Section 02985

FIBER OPTICS

1.0 G E N E R A L

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Technical specification and bid items for fiber optics as shown in the ***attachment A***

1.02 UNIT PRICES

A. See the **attachment A** for unit price

1.03 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

A. See **attachment A** for detail

1.04 SUBMITTALS

A. Submit shop drawings under provisions of Section 01350 - Submittal Procedures.

2.0 P R O D U C T S

2.01 FIBER OPTICS MATERIALS

B. See **attachment A** for detail

3.0 E X E C U T I O N

3.01 INSTALLATION

A. See the **attachment A** for detail.

END OF SECTION

ATTACHMENT A

BID ITEM 0001

Data Sheet

Cisco Industrial Ethernet 4000 Series Switches

Developed specifically to withstand the harshest industrial manufacturing environments, these switches offer today's most flexible and scalable industrial Ethernet platform that will grow with your network.

Product Overview

The Cisco® Industrial Ethernet (IE) 4000 Series is the latest addition to our ruggedized switching platforms and provides superior high-bandwidth switching and proven Cisco IOS® Software-based routing capabilities for industrial environments. The IE 4000 Series delivers highly secure access and industry-leading convergence using the Cisco Resilient Ethernet Protocol (REP) and is built to withstand extreme environments while adhering to overall IT network design, compliance, and performance requirements.

The IE 4000 Series is ideal for industrial Ethernet applications where hardened products are required, including factory automation, energy and process control, intelligent transportation systems (ITS), oil and gas field sites, city surveillance programs, and mining. With improved overall performance, greater bandwidth, a richer feature set, and enhanced hardware, the Cisco IE 4000 Series complements the current industrial Ethernet portfolio of related Cisco industrial switches, such as the Cisco IE 2000 and IE 3000.

The Cisco IE 4000 can easily be installed in your network. Through a user-friendly web device manager, the Cisco IE 4000 provides easy out-of-the-box configuration and simplified operational manageability to deliver advanced security, data, video, and voice services over industrial networks.

Features and Benefits

Table 1. Features and Benefits of Cisco IE 4000

Feature	Benefit
Robust Industrial Design	• Built for harsh environment and temperature range (-40 to 70 C). • Hardened for vibration, shock and surge, and noise immunity. • Resilient dual ring design via 4x Gigabit Ethernet uplink ports. • Complies with multi-industry specifications for automation, ITS, and substation environments. • Improves uptime, performance, and safety of industrial systems and equipment. • Fitted with compact, PLC (Programmable Logic Control) style DIN rail compliant form factor ideal for industrial deployment. • Covers a wide range of Power over Ethernet (PoE) application requirements.
User-Friendly GUI Device Manager	• Allows easily configuration and monitoring via a web browser. • Eliminates the need for more complex terminal emulation programs. • Reduces the cost of deployment.
SwapDrive: "Zero-Config" Replacement	• Simple switch replacement in case of a failure. • No networking expertise required. • Helps ensure fast recovery.
High-Density Industrial Power over Ethernet (PoE)	• Reduces complexity with one cable for both connectivity and power. • Controls costs by limiting wiring, distribution panels, and circuit breakers. • Creates space and reduces heat dissipation. • Enables ready-to-use PoE devices like IP phones and wireless access points. • Supports (on select models) maximum HD camera deployments.

Feature	Benefit
Full Gigabit Ethernet Switch	• Connects new wireless access point (802.11n and 802.11ac). • Enables new HD IP Cameras and new PLC (Programmable Logic Control). • Allows SCADA (Supervisory Control And Data Acquisition) connectivity. • Provides introduction of new bandwidth-hungry applications in the industrial space. • Supports very-delay-sensitive applications and time-sensitive networks. • Delivers multiple rings, redundant ring topology for new network configurations. • Extends geographical scalability where longer distance connectivity is required.

Your Ruggedized Choice for Industrial Environments

The Cisco Industrial Ethernet (IE) 4000 Series offers:

- Bandwidth and capacity to grow with your networking needs: 20-Gbps nonblocking switching capacity with up to 20 Gigabit Ethernet ports per switch
- High-density industrial PoE/PoE+ support providing in-line power to up to 8 power devices, including IP cameras and phones, badge readers, wireless access points, etc.
- Cisco IOS Software features for smooth IT integration and policy consistency
- Robust resiliency enabled by dual ring design via 4x Gigabit Ethernet uplink ports, Resilient Ethernet Protocol (REP), Parallel Redundancy Protocol (PRP), PROFINET– Media Redundancy Protocol (MRP), Etherchannel and Flexlink support, redundant power input, dying gasp, etc.
- True zero-touch replacement for middle-of-the-night or middle-of-nowhere failure
- Line-rate, low-latency forwarding with advanced hardware assist features (such as NAT, IEEE1588)
- Simplified software upgrade path with universal images
- Support of Industrial automation protocols EtherNet/IP (CIP) and PROFINET, MRP (IEC 62439-2)

Figure 1 shows switch models, Table 2 shows all the available Cisco IE 4000 Series models, Table 3 list the SW license PIDs and Table 4 lists the power supplies for Cisco IE 4000 Series Switches.

Figure 1. IE 4000 Models

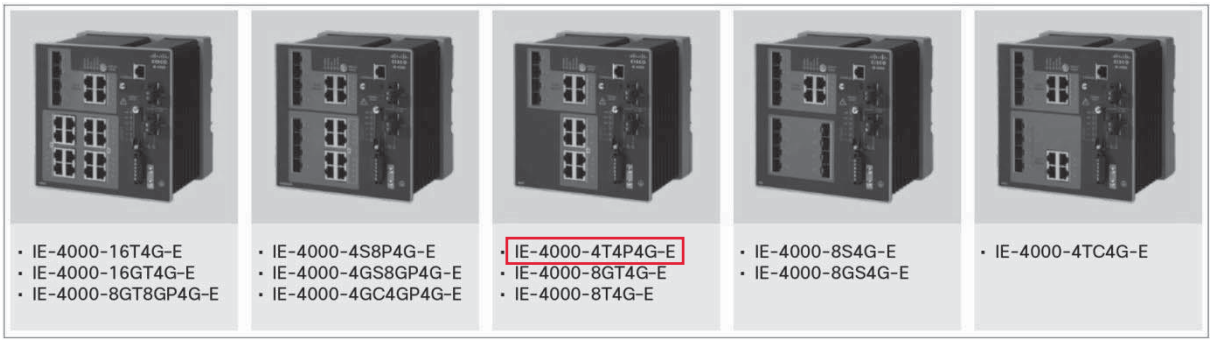


Table 2. Cisco IE 4000 Series Models

Product Number	Total Ports	GE Combo Uplinks (4G)[1]	Additional Combo Ports	RJ-45 Copper Ports (T)	SFP Fiber Ports (S)	PoE/PoE+ Ports (P, GP)	Default Software
IE-4000-4TC4G-E	8	All models have 4 GE combo uplink ports	4 (FE)				All models ship with LAN Base image[2]
IE-4000-8T4G-E	12			8 (FE)			
IE-4000-8S4G-E	12				8 (FE)		
IE-4000-4T4P4G-E	12			4 (FE)		4 (FE)	
IE-4000-16T4G-E	20			16 (FE)			
IE-4000-4S8P4G-E	16				4 (FE)	8 (FE)	
IE-4000-8GT4G-E	12			8 (GE)			
IE-4000-8GS4G-E	12				8 (GE)		
IE-4000-4GC4GP4G-E	12		4 (GE)			4 (GE)	
IE-4000-16GT4G-E	20			16 (GE)			
IE-4000-8GT8GP4G-E	20			8 (GE)		8 (GE)	
IE-4000-4GS8GP4G-E	16				4 (GE)	8 (GE)	

[1] Combo ports provide one copper and one fiber physical port and only one can be activated at a time.
[2] Can be upgraded to IP Services at a fee.

