquent property taxes receivable - debt service fund		677,776				
Municipal fines and forfeitures		697,744				
Grants and revenues prior to meeting all eligibility requirements				157,521		
Total Deferred Revenue for Governmental Funds		1,909,215	\$	157,521		

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. The Central Appraisal District ("CAD") of Brazoria County, Harris County, and Fort Bend County, Texas, establishes appraised values. Taxes are levied by the City Council based on the appraised values and operating needs of the City. The City contracts billing and collection of tax levies with the Brazoria County Tax Assessor-Collector.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 4 - Capital Assets

A summary of changes in the primary government's capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2009, follows:

	Balance September 30, 2008	Increases	(Decreases)	Balance September 30, 2009
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 27,645,860	\$ 810,769	\$	\$ 28,456,629
Construction in progress	60,755,722	24,954,474		85,710,196
Total capital assets not being depreciated	88,401,582	25,765,243		114,166,825
Other capital assets:				
Infrastructure	596,377,295	66,261,240		662,638,535
Buildings and improvements	25,339,899	2,666,257	(585,320)	27,420,836
Machinery and equipment	10,165,881	2,143,353	(439,120)	11,870,114
Total other capital assets	631,883,075	71,070,850	(1,024,440)	701,929,485
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(145,649,158)	(19,718,518)		(165, 367, 676)
Buildings and improvements	(9,568,580)	(810,051)	378,410	(10,000,221)
Machinery and equipment	(5,809,366)	(1,270,079)	461,514	(6,617,931)
Total accumulated depreciation	(161,027,104)	(21,798,648)	839,924	(181,985,828)
Other capital assets, net	470,855,971	49,272,202	(184,516)	519,943,657
Totals	\$ 559,257,553	\$ 75,037,445	\$ (184,516)	\$ 634,110,482
	Balance			Balance
	Balance September 30, 2008	Increases	(Decreases)	Balance September 30, 2009
Business-type Activities		Increases	(Decreases)	
Business-type Activities Capital assets not being depreciated:	September 30,	Increases	(Decreases)	September 30,
Capital assets not being depreciated:	September 30, 2008	Increases \$		September 30, 2009
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles	September 30, 2008 \$ 3,609,542		(Decreases)	September 30, 2009 \$ 3,609,542
Capital assets not being depreciated:	September 30, 2008	\$		September 30, 2009
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles	September 30, 2008 \$ 3,609,542	\$		September 30, 2009 \$ 3,609,542
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress	\$ 3,609,542 32,584,641	\$ (13,383,130)		\$ 3,609,542 19,201,511
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 3,609,542 32,584,641	\$ (13,383,130)		\$ 3,609,542 19,201,511
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets:	\$ 3,609,542 32,584,641 36,194,183	\$ (13,383,130) (13,383,130)		\$ 3,609,542 19,201,511 22,811,053
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system	\$ 3,609,542 32,584,641 36,194,183 229,735,098	\$ (13,383,130) (13,383,130) 4,560,678		\$ 3,609,542 19,201,511 22,811,053 234,295,776
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements	\$ 3,609,542 32,584,641 36,194,183 229,735,098 2,491,830	\$ (13,383,130) (13,383,130) 4,560,678 26,570,545	\$	\$ 3,609,542 19,201,511 22,811,053 234,295,776 29,062,375
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 3,609,542 32,584,641 36,194,183 229,735,098 2,491,830 2,502,742	\$ (13,383,130) (13,383,130) 4,560,678 26,570,545 515,777	\$	\$ 3,609,542 19,201,511 22,811,053 234,295,776 29,062,375 2,873,319
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Contractual water rights	\$ 3,609,542 32,584,641 36,194,183 229,735,098 2,491,830 2,502,742 26,809,000	\$ (13,383,130) (13,383,130) 4,560,678 26,570,545 515,777 7,702,428	\$ (145,200)	\$ 3,609,542 19,201,511 22,811,053 234,295,776 29,062,375 2,873,319 34,511,428
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Contractual water rights Total other capital assets	\$ 3,609,542 32,584,641 36,194,183 229,735,098 2,491,830 2,502,742 26,809,000	\$ (13,383,130) (13,383,130) 4,560,678 26,570,545 515,777 7,702,428	\$ (145,200)	\$ 3,609,542 19,201,511 22,811,053 234,295,776 29,062,375 2,873,319 34,511,428
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Contractual water rights Total other capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements	\$ 3,609,542 32,584,641 36,194,183 229,735,098 2,491,830 2,502,742 26,809,000 261,538,670	\$ (13,383,130) 4,560,678 26,570,545 515,777 7,702,428 39,349,428	\$ (145,200)	\$ 3,609,542 19,201,511 22,811,053 234,295,776 29,062,375 2,873,319 34,511,428 300,742,898
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Contractual water rights Total other capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 3,609,542 32,584,641 36,194,183 229,735,098 2,491,830 2,502,742 26,809,000 261,538,670 (58,313,909)	\$ (13,383,130) 4,560,678 26,570,545 515,777 7,702,428 39,349,428 (5,368,158)	\$ (145,200)	\$ 3,609,542 19,201,511 22,811,053 234,295,776 29,062,375 2,873,319 34,511,428 300,742,898 (63,682,067)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Contractual water rights Total other capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements	\$ 3,609,542 32,584,641 36,194,183 229,735,098 2,491,830 2,502,742 26,809,000 261,538,670 (58,313,909) (882,691)	\$ (13,383,130) 4,560,678 26,570,545 515,777 7,702,428 39,349,428 (5,368,158) (398,839)	(145,200)	\$ 3,609,542 19,201,511 22,811,053 234,295,776 29,062,375 2,873,319 34,511,428 300,742,898 (63,682,067) (1,281,530)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Contractual water rights Total other capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Contractual water rights Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 3,609,542 32,584,641 36,194,183 229,735,098 2,491,830 2,502,742 26,809,000 261,538,670 (58,313,909) (882,691) (1,337,063)	\$ (13,383,130) 4,560,678 26,570,545 515,777 7,702,428 39,349,428 (5,368,158) (398,839) (378,502)	(145,200)	\$ 3,609,542 19,201,511 22,811,053 234,295,776 29,062,375 2,873,319 34,511,428 300,742,898 (63,682,067) (1,281,530) (1,570,365)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and intangibles Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Other capital assets: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Contractual water rights Total other capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for: Water and sewer system Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Contractual water rights	\$ 3,609,542 32,584,641 36,194,183 229,735,098 2,491,830 2,502,742 26,809,000 261,538,670 (58,313,909) (882,691) (1,337,063) (536,180)	\$ (13,383,130) 4,560,678 26,570,545 515,777 7,702,428 39,349,428 (5,368,158) (398,839) (378,502) (1,226,408)	\$ (145,200) (145,200) 145,200	\$ 3,609,542 19,201,511 22,811,053 234,295,776 29,062,375 2,873,319 34,511,428 300,742,898 (63,682,067) (1,281,530) (1,570,365) (1,762,588)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 4 - Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation was charged to programs as follows:

General government	\$ 385,942
Public safety	1,036,290
Public works	18,922,182
Community services	64,125
Parks and recreation	1,390,109
Total Governmental Activity	\$ 21,798,648
Water and sewer	\$ 7,371,908
Total Business-Type Activity	\$ 7,371,908

The City has active construction projects as of September 30, 2009. The projects include various improvements to streets, drainage and facilities as well as and water and sewer improvements. At yearend, the City's contractual commitments on projects were as follows:

Project Description	To:	Total In Progress		ommitment
Drainage Improvement	\$	\$ 7,239,580		1,963,442
Building Improvements		18,976,545		14,445,001
Street Improvement		49,119,702		17,581,041
Park Improvements		10,374,371		10,552,058
Water and Sewer Improvements		19,201,509		4,249,943
Totals	\$	104,911,707	\$	48,791,485

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt

A. General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation

The City issues general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation and, upon annexation and dissolution of Municipal Utility Districts, assumes unlimited tax and revenue obligations. The assumed obligations were used to acquire and construct major capital facilities. General obligation bonds, certificates of obligation, and assumed obligations from dissolved and annexed areas are for both governmental and business-type activities. The bonds are reported in the Proprietary Funds only if they are expected to be repaid from proprietary revenues. The general long-term bonds, certificates of obligation and assumed obligations are paid through the Debt Service Fund from tax revenues.

The following is a summary of changes in the City's total governmental long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2009. In general, the City uses the General and Debt Service funds to liquidate governmental long-term liabilities.

	Balance September 30, 2008		ember 30,		(Reductions)		Balance September 30, Additions (Reductions) 2009		eptember 30,	 nounts Due ain One Year
Governmental Activities										
Bonds payable:										
General obligation bonds	\$	184,985,000	\$		\$	(4,220,000)	\$	180,765,000	\$ 3,435,000	
Certificates of obligation		74,980,000		8,520,000		(995,000)		82,505,000	2,270,000	
Deferred amount for issuance premium		3,048,718		(54,016)		(219,078)		2,775,624		
Total bonds payable		263,013,718		8,465,984		(5,434,078)		266,045,624	5,705,000	
Obligations under capital leases		1,187,181		648,897		(357,542)		1,478,536	160,961	
Compensated absences		3,897,915		2,510,056		(2,159,834)		4,395,127	583,916	
Other post employement benefits		290,783		193,087				483,870		
Total Governmental Activities	\$	268,389,597	\$	11,818,024	\$	(7,951,454)	\$	272,403,157	\$ 6,449,877	

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period, and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

The full amount estimated to be required for debt service on general obligation debt is provided by (1) the debt service portion of the tax levy; (2) interest earned in the Debt Service Fund; and (3) operating transfers from the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund. Transfers from the Enterprise Funds are approved at the discretion of City Council and are not intended to service a specific bond series.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

A. General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation (continued)

A summary of the terms of general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation, as of September 30, 2009, follows:

Series	Original Issue	Matures	Interest Rate (%)	Debt Outstanding
General Obligation Bonds				
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2001	\$ 1,900,000	2010	3.90	\$ 175,000
Permanent Improvement, Series 2002	25,000,000	2027	5.10-5.08	2,310,000
Permanent Improvement, Series 2003	15,000,000	2028	4.00-6.00	13,555,000
Permanent Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2005	37,015,000	2029	3.25-5.00	36,590,000
Permanent Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2006	32,165,000	2029	4.00-5.00	32,015,000
Permanent Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2007	69,640,000	2032	4.00-5.00	69,640,000
Permanent Improvement, Series 2008	22,835,000	2032	4.50-5.50	22,665,000
Annexed Municipal Utility District Bonds				
BC MUD 1 Series 2001	4,940,000	2018	4.00-5.00	1,875,000
BC MUD 1 Series 2007	1,940,000	2030	3.75-4.35	1,940,000
Total General Obligation Bonds				\$ 180,765,000
Certificates of Obligation				
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2001	11,650,000	2022	5.00-6.00	\$ 1,135,000
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2003	25,000,000	2023	3.00-4.50	17,390,000
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2004	21,000,000	2028	4.00-5.25	13,740,000
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2006	9,700,000	2029	3.65-4.68	9,650,000
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2007	23,250,000	2032	3.25-5.25	23,150,000
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2008	9,000,000	2032	3.75-5.00	8,920,000
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2009	8,520,000	2034	2.25-5.00	8,520,000
Total Certificates of Obligation				\$ 82,505,000

Prior Year Refunding

In prior years, the City defeased certain general obligation and other bonds by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. At September 30, 2009, approximately \$35.8 million of previously refunded bonds outstanding were considered defeased.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

A. General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation (continued)

Capital Lease Obligations

The City has entered into certain capital lease agreements in order to purchase public safety and management information systems equipment and other construction related equipment. The capital lease obligations are paid out of the General, Debt Service and Water and Sewer Funds. The historical purchase price of the capital assets under lease is approximately \$2.5 million.

Following is a summary of future lease payments due on this equipment:

	Fiscal Year	O	bligations
	2010	\$	262,202
	2011		262,202
	2012		262,202
	2013		262,202
	2014		262,202
	Thereafter		720,147
Total			2,031,159
Less: Interest			(317,785)
Obligations under capital leases		\$	1,713,374

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

A. General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize governmental activity general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation outstanding at September 30, 2009 are as follows:

Governmen	tal	A of	ivitios
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	General (Obligation	Certificates	of Obligation
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2010	\$ 3,435,000	\$ 8,377,314	\$ 2,270,000	\$ 3,773,961
2011	3,700,000	8,214,168	2,685,000	3,483,654
2012	4,770,000	8,021,018	2,485,000	3,374,676
2013	5,080,000	7,804,453	2,630,000	3,269,142
2014	5,470,000	7,586,911	2,785,000	3,157,874
2015	5,735,000	7,328,144	2,900,000	3,039,851
2016	5,995,000	7,035,863	3,060,000	2,914,885
2017	5,180,000	6,771,946	3,500,000	2,779,294
2018	5,010,000	6,534,720	4,080,000	2,618,833
2019	6,840,000	6,255,815	4,470,000	2,434,132
2020	8,420,000	5,901,154	3,415,000	2,259,134
2021	8,795,000	5,506,712	3,595,000	2,100,332
2022	9,195,000	5,093,779	3,775,000	1,932,458
2023	9,610,000	4,660,445	3,970,000	1,755,295
2024	11,665,000	4,161,350	2,570,000	1,602,263
2025	10,615,000	3,633,092	4,310,000	1,438,144
2026	11,035,000	3,119,570	4,615,000	1,225,873
2027	11,575,000	2,585,789	4,820,000	1,014,868
2028	12,090,000	2,021,377	5,080,000	806,901
2029	14,570,000	1,378,971	3,415,000	631,244
2030	7,285,000	859,597	3,290,000	493,950
2031	7,325,000	515,121	3,685,000	338,925
2032	7,370,000	172,047	4,065,000	159,025
2033			505,000	51,750
2034			530,000	26,500
	\$ 180,765,000	\$ 113,539,357	\$ 82,505,000	\$ 46,682,960

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

B. Enterprise Fund Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the City's total business-type long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2009.