Table 3. Cisco IE 4000 SW License and Accessories PIDs

License	Description
L-IE4000-RTU=	IE4000 Electronic software license upgrade from LAN base to IP Services
LIC-MRP-Manager	MRP ring manager license
LIC-MRP-Client	MRP ring client license
LIC-MRP-MULTI-MGR	Multiple MRP manger license
STK-RACKMNT-2955=	19" DIN Rail mount kit
STK-RACK-DINRAIL=	19" DIN Rail mount kit

All copper Gigabit Ethernet interfaces support speed negotiation to 10/100/1000 mbps and duplex negotiation. All copper Fast Ethernet interfaces support speed negotiation to 10/100 mbps and duplex negotiation.

Table 4. Power Supplies for Cisco IE 4000 Series Switches

Product Number	Wattage	Rated Nominal Input Operating Range	Supported Input Voltage Operating Range	Power Output	PoE/PoE + Support	Use Case Scenario
PWR-IE170W- PC-AC=	170W	AC 100-240V/2.3A 50-60Hz or DC 125-250V/2.1A	AC 90-264V or DC 106-300V	54VDC/3.15A	Yes	Maximum PoE/PoE+ port support in a AC or high DC environment[1]
PWR-IE170W- PC-DC=	170W	DC 12-54V/23A	DC 10.8-60V	54VDC/3.15A	Yes	Maximum PoE/PoE+ port support in a DC environment[1]
PWR-IE50W- AC=	50W	AC 100-240V/1.25A 50-60Hz or DC 125-250V/1.25A	AC 90-264V or DC 106-300V	24VDC/2.1A	No	No PoE/PoE+ support needed in an AC or DC environment
PWR-IE50W- AC-IEC=	50W	AC 100-240V/1.25A 50-60Hz	AC 90-264V	24VDC/2.1A	No	No PoE/PoE+ support needed when IEC plug is desired

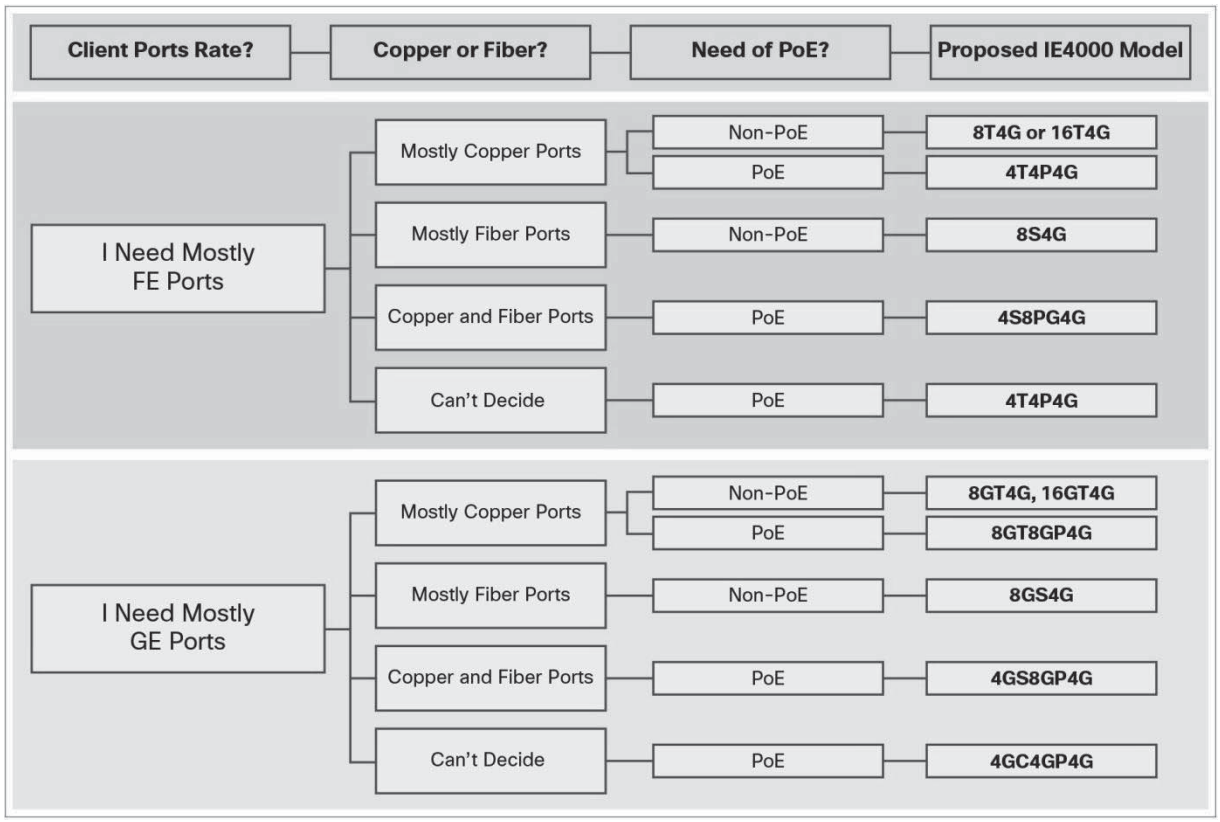
Product Number	Wattage	Rated Nominal Input Operating Range	Supported Input Voltage Operating Range	Power Output	PoE/PoE + Support	Use Case Scenario
PWR-IE65W- PC-AC=	65W	AC 100-240V/1.4A 50-60Hz or DC 125-250V/1.0A	AC 90-264V or DC 106-300V	54VDC/1.2 A	Yes	Minimum (1~2 port) PoE support needed in an AC or high DC environment[2]
PWR-IE65W- PC-DC=	65W	DC 24-48VDC/4.5A	DC 18-60V	54VDC/1.2 A	Yes	Minimum (1~2 port) PoE support needed in a DC environment2

[1] The entire power budget for the switch and PoE ports needs to stay within 170W. A PoE port draws up to 15.4W of power, and a PoE+ port draws up to 30W of power.

[2] The entire power budget for the switch and PoE ports needs to stay within 65W.

Figure 2 shows a diagram to help you select a Cisco IE 4000 model.

Figure 2. Cisco IE 4000 Model Selection Guide



Product Specifications

Table 5 lists specifications, Table 6 gives information about switch performance and scalability, Table 7 and 8 list important software features, Table 9 lists compliance specifications, and Table 10 gives information about management and standards of the Cisco IE 4000 Series Switches.

Table 5. Product Specifications

Description	Specification
Hardware	• 1GB DRAM • 128-MB onboard flash memory • 1-GB removable SD flash memory card • Mini-USB connector • RJ-45 connector
Alarm	• Alarm I/O: two alarm inputs to detect dry contact open or closed, one alarm output relay
Power Input	• Redundant DC input voltage with operating range: nominal 9.6 to 60VDC • Maximum DC input current: 3.7A (IE-4000-4T4P4G-E, IE-4000-8T4G-E, IE-4000-8GT4G-E, IE-4000-16T4G-E), 4.3A (IE- 4000-4GC4GP4G-E, IE-4000-4TC4G-E, IE-4000-4S8P4G-E, IE-4000-4GS8GP4G-E, IE-4000-16GT4G-E, IE- 4000-8GT8GP4G-E), 5A (IE-4000-8S4G-E, IE-4000-8GS4G-E)
Power Consumption	• IE-4000-4T4P4G-E, IE-4000-8T4G-E, IE-4000-8GT4G-E, and IE-4000-16T4G-E: 35W • IE-4000-4GC4GP4G-E, IE-4000-4TC4G-E, IE-4000-4S8P4G-E, IE-4000-4GS8GP4G-E, and IE-4000-16GT4G-E: 40W • IE-4000-8S4G-E, IE-4000-8GS4G-E: 42W • These numbers are measured at 9.6V and do not include PoE power consumption
Dimensions, (H x W x D)	• All IE 4000 models have the following dimensions: 6.12 x 6.12 x 5.09 in. (155.4 x 155.4 x 129.2 mm) • PWR-IE170W-PC-AC=: 5.93 x 3.72 x 5.60 in. (150.6 x 94.5 x 142.2) • PWR-IE170W-PC-DC=: 5.93 x 4.47 x 5.75 in. (150.6 x 113.5 x 145.8) • PWR-IE50W-AC=: 5.8 x 2.0 x 4.4 in. (147 x 51 x 112 mm) • PWR-IE50W-AC-IEC=: 5.8 x 2.0 x 4.4 in. (147 x 51 x 112 mm) • PWR-IE65W-PC-AC=: 5.9 x 2.6 x 4.6 in. (150 x 66 x 117 mm) • PWR-IE65W-PC-DC=: 5.9 x 2.6 x 4.6 in. (150 x 66 x 117 mm)
Weight	• All IE4000 models listed in Table 1: 6.35 pounds (2.88 kg) • PWR-IE170W-PC-AC=: 3.88 pounds (1.76 kg) • PWR-IE170W-PC-DC=: 3.7 pounds (1.67 kg) • PWR-IE50W-AC=: 1.4 lb (0.65 kg) • PWR-IE50W-AC-IEC=: 1.4 lb (0.65 kg) • PWR-IE65W-PC-DC=: 2.6 (1.18 Kg) • PWR-IE65W-PC-AC=: 2.7 (1.24 Kg)

Table 6. Switch Performance and Scalability

Description	Specification
Forwarding rate	Line rate for all ports and all packet sizes
Number of queues	4 egress
Unicast MAC addresses	16,000
IGMP multicast groups	1,000
Number of VLANs	1,000
IPv4 MAC security ACEs	1,000 with default TCAM Template
NAT translation	Bidirectional, 128 unique subnet NAT translation entries, which can expand to tens of thousands of translated entries if designed properly

Table 7. Cisco IE 4000 LAN BASE: Key Software Features

LAN Base License (Default)	Features
Layer 2 Switching	IEEE 802.1, 802.3, 802.3at, 802.3af standard, VTPv2, NTP, UDLD, CDP, LLDP, Unicast Mac filter, Flexlink, Resilient Ethernet Protocol (REP), Parallel Redundancy Protocol (PRP), VTPv3, EtherChannel, Voice VLAN, qinq tunneling
Security	SCP, SSH, SNMPv3, TACACS+, RADIUS Server/Client, MAC Address Notification, BPDU Guard, Port-Security, Private VLAN, DHCP Snooping, Dynamic ARP Inspection, IP Source Guard, 802.1x, Guest VLAN, MAC Authentication Bypass, 802.1x Multi-Domain Authentication, Storm Control, Trust Boundary, Cisco TrustSec® supporting SGT inline tagging and SGACL, FIPS 140-2
Layer 2 Multicast	IGMPv1, v2, v3 Snooping, IGMP filtering, IGMP Querier
Management	Fast Boot, Express Setup, Web Device Manager, Cisco Network Assistant[1], Cisco Prime™ platform1, MIB, SmartPort, SNMP, syslog, Storm Control - Unicast, Multicast, Broadcast, SPAN Sessions, RSPAN, DHCP Server, Customized TCAM/SDM size configuration, DOM (digital optical management)
Industrial Ethernet	CIP Ethernet/IP, Profinet v2 MRP (IEC 62439-2), IEEE 1588 PTP v2, NTP to PTP translation, CIP Time Sync
Quality of Service	Ingress Policing, Rate-Limit, Egress Queueing/shaping, AutoQoS, Modular QoS CLI (MQC)
Layer 2 IPv6	IPv6 Host support, HTTP over IPv6, SNMP over IPv6
Layer 3 Routing	IPv4 Static Routing
Industrial Management	Layer 2 switching with 1:1 static Network Address Translation (NAT)
Utility	Power Profile, dying gasp, GOOSE messaging, SCADA protocol classification, MODBUS TCP/IP, utility SmartPort macro, BFD, Ethernet OAM, IEEE 802.3ah, CFM (IEEE 802.1ag)

[1] Support after product General Availability

Table 8. Cisco IE 4000 IP Services: Key Software Features

IP Services License	Additional Features
IP Multicast	PIM sparse mode (PIM-SM), PIM dense mode (PIM-DM), and PIM sparse-dense mode
Industrial Management	Embedded Event Manager (EEM)
IP Unicast Routing Protocols	OSPF, EIGRP, BGPv4, IS-IS, RIPv2, Policy-Based Routing (PBR), HSRP
Cisco Express Forwarding	Hardware routing architecture delivers extremely high-performance IP routing
IPv6 Routing	RIPng, OSPFv6, and EIGRPv6 support
Security	IEEE 802.1AE MACsec, Security Group Access Control Lists (SGACL)
Virtualization	VRF-lite

To enable PROFINET MRP (IEC 62439-2) functionalities on the IE4000 switches the relevant SW license, listed in table 3 should be ordered.

Table 9. Compliance Specifications

Type	Standards
Electromagnetic Emissions	FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Class A EN 55022A Class A VCCI Class A AS/NZS CISPR 22 Class A CISPR 11 Class A CISPR 22 Class A ICES 003 Class A CNS13438 Class A KN22
Electromagnetic Immunity	EN55024 CISPR 24 AS/NZS CISPR 24

Type	Standards
	KN24 EN 61000-4-2 Electro Static Discharge EN 61000-4-3 Radiated RF EN 61000-4-4 Electromagnetic Fast Transients N 61000-4-5 Surge EN 61000-4-6 Conducted RF EN 61000-4-8 Power Frequency Magnetic Field EN 61000-4-9 Pulse Magnetic Field EN 61000-4-11 AC Power Voltage EN 61000-4-18 Damped Oscillatory Wave EN-61000-4-29 DC Voltage Dips
Industry Standards	EN 61000-6-1 Light Industrial EN 61000-6-2 Industrial EN 61000-6-4 Industrial EN 61326 Industrial Control EN 61131-2 Programmable Controllers Substation KEMA (IEEE 1613, IEC 61850-3) NEMA TS-2 (EMC, environmental, mechanical) IEEE 1613 Electric Power Stations Communications Networking IEC 61850-3 Electric Substations Communications Networking EN50155 Railway - Electronic Equipment on Rolling Stock (EMC, ENV, Mech) EN50121-4 Railway - Signaling and Telecommunications Apparatus EN50121-3-2 Railway - Apparatus for Rolling Stock ODVA Industrial EtherNet/IP PROFINET conformance B IP30 (per EN60529)
Safety Standards and Certifications	**Information Technology Equipment:** UL/CSA 60950-1 EN 60950-1 CB to IEC 60950-1 with all country deviations NOM to NOM-019-SCFI (through partners and distributor) **Industrial Floor (Control Equipment):** UL 508 CSA C22.2, No 142 **Hazardous Locations:** ANSI/ISA 12.12.01 CSA C22.2 No 213 IEC 60079-0, -15 IECEx test report EN 60079-0, -15 ATEX certification (Class I Zone 2) Cabinet enclosure required
Operating Environment	Operating Temperature: -40C to +75C • -40C to +70C (Vented Enclosure Operating) • -40C to +60C (Sealed Enclosure Operating) • -34C to +75C (Fan or Blower equipped Enclosure Operating) EN 60068-2-1 EN 60068-2-2 EN 61163 Altitude: up to 15,000 feet
Storage Environment	Temperature: -40 to +85 degrees C Altitude: 15,000 feet IEC 60068-2-14
Humidity	Relative humidity of 5% to 95% non-condensing IEC 60068-2-3 IEC 60068-2-30
Shock and Vibration	IEC 60068-2-27 (operational shock, 50G, 11ms, Half Sine) IEC 60068-2-27 (Non-Operational Shock, 65-80G, 9ms, Trapezoidal) IEC 60068-2-6, IEC 60068-2-64, EN 61373 (Operational Vibration) IEC 60068-2-6, IEC 60068-2-64, EN 61373 (Non-operational Vibration)