	Se	Balance eptember 30, 2008	Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		(Reductions)		(Reductions)		Balance September 30, 2009		Amounts Due Within One Year	
Business-type Activities																										
Bonds payable:																										
Certificates of obligation	\$	13,140,000	\$		\$	(980,000)	\$	12,160,000	\$	1,015,000																
Water and sewer revenue bonds		92,900,000		13,130,000		(1,595,000)		104,435,000		2,575,000																
Premium on bond issuance		284,274		(78,969)		(19,194)		186,111																		
Obligations under capital leases				234,837				234,837		34,681																
	-	106,324,274		13,285,868		(2,594,194)		117,015,948		3,624,681																
Other liabilities:																										
Other post employement benefits		55,388		36,543				91,931																		
Compensated absences		493,586		290,356		(264,310)		519,632		71,514																
Total Business-type Activities	\$	106,873,248	\$	13,612,767	\$	(2,858,504)	\$	117,627,511	\$	3,696,195																

A summary of the terms of certificates of obligation and revenue bonds recorded in the Enterprise Funds as of September 30, 2009, is as follows:

Series		riginal Issue	Matures	Interest Rate (%)	Deb	t Outstanding
Water and Wastewater Fund						
Water and Sewer System Adjustable Rate Revenue Bonds, Series 1999	\$	8,000,000	2020	4.41-4.60	\$	6,365,000
Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2001		10,000,000	2023	4.37-6.25		8,900,000
Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003		9,500,000	2025	4.00-6.00		8,060,000
Water and Sewer System Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2006		13,845,000	2031	3.74-4.82		13,295,000
Water and Sewer System Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2007		40,135,000	2031	3.50-5.50		39,885,000
Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2008		14,950,000	2034	4.125-5.00		14,800,000
Certificates of Obligation, Series 1998		17,100,000	2018	3.10-3.80		12,160,000
Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2009		13,130,000	2034	3.00-5.50		13,130,000
Total Utility System Fund					\$	116,595,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

B. Enterprise Fund Debt (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize governmental activity revenue bonds and certificates of obligation outstanding at September 30, 2009 are as follows:

Business-Type Activities

		of Oblid	f Obligation					
Fiscal Year		Revenu Principal	e Done	Interest		Principal		Interest
2010	\$	2,575,000	\$	4,848,266	\$	1,015,000	\$	428,271
2011	_	2,725,000	_	4,730,779	7	1,050,000	*	393,158
2012		2,850,000		4,601,004		1,090,000		355,698
2013		2,985,000		4,465,667		1,125,000		316,100
2014		3,125,000		4,327,231		1,170,000		274,498
2015		3,260,000		4,184,791		1,210,000		230,760
2016		3,420,000		4,035,383		1,250,000		184,938
2017		3,570,000		3,877,615		2,090,000		121,790
2018		3,730,000		3,713,077		2,160,000		41,040
2019		3,905,000		3,539,481				
2020		4,080,000		3,357,553				
2021		4,265,000		3,169,434				
2022		4,470,000		2,965,109				
2023		4,685,000		2,751,334				
2024		4,905,000		2,530,995				
2025		5,135,000		2,301,450				
2026		5,380,000		2,056,325				
2027		5,645,000		1,789,488				
2028		5,930,000		1,506,488				
2029		6,210,000		1,225,613				
2030		6,470,000		965,181				
2031		6,740,000		693,363				
2032		2,655,000		410,575				
2033		2,795,000		274,000				
2034		2,925,000		140,075				
	\$	104,435,000	\$	68,460,277	\$	12,160,000	\$	2,346,251

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

C. Component Unit Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the Pearland Economic Development Corporation and the Development Authority of Pearland for the year ended September 30, 2009:

	Balance September 30, 2008		Additions		(Reductions)		Balance September 30, 2009		Amounts Due Within One Year	
Pearland Economic Development Corporation										
Sales tax revenue bonds	\$	19,555,000	\$		\$	(545,000)	\$	19,010,000	\$	565,000
Deferred amount for issuance premium		124,449				(11,437)		113,012		
Compensated absences		58,524		31,374		(19,906)		69,992		
Development Authority of										
Pearland										
Tax Increment Revenue Bonds		45,495,000		8,815,000		(1,490,000)		52,820,000		1,760,000
Deferred amount for issuance discount		(334,355)		(68,336)		26,965		(375,726)		
	\$	64,898,618	\$	8,778,038	\$	(2,039,378)	\$	71,637,278	\$	2,325,000

A summary of the terms of the revenue bonds recorded as long-term liabilities in the Pearland Economic Development Corporation and Development Authority of Pearland as of September 30, 2009 are as follows:

Series		riginal Issue	Matures	Interest Rate (%)	Debt Outstanding	
Pearland Economic Development Corporation						
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005	\$	10,590,000	2026	2.30-4.42	\$	9,160,000
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2006		10,235,000	2030	3.66-4.75		9,850,000
Development Authority of Pearland						
Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2004		13,995,000	2028	2.50-5.50		11,605,000
Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2005		9,775,000	2028	3.50-4.75		7,795,000
Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2006		9,970,000	2028	4.00-4.40		9,280,000
Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2007		15,950,000	2029	3.70-4.75		15,325,000
Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2009		8,815,000	2029	3.00-5.875		8,815,000
Total Component Unit Long-Term Debt					\$	71,830,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

C. Component Unit Long-Term Debt (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize component unit revenue bonds outstanding at September 30, 2009 are as follows:

	Revenue Bonds								
	Pearland Econom Corpor			-		Development Authority of Pearland			
Fiscal Year]	Principal	Interest			Principal		Interest	
2010	\$	565,000	\$	951 660	\$	1 760 000	\$	2.420.260	
	Ф	565,000	Ф	851,669	Ф	1,760,000	Ф	2,439,260	
2011		585,000		831,506		1,830,000		2,371,673	
2012		610,000		809,256		1,900,000		2,300,358	
2013		635,000		784,906		1,975,000		2,224,827	
2014		660,000		757,406		2,055,000		2,144,711	
2015		690,000		728,856		2,140,000		2,059,779	
2016		720,000		698,956		2,230,000		1,968,415	
2017		760,000		664,756		2,330,000		1,871,539	
2018		795,000		628,669		2,430,000		1,769,317	
2019		835,000		590,575		2,540,000		1,659,862	
2020		875,000		556,125		2,540,000		1,544,511	
2021		910,000		519,625		2,655,000		1,427,346	
2022		950,000		481,075		2,780,000		1,303,429	
2023		995,000		439,200		2,915,000		1,171,434	
2024		1,040,000		395,138		3,055,000		1,032,070	
2025		1,090,000		348,538		3,200,000		882,421	
2026		1,140,000		299,325		3,360,000		724,969	
2027		1,190,000		247,838		3,530,000		556,764	
2028		1,255,000		188,338		3,705,000		379,364	
2029		1,320,000		128,725		3,890,000		192,313	
2030		1,390,000		66,025					
	\$	19,010,000	\$	11,016,506	\$	52,820,000	\$	30,024,355	

D. Legal Compliance

Long-term debt assumed by the City upon dissolution of annexed municipal utility district in fiscal years 2006 and 2007 has been recorded as part of the City's long-term debt. A portion of the assumed debt is related to assets recorded in the Water and Sewer Fund. Even though the debt is related to assets recorded in the Water and Sewer Fund, the debt is considered general obligation debt based on Texas law.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 6 - Interfund Transactions

A summary of interfund transfers, the purpose of which is to cover operational expenses/expenditures, for the year ended September 30, 2009, is as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amounts	Purpose
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	\$ 851,880	Transfer of funds for capital projects costs
General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Fund	46,307	Transfer of funds for administrative costs
General Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	895,278	Transfer of funds for capital projects costs
Debt Service Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	277,127	Transfer of funds for debt service payments
Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Fund	754,513	Transfer of funds for administrative costs
Non-Major Governmental Fund	General Fund	421,000	Transfer of funds for capital project costs
Water and Sewer Fund	General Fund	169,740	Transfer of funds for administrative costs
Water and Sewer Fund	Non-Major Governmental Fund	41,950	Transfer of funds for administrative costs
Solid Waste Fund	General Fund	339,298	Transfer of funds for operating costs
		\$ 3,797,093	

A summary of interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2009 follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount		Purpose
	Non Major			
General Fund	Governmental Fund	\$	94,402	Short-term loan to fund operations
Water & Sewer Fund	Solid Waste Fund		77,723	Short-term loan to fund operations
		\$	172,125	

Note 7 - Fund Equity / Net Asses

The City records fund balance reserves on the fund level to indicate that a portion of the fund balance is legally restricted for a specific future use or to indicate that a portion of the fund balance is not available for expenditures

The Pearland Economic Development Corporation and the Development Authority of Pearland, discretely presented component units of the City, had negative net asset balances at year end of approximately \$11.0 and \$44.6 million respectively. These deficit balances are caused by these entities issuing bonds for economic development related construction projects and, in accordance with state law, transferring the capital assets to the primary government while retaining the related debt. As noted in Note 5, the debt is expected to be retired with future dedicated sales tax revenues. The Emergency Management Special Revenue Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$3,900 which is expected to be replenished through future funding.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 8 - Deferred Compensation Plan

The City maintains, for its employees, a tax-deferred compensation plan meeting the requirements of Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan was established in the 1995 fiscal year by City Ordinance, and Nationwide Retirement Solutions and SRC Retirement Corporation were appointed as plan administrators. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseen emergency. The plan's trust arrangements are established to protect deferred compensation amounts of employees under the plan from any other use other than intended under the plan (eventual payment to employees deferring the compensation) in accordance with federal tax laws. Amounts of compensation deferred by employees under plan provisions are disbursed bi-weekly by the City to a third party administrator. The third party administrator handles all funds in the plan and makes investment decisions and disburses funds to employees in accordance with plan provisions.

Note 9 - Employee Retirement System

Plan Description and Provisions

The City provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a non-traditional, joint contributory, defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System ("TMRS"), one of 827 currently administered by TMRS, an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system.

Benefits depend upon the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits, with interest. At the date the plan began, the City granted monetary credits for service rendered before the plan began of a theoretical amount equal to two times what would have been contributed by the employee, with interest, prior to establishment of the plan. Monetary credits for service since the plan began are a percent (100%, 150%, or 200%) of the employee's accumulated contributions. In addition, the City can grant, as often as annually, another type of monetary credit referred to as an updated service credit which is a theoretical amount which, when added to the employee's accumulated contributions and the monetary credits for service since the plan began, would be the total monetary credits and employee contributions accumulated, with interest, if the current employee contribution rate and City matching percent had always been in existence and if the employee's salary had always been the average of his salary in the last three years that are one year before the effective date. At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions, with interest, and the employer-financed monetary credits, with interest, were used to purchase an annuity.

The plan provisions are adopted by the City Council of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS and within the actuarial constraints also in the statutes. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	Plan Year 2008	Plan Year 2009
Employee deposit rate	7.0%	7.0%
Matching ratio (City to employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	5	5
Service retirement eligibility		
(expressed as age/years of service)	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
Updated Service Credit	100% Repeating, Transfers	100% Repeating, Transfers
Annuity Increase (to retirees)	70% of CPI Repeating	70% of CPI Repeating

Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 5 or more years of service or with 20 years of service regardless of age.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 9 - Employee Retirement System (continued)

Contributions

Under the state law governing TMRS, the Actuary annually determines the City's contribution rate. This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service contribution rate, both of which are calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate finances the currently accruing monetary credits due to City matching percent, which are the obligation of the City as of an employee's retirement date, not at the time the employee's contributions are made. The normal cost contribution rate is the actuarially determined percent of payroll necessary to satisfy the obligation of the City to each employee at the time his retirement becomes effective. The prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (over funded) actuarial liability (asset) over the remainder of the plan's 25-year amortization period. The projected unit credit actuarial cost method is used for determining the City contribution rate using a 29 year close period. Both the employees and the City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance to budget for it, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that is the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect.

The City's total payroll in fiscal year 2009 was \$25.8 million and the City's contributions were based on a payroll of \$24.9 million. Contributions made by employees totaled \$1.7 million, and the City made contributions of \$2.6 million during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009.

Three year trend information is presented below:

	2009	2008	2007		
Annual Pension Cost (APC)	\$ 2,331,353	\$ 1,907,416	\$	1,730,700	
Percentage of APC Contributed	100%	100%		100%	

Because the actuary determines contribution rates on an annual basis and the City pays the calculated rate each month, the City will always have a net pension obligation (NPO) of zero at the beginning and end of the period, and the annually required contributions (ARC) will always equal contributions made.

All assumptions for the December 31, 2008 valuations are contained in the 2008 TMRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, a copy of which may be obtained by writing to P.O. Box 149153, Austin, Texas 78714-9153. The following is a summary of the actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll
Remaining Amortization Period	29 Years - Closed Period
Asset Valuation Method	Amortized cost
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Projected Salary Increases	None
Includes Inflation At	3.50%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	None

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 9 - Employee Retirement System (continued)

In order to provide a reasonable retirement benefit at a reasonable cost to employers and to provide better long range rate forecasts, TMRS has changed its actual funding method from Unit Credit to Projected Unit Credit and from a 25 year "open" period to a 25-30 year "closed" period in 2008.

For cities that have adopted annually repeating annuity increases (COLA's) this change in method results in increased contribution rates, which will provide advanced funding and positive improvement in the pension funding rates. The TMRS Board adopted an eight-year phase-in period for new rates to enable cities to slowly increase contributions. These were reflected in 2009.

A schedule of funding status and progress for TMRS for the most recent valuation date follows:

				Unfunded		
				Actuarial		(UAAL) as a
Actuarial		Actuarial		Accrued	Annual	Percentage of
Valuation Date	Actuarial	Accrued	Percentage	Liability	Covered	Covered
December 31,	Value of Assets	Liabilities	Funded	(UAAL)	Payroll	Payroll
2008	\$ 35,087,719	\$ 52,248,976	67%	\$17,161,257	\$ 25,135,418	68%

A schedule of funding progress for TMRS for the three most recent actuarial valuations may be found in the required supplementary information section of the City's Annual Financial Report.

Note 10 - Other Post Employment Benefits

In addition to pension benefits, the City provides access to medical and dental coverage through its selected insurance carrier, to retirees and/or retiree dependents. To qualify for retiree's medical or dental insurance, the retiree must have a minimum of ten years of continuous service with the City and be at least sixty years of age, or with 20 years of continuous service at any age. The City provides the coverage on a pay-as-you-go basis similar to current employees, but the City does not pay any portion of the retiree premium.

The costs of providing these benefits and number of retired employees are as follows:

		\mathbf{E}_{1}	mp/Dep	Number	
Total	City's	C	overage	of Retired	l
 Cost	Cost	_	Cost	Employees	S
\$ 54,352	\$	\$	54,352		7

Retirees who are entitled to receive retirement benefits under the City's retirement plan may purchase continued health benefits coverage for the retiree and the retiree's dependents, but shall pay 100% of the premium for coverage. The retiree, however, is able to receive a lower rate by participating in the City's plan as opposed to individually purchasing health insurance. The City's coverage is secondary to Medicare when the person becomes eligible for these benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 10 - Other Post Employment Benefits (continued)

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board published a guideline regarding accounting and financial reporting by employers for post employment benefits other than pensions. This document gives guidance regarding the methods and timing for reporting. The effect of the Guideline is to cause the cost of retiree benefits to be accrued for during the working lifetime of the employees. This requires pre-funding or accruing of a liability. The City has elected to accrue the liability, and the unfunded liability will be funded over a period of 30 years.

The results of the City's most recent actuarial valuation are as follows:

				Unfunded			
				Actuarial			(UAAL) as a
Actuarial		Actuarial		Accrued			Percentage of
Valuation Date		Accrued	Liability			Annual	Covered
October 1,	1	Liabilities	(UAAL)		Covered Payroll		Payroll
2008	\$	6.063.524	\$	6.063,524	\$	25,135,418	24%

Net OPEB obligations at year end for the last two fiscal years are as follows:

	2008	 2009
Normal cost	\$ 229,630	\$ 229,630
Amortization of UAAL	 116,541	 116,541
Annual required contribution (ARC)	346,171	346,171
Interest on prior year net OPEB obligation		 13,847
Estimated increase in Net OPEB obligation	346,171	360,018
Net OPEB Obligation - beginning of year		 346,171
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 346,171	\$ 706,189

The annual cost recorded to the general ledger for fiscal year 2009 is \$229,630, which includes the estimated normal cost of \$229,630 to provide for the benefits earned by active employees. The total liability, which is not recorded to the general ledger, is \$6,063,524, and represents the actuarial present value of benefits.

Note 11 - Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation and Other Contingencies

The City was involved in various lawsuits and arbitration proceedings at September 30, 2009. The City and its legal counsel believe that any amounts, which the City might ultimately be required to pay, will not exceed underlying insurance coverage.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 11 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Reimbursement due to Developers

Shadow Creek Town Center

In 2004, the City, along with the Reinvestment Zone Number Two (the Zone), and the Development Authority of Pearland (the Authority), component units of the City, entered into an agreement with a developer to reimburse the developer all or a portion of the project costs to implement the Shadow Creek Ranch Development TIRZ (TIRZ Plan). As projects implementing the TIRZ Plan are completed, the Zone Board may recommend to the City that the Authority reimburse developers on behalf of the Zone and the City. The Zone Board will forward to the City and the Authority all of the necessary and required documentation supporting the requested reimbursement and a determination of the exact amount requested for reimbursement, including a calculation of the amount of interest to be reimbursed on funds advanced for the projects. In addition all monies available in the Tax Increment Fund shall be transferred to the escrow agent no less than once per year and no later than the fifteenth day of each August, subject to the retention by the City of: (1) an amount equal to the City's administrative costs connected with the Zone and the TIRZ Plan, as provided in the TIRZ plan (36% of the City's Tax Increment, but not more than \$0.255, in years four through eight, and 64% of the City's Tax Increment, but not more than \$0.44, in years nine through 30) shall be retained by the City; (2) amounts required to be maintained in the Alvin ISD Suspense Account; (3) an amount sufficient to pay reasonable current and anticipated administrative and operating costs of the Zone, as determined by the Zone Board.

On November 13, 2006, the City of Pearland, Pearland Economic Development Corporation (PEDC) and Shadow Creek Retail, LP entered into an agreement whereby the developer would build and construct a mixed use commercial development located at the northwest corner of State Highway 288 and Broadway, also known as FM 518.

The Developer will provide for the construction of segments of Broadway Street, Business Center Drive, Memorial Hermann Drive, as well as landscaping, underground utilities, pipeline relocation and other associated costs. The source of funds for reimbursement of the public infrastructure is both the TIRZ #2 and City and PEDC sales tax revenue generated from the project. The total funded from TIRZ #2 is \$11,749,618 and out of TIRZ improvements to be funded from sales tax is \$2,001,931. Once completion and tenant occupancy of at least 318,000 square feet is achieved for a period of three consecutive months, then the City and PEDC, shall remit, monthly, thirty-three percent of sales tax received by the City and PEDC to the Developer until paid in full plus interest at eight percent per annum for the first two years following completion of the widening of Broadway and interest at five percent per annum for the subsequent two years. The Developer met the targets set forth in the agreement in fiscal year 2008. As of

September 30, 2009, the City remitted sales tax to the developer pursuant to the agreement in the amount of \$421,517, of which \$289,331 was attributable to fiscal year 2009.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 11 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Reimbursement due to Developers (continued)

Pearland Town Center

On January 31, 2007, the City and the Pearland Town Center Limited Partnership and CBL & Associates Management, Inc. entered into an agreement whereby the developer would build and construct a 700,000 square feet retail and commercial development, including public infrastructure to serve the project and then convey the public infrastructure to the City. In consideration of the development which will bring additional sales tax revenue to the City and additional jobs, the City will reimburse the Developer solely for the costs associated with the public infrastructure from city sales tax revenues. The cost of the infrastructure subject to reimbursement is \$2,710,362. The City will make monthly reimbursement payments to the Developer from 50% of the sales tax generated within the project. Reimbursement is to begin one hundred days after the City receives notice from the Developer, and the City subsequently verifies that 75% of the square footage or 525,000 square feet have been open for business for at least thirty consecutive days. The City shall pay the Developer the entire Reimbursement Amount, including interest within three years of the completion date. Construction of the project began in fiscal year 2007 and Pearland Town Center opened on July 31, 2008. The City received notice in November 2008 that at least 525,000 square feet had been open for thirty days. As of September 30, 2009, reimbursements totaled \$333,097 and began in February 2009.

Shadow Creek Ranch Office Building - ZT Group

The Pearland Economic Development Corporation approved an incentive agreement with ZT Group for construction of an 80,000 square foot spec class "A" office building in Shadow Creek Ranch. The incentive is broken into two parts:

Part A - If 50% or more of the building is leased prior to the end of construction of the shell building, then PEDC will pay up to \$1,500 for each new job created provided that the average for jobs with each lease is \$40,000 annually and that all jobs are in the facility in Pearland. The benefit is capped at \$600,000.

Part B - If the building is not 50% pre-leased, PEDC will pay a gross lease on the facility at the rate of \$100,000 per month for a maximum of 12 months or 30 days after the facility is 50% or more leased.

As of 9/30/2009, the building was not 50% pre-leased and the Pearland Economic Development Corporation will begin paying \$100,000 a month in October 2009.

Cardiovascular Systems Inc. (CSI)

The Pearland Economic Development Corporation approved an incentive agreement with Cardiovascular Systems Inc. for a potential total incentive of \$13.85 million. CSI is a medical device company developing and commercializing innovative interventional treatment systems for vascular disease. The incentive includes a 10-year lease agreement for a new 46,000 square foot manufacturing facility in Pearland. The company received \$3.5 million upon the signing of the lease and could receive up to an additional \$2.75 million over five years as milestones are met. CSI could hire approximately 250 employees over the course of five years to work at the Pearland facility expanding the area's already thriving medical technology sector. CSI expects to begin operations in the facility during the first half of calendar 2010.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 12 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City's risk management program mainly encompasses obtaining property and liability insurance through Texas Municipal League's Intergovernmental Risk-Pool (TML-IRP), and through commercial insurance carriers. The participation of the City in TML-IRP is limited to payment of premiums. The City has not had any significant reduction in insurance coverage, and the amounts of insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for any of the last three years.

The City also provides Workers' Compensation insurance on its employees through TML-Workers' Compensation Fund. Workers' Compensation premiums are subject to change when audited by TML Workers' Compensation Fund. At fiscal year-end September 30, 2009, the City believed the amounts paid on Workers' Compensation would not change significantly from the amounts recorded.

Note 13 - Subsequent Events

Development Authority of Pearland

On November 23, 2009, the Development Authority of Pearland authorized a \$4.5 million cash reimbursement to the developer in association with the Master Development agreement and financing plan. To-date, the DAP has issued debt based on supported values on the ground as well as made cash reimbursements to the Developer totaling \$60,944,700 million, of which \$10.4 million is in cash reimbursements. Cash contributions assist in paying off the obligations earlier as well as reduce interest and carrying cost of the bonds. There is approximately \$62.1 million of improvements by the Developer approved for reimbursement by the TIRZ board, but not yet reimbursed. Additionally, the Developer has completed additional improvements estimated at \$11.1 million which have not yet been approved for reimbursement. The amended plan, estimated that throughout the life of the TIRZ, infrastructure projects to be financed totaled \$169.1 million.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 13 - Subsequent Events (continued)

Capital Lease Proceeds

On October 27, 2008, City Council approved adoption of a resolution declaring the City's intention to reimburse certain FY09 capital expenditures from future capital lease proceeds, with aggregate purchase prices in an amount not to exceed \$2,300,000. Below is a table of the subject FY09 expenditures, with the actual purchase amounts reflected for financing, totaling \$2,205,000.

Equipment Description	Date Purchased	Amount for Financing
Sungard OSSI integrated public safety software system (less maintenance/support cost)	11/26/08	\$1,064,906.00
Crimson Fire custom pumper truck on Spartan chassis	8/27/08	\$561,962.00
Sewer Inspection Truck (2009 Sterling Bullet CONV55 cab/chassis; and Cues, Inc. camera inspection system)	4/29/09	\$155,000.00
Rapid response, light foam Fire Department apparatus (F550 4x4 cab/chassis, equipped with 250GPM pump for foam and water tanks)	6/16/09	\$168,712.00
2009 International 7400 tandem dump truck	4/24/09	\$78,850.00
8,000 gallon aboveground storage tank	8/10/09	\$78,005.00
Precast concrete restroom – Centennial Park	Not yet ordered	\$60,000.00 (estimated)
Motorola AFIS/palmprint identification system	12/19/08	\$37,565.00
TOTAL AMOUNT OF LEASE PURCHASE		\$2,205,000.00

A request for proposal (RFP) for a seven (7) year fixed-rate lease purchase agreement yielded proposals from seven (7) respondents on September 17, 2009. The best proposal was received from Bank of America with an interest rate of 3.58%. The annual payment is \$358,912.66, for a grand total of \$2,512,388.68 over the term of the lease. The bank will obtain a security interest in the subject fixtures and equipment, an interest which will be released upon final payment, resulting in the City holding full ownership rights to the equipment. The lease purchase agreement was approved by City Council on October 12, 2009.

Pearland Economic Development Corporation

The Pearland Economic Development Corporation plans to issue approximately \$ 9.6 million in sales tax revenues bonds in the 2010 fiscal year to reimburse itself \$7.6 million for the construction of a 46,000 square foot manufacturing facility built for CSI. This facility will support the production of CSI's Diamondback 360 PAD system, a minimally invasive catheter for treating peripheral arterial disease and other products. CSI has signed a 10-year lease on the facility.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 13 - Subsequent Events (continued)

Certificates of Obligation

On September 28, 2009 City Council approved the sale of certificates in the amount of \$12.1 million for the University of Houston – Pearland campus anticipated to open fall 2010. The facility is 30,000 square feet with the University leasing 20,000 square feet and the Pearland Economic Development Corporation leasing the remaining. The University will offer Junior, Senior, and Masters courses at this location. The bonds were dated October 1, 2009 with proceeds received on October 29, 2009.

General Obligation Bonds.

On September 28, 2009 City Council approved the sale of General Obligation and Refunding Bonds totaling \$28.4 million. The sales included \$16.8 million for street, drainage and recreation projects as approved by the voters in May 2007. Refunding bonds totaled \$12.2 million and resulted in savings of approximately \$556,572 or four percent. Bond proceeds were received on October 29, 2009.

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Required Supplementary Information

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GENERAL FUND

 $SCHEDULE\ OF\ REVENUES, EXPENDITURES\ AND\ CHANGES\ IN$

FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the year ended September 30, 2009

				Variance with Final Budget -
	Budgeted			Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 10,534,725	\$ 10,521,766	\$ 10,688,512	\$ 166,746
Sales and use taxes	14,049,365	14,005,577	13,760,714	(244,863)
Franchise fees	4,677,832	4,983,531	5,074,602	91,071
Licenses and permits	3,053,000	2,251,536	2,079,099	(172,437)
Fees and forfeitures	2,071,410	2,124,619	2,213,101	88,482
Charges for services	8,528,565	8,562,129	8,884,529	322,400
Investment earnings	308,000	185,000	143,190	(41,810)
Intergovernmental	147,887	4,873,585	4,909,362	35,777
Other	287,096	291,824	344,473	52,649
Total Revenues	43,657,880	47,799,567	48,097,582	298,015
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	10,303,362	8,630,387	8,020,370	610,017
Public safety	22,785,517	23,566,761	22,025,695	1,541,066
Public works	6,537,910	12,646,904	11,913,119	733,785
Community services	3,624,724	4,019,935	3,204,702	815,233
Parks and recreation	5,788,696	5,982,728	5,753,141	229,587
Total Expenditures	49,040,209	54,846,715	50,917,027	3,929,688
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(5,382,329)	(7,047,148)	(2,819,445)	4,227,703
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from capital leases	2,049,810	2,698,707	648,896	(2,049,811)
Transfers in	1,793,465	1,793,465	1,793,465	
Transfers out	(382,991)	(590,740)	(930,038)	(339,298)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,460,284	3,901,432	1,512,323	(2,389,109)
Net change in fund balances	(1,922,045)	(3,145,716)	(1,307,122)	1,838,594
Fund balances, beginning of year	13,526,151	13,526,151	13,526,151	
Fund balances at year end	\$ 11,604,106	\$ 10,380,435	\$ 12,219,029	\$ 1,838,594

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY BUDGET INFORMATION

Budgetary Compliance

The City of Pearland has complied with all material budget requirements for the year ended September 30, 2009.

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds, using the same basis of accounting as for financial reporting. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Project length budgets are adopted for the Capital Project Funds. The City, for management control, approves a financial plan for the Enterprise Fund. City Council approves the annual budget for the Pearland Economic Development Corporation, which is included in the City's financial reporting entity.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level (i.e. General Fund, Debt Service Fund, etc.). Expenditure requests, which would require an increase in total budgeted appropriations, must be approved by City Council through a formal budget amendment. At any time in the fiscal year, the Council may make emergency appropriations to meet a pressing need for public expenditure in order to protect the public health, safety, or welfare. The Council has the power to transfer any unencumbered funds allocated by the budget from one activity, function, or department, to another activity, function, or department, to re-estimate revenues and expenditures, and to amend the budget.

Because City Council adopts the budget at the fund level, management has the authority to transfer available funds allocated by the budget from one function/department or activity to another function or activity within the same department. In cooperation with the directors and department heads of the City, the Budget Officer, the Director of Finance and the City Manager prepare an annual budget for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Debt Service Fund for the ensuing fiscal year, in a form and style as deemed desirable by the City Manager. The City Manager shall submit to the Council, for its review, consideration, and revision, both a letter describing the proposed new budget, as well as a balanced budget for the forthcoming fiscal year, between 60 (sixty) and 90 (ninety) days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. The budget, as adopted, must set forth the appropriations for services, functions, and activities of the various City departments and agencies, and shall meet all fund requirements provided by law and required by bond covenants. Capital projects are budgeted on a project-length basis.

Amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements represent the amended budgeted amount plus all supplemental appropriations.

REQUIRED PENSION SYSTEM SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION September 30, 2009

TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (UNAUDITED) Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date December 31,	Va	Actuarial	Actuarial Accrued Liabilities	Percentage Funded	e	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Annual Covered Payroll	(UAAL) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2008	\$	35,087,719	\$ 52.248.976	67%	_	\$17,161,257	\$ 25,135,418	68%
2007	·	31,242,862	44,076,397	71%		12,833,535	19,967,051	64%
2006		28,049,186	33,668,925	83%		5,619,739	16,985,950	33%
2005		24,661,930	29,638,024	83%		4,976,094	15,233,614	33%
2004		21,971,144	26,517,882	83%		4,546,738	13,703,115	33%
2003		18,772,272	23,190,084	81%		4,417,812	12,731,012	35%

The Percentage of Covered Payroll increased for December 31, 2007 because of a change in actuarial funding method. Since its inception, TMRS has used the Unit Credit actuarial funding method. This method accounts for liability accrued as of the valuation date, but does not project the potential future liability of provisions adopted by a city. For the December 31, 2007 valuation, the TMRS Board determined that the Projected Unit Credit (PUC) funding method should be used, which facilitates advance funding for future updated service credits and annuity increases that are adopted on an annually repeating basis.

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Other Supplementary Information

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Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules (This page intentionally left blank.)

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

To account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that, are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund - A fund created to account for hotel/motel occupancy tax revenue.

Court Security Fund - A fund created to account for the receipt and expenditure of revenues from court fines for court security.

City Wide Donation Fund - A fund created to account for miscellaneous donations for all city departments except parks.

Court Technology Fund - This fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of revenues from court fines for court technology.

Regional Detention Fund - A fund created to account for regional detention development.

Park Donation Fund - A fund used to account for park donations for park special events and development of parks. This fund also includes funds from tree trust donations.

Police Seizure Fund - A fund created to account for state and federal seizure funds which are used solely for law enforcement purposes.

Park and Recreation Development Fund - A fund created to account for the receipt and expenditure of payment in lieu of parkland for the development of parks.

Sidewalk Fund - A fund created to account for resources designated for sidewalks.

Grant Fund - A fund created to account for revenues and expenditures associated with federal, state, and local grants.

Traffic Impact Improvement Fund - A fund created to account for resources for street assessments.

Juvenile Management Fund – A fund created to account for receipt and expenditure of revenues from court fines for juvenile case manager.

Emergency Management Fund - A fund created to account for funds distributed by the National Flood Insurance Program, to be used by the City to buy out program participating homeowners in flood prone areas.