Type	Standards
Corrosion	ISO 9223: Corrosion class C3-Medium class C4-High EN 60068-2-52 (Salt Fog) EN 60068-2-60 (Flowing Mixed Gas)
Others	RoHS Compliance China RoHS Compliance TAA (Government) CE (Europe)
Warranty	Five-year limited HW warranty on all IE-4000 PIDs and all IE Power Supplies (see table 3 above). See link below for more details on warranty
Mean Time Between Failure (MTBF)	IE-4000-4TC4G-E: 578, 730 Hours IE-4000-8T4G-E: 591, 070 Hours IE-4000-8S4G-E: 583, 700 Hours IE-4000-4T4P4G-E: 562, 300 Hours IE-4000-16T4G-E: 558, 310 Hours IE-4000-4S8P4G-E: 535, 880 Hours IE-4000-8GT4G-E: 591, 240 Hours IE-4000-8GS4G-E: 583, 700 Hours IE-4000-4GC4GP4G-E: 550, 940 Hours IE-4000-16GT4G-E: 558, 630 Hours IE-4000-8GT8GP4G-E: 519, 190 Hours IE-4000-4GS8GP4G-E: 536, 220 Hours

Table 10. Management and Standards

Description	Specification	
IEEE Standards	• IEEE 802.1D MAC Bridges, STP • IEEE 802.1p Layer2 COS prioritization • IEEE 802.1q VLAN • IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning-Trees • IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning-Tree • IEEE 802.1x Port Access Authentication • IEEE 802.1AB LLDP • IEEE 802.3ad Link Aggregation (LACP) • IEEE 802.3af Power over Ethernet provides up to 15.4W DC power to each end device • IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet provides up to 25.5W DC power to each end device	• IEEE 802.3af Power over Ethernet • IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet Plus • IEEE 802.3ah 100BASE-X SMF/MMF only • IEEE 802.3x full duplex on 10BASE-T • IEEE 802.3 10BASE-T specification • IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-TX specification • IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-T specification • IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X specification • IEEE 1588v2 PTP Precision Time Protocol
RFC Compliance	• RFC 768: UDP • RFC 783: TFTP • RFC 791: IPv4 protocol • RFC 792: ICMP • RFC 793: TCP • RFC 826: ARP • RFC 854: Telnet • RFC 951: BOOTP • RFC 959: FTP • RFC 1157: SNMPv1 • RFC 1901,1902-1907 SNMPv2 • RFC 2273-2275: SNMPv3 • RFC 2571: SNMP Management • RFC 1166: IP Addresses • RFC 1256: ICMP Router Discovery	• RFC 1305: NTP • RFC 1492: TACACS+ • RFC 1493: Bridge MIB Objects • RFC 1534: DHCP and BOOTP interoperation • RFC 1542: Bootstrap Protocol • RFC 1643: Ethernet Interface MIB • RFC 1757: RMON • RFC 2068: HTTP • RFC 2131, 2132: DHCP • RFC 2236: IGMP v2 • RFC 3376: IGMP v3 • RFC 2474: DiffServ Precedence • RFC 3046: DHCP Relay Agent Information Option • RFC 3580: 802.1x RADIUS • RFC 4250-4252 SSH Protocol

Description	Specification	
SNMP MIB Objects	• BRIDGE-MIB • CALISTA-DPA-MIB • CISCO-ACCESS-ENVMON-MIB • CISCO-ADMISSION-POLICY-MIB • CISCO-AUTH-FRAMEWORK-MIB • CISCO-BRIDGE-EXT-MIB • CISCO-BULK-FILE-MIB • CISCO-CABLE-DIAG-MIB • CISCO-CALLHOME-MIB • CISCO-CAR-MIB • CISCO-CDP-MIB • CISCO-CIRCUIT-INTERFACE-MIB • CISCO-CLUSTER-MIB • CISCO-CONFIG-COPY-MIB • CISCO-CONFIG-MAN-MIB • CISCO-DATA-COLLECTION-MIB • CISCO-DHCP-SNOOPING-MIB • CISCO-EMBEDDED-EVENT-MGR-MIB • CISCO-ENTITY-ALARM-MIB • CISCO-ENTITY-VENDORTYPE-OID-MIB • CISCO-ENVMON-MIB • CISCO-ERR-DISABLE-MIB • CISCO-FLASH-MIB • CISCO-FTP-CLIENT-MIB • CISCO-IF-EXTENSION-MIB • CISCO-IGMP-FILTER-MIB • CISCO-IMAGE-MIB • CISCO-IP-STAT-MIB • CISCO-LAG-MIB • CISCO-LICENSE-MGMT-MIB • CISCO-MAC-AUTH-BYPASS-MIB • CISCO-MAC-NOTIFICATION-MIB • CISCO-MEMORY-POOL-MIB • CISCO-PAE-MIB • CISCO-PAGP-MIB • CISCO-PING-MIB • CISCO-PORT-QOS-MIB • CISCO-PORT-SECURITY-MIB • CISCO-PORT-STORM-CONTROL-MIB • CISCO-PRIVATE-VLAN-MIB • CISCO-PROCESS-MIB • CISCO-PRODUCTS-MIB • CISCO-RESILIENT-ETHERNET-PROTOCOL-MIB • CISCO-RTTMON-ICMP-MIB • CISCO-RTTMON-IP-EXT-MIB • CISCO-RTTMON-MIB • CISCO RTTMON-RTP-MIB	• CISCO-SNMP-TARGET-EXT-MIB • CISCO-STACK-MIB • CISCO-STACKMAKER-MIB • CISCO-STP-EXTENSIONS-MIB • CISCO-SYSLOG-MIB • CISCO-TCP-MIB • CISCO-UDLDP-MIB • CISCO-VLAN-IFTABLE-RELATIONSHIP-MIB • CISCO-VLAN-MEMBERSHIP-MIB • CISCO-VTP-MIB • ENTITY-MIB • ETHERLIKE-MIB • HC-RMON-MIB • IEEE8021-PAE-MIB • IEEE8023-LAG-MIB • IF-MIB • IP-FORWARD-MIB • LLDP-EXT-MED-MIB • LLDP-EXT-PNO-MIB • LLDP-MIB • NETRANGER • NOTIFICATION-LOG-MIB • OLD-CISCO-CHASSIS-MIB • OLD-CISCO-CPU-MIB • OLD-CISCO-FLASH-MIB • OLD-CISCO-INTERFACES-MIB • OLD-CISCO-IP-MIB • OLD-CISCO-MEMORY-MIB • OLD-CISCO-SYS-MIB • OLD-CISCO-SYSTEM-MIB • OLD-CISCO-TCP-MIB • OLD-CISCO-TS-MIB • RMON-MIB • RMON2-MIB • SMON-MIB • SNMP-COMMUNITY-MIB • SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB • SNMP-MPD-MIB • SNMP-NOTIFICATION-MIB • SNMP-PROXY-MIB • SNMP-TARGET-MIB • SNMP-USM-MIB • SNMP-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB • SNMPv2-MIB • TCP-MIB • UDP-MIB	