Management District 1 Fund - A fund created to account for sales tax collections from the Poag & McEwen Lifestyle Center development to finance and assist the development of public infrastructure.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2009

	Н	otel/Motel Tax	Cou	rt Security		ty-Wide mations	Те	Court echnology		egional tention	Do	Park onations	Poli	ce Seizure
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance	\$	1,243,641	\$	135,296	\$	51,756	\$	279,964	\$	771	\$	48,857	\$	150,272
for uncollectibles) Prepaid items		119,462 17,238		2,433		500		2,398		3,255				167,890 3,805
Total Assets	\$	1,380,341	\$	137,729	\$	52,256	\$	282,362	\$	4,026	\$	48,857	\$	321,967
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	19,516	\$	102	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	55,898
Due to other funds Deferred revenue	Ф	19,510	Þ	2,433	Ф		Ф	2,397	Þ		Ф		Þ	33,696
Total Liabilities		19,516		2,535				2,397						55,898
Fund Balance: Unreserved, reported in														
Prepaid expenses Special revenue funds		17,238 1,343,587		135,194		52,256		279,965		4,026		48,857		3,805 262,264
Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities and Fund	_	1,360,825		135,194		52,256		279,965		4,026		48,857		266,069
Balances	\$	1,380,341	\$	137,729	\$	52,256	\$	282,362	\$	4,026	\$	48,857	\$	321,967

Parks and Recreation Development	Sidewalk	Grant Fund	Traffic Impact Improvements	Juvenile Management Fund	Emergency Management	Management District 1	Totals	
\$ 1,044,519	\$ 202,353	\$	\$ 540,885	\$ 504	\$	\$ 398,818	\$ 4,097,636	
		133,510		16			429,464 21,043	
\$ 1,044,519	\$ 202,353	\$ 133,510	\$ 540,885	\$ 520	\$	\$ 398,818	\$ 4,548,143	
\$	\$	\$ 6,219 90,502 96,721	\$	\$ 16 16	\$ 3,900 3,900	\$	\$ 81,735 94,402 4,846 180,983	
1,044,519 1,044,519	202,353 202,353	36,789 36,789	540,885 540,885	504 504	(3,900)	398,818 398,818	21,043 4,346,117 4,367,160	
\$ 1,044,519	\$ 202,353	\$ 133,510	\$ 540,885	\$ 520	\$	\$ 398,818	\$ 4,548,143	

 $COMBINING\ STATEMENT\ OF\ REVENUES,\ EXPENDITURES,\ AND\ CHANGES\ IN\ FUND\ BALANCES\\ NONMAJOR\ GOVERNMENTAL\ FUNDS$

For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

	Н	otel/Motel Tax	Cou	rt Security	ty-Wide onations	Court chnology	Regional etention	D	Park onations	Poli	ce Seizure
Revenues						 					
Sales and use taxes	\$	456,872	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	
Fines and forfeitures				50,312		61,844					
Investment earnings		11,765		1,305	558	2,751	813		1,561		1,341
Intergovernmental											
Other					31,955		3,255		68,320		250,852
Total Revenues		468,637		51,617	32,513	64,595	4,068		69,881		252,193
Expenditures											
Current:											
General government		354,590									
Public safety					21,255						113,824
Public works											
Community services				2,405	9,750	84,161					
Parks and recreation									35,790		
Capital outlay											22,824
Total Expenditures		354,590		2,405	 31,005	84,161	 		35,790		136,648
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over expenditures		114,047		49,212	 1,508	(19,566)	 4,068		34,091		115,545
Other Financing Sources											
(Uses)											
Transfers out				(46,307)			 (116,557)		(181,825)		
Total Other Financing Sources											
(Uses)				(46,307)	 	 	 (116,557)		(181,825)		
Net change in fund balances		114,047		2,905	1,508	(19,566)	(112,489)		(147,734)		115,545
Fund balances - beginning		1,246,778		132,289	 50,748	 299,531	 116,515		196,591		150,524
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,360,825	\$	135,194	\$ 52,256	\$ 279,965	\$ 4,026	\$	48,857	\$	266,069

Parks and Recreation Development	Sidewalk	Grant Fund	Traffic Impact Improvements	Juvenile Management Emergency Fund Managemen		Management District 1	Totals
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 456,872
				504			112,660
9,493	1,776	260	6,726		***	479	38,828
<5 500	22.160	664,921			279,466	96,530	1,040,917
67,500	22,168	353	6.706	504	270.466	07.000	444,403
76,993	23,944	665,534	6,726	504	279,466	97,009	2,093,680
		36,915					391,505
		148,231			1,450		284,760
		115,135	22,680				137,815
		84,872					181,188
							35,790
18,839		23,640			775,503		840,806
18,839		408,793	22,680		776,953		1,871,864
58,154	23,944	256,741	(15,954)	504	(497,487)	97,009	221,816
		(305,897)	(192,184)				(842,770)
		(305,897)	(192,184)				(842,770)
58,154	23,944	(49,156)	(208,138)	504	(497,487)	97,009	(620,954)
986,365	178,409	85,945	749,023		493,587	301,809	4,988,114
\$ 1,044,519	\$ 202,353	\$ 36,789	\$ 540,885	\$ 504	\$ (3,900)	\$ 398,818	\$ 4,367,160

DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive / (Negative)	2008
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 20,271,679	\$ 20,660,512	\$ 388,833	\$ 17,940,551
Investment earnings	160,000	147,127	(12,873)	403,780
Miscellaneous	319,331		(319,331)	
Intergovernmental				1,629
Total Revenues	20,751,010	20,807,639	56,629	18,345,960
Expenditures Debt Service:				
Principal	5,482,133	5,482,133		3,159,611
Interest	11,958,614	11,941,654	16,960	12,230,657
Intergovernmental	3,249,619	3,249,619		2,886,987
Total Expenditures	20,690,366	20,673,406	16,960	18,277,255
Revenues over (under) expenditures	60,644	134,233	73,589	68,705
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers from other funds	277,127	277,127		214,486
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	277,127	277,127		214,486
Net change in fund balance	337,771	411,360	73,589	283,191
Fund Balances - Beginning	6,835,188	6,835,188		6,551,997
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 7,172,959	\$ 7,246,548	\$ 73,589	\$ 6,835,188

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - HOTEL/MOTEL TAX

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

				2009			
	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive / (Negative)		2008
Revenues							
Hotels occupancy tax	\$	533,200	\$	456,872	\$	(76,328)	\$ 346,018
Investment earnings		16,650		11,765		(4,885)	33,540
Other							161
Total Revenues		549,850		468,637		(81,213)	379,719
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government		411,950		354,590		57,360	183,873
Total Expenditures		411,950		354,590		57,360	183,873
Revenues over (under) expenditures		137,900		114,047		(23,853)	195,846
Net change in fund balance		137,900		114,047		(23,853)	195,846
Fund Balances - Beginning		1,246,778		1,246,778			 1,050,932
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,384,678	\$	1,360,825	\$	(23,853)	\$ 1,246,778

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - COURT SECURITY

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

			2009			
	E:	ol Dudget	Actual	Po	riance sitive /	2000
	FIII	al Budget	 Actual	(INE	egative)	 2008
Revenues						
Fines and forfeitures	\$	47,441	\$ 50,312	\$	2,871	\$ 44,660
Investment earnings		1,578	1,305		(273)	4,238
Total Revenues		49,019	51,617		2,598	48,898
Expenditures						
Current:						
Community services		3,050	 2,405		645	 767
Total Expenditures		3,050	2,405		645	767
Revenues over (under) expenditures		45,969	 49,212		3,243	 48,131
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers (out)		(46,307)	(46,307)			(42,262)
Net change in fund balance		(338)	2,905		3,243	5,869
Fund Balances - Beginning		132,289	 132,289			 126,420
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	131,951	\$ 135,194	\$	3,243	\$ 132,289

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - CITY-WIDE DONATIONS
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

				2009			
	Fina	al Budget	Actual		Variance Positive / (Negative)		 2008
Revenues							
Investment earnings	\$	685	\$	558	\$	(127)	\$ 1,726
Other income		33,638		31,955		(1,683)	19,439
Total Revenues		34,323		32,513		(1,810)	21,165
Expenditures Current:							
Public safety		22,000		21,255		745	17,645
Community services		21,212		9,750		11,462	 24
Total Expenditures		43,212		31,005		12,207	17,669
Net change in fund balance		(8,889)		1,508		10,397	3,496
Fund Balances - Beginning		50,748		50,748			47,252
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	41,859	\$	52,256	\$	10,397	\$ 50,748

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - COURT TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive / (Negative)		2008
Revenues							
Fines and forfeitures	\$	57,500	\$	61,844	\$	4,344	\$ 54,315
Investment earnings		4,000		2,751		(1,249)	8,768
Total Revenues		61,500		64,595		3,095	63,083
Expenditures							
Current:							
Community services		162,055		84,161		77,894	22,483
Total Expenditures		162,055		84,161		77,894	22,483
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(100,555)		(19,566)		80,989	40,600
Net change in fund balance		(100,555)		(19,566)		80,989	40,600
Fund Balances - Beginning		299,531		299,531			258,931
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	198,976	\$	279,965	\$	80,989	\$ 299,531

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - REGIONAL DETENTION
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

				2009			
	Final Budget			Actual	Po	ariance ositive / egative)	2008
Revenues							
Investment earnings	\$	840	\$	813	\$	(27)	\$ 3,658
Other income				3,255		3,255	
Total Revenues		840		4,068		3,228	3,658
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Operating Transfers (Out)		(116,557)		(116,557)			
Net change in fund balance		(115,717)		(112,489)		3,228	3,658
Fund Balances - Beginning		116,515		116,515			112,857
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	798	\$	4,026	\$	3,228	\$ 116,515

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - PARK DONATIONS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

	Final Budget			Actual	Po	ariance ositive / egative)		2008
Revenues								
Investment earnings	\$	1,568	\$	1,561	\$	(7)	\$	7,964
Other	4	59,830	Ψ	68,320	Ψ	8,490	4	57,127
Total Revenues		61,398		69,881		8,483		65,091
Expenditures								
Current:								
Parks and recreation		47,870		35,790		12,080		47,402
Total Expenditures		47,870		35,790		12,080		47,402
Revenues over (under) expenditures		13,528		34,091		20,563		17,689
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers (to) other funds		(181,825)		(181,825)				(100,000)
Net change in fund balance		(168,297)		(147,734)		20,563		(82,311)
Fund Balances - Beginning		196,591		196,591				278,902
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	28,294	\$	48,857	\$	20,563	\$	196,591

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - POLICE SEIZURE

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

	2009							
	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive / (Negative)		2008	
Revenues								
Investment earnings	\$	1,550	\$	1,341	\$	(209)	\$	5,206
Other		67,060		250,852		183,792		33,930
Total Revenues		68,610		252,193		183,583		39,136
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public safety		74,331		113,824		(39,493)		94,820
Capital outlay		23,238		22,824		414		
Total Expenditures		97,569		136,648		(39,079)		94,820
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(28,959)		115,545		144,504		(55,684)
Net change in fund balance		(28,959)		115,545		144,504		(55,684)
Fund Balances - Beginning		150,524		150,524				206,208
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	121,565	\$	266,069	\$	144,504	\$	150,524

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - PARKS AND RECREATION DEVELOPMENT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

	2009							
	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive / (Negative)		2008	
Revenues								
Investment earnings	\$	10,945	\$	9,493	\$	(1,452)	\$	43,185
Other	·	65,250	·	67,500		2,250	·	230,600
Total Revenues		76,195		76,993		798		273,785
Expenditures								
Capital outlay		50,232		18,839		31,393		872,754
Total Expenditures		50,232		18,839		31,393		872,754
Revenues over (under) expenditures		25,963		58,154		32,191		(598,969)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers from other funds								211,427
Net change in fund balance		25,963		58,154		32,191		(387,542)
Fund Balances - Beginning		986,365		986,365				1,373,907
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,012,328	\$	1,044,519	\$	32,191	\$	986,365

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SIDEWALK

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

				2009			
	Fin	al Budget	Actual		Variance Positive / (Negative)		2008
		ui Buuget		Tietuui	(110	<u>garre</u>	 2000
Revenues							
Investment earnings	\$	2,026	\$	1,776	\$	(250)	\$ 5,152
Other		22,168		22,168			20,533
Total Revenues		24,194		23,944		(250)	25,685
Net change in fund balance		24,194		23,944		(250)	25,685
Fund Balances - Beginning		178,409		178,409			152,724
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	202,603	\$	202,353	\$	(250)	\$ 178,409

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - GRANT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

		2009		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive / (Negative)	2008
Revenues				
Investment earnings	\$ 100	\$ 260	\$ 160	\$ 1,754
Intergovernmental	863,944	664,921	(199,023)	240,711
Other	351	353	2	
Total Revenues	864,395	665,534	(198,861)	242,465
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	36,865	36,915	(50)	31,950
Public safety	169,071	148,231	20,840	177,138
Public works	167,597	115,135	52,462	
Community service	140,389	84,872	55,517	
Capital outlay	219,511	23,640	195,871	14,042
Total Expenditures	733,433	408,793	324,640	223,130
Revenues over (under) expenditures	130,962	256,741	125,779	19,335
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers (to) other funds	(305,896)	(305,897)	(1)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(305,896)	(305,897)	(1)	
Net change in fund balance	(174,934)	(49,156)	125,778	19,335
Fund Balances - Beginning	85,945	85,945		66,610
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ (88,989)	\$ 36,789	\$ 125,778	\$ 85,945

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND-TRAFFIC IMPACT IMPROVEMENTS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

			2009				
	Fir	nal Budget	Actual	Pos	riance sitive / egative)		2008
Revenues							
Investment earnings	\$	7,500	\$ 6,726	\$	(774)	\$	23,543
Total Revenues		7,500	6,726		(774)		23,543
Expenditures							
Public works		22,680	22,680				
Total Expenditures		22,680	22,680			-	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(15,180)	(15,954)		(774)		23,543
Transfers (to) other funds		(192,184)	(192,184)				(146,224)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(192,184)	 (192,184)				(146,224)
Net change in fund balance		(207,364)	(208,138)		(774)		(122,681)
Fund Balances - Beginning		749,023	749,023				871,704
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	541,659	\$ 540,885	\$	(774)	\$	749,023

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended September 30, 2009 with comparative actual totals for the year ended September 30, 2008

				2009				
	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive / (Negative)			2008
Revenues								
	Ф	244 117	d.	270 466	Ф	(64.651)	d.	
Intergovernmental	\$	344,117	\$	279,466	\$	(64,651)	\$	
Total Revenues		344,117		279,466		(64,651)		502,687
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public safety		1,450		1,450				9,100
Capital outlay		836,254		775,503		60,751		
Total Expenditures	•	837,704		776,953	•	60,751		9,100
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(493,587)		(497,487)		(3,900)		493,587
Net change in fund balance		(493,587)		(497,487)		(3,900)		493,587
Fund Balances - Beginning		493,587		493,587				
Fund Balances - Ending	\$		\$	(3,900)	\$	(3,900)	\$	493,587

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - MANAGEMENT DISTRICT 1
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

			2009			
	Fin	al Budget	Actual	Po	ariance ositive / egative)	2008
Revenues						
Investment earnings	\$	800	\$ 479	\$	(321)	\$
Intergovernmental		98,465	96,530		(1,935)	100,593
Total Revenues		99,265	97,009		(2,256)	100,593
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers from other funds						201,216
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						201,216
Net change in fund balance		99,265	97,009		(2,256)	301,809
Fund Balances - Beginning		301,809	301,809			
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	401,074	\$ 398,818	\$	(2,256)	\$ 301,809

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Discretely Presented Component Units Fund Based Financial Statements

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS BALANCE SHEETS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2009

	D	Pearland Economic evelopment Corporation	Re	x Increment investment Zone #2	A	evelopment uthority of Pearland	•	Total Component Units
Assets								
Cash and equivalents	\$	2,000,000	\$	7,836,347	\$	3,150,004	\$	12,986,351
Receivables-less allowance for								
uncollectibles		1,089,606		133,256		14,857		1,237,719
Prepaid items		21,272						21,272
Restricted cash	_	2 110 050	_		_	1,522,642	_	1,522,642
Total Assets	\$	3,110,878	\$	7,969,603	\$	4,687,503	\$	15,767,984
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	1,070,683	\$	8,185	\$		\$	1,078,868
Due to primary government		1,058,590						1,058,590
Total Liabilities		2,129,273		8,185				2,137,458
Fund Balance Reserved for debt service Unreserved		981,605		7.061.419		1,522,642 3,164,861		1,522,642
Total Fund Balance				7,961,418				12,107,884
		981,605		7,961,418		4,687,503		13,630,526
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	3,110,878	\$	7,969,603	\$	4,687,503	\$	15,767,984
Reconciliation from fund balance to net as	sets							
fund balance	\$	981,605	\$	7,961,418	\$	4,687,503	\$	13,630,526
Add capital assets	-	6,875,415	7	. ,,	7	, ,	7	6,875,415
Less revenue bonds payable		(18,738,069)				(49,088,529)		(67,826,598)
Less other long-term liabilities		(69,992)				. , , -,		(69,992)
Less interest payable		(68,228)				(195,410)		(263,638)
Net Assets	\$	(11,019,269)	\$	7,961,418	\$	(44,596,436)	\$	(47,654,287)

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

	Pearland Economic Development Corporation		x Increment einvestment Zone #2	A	evelopment uthority of Pearland	Total Component Units
Revenues						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	\$	\$	12,931,900	\$		\$ 12,931,900
Sales and use taxes	6,801,185					6,801,185
Investment earnings	150,475		62,866		35,826	249,167
Other	206					206
Total Revenues	6,951,866		12,994,766		35,826	19,982,458
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government					11,118	11,118
Economic development	5,850,108		4,775,345		8,105,000	18,730,453
Capital Outlay	6,875,413					6,875,413
Debt Service	, ,					, ,
Principal	545,000				1,490,000	2,035,000
Interest	871,644				2,151,312	3,022,956
Bond issuance cost	5,000				596,107	601,107
Intergovernmental -City	4,380,265					4,380,265
Total Expenditures	18,527,430		4,775,345		12,353,537	35,656,312
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(11,575,564)		8,219,421		(12,317,711)	(15,673,854)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers from other component units					6,825,679	6,825,679
Transfers (to) other component units			(6,825,679)		, ,	(6,825,679)
Issuance of revenue bonds			, , ,		8,815,000	8,815,000
Total other financing sources (uses)			(6,825,679)		15,640,679	8,815,000
Changes in fund balance	(11,575,564)		1,393,742		3,322,968	(6,858,854)
Fund Balances - Beginning	12,557,169		6,567,676		1,364,535	20,489,380
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 981,605	\$	7,961,418	\$	4,687,503	\$ 13,630,526
Reconciliation from changes in fund balance						
to changes in net assets						
Change in fund balance	\$ (11,575,564)	\$	1,393,742	\$	3,322,968	\$ (6,858,854)
Add principal payments	545,000	Ψ	1,373,742	Ψ	1,490,000	2,035,000
Bond issuance costs	3-13,000				239,881	239,881
Changes in interest payable	1,480				(30,618)	(29,138)
ger an annual Full and	1,100				(30,010)	(25,130)
Less changes in other long-term liabilities	(40,481)					(40,481)
Add premium/discount on bonds					68,336	68,336
Less post employment benefit liability						
expense	(2,869)					(2,869)
Less issuance of revenue bonds					(8,815,000)	(8,815,000)
Add capital outlay	6,875,414			_		6,875,414
Changes in Net Assets	\$ (4,197,020)	\$	1,393,742	\$	(3,724,433)	\$ (6,527,711)

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Long-Term Debt Amortization Schedules

$COMBINING\ SCHEDULE\ OF\ GOVERNMENTAL\ ACTIVITY\ LONG-TERM\ DEBT$

BY MATURITY DATE September 30, 2009

G.O. Series 2001 (TIRZ Obligation)

Permmanent Improvement Bonds, Series 2003

Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	In	terest	 Total	P	rincipal	1	Interest	Total
2010	\$	175,000	\$	3,413	\$ 178,413	\$	335,000	\$	601,879	\$ 936,879
2011							350,000		581,329	931,329
2012							370,000		559,728	929,728
2013							390,000		536,929	926,929
2014									525,229	525,229
2015									525,228	525,228
2016							455,000		516,129	971,129
2017							725,000		492,529	1,217,529
2018							765,000		462,729	1,227,729
2019							805,000		430,826	1,235,826
2020							845,000		396,266	1,241,266
2021							885,000		359,283	1,244,283
2022							935,000		320,153	1,255,153
2023							980,000		278,613	1,258,613
2024							1,030,000		234,000	1,264,000
2025							1,085,000		186,413	1,271,413
2026							1,140,000		136,350	1,276,350
2027							1,200,000		83,700	1,283,700
2028							1,260,000		28,350	1,288,350
2029										
2030										
2031										
2032										
2033										
2034										
	\$	175,000	\$	3,413	\$ 178,413	\$	13,555,000	\$	7,255,660	\$ 20,810,660

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2001

Permmanent Improvement Bonds, Series 2002

Fiscal Year	F	Principal	I	nterest	Total	I	Principal	1	nterest	Total
2010	\$	560,000	\$	37,000	\$ 597,000	\$	730,000	\$	128,450	\$ 858,450
2011		575,000		11,500	586,500		770,000		79,800	849,800
2012							810,000		28,350	838,350
2013										
2014										
2015										
2016										
2017										
2018										
2019										
2020										
2021										
2022										
2023										
2024										
2025										
2026										
2027										
2028										
2029										
2030										
2031										
2032										
	\$	1,135,000	\$	48,500	\$ 1,183,500	\$	2,310,000	\$	236,600	\$ 2,546,600

Permanent Improvement & Refund Bonds, Series 2005

BCMUD #1 Series 2001

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2010	\$ 1,635,000	\$ 1,637,739	\$ 3,272,739	\$ 230,000	\$ 88,223	\$ 318,223
2011	1,705,000	1,578,223	3,283,223	185,000	78,332	263,332
2012	1,775,000	1,514,039	3,289,039	200,000	70,193	270,193
2013	1,845,000	1,445,011	3,290,011	210,000	61,192	271,192
2014	1,930,000	1,370,664	3,300,664	220,000	51,428	271,428
2015	2,010,000	1,281,814	3,291,814	230,000	40,977	270,977
2016	2,115,000	1,178,689	3,293,689	235,000	29,765	264,765
2017	865,000	1,108,514	1,973,514	255,000	18,250	273,250
2018	995,000	1,071,314	2,066,314	110,000	5,500	115,500
2019	380,000	1,043,624	1,423,624			
2020	385,000	1,027,893	1,412,893			
2021	395,000	1,011,658	1,406,658			
2022	405,000	994,756	1,399,756			
2023	875,000	967,338	1,842,338			
2024	2,625,000	882,900	3,507,900			
2025	2,760,000	748,275	3,508,275			
2026	2,900,000	606,775	3,506,775			
2027	3,045,000	465,763	3,510,763			
2028	4,010,000	297,000	4,307,000			
2029	3,935,000	98,375	4,033,375			
2030						
2031						
2032						
2033						
2034						
	\$ 36,590,000	\$ 20,330,361	\$ 56,920,361	\$ 1,875,000	\$ 443,860	\$ 2,318,860

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2003

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2004

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total		
2010	\$ 1,110,000	\$ 685,420	\$ 1,795,420	\$ 340,000	\$ 589,321	\$ 929,321		
2011	1,175,000	631,233	1,806,233	365,000	575,221	940,221		
2012	1,235,000	580,095	1,815,095	380,000	560,322	940,322		
2013	1,295,000	531,114	1,826,114	385,000	545,021	930,021		
2014	1,035,000	488,203	1,523,203	710,000	523,121	1,233,121		
2015	1,090,000	449,408	1,539,408	710,000	494,721	1,204,721		
2016	1,145,000	407,488	1,552,488	730,000	465,922	1,195,922		
2017	1,210,000	361,533	1,571,533	1,030,000	430,721	1,460,721		
2018	1,180,000	313,733	1,493,733	1,070,000	388,186	1,458,186		
2019	1,240,000	265,333	1,505,333	1,160,000	341,891	1,501,891		
2020	1,310,000	213,023	1,523,023		317,532	317,532		
2021	1,380,000	156,188	1,536,188		317,531	317,531		
2022	1,455,000	95,944	1,550,944		317,531	317,531		
2023	1,530,000	32,513	1,562,513		317,531	317,531		
2024					317,532	317,532		
2025				1,625,000	280,969	1,905,969		
2026				1,675,000	205,672	1,880,672		
2027				1,730,000	126,931	1,856,931		
2028				1,830,000	43,463	1,873,463		
2029								
2030								
2031								
2032								
	\$ 17,390,000	\$ 5,211,223	\$ 22,601,223	\$ 13,740,000	\$ 7,159,139	\$ 20,899,139		

 $COMBINING\ SCHEDULE\ OF\ GOVERNMENTAL\ ACTIVITY\ LONG-TERM\ DEBT$ BY MATURITY DATE

September 30, 2009

Permanent Improvement & Refund Bonds, Series 2006

Permanent Improvement & Refund Bonds, Series 2007

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	otal Principal		Total
2010	\$ 50,000	\$ 1,528,194	\$ 1,578,194	\$ 40,000	\$ 3,218,063	\$ 3,258,063
2011	320,000	1,520,794	1,840,794	150,000	3,214,263	3,364,263
2012	385,000	1,506,694	1,891,694	885,000	3,193,562	4,078,562
2013	400,000	1,490,994	1,890,994	1,940,000	3,137,063	5,077,063
2014	410,000	1,474,794	1,884,794	2,510,000	3,048,062	5,558,062
2015	430,000	1,457,994	1,887,994	2,685,000	2,924,025	5,609,025
2016	445,000	1,440,216	1,885,216	2,345,000	2,791,562	5,136,562
2017	460,000	1,421,263	1,881,263	2,460,000	2,671,438	5,131,438
2018	480,000	1,401,288	1,881,288	2,220,000	2,554,437	4,774,437
2019	1,335,000	1,361,050	2,696,050	3,830,000	2,403,188	6,233,188
2020	1,485,000	1,293,888	2,778,888	5,190,000	2,190,662	7,380,662
2021	1,580,000	1,217,263	2,797,263	5,395,000	1,952,500	7,347,500
2022	1,675,000	1,135,888	2,810,888	5,610,000	1,704,887	7,314,887
2023	2,150,000	1,040,263	3,190,263	5,005,000	1,466,050	6,471,050
2024	2,150,000	932,763	3,082,763	5,230,000	1,235,763	6,465,763
2025	2,270,000	822,263	3,092,263	3,835,000	1,034,197	4,869,197
2026	2,395,000	705,638	3,100,638	3,845,000	866,197	4,711,197
2027	2,525,000	585,794	3,110,794	4,010,000	686,850	4,696,850
2028	3,690,000	438,188	4,128,188	2,290,000	537,225	2,827,225
2029	7,380,000	175,275	7,555,275	2,370,000	426,550	2,796,550
2030				2,590,000	308,750	2,898,750
2031				2,620,000	185,012	2,805,012
2032				2,585,000	61,394	2,646,394
2033						
2034						
	\$ 32,015,000	\$ 22,950,497	\$ 54,965,497	\$ 69,640,000	\$ 41,811,700	\$ 111,451,700

BCMUD #1 Series 2007

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2006

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2010		\$ 80,528	\$ 80,528	\$ 50,000	\$ 453,429	\$ 503,429
2011	15,000	80,527	95,527	125,000	448,069	573,069
2012	55,000	79,927	134,927	315,000	434,594	749,594
2013	60,000	77,865	137,865	335,000	414,688	749,688
2014	65,000	75,585	140,585	355,000	393,557	748,557
2015	70,000	73,082	143,082	370,000	371,354	741,354
2016	75,000	70,353	145,353	395,000	349,654	744,654
2017	75,000	67,428	142,428	405,000	330,932	735,932
2018	80,000	64,428	144,428	405,000	314,074	719,074
2019	85,000	61,228	146,228	505,000	294,838	799,838
2020	90,000	57,827	147,827	470,000	274,001	744,001
2021	95,000	54,228	149,228	500,000	253,146	753,146
2022	100,000	50,333	150,333	525,000	230,912	755,912
2023	110,000	46,232	156,232	555,000	207,218	762,218
2024	115,000	41,612	156,612	585,000	181,991	766,991
2025	120,000	36,782	156,782	605,000	155,363	760,363
2026	130,000	31,622	161,622	730,000	125,325	855,325
2027	135,000	26,033	161,033	765,000	91,688	856,688
2028	145,000	20,227	165,227	805,000	56,363	861,363
2029	155,000	13,920	168,920	850,000	19,125	869,125
2030	165,000	7,178	172,178			
2031						
2032						
2033						
2034						
	\$ 1,940,000	\$ 1,116,945	\$ 3,056,945	\$ 9,650,000	\$ 5,400,319	\$ 15,050,319

Permanent Improvement & Refund Bonds, Series 2008

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2008

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	
2010	\$ 240,000	\$ 1,090,825	\$ 1,330,825	\$ 110,000	\$ 417,469	\$ 527,469	
2011	205,000	1,080,900	1,285,900	95,000	413,428	508,428	
2012	290,000	1,068,525	1,358,525	130,000	409,150	539,150	
2013	235,000	1,055,400	1,290,400	105,000	404,678	509,678	
2014	335,000	1,041,150	1,376,150	155,000	399,641	554,641	
2015	310,000	1,025,025	1,335,025	145,000	393,828	538,828	
2016	325,000	1,009,150	1,334,150	150,000	388,019	538,019	
2017	340,000	992,525	1,332,525	160,000	381,819	541,819	
2018	360,000	975,025	1,335,025	165,000	375,319	540,319	
2019	405,000	955,900	1,360,900	185,000	368,319	553,319	
2020	425,000	934,619	1,359,619	195,000	360,719	555,719	
2021	445,000	911,781	1,356,781	205,000	352,591	557,591	
2022	470,000	887,763	1,357,763	215,000	343,794	558,794	
2023	490,000	861,950	1,351,950	225,000	334,388	559,388	
2024	515,000	834,313	1,349,313	240,000	324,300	564,300	
2025	545,000	805,163	1,350,163	250,000	313,550	563,550	
2026	625,000	772,988	1,397,988	290,000	301,525	591,525	
2027	660,000	737,650	1,397,650	305,000	287,375	592,375	
2028	695,000	700,388	1,395,388	320,000	271,750	591,750	
2029	730,000	664,850	1,394,850	335,000	255,375	590,375	
2030	4,530,000	543,669	5,073,669	1,335,000	213,625	1,548,625	
2031	4,705,000	330,109	5,035,109	1,675,000	138,375	1,813,375	
2032	4,785,000	110,653	4,895,653	1,930,000	48,250	1,978,250	
	\$ 22,665,000	\$ 19,390,319	\$ 42,055,319	\$ 8,920,000	\$ 7,497,284	\$ 16,417,284	

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2007

Certificate of Obligation, Series 2009

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	
2010	\$ 100,000	\$ 1,049,650	\$ 1,149,650	\$	\$ 541,673	\$ 541,673	
2011	150,000	1,043,088	1,193,088	200,000	361,115	561,115	
2012	200,000	1,033,900	1,233,900	225,000	356,615	581,615	
2013	250,000	1,022,088	1,272,088	260,000	351,553	611,553	
2014	300,000	1,007,650	1,307,650	230,000	345,703	575,703	
2015	350,000	990,588	1,340,588	235,000	339,953	574,953	
2016	400,000	970,900	1,370,900	240,000	332,903	572,903	
2017	450,000	948,587	1,398,587	245,000	325,703	570,703	
2018	1,005,000	910,394	1,915,394	255,000	317,128	572,128	
2019	1,060,000	856,187	1,916,187	320,000	307,565	627,565	
2020	1,115,000	799,094	1,914,094	325,000	294,765	619,765	
2021	1,170,000	739,112	1,909,112	340,000	281,765	621,765	
2022	1,230,000	676,113	1,906,113	350,000	268,165	618,165	
2023	1,295,000	609,831	1,904,831	365,000	253,815	618,815	
2024	1,360,000	540,137	1,900,137	385,000	238,303	623,303	
2025	1,430,000	466,900	1,896,900	400,000	221,363	621,363	
2026	1,500,000	389,988	1,889,988	420,000	203,363	623,363	
2027	1,580,000	324,937	1,904,937	440,000	183,938	623,938	
2028	1,660,000	272,288	1,932,288	465,000	163,038	628,038	
2029	1,745,000	216,956	1,961,956	485,000	139,788	624,788	
2030	1,540,000	163,575	1,703,575	415,000	116,750	531,750	
2031	1,600,000	104,550	1,704,550	410,000	96,000	506,000	
2032	1,660,000	35,275	1,695,275	475,000	75,500	550,500	
				505,000	51,750	556,750	
				530,000	26,500	556,500	
	\$ 23,150,000	\$ 15,171,788	\$ 38,321,788	\$ 8,520,000	\$ 6,194,708	\$ 14,714,708	

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF ENTERPRISE FUND LONG-TERM DEBT BY MATURITY DATE September 30, 2009

Certificates of Obligation, 1998

Water & Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 1999

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2010	\$ 1,015,000	\$ 428,271	\$ 1,443,271	\$ 220,000	\$ 286,739	\$ 506,739
2011	1,050,000	393,158	1,443,158	230,000	276,827	506,827
2012	1,090,000	355,698	1,445,698	240,000	266,466	506,466
2013	1,125,000	316,100	1,441,100	250,000	255,654	505,654
2014	1,170,000	274,498	1,444,498	260,000	244,392	504,392
2015	1,210,000	230,760	1,440,760	270,000	232,678	502,678
2016	1,250,000	184,938	1,434,938	290,000	220,295	510,295
2017	2,090,000	121,790	2,211,790	1,080,000	207,451	1,287,451
2018	2,160,000	41,040	2,201,040	1,125,000	158,796	1,283,796
2019				1,175,000	108,110	1,283,110
2020				1,225,000	55,182	1,280,182
2021						
2022						
2023						
2024						
2025						
2026						
2027						
2028						
2029						
2030						
2031						
2032						
2033						
2034						
	\$ 12,160,000	\$ 2,346,251	\$ 14,506,251	\$ 6,365,000	\$ 2,312,590	\$ 8,677,590