Table 11. SFP Support

Part Number	Specification	SFP Type	Max Distance	Cable Type	Temp Range*	DOM Support
GLC-FE-100FX-RGD=	100BASE-FX	FE	2km	MMF	IND	Yes
GLC-FE-100LX-RGD	100BASE-LX10	FE	10km	SMF	IND	Yes
GLC-FE-100FX=	100BASE-FX	FE	2km	SMF	COM	No
GLC-FE-100LX=	100BASE-LX10	FE	10km	SMF	COM	No
GLC-FE-100EX=	100BASE-EX	FE	40km	SMF	COM	No
GLC-FE-100ZX=	100BASE-ZX	FE	80km	SMF	COM	No
GLC-FE-100BX-D=	100BASE-BX10	FE	10km	SMF	COM	No
GLC-FE-100BX-U=	100BASE-BX10	FE	10km	SMF	COM	Yes
GLC-SX-MM-RGD=	1000BASE-SX	GE	550m	MMF	IND	Yes
GLC-LX-SM-RGD=	1000BASE-LX/LH	GE	550m/10km	MMF/SMF	IND	Yes
GLC-ZX-SM-RGD=	1000BASE-ZX	GE	70km	SMF	IND	Yes
GLC-BX40-U-I=	1000BASE-BX40	GE	40km	SMF	IND	Yes
GLC-BX40-D-I=	1000BASE-BX40	GE	40km	SMF	IND	Yes
GLC-BX40-DA-I=	1000BASE-BX40	GE	40km	SMF	IND	Yes
GLC-BX80-U-I=	1000BASE-BX80	GE	80km	SMF	IND	Yes
GLC-BX80-D-I=	1000BASE-BX80	GE	80km	SMF	IND	Yes
GLC-SX-MMD=	1000BASE-SX	GE	550m	MMF	EXT	Yes
GLC-LH-SMD=	1000BASE-LX/LH	GE	550m/10km	MMF/SMF	EXT	Yes
GLC-EX-MMD=	1000BASE-EX	GE	40km	SMF	EXT	Yes
GLC-ZX-MMD=	1000BASE-ZX	GE	70km	SMF	EXT	Yes
GLC-BX-D=	1000BASE-BX10	GE	10km	SMF	COM	Yes
GLC-BX-U=	1000BASE-BX10	GE	10km	SMF	COM	Yes
CWDM-SFP-xxxx= (8 freq)	CWDM 1000BASE-X	GE		SMF	COM	Yes
DWDM-SFP-xxxx= (40 freq)	DWDM 1000BASE-X	GE		SMF	COM	Yes
SFP-GE-S=	1000BASE-SX	GE	550m	MMF	EXT	Yes
SFP-GE-L=	1000BASE-LX/LH	GE	550m/10km	MMF/SMF	EXT	Yes
SFP-GE-Z=	1000BASE-ZX	GE	70km	SMF	EXT	Yes
GLC-SX-MM=	1000BASE-SX	GE	550m	MMF	COM	No
GLC-LH-SM=	1000BASE-LX/LH	GE	550m/10km	MMF/SMF	COM	No
GLC-ZX-SM=	1000BASE-ZX	GE	70km	SMF	COM	Yes
GLC-TE=	1000BASE-T	GE	100m	Copper	EXT	NA
GLC-T=	1000BASE-T	GE	100m	Copper	COM	NA

Note: Not all SFPs supported in all SW versions. For first software release supporting SFP refer to http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/hw/modules/ps5455/products_device_support_tables_list.html

* If non industrial (i.e., EXT, COM) SFPs are used the switch operating temperature must be derated.
MMF = multi-mode fiber
SMF = single-mode fiber

Warranty Information

Warranty information for the IE 4000 is available on http://www.cisco-servicefinder.com/warrantyfinder.aspx.

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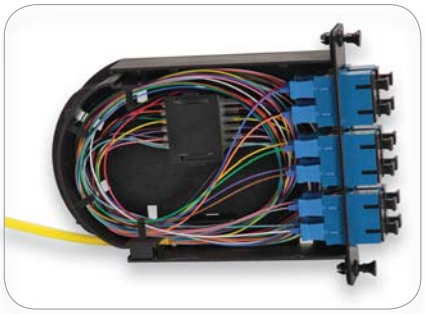
Printed in USA C78-733058-08 08/16



12-Fiber SC/UPC Configuration

DAS Poli-MOD

Poli-MOD® Patch and Splice Module

AFL's new Poli-MOD is an innovative patch and splice module, which offers an inventive and effective means to accommodate up to 24 fiber interconnections in an industry-standard, single-slot LGX®118 footprint. The new Poli-MOD offers a unique and robust way to secure cable without the need for time-wasting, tie-wrap alternatives. Additionally, the module leverages a creative snap-in splice sleeve cradle to securely manage both single and ribbon fiber arrangements. These features provide the capacity to outfit a standard 4RU rack-mount panel with up to 288-fiber interconnections.

The Poli-MOD is also offered in an arrangement that supports the low loss budget requirements of Distributed Antenna System (DAS) networks. This is accomplished through the elimination of an interconnection point while providing a robust splicing environment for rack and wall-mount panel applications.

Features

- 24-fiber interconnection capacity
- LGX 118 compatibility (single-slot module)
- Effective and time-saving cable mounting mechanism (no tie-wraps necessary)
- Inventive splice sleeve cradle
- Available in SC, LC, ST and FC connector arrangements
- Organized fiber routing
- Fixed solution, no moving parts
- Multi-directional cable entry access
- DIN rail mountable (with DIN Mount Kit)

Applications

- Telecommunications Closets
- Data Centers
- Customer Premise
- Local Area Networks
- Wide Area Networks
- Central Offices
- Hub Sites
- Cabinets
- Remote Terminals
- Distributed Antenna Systems (DAS)

LGX is a registered trademark of Furukawa Electric North America, Inc.

Poli-MOD® Patch and Splice Module

Ordering Information

Example: PM-L-12-ASC-0-S-01

PM – L – 12 – ASC – 0 – S – 01

Configuration
- E = Empty (Splicing Only)
- H = Half Loaded (Adapter Plate only)
- L = Loaded (Adapter Plate & Pigtails)
- D = DAS Poli-MOD[1]

Fiber/Connector Count
- 06 = 6 Fibers/Connectors
- 12 = 12 Fibers/Connectors
- 24 = 24 Fibers/Connectors[2]
- XX = Empty

Connector Type[3]
- ASC = Angle-Polished SC
- USC = Ultra-Polished SC
- PSC = Multimode SC
- ALC = Angle-Polished LC
- ULC = Ultra-Polished LC
- PLC = Multimode LC
- UST = Ultra-Polished ST
- PST = Multimode ST
- AFC = Angle-Polished FC
- UFC = Ultra-Polished FC
- PFC = Multimode FC
- XXX = Empty

Fiber Type
- 0 = Single-mode (G.657.A1 BIF)
- 1 = 62.5 µm (OM1)
- 2 = 50 µm (OM2)
- 3 = 50 µm (OM3)
- 4 = 50 µm (OM4)
- X = Empty

Fiber Arrangement
- S = Single/Standard
- R = Ribbon
- 3 = 3 mm, 3 meter DAS
- X = No Fiber (Half Loaded or Empty)

Packaging
- 01 = 1 Poli-MOD per box*
- 06 = 6 Poli-MODs per box
- 12 = 12 Poli-MODs per box

1. DAS Poli-MOD requires specialty packaging and is packaged as "1 Poli-MOD per box" ONLY.
2. 24 Fibers/Connectors are only available in a LC Duplex configuration.
3. Angle and Ultra-Polished connector types are only available with single-mode fiber configurations.