Water and Sewer System Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2006 Water and Sewer System Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2007

Fiscal Year	F	Principal	Interest	Total]	Principal	Interest	Total
2010	\$	570,000	\$ 635,656	\$ 1,205,656	\$	760,000	\$ 1,849,313	\$ 2,609,313
2011		600,000	611,431	1,211,431		790,000	1,807,513	2,597,513
2012		625,000	585,931	1,210,931		830,000	1,764,063	2,594,063
2013		650,000	559,369	1,209,369		880,000	1,718,413	2,598,413
2014		680,000	530,119	1,210,119		920,000	1,670,013	2,590,013
2015		710,000	499,519	1,209,519		965,000	1,619,413	2,584,413
2016		745,000	467,569	1,212,569		1,010,000	1,566,338	2,576,338
2017		100,000	434,044	534,044		950,000	1,510,788	2,460,788
2018		100,000	429,744	529,744		995,000	1,458,538	2,453,538
2019		100,000	425,369	525,369		1,045,000	1,403,813	2,448,813
2020		100,000	420,869	520,869		1,095,000	1,348,950	2,443,950
2021		100,000	416,244	516,244		1,155,000	1,294,200	2,449,200
2022		100,000	411,619	511,619		1,210,000	1,236,450	2,446,450
2023		100,000	406,994	506,994		1,275,000	1,175,950	2,450,950
2024		100,000	402,369	502,369		2,295,000	1,112,200	3,407,200
2025		100,000	397,744	497,744		2,480,000	997,450	3,477,450
2026		1,150,000	393,119	1,543,119		3,120,000	873,450	3,993,450
2027		1,205,000	338,494	1,543,494		3,280,000	717,450	3,997,450
2028		1,265,000	278,244	1,543,244		3,440,000	553,450	3,993,450
2029		1,330,000	214,994	1,544,994		3,615,000	398,650	4,013,650
2030		1,395,000	146,831	1,541,831		3,795,000	272,125	4,067,125
2031		1,470,000	75,338	1,545,338		3,980,000	139,300	4,119,300
2032								
2033								
2034								
	\$	13,295,000	\$ 9,081,606	\$ 22,376,606	\$	39,885,000	\$ 26,487,825	\$ 66,372,825

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	
2010	\$ 230,000	\$ 442,505	\$ 672,505	\$ 285,000	\$ 352,513	\$ 637,513	
2011	240,000	428,130	668,130	300,000	341,113	641,113	
2012	255,000	413,130	668,130	315,000	323,113	638,113	
2013	270,000	397,830	667,830	330,000	304,213	634,213	
2014	290,000	386,018	676,018	340,000	285,238	625,238	
2015	300,000	372,968	672,968	355,000	271,638	626,638	
2016	320,000	359,093	679,093	365,000	257,438	622,438	
2017	340,000	343,893	683,893	375,000	242,838	617,838	
2018	365,000	327,573	692,573	385,000	227,838	612,838	
2019	390,000	309,688	699,688	390,000	212,438	602,438	
2020	420,000	290,188	710,188	395,000	196,350	591,350	
2021	1,730,000	269,188	1,999,188	395,000	179,563	574,563	
2022	1,825,000	182,688	2,007,688	410,000	162,775	572,775	
2023	1,925,000	91,438	2,016,438	420,000	145,350	565,350	
2024				1,500,000	127,500	1,627,500	
2025				1,500,000	63,750	1,563,750	
2026							
2027							
2028							
2029							
2030							
2031							
2032							
2033							
2034							
	\$ 8,900,000	\$ 4,614,325	\$ 13,514,325	\$ 8,060,000	\$ 3,693,663	\$ 11,753,663	

Water & Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2008

Water and Sewer System Revenu Bonds, Series 2009

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2010	\$ 190,000	\$ 680,478	\$ 870,478	\$ 320,000	\$ 601,063	\$ 921,063
2011	205,000	674,303	879,303	360,000	591,463	951,463
2012	225,000	667,640	892,640	360,000	580,662	940,662
2013	235,000	660,328	895,328	370,000	569,862	939,862
2014	255,000	652,690	907,690	380,000	558,763	938,763
2015	275,000	641,215	916,215	385,000	547,362	932,362
2016	290,000	628,840	918,840	400,000	535,812	935,812
2017	315,000	615,790	930,790	410,000	522,813	932,813
2018	340,000	601,615	941,615	420,000	508,975	928,975
2019	370,000	586,315	956,315	435,000	493,750	928,750
2020	395,000	569,665	964,665	450,000	476,350	926,350
2021	420,000	551,890	971,890	465,000	458,350	923,350
2022	440,000	532,990	972,990	485,000	438,588	923,588
2023	460,000	514,840	974,840	505,000	416,763	921,763
2024	490,000	495,520	985,520	520,000	393,406	913,406
2025	510,000	474,450	984,450	545,000	368,056	913,056
2026	540,000	448,950	988,950	570,000	340,806	910,806
2027	560,000	421,950	981,950	600,000	311,594	911,594
2028	595,000	393,950	988,950	630,000	280,844	910,844
2029	600,000	364,200	964,200	665,000	247,769	912,769
2030	580,000	334,200	914,200	700,000	212,025	912,025
2031	560,000	305,200	865,200	730,000	173,525	903,525
2032	1,890,000	277,200	2,167,200	765,000	133,375	898,375
2033	1,980,000	182,700	2,162,700	815,000	91,300	906,300
2034	2,080,000	93,600	2,173,600	845,000	46,475	891,475
	\$ 14,800,000	\$ 12,370,518	\$ 27,170,518	\$ 13,130,000	\$ 9,899,751	\$ 23,029,751

DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PEARLAND

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT OF DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PEARLAND BY MATURITY DATE September 30, 2009

Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2004

Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2005

Fiscal Year								
Ending	P	rincipal	1	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2010	\$	390,000	\$	586,435	\$ 976,435	\$ 280,000	\$ 350,779	\$ 630,779
2011		405,000		570,348	975,348	290,000	339,929	629,929
2012		425,000		552,933	977,933	300,000	328,329	628,329
2013		440,000		534,020	974,020	315,000	315,954	630,954
2014		460,000		513,780	973,780	330,000	302,566	632,566
2015		485,000		492,160	977,160	340,000	288,129	628,129
2016		505,000		469,365	974,365	360,000	272,829	632,829
2017		530,000		445,125	975,125	375,000	257,529	632,529
2018		555,000		418,625	973,625	390,000	241,216	631,216
2019		585,000		390,875	975,875	390,000	223,666	613,666
2020		615,000		361,625	976,625	410,000	206,116	616,116
2021		645,000		330,875	975,875	425,000	187,256	612,256
2022		675,000		298,625	973,625	450,000	168,131	618,131
2023		710,000		264,031	974,031	470,000	147,319	617,319
2024		750,000		227,644	977,644	485,000	125,581	610,581
2025		790,000		186,806	976,806	510,000	103,150	613,150
2026		835,000		143,788	978,788	530,000	79,563	609,563
2027		880,000		98,313	978,313	560,000	54,388	614,388
2028		925,000		50,388	975,388	585,000	27,788	612,788
2029								
	\$	11,605,000	\$	6,935,761	\$ 18,540,761	\$ 7,795,000	\$ 4,020,218	\$ 11,815,218

Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2006

Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2007

Fiscal Year	rax merem	ciii K	evenue Donas,	, serie	S 2000			Tax Increm	ient K	evenue bonas	, serie	:5 2007
Ending	 Principal		Interest		Total	_		Principal		Interest		Total
2010	\$ 345,000	\$	386,786	\$	731,786	:	\$	450,000	\$	674,509	\$	1,124,509
2011	365,000		372,986		737,986			460,000		656,509		1,116,509
2012	375,000		358,386		733,386			485,000		638,109		1,123,109
2013	395,000		343,386		738,386			500,000		618,709		1,118,709
2014	405,000		327,586		732,586			520,000		600,209		1,120,209
2015	425,000		311,386		736,386			540,000		580,709		1,120,709
2016	440,000		294,387		734,387			560,000		560,189		1,120,189
2017	455,000		276,788		731,788			585,000		537,789		1,122,789
2018	480,000		258,586		738,586			605,000		514,389		1,119,389
2019	460,000		239,387		699,387			680,000		489,433		1,169,433
2020	480,000		220,986		700,986			620,000		460,533		1,080,533
2021	500,000		201,306		701,306			650,000		433,408		1,083,408
2022	520,000		180,307		700,307			680,000		404,158		1,084,158
2023	540,000		158,206		698,206			710,000		373,558		1,083,558
2024	570,000		134,986		704,986			740,000		341,608		1,081,608
2025	590,000		110,476		700,476			775,000		308,308		1,083,308
2026	620,000		84,811		704,811			810,000		273,433		1,083,433
2027	640,000		57,531		697,531			850,000		235,363		1,085,363
2028	675,000		29,531		704,531			885,000		194,988		1,079,988
2029								3,220,000		152,950		3,372,950
	\$ 9,280,000	\$	4,347,804	\$	13,627,804	\$	5 1	5,325,000	\$	9,048,854	\$	24,373,854

Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2009

Fiscal Year	Tux Incren	iiciic it	evenue Bonus	, Derre	.5 2007
Ending	Principal		Interest		Total
2010	\$ 295,000	\$	440,751	\$	735,751
2011	310,000		431,901		741,901
2012	315,000		422,601		737,601
2013	325,000		412,758		737,758
2014	340,000		400,570		740,570
2015	350,000		387,395		737,395
2016	365,000		371,645		736,645
2017	385,000		354,308		739,308
2018	400,000		336,501		736,501
2019	425,000		316,501		741,501
2020	415,000		295,251		710,251
2021	435,000		274,501		709,501
2022	455,000		252,208		707,208
2023	485,000		228,320		713,320
2024	510,000		202,251		712,251
2025	535,000		173,681		708,681
2026	565,000		143,374		708,374
2027	600,000		111,169		711,169
2028	635,000		76,669		711,669
2029	670,000		39,363		709,363
	\$ 8,815,000	\$	5,671,718	\$	14,486,718

PEARLAND ECONCOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT OF
PEARLAND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION BY MATURITY DATE
September 30, 2009

Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005

Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2006

Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	 Interest	 Total	1	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2010	\$	385,000	\$ 380,600	\$ 765,600	\$	180,000	\$ 471,069	\$ 651,069
2011		400,000	368,088	768,088		185,000	463,419	648,419
2012		410,000	355,088	765,088		200,000	454,169	654,169
2013		425,000	340,738	765,738		210,000	444,169	654,169
2014		445,000	323,738	768,738		215,000	433,669	648,669
2015		460,000	305,938	765,938		230,000	422,919	652,919
2016		480,000	287,538	767,538		240,000	411,419	651,419
2017		505,000	263,538	768,538		255,000	401,219	656,219
2018		530,000	238,288	768,288		265,000	390,381	655,381
2019		555,000	211,788	766,788		280,000	378,788	658,788
2020		575,000	189,588	764,588		300,000	366,538	666,538
2021		600,000	166,588	766,588		310,000	353,038	663,038
2022		625,000	141,988	766,988		325,000	339,088	664,088
2023		650,000	116,363	766,363		345,000	322,838	667,838
2024		675,000	89,550	764,550		365,000	305,588	670,588
2025		705,000	61,200	766,200		385,000	287,338	672,338
2026		735,000	31,238	766,238		405,000	268,088	673,088
2027						1,190,000	247,838	1,437,838
2028						1,255,000	188,338	1,443,338
2029						1,320,000	128,725	1,448,725
2030						1,390,000	 66,025	 1,456,025
	\$	9,160,000	\$ 3,871,850	\$ 13,031,850	\$	9,850,000	\$ 7,144,656	\$ 16,994,656

Statistical Section (Unaudited)

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Unaudited Statistical Section

This part of the City of Pearland, Texas' comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	110
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	120
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and sales tax.	
Debt Capacity	128
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	133
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	135
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT

Last Seven Fiscal Years* Amounts in (000's)

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Governmental Activities					-
Invested in capital assets, net of					
related debt	\$ 418,713	\$405,052	\$ 396,619	\$402,103	\$400,522
Restricted	4,151	6,391	6,862	8,085	10,130
Unrestricted	3,210	6,746	5,785	8,917	11,809
Total governmental activities net					
assets	\$ 426,074	\$418,189	\$409,266	\$419,105	\$ 422,461
Dusiness type activities					
Business-type activities					
Invested in capital assets, net of					
related debt	\$ 107,472	\$113,736	\$127,144	\$ 130,648	\$ 126,779
Restricted			7,027	10,129	24,258
Unrestricted	25,749	18,986	552	700	1,638
Total business-type activities net					·
assets	\$ 133,221	\$132,722	\$ 134,723	\$141,477	\$ 152,675
Deimory opygenement					
Primary government		4.710.700	4.700.7 .0	A 700 771	* -2-20
Invested in capital assets	\$ 526,185	\$518,788	\$ 523,763	\$ 532,751	\$ 527,301
Restricted	4,151	6,391	13,889	18,214	34,388
Unrestricted	28,959	25,732	6,337	9,617	13,447
Total primary government net assets	\$ 559,295	\$550,911	\$ 543,989	\$ 560,582	\$575,136

^{*}GASB 34 was implemented in fiscal 2003, therefore 10 years of data is unavailable.

In Fiscal Year 2007, the City implemented the retroactive reporting of infrastructure in accordance with GASB 34. Prior year presentations have been adjusted to reflect the retroactive reporting.

2008	2009						
Ф. 410.00 2	ф. 13 0. 0 7. 1						
\$410,002	\$429,054						
10,864	10,615						
10,903	13,330						
\$431,769	\$452,999						
\$138,679	\$ 146,150						
16,094	11,965						
3,406	9,256						
\$ 158,179	\$167,371						
Ψ 120,179	φ107,371						
¢ 5 40 601	¢ 575 204						
\$ 548,681	\$ 575,204						
26,958	22,580						
14,309	22,586						
\$ 589,948	\$620,370						

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Last Seven Fiscal Years*

Amounts in (000's)

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	
Expenses						
Governmental activities						
General government	\$ 6,275	\$ 7,314	\$ 8,714	\$ 8,574	\$ 8,660	
Public safety	9,645	10,525	11,857	12,564	14,655	
Public works	25,729	25,913	28,858	26,914	24,041	
Community services	2,874	2,700	2,939	2,903	3,113	
Parks and recreation				4,131	4,882	
Interest on long-term debt	4,559	5,549	5,115	6,559	9,070	
Total government activities expenses	49,082	52,001	57,483	61,645	64,421	
Business-type activities:						
Water and sewer	13,643	19,265	17,624	20,531	21,076	
Solid waste management					5,218	
Total business-type activities:	13,643	19,265	17,624	20,531	26,294	
Total primary government expenses	\$ 62,725	\$ 71,266	\$ 75,107	\$ 82,176	\$ 90,715	
Program Revenue						
Governmental activities						
Charges for services:						
General government	\$ 161	\$ 506	\$ 185	\$	\$	
Public safety	1,998	2,975	3,640	2,627	2,788	
Public works	5,547	6,864	7,221	4,331	195	
Community services	866	696	1,263	6,312	5,822	
Parks and recreation			,	825	818	
Operating grants and contributions						
General government	5		2	1,239	1,659	
Public safety	370	839	673	111	154	
Public works	12				456	
Community services	324	17	479	55	34	
Parks and recreation				21	11	
Capital grants and contributions						
General government	14	1,319	800			
Public safety	1,618	756	312			
Public works	586	,,,,	6	15,743	8,690	
Parks and recreation			~	6	2,22	
Total governmental activities program revenues	11.501	13.971	14,582	31,270	20,627	
Business-type activities:		10,571	1.,002			
Charges for services						
Water and sewer	8,809	11,893	11,219	13,849	17,754	
Solid waste management	0,000	11,055	11,21)	13,019	5,218	
Operating grants and contributions					3,210	
Water and sewer		47		474	385	
Capital grants and contributions		.,		.,.	202	
Water and sewer	9,882	6,933	8,365	13,434	12,621	
Total business-type activities program revenues	18,691	18,873	19,585	27,757	35,978	
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 30,192	\$ 32,844	\$ 34,167	\$ 59,027	\$ 56,605	
Total primary government program revenues	Ψ 30,172	Ψ 32,044	Ψ 54,107	Ψ 57,021	Ψ 50,005	

Page 1 of 2

2008	2009				
\$ 11,161	\$ 12,427				
17,684	22,421				
24,532	26,934				
3,336	3,254				
7,157	7,181				
12,266	11,647				
76,136	83,864				
22,570	25,439				
6,024	7,361				
28,594	32,800				
\$ 104,730	\$116,664				
\$	\$				
2,959	3,524				
103	34				
5,130	4,755				
936	672				
3,951	4,913				
230	420				
551	1,000				
129	202				
115	450				
502	270				
503	279 25 467				
15,263	25,467				
<u>261</u> 30,131	4,653				
30,131	46,369				
21,524	26,617				
6,038	7,021				
315	2,464				
5,869	6,125				
33,746	42,227				
\$ 63,877	\$ 88,596				

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Last Seven Fiscal Years*

Amounts in (000's)

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Net (Expense)/Revenue					
Governmental activities	\$ (37,581)	\$ (38,030)	\$ (42,901)	\$ (30,375)	\$ (43,794)
Business-type activities	5,048	(392)	1,961	7,226	9,684
Total primary government net expense	\$ (32,533)	\$ (38,422)	\$ (40,940)	\$ (23,149)	\$ (34,110)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Asse	ts				
Governmental activities:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ 15,120	\$ 17,907	\$ 19,805	\$ 21,845	\$ 24,823
Sales and use taxes	6,008	6,933	8,026	9,980	11,025
Franchise taxes	2,533	2,883	3,097	3,426	3,760
Investment earnings	171	1,115	1,863	2,991	4,943
Miscellaneous	741	782	828	740	1,539
Transfers	728	524	359	1,230	1,060
Total governmental activities	\$ 25,302	\$ 30,145	\$ 33,978	\$ 40,212	\$ 47,150
Business-type activities:					
Unrestricted grants and contributions					
Investment earnings	\$ 196	\$ 417	\$ 399	\$ 758	\$ 2,574
Miscellaneous					
Transfers	(728)	(524)	(359)	(1,230)	(1,060)
Total business-type activities	(532)	(107)	40	(472)	1,514
Total primary government	\$ 24,770	\$ 30,038	\$ 34,018	\$ 39,740	\$ 48,664
Change in Net Assets					
Governmental activities	\$ (12,279)	\$ (7,885)	\$ (8,923)	\$ 9,837	\$ 3,356
Business-type activities	4,516	(499)	2,001	6,754	11,198
Total primary government	\$ (7,763)	\$ (8,384)	\$ (6,922)	\$ 16,591	\$ 14,554

^{*}GASB 34 was implemented in fiscal 2003, therefore 10 years of data is unavailable.

In Fiscal Year 2007, the City implemented the retroactive reporting of infrastructure in accordance with GASB 34. Prior year presentations have been adjusted to reflect the retroactive reporting of depreciation expenses.

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2008	2009
\$ (46,005)	\$ (37,495)
5,152	9,427
\$ (40,853)	\$ (28,068)
\$ 29.492	\$ 31.140
, -	, -
12,581	14,218
4,427	5,075
4,572	1,376
2,911	6,294
1,330	\$ 58,724
\$ 55,313	\$ 58,724
\$ 1,669	\$ 363
12	23
(1,330)	(621)
351	(235)
\$ 55,664	\$ 58,489
\$ 9,308	\$ 21,229
5,503	9,192
\$ 14,811	\$ 30,421

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years Amounts in (000's)

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2000		2001		2002	2003	
General fund			 				
Reserved	\$	295	\$ 472	\$	286	\$	52
Unreserved		4,911	6,092		4,739		5,310
Total General Fund	\$	5,205	\$ 6,564	\$	5,025	\$	5,362
All other governmental funds							
Reserved for debt service	\$	681	\$ 1,545	\$	2,230	\$	2,130
Unreserved, reported in:							
Special revenue funds		603	861		877		1,724
Capital projects funds		5,114	 3,654		28,494		41,255
Total other Governmental Funds	\$	6,398	\$ 6,060	\$	31,601	\$	45,109

 2004	 2005	2006 2007		2008		2009		
\$ 70 8,216	\$ 71 8,132	\$	636 9,961	\$ 704 12,932	\$	4,879 8,647	\$	818 11,401
\$ 8,286	\$ 8,203	\$	10,597	\$ 13,636	\$	13,526	\$	12,219
\$ 3,008	\$ 3,855	\$	4,658	\$ 6,552	\$	6,835	\$	7,246
2,849	2,462		3,215	4,546		4,988		4,368
 46,580	44,338		53,763	96,542		110,715		62,467
\$ 52,437	\$ 50,655	\$	61,636	\$ 107,640	\$	122,538	\$	74,081

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Amounts in (000's)

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2000		2001		2002	2003	
Revenues		_						_
Property taxes	\$	9,272	\$	10,833	\$	12,858	\$	15,120
Sales and use taxes		3,745		4,863		5,103		6,008
Franchise fees		2,023		2,304		2,454		2,533
Licenses and permits		1,470		1,897		2,257		2,682
Fines and forfeitures		732		857		845		1,422
Charges for services		3,062		3,203		3,652		3,982
Investment earnings						649		171
Intergovernmental		319		334		9,001		2,398
Other		2,084		1,961		1,584		1,133
Total Revenues		22,707		26,251		38,403		35,451
Expenditures								
General government		3,972		4,235		16,225		5,852
Public safety		5,952		6,692		8,303		9,650
Public works		5,635		5,975		7,604		8,770
Community services		1,782		2,662		2,932		2,827
Parks and recreation								
Debt service:								
Principal		1,605		1,680		1,920		2,040
Interest and other charges		1,459		1,596		2,374		4,469
Capital outlay		1,680		4,517		12,239		23,568
Intergovernmental								
Total Expenditures		22,085		27,357		51,598		57,176
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		622		(1,106)		(13,195)		(21,725)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		1,686		1,023		4,382		1,534
Transfers out		(923)		(128)		(3,752)		(806)
Bonds issued		10,895				38,550		34,653
Capital leases		152						
Other		(10,822)				(1,900)		
Total other Financing Sources (uses)		987		895		37,280		35,381
Net change in fund balances	\$	1,609	\$	(211)	\$	24,085	\$	13,655
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital								
expenditures		15.0%		14.3%		10.9%		19.4%

2004	2005	2006		2007		2008		2009
\$ 17,891	\$ 19,745	\$ 22,150	\$	24,525	\$	29,200	\$	31,349
6,933	8,026	9,980		11,025		12,581		14,218
2,883	3,097	3,426		3,760		4,427		5,075
3,441	3,864	4,067		4,030		2,992		2,079
1,608	1,935	2,038		2,048		2,086		2,325
5,260	6,139	8,734		5,250		7,512		8,885
1,115	1,863	2,991		4,938		4,568		1,375
3,040	2,382	7,852		14,463		3,731		7,589
1,076	1,172	 1,744		1,815		5,638		8,980
43,247	48,223	62,982		71,854	-	72,735		81,875
	. =							
6,221	6,750	6,381		6,293		7,388		8,412
10,142	11,081	12,870		14,598		19,604		22,310
8,709	10,450	9,728		6,278		7,536		12,051
2,904	2,747	3,787		3,102		3,426		3,386
		3,358		4,908		6,605		5,789
3,000	3,535	3,429		3,228		3,160		5,482
5,665	5,555	6,771		10,197		12,382		12,080
18,058	28,661	36,706		28,530		27,777		68,615
	1,084	1,684		2,169		3,434		3,250
 54,699	 69,862	 84,714		79,303		91,312		141,375
(11,452)	(21,639)	(21,732)		(7,449)		(18,577)		(59,500)
1,431	4,870	5,852		4,596		4,912		3,246
(907)	(4,510)	(4,698)		(3,536)		(3,582)		(2,625)
184	37,015	41,959		94,559		31,835		8,520
21,000	271	.1,,,,,		1,568		51,000		649
94	(15,926)	(8,004)		(40,695)		200		(54)
21,803	21,719	35,108		56,492		33,365		9,736
\$ 10,350	\$ 80	\$ 13,376	\$	49,043	\$	14,788	\$	(49,764)
23.6%	22.1%	22.0%		37.6%		33.3%		35.5%

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE

OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Four Fiscal Years

Real Property

Fiscal Year	Tax Year	Residential	Residential Commercial		Personal Property and Minerals		
2006	2005	\$ 2,689,041,440	\$ 1,007,277,760	\$ 65,139,552	\$	309,552,190	
2007	2006	3,398,952,580	1,179,173,066	55,271,365		378,160,330	
2008	2007	4,136,844,130	1,408,312,647	55,657,006		449,453,570	
2009	2008	4,535,133,971	1,738,317,595	56,815,255		521,854,047	

Notes:

Information not presented was not available at time of publication. Agricultural Property and Productivity Loss in Commercial

Assessed valuation for fiscal year 2007 does not include Brazoria County Mud #1 valuation of \$241,248,630 that was annexed into the City on December 31, 2006.

Assessed value based on final certified roll.

Less Tax Exempt Real Property		Less Other Exemptions and Abatements			tal Assessed and stimated Actual Taxable Value	 tal Direct ax Rate	Assessed Value as a Percent of Actual Taxable Value	
\$	270,175,010	\$	224,396,803	\$	3,576,439,129	\$ 0.6744	100%	
	307,538,080		291,197,312		4,412,821,949	0.6527	100%	
	384,651,183		275,826,005		5,389,790,165	0.6526	100%	
	461,051,494		486,242,814		5,904,826,560	0.6526	100%	

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$100 of assessed value)

	City Direct Rates					Overlapping					Rates ^a
Fiscal Year	M & O Rate	I & S Rate	Total Direct	Pearland Independent School District		Alvin Comm College	Brazoria County	Fort Bend County	Harris County	Port of Houston Authority	Harris County Flood Control
2000	\$ 0.440	\$ 0.255	\$ 0.695	\$	1.650	\$ 0.239	\$ 0.400	\$ 0.590	\$ 0.350	\$ 0.018	\$ 0.062
2001	0.435	0.260	0.695	Ψ	1.820	0.239	0.400	0.575	0.384	0.018	0.048
2002	0.430	0.256	0.686		1.837	0.241	0.420	0.538	0.360	0.020	0.050
2003	0.406	0.280	0.686		1.837	0.255	0.420	0.513	0.360	0.020	0.050
2004	0.346	0.350	0.696		1.809	0.255	0.420	0.499	0.388	0.020	0.042
2005	0.339	0.356	0.695		1.792	0.241	0.422	0.500	0.400	0.017	0.033
2006	0.345	0.329	0.674		1.792	0.238	0.408	0.517	0.400	0.015	0.033
2007	0.299	0.354	0.653		1.662	0.220	0.382	0.517	0.402	0.013	0.032
2008	0.250	0.402	0.653		1.427	0.210	0.311	0.517	0.392	0.014	0.031
2009	0.220	0.433	0.653		1.419	0.200	0.330	0.500	0.391	0.018	0.031

Source: Brazoria County and Harris County Appraisal District.

Note: The city's basic property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the city's residents. Rates for debt service are set based on each year's requirements.

^a Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Pearland. Not all overlapping rates apply to all Pearland property owners; for example, although the county property tax rates apply to all.

Harris County Hospital District	Ft l	zoria/ Bend UD o. 1	MUD No. 17	MUD No. 18	MUD No. 19	MUD No. 23	MUD No. 26	MUD No. 28	MUD No. 34
\$ 0.203			\$ 0.750	\$ 0.650	\$ 0.800				
0.190			0.750	0.650	0.800				
0.190			0.750	0.650	0.800				
0.190			0.750	0.650	0.800		\$0.850		
0.190			0.750	0.650	0.800		0.850		
0.190			0.750	0.650	0.800	\$0.850	0.850	\$ 0.820	\$ 0.850
0.192	\$	0.850	0.750	0.640	0.800	0.850	0.850	0.820	0.850
0.192		0.850	0.750	0.610	0.780	0.850	0.770	0.820	0.850
0.192		0.850	0.730	0.590	0.680	0.850	0.710	0.820	0.850
0.192		0.850	0.630	0.570	0.660	0.820	0.710	0.820	0.850

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied	Collected w Fiscal Year o	Collections			Total Collections to Date				
Ended	for the		Percentage	in Subsequent				Percentage		
Sept 30,	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years			Amount	of Levy		
2000	\$ 9,173,950	\$ 9,022,542	98.3%	\$	122,367	\$	9,144,909	99.7%		
2001	10,863,316	10,609,654	97.7%		234,306		10,843,960	99.8%		
2002	12,890,017	12,477,283	96.8%		383,877		12,861,160	99.8%		
2003	14,880,007	14,575,297	98.0%		271,132		14,846,429	99.8%		
2004	18,030,473	17,633,986	98.0%		354,494		17,988,480	99.8%		
2005	21,073,788	20,576,812	98.1%		450,119		21,026,931	99.8%		
2006	24,284,597	23,690,031	97.8%		532,768		24,222,799	99.7%		
2007	28,819,229	28,235,276	98.1%		503,664		28,738,940	99.7%		
2008	35,035,569	34,461,652	98.4%		428,877		34,890,529	99.6%		
2009	38,368,354	37,820,603	98.6%				37,820,603	98.6%		

Source: Brazoria County Tax Office

Taxes levied based on adjusted tax roll.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS

Current Year And Nine Years Ago

		2009			2000	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
AmREIT SPF Shadow Creek LP	\$ 70,313,800	1	1.19%			
Weatherford U.S., Inc.	52,609,383	2	0.89%	\$ 18,679,380	1	1.58%
Pearland Investments Ltd	35,486,130	3	0.60%			
Centerpoint Energy	24,467,250	4	0.41%			
Wal-Mart Real Estate	24,177,330	5	0.41%			
Waterford SCR LP	24,135,860	6	0.41%			
Carrington SCR LP	22,156,750	7	0.38%			
Pearland Town Center LP	19,085,030	8	0.32%			
USA Tranquility Lake	18,300,410	9	0.31%			
HCA Healthcare	18,283,700	10	0.31%			
Houston Lighting & Power				12,036,460	2	1.02%
Pearland Enclave Apts.				10,235,020	3	0.87%
Southwestern Bell Telephone				9,374,920	4	0.79%
Weatherford U.S., LP				6,574,300	5	0.56%
Texas Windmill Apts				6,108,210	6	0.52%
Continental 34 Fund Ltd.				6,093,140	7	0.52%
Phillips				6,036,120	8	0.51%
Aggreko, Inc.				5,976,480	9	0.51%
Whispering Winds Apts				5,854,140	10	0.50%
Total	\$ 309,015,643	•	5.23%	\$ 86,968,170		7.37%

Source: Brazoria County Appraisal District

TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY

Last Ten Calendar Years (in thousands of dollars)

				Ca	aler	dar Year
	 <u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>		2004
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing	\$ 1,732	\$ 1,783	\$ 6	\$ 13	\$	199
Mining, Quarrying, Oil and Gas Utilities	434	1,222	4,061	4,283		3,738
Manufacturing	12,018	15,648	24,365	27,491		36,756
Wholesale Trade	9,062	13,269	13,248	11,234		14,526
Retail Trade	218,485	253,792	240,767	278,527		303,816
Transportation/Warehousing	1,929	2,083	50	43		98
Information			2,294	2,851		3,568
Finance, Insurance	2,161	2,940	3,095	3,403		3,505
Real Estate/Rental/Leasing			14,892	14,219		16,414
Professional/Scientific/Technical			2,421	2,743		3,443
Management of Companies/Enterprises						2,399
Admin/Support/Waste Mgmt/Remediation			7,740	10,529		12,054
Educational Services			10	159		116
Health Care/Social Assistance			17	14		9
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation			3,990	4,080		4,623
Accommodations & Food Services			43,421	54,331		65,719
Construction	20,124	16,902	17,586	14,392		13,592
Other Services (Except Public Admin)	52,158	61,834	13,332	17,709		15,055
Other			5,574	2,423		547
Total	\$ 318,103	\$ 369,473	\$ 396,867	\$ 448,445	\$	500,179
City direct sales tax rate ^b	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%		1.00%

Source: State Comptroller's Office.