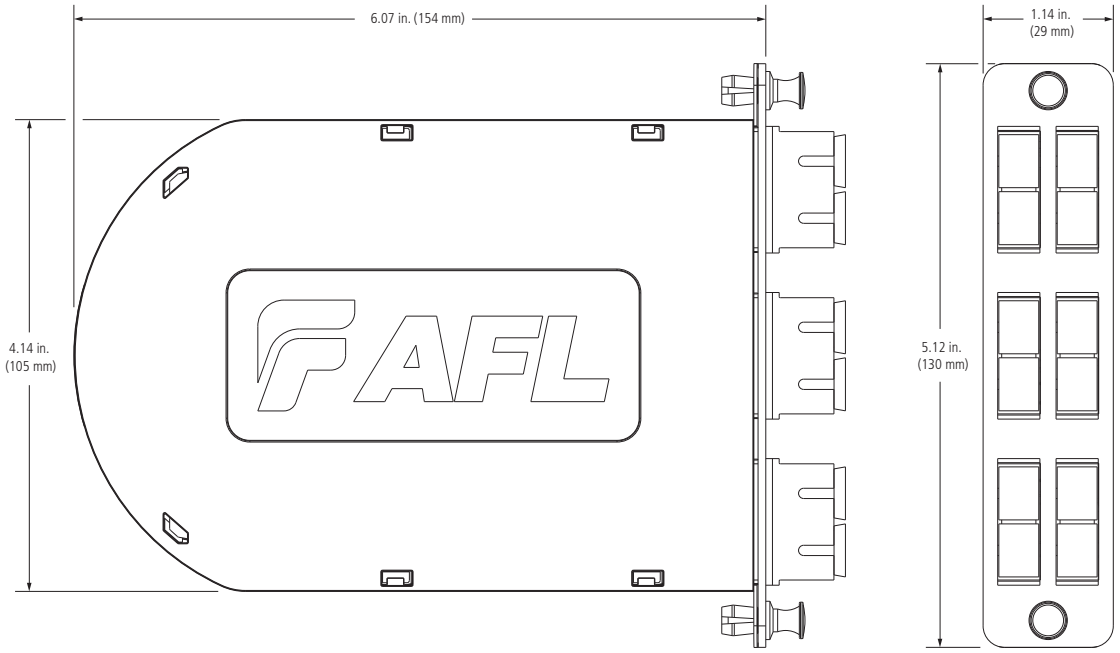
Connector Color Codes

CONNECTOR	COLOR
APC (Angled Polish Connector)	Green
UPC (Ultra Polish Connector)	Blue
PC-OM1	Beige
PC-OM2	Black
PC-OM3 / PC-OM4	Aqua

Poli-MOD Kits/Accessories

DESCRIPTION	AFL NO.
Poli-MOD Cable Mounting Clip Kit	FM003053
Poli-MOD Spiral Wrap Kit	FM003280
Fusion Splice Sleeve, FP-03, 40 mm	S000206
Adapter Bracket for Mounting Single Poli-MOD, angled	FM000948-B
Adapter Bracket for Mounting Single Poli-MOD, flat	FM003589-B
Corning CCH and PCH 145 mm Adapter Bracket	FM001636
DIN Mount Kit, LGX® 118	FM003394

Dimensions



BID ITEM 0003

JOHN DRAKE
1700 Carnegie Ave. Suite 100
Santa Ana, CA 92705-5551
Phone: (512)592-9567
email: jgd@iteris.com, web site: www.iteris.com

EQUIPMENT QUOTE
Quote #: 032917-5-JGD

Ed Kupferer Pearland, City of 2559 Hillhouse Rd, Pearland, TX 77581	ekupferer@ci.pearland.tx.us

March 29, 2017

Agency:
Project Name: COMM CABINET

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION	NOTES	QTY	SUPPLIER	UNIT PRICE		EXT. PRICE
ITEM	COMM CABINET WITH POWER PANEL, SURGE SUPPRESSION AND 4 OUTLET POWER STRIP		15		[redacted]		[redacted]
EL762TX1	BBS CABINET SHELL		15				
AAD16669-001	TXDOT BBS POWER PANEL		15				
100102001	FAN&THERMO KIT NEMA		15				
4-OUTLET BOX	4 OUTLET POWER STRIP		15				
Fax or email Purchase Orders to: Marilyn Holden, (949) 270-9441, mdh@iteris.com, please include quote number on your purchase order					SUBTOTAL		[redacted]
Quote Terms: Net 30 days, subject to credit approval and Iteris Standard Terms & Conditions unless negotiated in writing with Iteris, Inc. prior to purchase.					FREIGHT		PPD
Prices are valid for 30 days from the date of quote unless extended in writing.					TAX		0.00%
FOB Destination, freight included, does not include insurance. Equipment from this quote may only be installed in the State of Texas.					DISCOUNT		0.00%
This quotation and any resulting order are subject to Iteris' Roadway Sensor Products Standard Terms and Conditions of Sale attached hereto or available at http://www.iteris.com/RS-Std-TC.pdf, which are incorporated herein by this reference.					TOTAL		[redacted]

Xpress Fiber Management® (XFM®) 4RU Patch Panel

The Xpress Fiber Management (XFM) 4RU patch panel is a rack mountable interconnect point specifically designed to manage dense fiber applications. Based on the LGX® intermateability platform, the panel is fully compatible with AFL's XFM Optical Cassette, Poli-MOD® and WDM solutions, offering enhanced management of densities up to 288F using MTP/MPO, single fiber, or patch and splice methodologies. Routing rings on the top and bottom of the front panel provide enhanced cable routing allowing cable assemblies to exit comfortably. This panel can be provisioned with a key lock at the time of order for secure environments.

Features

- Aluminum construction
- Textured black powder coat finish
- Universal WECO/TIA 19"/23" rack compatibility
- (12) LGX 118 adapter plate / module mounting positions
- Mounting depth adjustable from flush to 8" in 1" increments

Applications

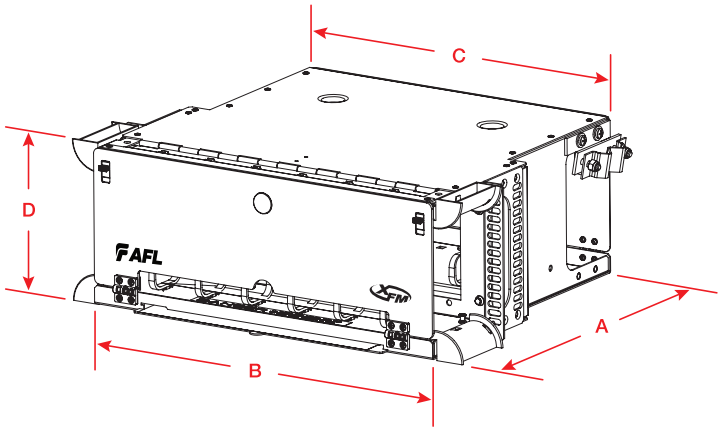
- Data Centers
- Enterprise Networks
- Telecommunications Closets
- Central Offices / Headends

Specifications

DEPTH (A) IN INCHES	FRONT WIDTH (B) IN INCHES	REAR WIDTH (C) IN INCHES	HEIGHT (D) IN INCHES	RACK UNITS	CAPACITY	UNLOADED WEIGHT
15.5	17	15	7	4	(12) LGX 118	9 lbs.

Ordering Information

DESCRIPTION	MODEL NO.	AFL NO.
Xpress Fiber Management 4U Patch Panel, Black, Empty	XFM-4U-B-0	FM001090-B
Xpress Fiber Management 4U Patch Panel, Black, Empty, Key Lock	XFM-4U-B-K	FM001218-B



Made in USA

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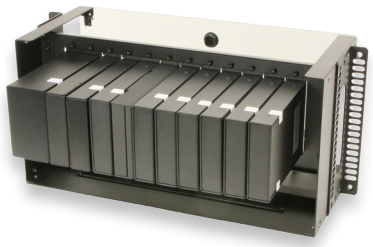


Xpress Fiber Management® (XFM®) 5RU Shelf

The Xpress Fiber Management (XFM) 5RU Shelf is a rack-mountable interconnect panel specifically designed to manage fibers in Wavelength Division Multiplexing (WDM) applications or in situations where fiber entry will occur only at the front entrance of the panel. Based on the LGX® intermateability platform, the panel is fully compatible with AFL's WDM, XFM® Optical Cassette and Poli-MOD® solutions. Routing rings on the bottom of the front panel allow cable assemblies to exit comfortably, while the back of the panel is left open to reduce size and weight.