^a 2009 taxable sales thru 2nd quarter of 2009.

^b The City direct sales tax rate includes the City only and not the Pearland Economic Development Corp. (4B).
^c Categories changed in 2007. Re-categorized data only available back to 2002.

2005	2006	<u>2007</u>	2008	2009 a
\$ 283	\$ 453	\$ 473	\$ 675	\$ 272
2,985	7,397	9,280	10,520	2,357
	7	3	6	
40,848	46,185	49,997	47,437	14,650
24,070	34,611	29,104	32,975	12,293
370,973	464,647	535,417	667,416	346,646
107	155	169	131	74
6,388	8,554	10,086	12,567	7,025
1,811	1,722	1,038	1,469	761
18,629	33,329	45,312	53,180	19,841
3,538	3,819	4,120	5,411	2,644
2,278		1,161	2,594	
13,625	8,060	9,209	13,210	6,660
204	110	110	212	44
72	56	63	37	29
4,787	5,208	8,789	10,085	4,989
80,185	95,143	107,834	127,875	73,417
13,234	18,438	16,232	16,763	7,663
16,558	20,377	20,794	23,162	11,741
 13	2			
\$ 600,588	\$ 748,272	\$ 849,189	\$ 1,025,726	\$ 511,106
1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

		Go	vernm	ental Activi	ities		Business-Type Activities					
Fiscal Year			Obligation of Obligation		Capital Lease Obligations		Revenue Bonds		Certificates of Obligation Bonds		Capital Lease Obligations	
2000	\$	13,760	\$	16,210	\$	381	\$	16,675	\$	17,050	\$	
2001		12,610		15,680		75		16,140		17,000		
2002		13,335		51,585				25,570		16,925		
2003		26,880		70,650				34,485		16,835		
2004		25,345		90,185		184		33,505		16,735		
2005		60,175		72,390		396		32,480		15,880		
2006		90,305		81,275		309		40,170		15,000		
2007		164,810		66,220		1,538		79,180		13,915		
2008		184,985		74,980		1,187		92,900		13,140		
2009		180,765		82,505		1,479		104,435		12,160	235	

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^{*} Information not avaiable.

Total Primary overnment	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita		
\$ 64,076	6.2%	\$	1,643	
61,505	5.8%		1,519	
107,415	9.5%		2,492	
148,850	10.6%		3,167	
165,954	10.3%		3,073	
181,321	9.3%		2,895	
227,059	11.1%		2,862	
325,663	12.4%		3,854	
367,192	12.4%		4,126	
381,579	13.0%		4,121	

RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

Fiscal Year	Tax Year	General Obligation Bonds	Less Debt Service Funds	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Percentage of Personal Income ^a	Per Capita
2000	1999	\$ 47,020	\$ 681	\$ 46,339	3.9%	4.5%	\$ 1,188
2001	2000	45,290	1,545	43,745	3.3%	4.1%	1,080
2002	2001	81,845	2,230	79,615	5.1%	7.0%	1,847
2003	2002	114,365	2,130	112,235	6.0%	8.0%	2,388
2004	2003	132,265	3,008	129,257	6.3%	8.0%	2,394
2005	2004	148,445	3,855	144,590	6.2%	7.4%	2,308
2006	2005	186,580	4,658	181,922	5.1%	8.9%	2,293
2007	2006	244,945	6,552	238,393	5.4%	9.1%	2,821
2008	2007	273,105	6,552	266,553	4.9%	9.0%	2,995
2009	2008	275,430	7,247	268,183	4.5%	9.1%	2,896

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial

^a Population data can be found in demographic and economic statistics table.

^{*} Information not avaiable.

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt September 30, 2009

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

	Gross	Ove	erlappi	ng
Taxing Jurisdiction	Debt *	Percent		Amount
	***	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Alvin Community College District	\$18,195,000	21.09%	\$	3,837,326
Alvin ISD	297,795,000	27.34%		81,417,153
Brazoria County	51,395,000	21.18%		10,885,461
Brazoria County MUD No. 17	31,320,000	100.00%		31,320,000
Brazoria County MUD No. 18	31,680,000	97.35%		30,840,480
Brazoria County MUD No. 19	39,710,000	100.00%		39,710,000
Brazoria County MUD No. 23	16,455,000	100.00%		16,455,000
Brazoria County MUD No. 26	56,700,000	100.00%		56,700,000
Brazoria County MUD No. 28	10,865,000	100.00%		10,865,000
Brazoria County MUD No. 34	10,340,000	100.00%		10,340,000
Brazoria County MUD No. 35	9,900,000	100.00%		9,900,000
Brazoria-Fort Bend County MUD No. 1	52,625,000	100.00%		52,625,000
Fort Bend County	446,110,000	0.16%		713,776
Harris County (a)	2,215,831,629	0.13%		2,880,581
Harris County Dept. of Education	8,320,000	0.13%		10,816
Harris County Flood Control District	105,482,945	0.13%		137,128
Pasadena ISD	454,255,000	0.14%		635,957
Pearland ISD	336,255,590	93.85%		315,575,871
Port of Houston Authority	547,415,000	0.13%		711,640
TOTAL ESTIMATED OVERLAPPING				675,561,188
The City	\$275,430,000	100.00%		275,430,000
Total Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt			\$	950,991,188
Population				92,600
Per Capita Debt - Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$	10,270

Source: Individual jurisdictions and/or Texas Municipal Reports.

^{*} Debt amounts are as of September 30, 2009.

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE Amounts in (000's) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds

		Less:	Net Revenue		Debt Service		
Fiscal Year	Gross Revenues	Operating Expenses	Available for Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2000	\$ 8,745	\$ 3,899	\$ 4,846	\$ 535	\$ 785	\$ 1,320	3.67
2001	8,727	4,947	3,780	570	760	1,330	2.84
2002	9,037	5,244	3,793	575	1,159	1,734	2.19
2003	9,023	6,282	2,741	980	1,635	2,615	1.05
2004	12,357	10,877	1,480	1,025	1,504	2,529	0.59
2005	11,619	8,607	3,012	1,075	1,459	2,534	1.19
2006	15,004	11,228	3,776	1,125	1,829	2,954	1.28
2007	20,713	12,151	8,562	1,125	2,915	4,040	2.12
2008	23,507	14,827	8,680	1,230	4,011	5,241	1.66
2009	26,980	12,877	14,103	1,595	5,127	6,722	2.10

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expenses.

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population (A)	Personal Income (in \$000's)	Per Capita Personal Income (B)	Median Age (B)	Education level in Years of Schooling	School Enrollment (C)	Unemployment Rate (D)
2000	39,000	\$ 1,025,934	\$ 26,306	34.0	14.3	10,165	3.8%
2001	40,500	1,065,393	26,306	34.0	14.3	10,618	3.6%
2002	43,103	1,133,868	26,306	34.0	14.3	11,723	4.3%
2003	47,000	1,400,741	29,803	35.1	14.3	12,708	4.7%
2004	54,000	1,609,362	29,803	35.1	14.3	13,600	4.5%
2005	62,634	1,951,801	31,162	35.5	14.3	15,023	4.6%
2006	79,322	2,050,394	25,849	33.4	14.3	16,629	3.6%
2007	84,500	2,631,837	31,146	34.9	14.3	17,733	3.6%
2008	89,000	2,963,255	33,295	35.8	14.3	18,439	3.8%
2009	92,600	2,941,717	31,768	34.5	14.2	20,056	6.5%

⁽A) Estimated

⁽B) Pearland Economic Development Corporation

⁽C) Texas Education Agency

⁽D) Bureau of Labor Statistics

^{*} Information not presented is not available.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Four Years Ago

	2009			2005		
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
	_					
Pearland ISD	2,400	1	5.62%	1,820	1	7.26%
Wal-Mart	800	2	1.87%	800	2	3.19%
City of Pearland	471	3	1.10%	420	3	1.71%
Kemlon	325	4	0.76%	185	6	0.74%
Bass Pro Shop	300	5	0.70%			
ShawCor Pipe Protection	275	6	0.64%			
Davis Lynch	250	7	0.59%			
Weatherford	325	8	0.76%	250	4	1.00%
Home Depot	225	9	0.53%			
TurboCare	181	10	0.42%	175	7	0.70%
Randall's				250	5	1.00%
Super Target				150	8	0.60%
Tele-flow				140	9	0.56%
Lowes				132	10	0.53%
Total	5,552		12.99%	4,446		17.73%

Source: Pearland Economic Development Corp.

Note: Information for the period nine years ago is not readily available.

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS
FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of Sept 30 <u>2000</u> <u>2001</u> <u>2002</u> <u>2003</u> <u>2004</u> <u>2005</u> <u> 2006</u> <u>2008</u> <u>2009</u> Function/Program Governmental Activities General Government Public Safety **Public Works Community Services** Parks and Recreation **Business Type Activities** Water & Sewer Component Unit **Economic Development** Total

Source: City Budget

CITY OF PEARLAND, TEXAS OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM,

page 1 of 2

Last Seven Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year						
	•	2003	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	2007	<u>2008</u>	2009
Function	n/Program							
GENER	AL GOVERNMENT							
Finance								
	Number of purchase orders	3,953	3,667	3,183	3,085	3,475	3,552	3,264
	Number of budget transfers	61	82	117	226	194	398	406
	Number of invoices paid	N/A	N/A	21,180	22,438	22,279	23,434	23,259
	Average number of employees paid per month	764	848	930	984	1,026	1,185	1,230
Human F	Resources							
	Number of hires	69	58	77	95	97	109	90
	Number of interviews conducted	320	292	333	360	449	353	431
	Number of applications received	2,318	2,541	3,138	2,808	3,074	2,495	3,137
Legal								
	Number of resolutions and ordinances prepared	261	268	234	295	269	293	266
Informat	ion Technology							
	Average monthly service requests	275	300	350	370	486	616	649
	Number of PC's supported	175	185	205	220	354	386	394
PURLIC	CSAFETY							
Police								
	Number of police calls resulting in dispatch	23,706	25,849	27,443	30,496	32,747	34,865	37,440
	Total police arrests made	4,234	4,222	3,753	4,809	5,053	4,424	5,188
	Dispatched calls per patrol officer	677	680	704	555	544	592	576
	Commercial vehicles equipment violations	991	1,104	1,015	1,069	980	860	711
	UCR Part I cases assigned	398	398	418	366	371	349	629
Fire	<u> </u>							
	Total number of arson incidents	8	6	4	11	21	9	8
	Fires investigated	33	71	70	120	96	28	33
	Total annual inspections	300	1,059	965	1,307	2,333	2,677	2,374
	Total calls for service	644	889	1,168	1,188	1,202	2,215	2,432
EMS								
	Total calls for service	N/A	3,297	3,941	4,290	5,372	6,029	6,411
	Patients treated	2,858	3,124	3,848	4,048	4,983	5,529	5,804
PUBLIC	CWORKS							
	intenance							
	Fleet maintenance jobs completed	3,593	3,850	3,950	4,778	4,686	4,153	3,063
	Preventative maintenance performed	1,348	1,501	2,251	1,815	1,889	1,756	1,998
Other Pu	iblic Works	,	,	,	,	,	,	,
	Fuel issued (gallons)	143,686	183,000	220,000	303,930	318,587	343,865	313,596
	Street sweeping (miles)	145	790	790	790	583	2,324	2,561
	Street signs maintained/replaced	865	758	1,170	1,725	1,404	1,288	2,864
	Total work orders completed	15,463	16,888	19,327	21,181	19,961	18,723	20,213

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM, Last Seven Fiscal Years

Last Seven I isem Teurs	Fiscal Year						
	2003	2004	<u>2005</u>	2006	2007	2008	2009
PARKS AND RECREATION							
All Parks and recreation							
ROW maintained - acres	760	N/A	N/A	478	385	210	228
Trees maintained - acres	N/A	N/A	3,450	3,450	4,280	5,000	5,004
Acres of city property mowed	N/A	N/A	N/A	167	439	470	851
Total number of parkwork orders received	N/A	N/A	N/A	227	361	316	275
Parkland - acres	N/A	N/A	N/A	175	175	180	138
Total number of special events held	24	23	24	20	25	25	25
Total number of tournaments held	N/A	N/A	N/A	19	25	9	6
Number of recreation classes offered	N/A	632	1,170	1,189	1,222	1,083	855
Average monthly attendance (all locations)	2,543	5,211	5,977	6,723	7,988	7,607	3,623
COMMUNITY SERVICES							
Animal Control							
Number of animals at shelter	2,357	1,834	2,228	2,898	3,068	2,947	2,868
Total number of calls for service	3,721	3,535	5,443	4,600	6,099	4,296	3,529
Community Development							
Total building inspections	35,007	44,973	53,924	36,724	31,004	34,773	24,834
Total code violation cases	5,242	3,687	2,792	2,739	3,962	3,629	4,274
Total permits issued	11,515	13,738	15,289	14,889	13,769	9,878	9,249
Number of plans reviewed	2,136	2,482	3,026	2,682	3,055	1,309	925
Municipal Court							
Number of trials	1,667	2,195	2,800	1,952	2,305	1,616	1,391
Number of charges	24,494	20,964	18,275	22,185	20,481	19,666	24,400
Warrants cleared	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3,596	6,402	7,374
WATER & SEWER							
Distribution and Collection							
Fire hydrant maintenance and inspections	1,730	1,730	1,967	99*	537	740	451
Backed up sewer repairs	313	261	278	251	330	393	270
Water mains repaired	29	37	71	129	108	160	168
Water Production							
Water produced - wells							
(in millions of gallons)	1,465	1,850	1,925	2,044	1,597	2,128	2,574
Surface Water Purchased							
(in millions of gallons)	118	280	683	967	1,121	1,147	1,146
Billing & Collections							
Annual meter reads	N/A	N/A	211,956	234,875	285,930	325,471	340,281
Number of bills	146,055	N/A	192,014	248,848	293,833	318,160	325,201
Wastewater Treatment							
Wastewater treated							
(in millions of gallons)	1,467	1,386	1,398	1,668	2,305	2,096	2,106

Sources: Various city departments.

^{*}In Water & Sewer, Distribution and Collection fire hydrant maintenance and inspections is contracted out. During FY06, the contractor's services were disrupted by a storm.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM,

Last Seven Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year						
		2003	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	2009
Function	on/Program							
PUBLI	C SAFETY							
Police								
	Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Police vehicles	89	100	109	112	117	126	130
Fire								
	Fire stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
	Fire vehicles	14	15	15	16	16	17	17
EMS								
	EMS Stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	EMS Ambulances	5	5	5	5	5	6	8
PUBLI	C WORKS							
Other p	ublic works							
	Streets (miles) ^a	202	232	248	578	758	773	807
	Streetlights	3,425	3,425	3,494	3,563	5,294	5,479	6,264
	Traffic signals	43	43	47	48	57	67	71
PARKS	S AND RECREATION							
	nd recreation							
	Developed acreage	124	124	124	175	175	180	138
	Pools	N/A	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Outdoor basketball courts	N/A	N/A	N/A	10	10	10	10
	Soccer fields	N/A	N/A	N/A	12	12	12	12
	Activity buildings	2	2	3	3	3	3	3
	Baseball/Softball Fields	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
WATE	R AND SEWER							
Water P	Production							
	Water wells	8	8	9	9	10	11	11
	Pumping stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	Ground storage tanks	10	10	13	15	15	15	15
	Elevated towers	4	4	4	5	5	5	5
Wastew								
	Treatment Plants	4	4	4	4	5	5	5
	Lift Stations	74	74	78	74	78	76	78
Distribu	ntion and Collection							
	Water mains (miles)	240	250	296	361	395	410	420
	Sanitary sewers (miles)	230	240	279	321	353	360	370

Sources: Various city departments.

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government and community services functions.

Beginning FY07, a GIS system was used to measure street miles.

^a=Inside city limits. Prior to FY07, street miles were measured visually.