The XFM Shelf can be conveniently mounted at three depths within the rack which includes a flush-mount option. The XFM Shelf also features a clear, removable front door and a pull-out cable designator card.

Features

- Aluminum construction
- Textured black powder coat finish
- Universal WECO/TIA 19"/23" rack compatibility
- (12) LGX 118 module mounting positions

Applications

- Central Offices / Headends
- Data Centers
- Wavelength Division Multiplexing

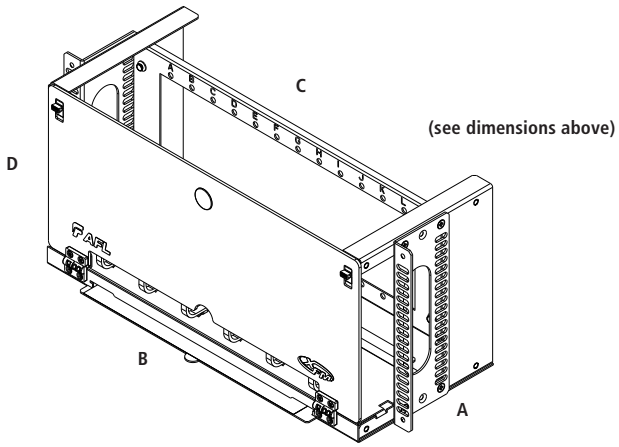
Specifications

DEPTH (A) IN INCHES*	FRONT WIDTH (B) IN INCHES	REAR WIDTH (C) IN INCHES	HEIGHT (D) IN INCHES	RACK UNITS	CAPACITY	UNLOADED WEIGHT
7.5	17	17	8.75	5	(12) LGX 118	4 lbs.

*Does not include installed modules

Ordering Information

DESCRIPTION	AFL NO.
Xpress Fiber Management 5RU Patch Panel, Shelf, Black	FM003626



LGX is a registered trademark of Furukawa Electric North America, Inc.

WME01

Wall Mount Interconnect Enclosure (WME) with One LGX® Mounting Position

AFL's wall mount interconnect enclosure (WME01) provides a convenient convergence point for interconnecting and/or splicing in wall mount applications. Provisioned for one LGX-compatible adapter plate or optical module, the enclosure features a well-engineered solution for fiber and cable management on both the top and bottom openings of the enclosure. Robust steel construction ensures the highest level of protection for sensitive components while integrated roll-formed hinges eliminate possible fiber pinch points. The WME01 features a front access door which is lockable with a common pad-lock or tube-style keyed lock.

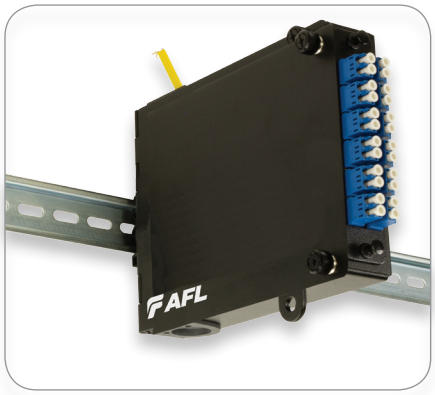
WME01 rear mounting clip for DIN rail

Features

- Fits comfortably into new and existing interconnect, cross-connect and co-location environments
- U-shaped cable entry eliminates the need to feed preconnectorized cables through an inconvenient access port
- Modular design fully compatible with Poli-MOD® products and XFM® optical cassettes
- Locking option for flexibility and security
- Available empty, with adapters, or with adapters, splice chip and pigtails pre-installed
- LGX 118 compatible
- Optional DIN rail mounting kit (sold separately)
- All major connector types are supported

Applications

- Co-Location sites
- Customer premise
- Hub/OTN sites
- Telecommunication closets
- Campus/enterprise environments



WME01 with DIN rail mounting kit

Specifications

- Solid steel construction
- Powder coat black textured finish
- Top or bottom cable entry with dust resistant grommets
- Single-hasp locking/security system
- 12 to 24 fiber patch and splice density
- One LGX mounting position
- Physical dimensions: 5.6"H x 7"W x 1.5"D
- Empty version weight: 2.0 lbs.

LGX is a registered trademark of Furukawa Electric North America, Inc.

Wall Mount Interconnect Enclosure (WME) with One LGX® Mounting Position

Ordering Information

EMPTY	
DESCRIPTION	**AFL NO.**
WME01 Empty	WME01E

HALF LOADED: WME WITH ADAPTER PLATES AND ADAPTERS ONLY							
CONN. TYPE	**FIBER CT.**	**AFL NO.**					
		UPC SM (BLUE)	**APC SM (GREEN)**	**PC MM 62.5 (BEIGE)**	**PC MM 50 (BLACK)**	**PC MM OM3 (AQUA)**	**PC MM OM4 (AQUA)**
SC	6	WME01AS-USCSM-006000	WME01AS-ASCSM-006000	WME01AS-PSCM6-006000	WME01AS-PSCM5-006000	WME01AS-PSCML-006000	WME01AS-PSCMC-006000
	12	WME01AS-USCSM-012000	WME01AS-ASCSM-012000	WME01AS-PSCM6-012000	WME01AS-PSCM5-012000	WME01AS-PSCML-012000	WME01AS-PSCMC-012000
LC	6	WME01AS-UDLSM-006000	WME01AS-ADLSM-006000	WME01AS-PDLM6-006000	WME01AS-PDLM5-006000	WME01AS-PDLML-006000	WME01AS-PDLMC-006000
	12	WME01AS-UDLSM-012000	WME01AS-ADLSM-012000	WME01AS-PDLM6-012000	WME01AS-PDLM5-012000	WME01AS-PDLML-012000	WME01AS-PDLMC-012000
	24	WME01AH-UDLSM-024000	WME01AH-ADLSM-024000	WME01AH-PDLM6-024000	WME01AH-PDLM5-024000	WME01AH-PDLML-024000	WME01AH-PDLMC-024000
ST	6	WME01AS-USTSM-006000	—	WME01AS-PSTM6-006000	WME01AS-PSTM5-006000	WME01AS-PSTML-006000	WME01AS-PSTMC-006000
	12	WME01AS-USTSM-012000	—	WME01AS-PSTM6-012000	WME01AS-PSTM5-012000	WME01AS-PSTML-012000	WME01AS-PSTMC-012000
FC	6	WME01AS-UFCSM-006000	WME01AS-AFCSM-006000	WME01AS-PFCM6-006000	WME01AS-PFCM5-006000	WME01AS-PFCML-006000	WME01AS-PFCMC-006000
	12	WME01AS-UFCSM-012000	WME01AS-AFCSM-012000	WME01AS-PFCM6-012000	WME01AS-PFCM5-012000	WME01AS-PFCML-012000	WME01AS-PFCMC-012000

LOADED: WME WITH ADAPTER PLATES/ADAPTERS/SPLICE CHIP/PIGTAIL (900 µm TIGHT BUFFERED FIBERS 3 METERS IN LENGTH)							
CONN. TYPE	**FIBER CT.**	**AFL NO.**					
		UPC SM (BLUE)	**APC SM (GREEN)**	**PC MM 62.5 (BEIGE)**	**PC MM 50 (BLACK)**	**PC MM OM3 (AQUA)**	**PC MM OM4 (AQUA)**
SC	6	WME01FS-USCSM-0061C0	WME01FS-ASCSM-0061C0	WME01FS-PSCM6-0061C0	WME01FS-PSCM5-0061C0	WME01FS-PSCML-0061C0	WME01FS-PSCMC-0061C0
	12	WME01FS-USCSM-0121C0	WME01FS-ASCSM-0121C0	WME01FS-PSCM6-0121C0	WME01FS-PSCM5-0121C0	WME01FS-PSCML-0121C0	WME01FS-PSCMC-0121C0
LC	6	WME01FS-UDLSM-0061C0	WME01FS-ADLSM-0061C0	WME01FS-PDLM6-0061C0	WME01FS-PDLM5-0061C0	WME01FS-PDLML-0061C0	WME01FS-PDLMC-0061C0
	12	WME01FS-UDLSM-0121C0	WME01FS-ADLSM-0121C0	WME01FS-PDLM6-0121C0	WME01FS-PDLM5-0121C0	WME01FS-PDLML-0121C0	WME01FS-PDLMC-0121C0
	24	WME01FH-UDLSM-0241C0	WME01FH-ADLSM-0241C0	WME01FH-PDLM6-0241C0	WME01FH-PDLM5-0241C0	WME01FH-PDLML-0241C0	WME01FH-PDLMC-0241C0
ST	6	WME01FS-USTSM-0061C0	—	WME01FS-PSTM6-0061C0	WME01FS-PSTM5-0061C0	WME01FS-PSTML-0061C0	WME01FS-PSTMC-0061C0
	12	WME01FS-USTSM-0121C0	—	WME01FS-PSTM6-0121C0	WME01FS-PSTM5-0121C0	WME01FS-PSTML-0121C0	WME01FS-PSTMC-0121C0
FC	6	WME01FS-UFCSM-0061C0	WME01FS-AFCSM-0061C0	WME01FS-PFCM6-0061C0	WME01FS-PFCM5-0061C0	WME01FS-PFCML-0061C0	WME01FS-PFCMC-0061C0
	12	WME01FS-UFCSM-0121C0	WME01FS-AFCSM-0121C0	WME01FS-PFCM6-0121C0	WME01FS-PFCM5-0121C0	WME01FS-PFCML-0121C0	WME01FS-PFCMC-0121C0

ACCESSORIES	
DESCRIPTION	**AFL NO.**
DIN Mount Kit, LGX® 118 (Nylon DIN Clips and Screws)	FM003388

Connector/Adapter Key

TYPE	DESCRIPTION
ASC	Angle Polish SC (ZR) sleeve-SM
ASF	Angle Polish SC Duplex (ZR) sleeve-SM
PSC	Physical Polish SC (PB) sleeve-MM
PSF	Physical Polish SC Duplex (PB) sleeve-MM
USC	Ultra Polish SC with (ZR) sleeve-SM
USF	Ultra Polish SC Duplex (ZR) sleeve-SM

TYPE	DESCRIPTION
PST	Physical Polish ST (PB) sleeve-MM
UST	Ultra Polish ST (ZR) sleeve-SM
AFC	Angle Polish FC (ZR) sleeve-SM
PFC	Physical Polish FC (PB) sleeve-MM
UFC	Ultra Polish FC (ZR) sleeve-SM

TYPE	DESCRIPTION
ADL	Angle Polish LC Duplex (ZR) sleeve-SM
PDL	Physical Polish LC Duplex (PB) sleeve-MM
PLC	Physical Polish LC (PB) sleeve-MM
UDL	Ultra Polish LC Duplex (ZR) sleeve-SM
ULC	Ultra Polish LC (ZR) sleeve-SM

Technical Specification Supplement
Conduit

1. DESCRIPTION

Furnish and install conduit.

2. MATERIALS

Provide new materials that comply with the details shown on the plans, the requirements of this Item, and the pertinent requirements of the following Items:

- Item 400, “Excavation and Backfill for Structures”
- Item 476, “Jacking, Boring, or Tunneling Pipe or Box”

When specified on the plans, provide:

- rigid metal conduit (RMC);
- intermediate metal conduit (IMC);
- electrical metallic tubing (EMT);
- polyvinyl chloride (PVC) conduit;
- high density polyethylene (HDPE) conduit;
- liquid tight flexible metal conduit (LFMC); or
- liquid tight flexible nonmetallic conduit (LFNC).

Provide conduit
that comply with the details shown on the plans and the NEC. Fabricate fittings such as junction boxes and expansion joints from a material similar to the connecting conduit, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Use watertight fittings. Do not use set screw and pressure-cast fittings. Steel compression fittings are permissible. When using HDPE conduit, provide fittings that are UL-listed as electrical conduit connectors or thermally fused using an electrically heated wound wire resistance welding method.

Use red 3-in. 4-mil polyethylene underground warning tape that continuously states, “Caution Buried Electrical Line Below.”

3. CONSTRUCTION

Perform work in accordance with the details shown on the plans and the requirements of this Item.

Use established industry and utility safety practices when installing conduit located near underground utilities. Consult with the appropriate utility company before beginning work.

Install conduit a minimum of 18 in. deep below finished grade unless otherwise shown on the plans. Meet the requirements of the NEC when installing conduit. Secure and support conduit placed for concrete encasement in such a manner that the alignment will not be disturbed during placement of the concrete. Cap ends of conduit and close box openings before concrete is placed.

Ream conduit to remove burrs and sharp edges. Use a standard conduit cutting die with a 3/4-in. taper per foot when conduit is threaded in the field. Fasten conduit placed on structures with conduit straps or hangers as shown on the plans or as directed. Fasten conduit within 3 ft. of each box or fitting and at other locations shown on the plans or as directed. Use metal conduit clamps that are galvanized malleable or stainless steel unless otherwise shown on the plans. Use 2-hole type clamps for 2-in. diameter or larger conduit.

Fit PVC and HDPE conduit terminations with bushings or bell ends. Fit metal conduit terminations with a grounding type bushing, except conduit used for duct cable casing that does not terminate in a ground box and is not exposed at any point. Conduit terminating in threaded bossed fittings does not need a bushing. Before installation of conductors or final acceptance, pull a properly sized mandrel or piston through the conduit to ensure that it is free from obstruction. Cap or plug empty conduit placed for future use.

Perform trench excavation and backfilling as shown on the plans or as directed, and in accordance with Specification 2317, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures." Excavation and backfilling will be subsidiary to the installation of the conduit.

Jack and bore as shown on the plans or as directed, and in accordance with Item 476, "Jacking, Boring, or Tunneling Pipe or Box."

Place warning tape approximately 10 in. above trenched conduit. Where existing surfacing is removed for placing conduit, repair by backfilling with material equal in composition and density to the surrounding areas and by replacing any removed surfacing, such as asphalt pavement or concrete riprap, with like material to equivalent condition. Mark conduit locations as directed.

4. MEASUREMENT

This Item will be measured by the foot of conduit.

This is a plans quantity measurement Item. The quantity to be paid is the quantity shown in the proposal, unless modified by Article 9.2., "Plans Quantity Measurement." Additional measurements or calculations will be made if adjustments of quantities are required.

5. PAYMENT

The work performed and materials furnished in accordance with this Item and measured as provided under "Measurement" will be paid for at the unit price bid for "Conduit" of the type and size specified and the installation method specified as applicable. This price is full compensation for furnishing and installing conduit; hanging, strapping, jacking, boring, tunneling, trenching, and furnishing and placing backfill; encasing in steel or concrete; replacing pavement structure, sod, riprap, curbs, or other surface; marking location of conduit (when required); furnishing and installing fittings, junction boxes, and expansion joints; and materials, equipment, labor, tools, and incidentals.

Flexible conduit will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to pertinent Items. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, no payment will be allowed under this Item for conduit used on electrical services or in foundations.

Ground Boxes

1. DESCRIPTION

- **Installation**. Construct, furnish, and install ground boxes complete with lids.
- **Removal**. Remove existing ground boxes.

2. MATERIALS

Provide new materials that comply with the details shown on the plans, the requirements of this Item, and the pertinent requirements of the following items:

- Item 420, “Concrete Substructures”
- Item 421, “Hydraulic Cement Concrete”
- Item 432, “Riprap”
- Item 440, “Reinforcement for Concrete”
- Item 618, “Conduit”
- Item 620, “Electrical Conductors”

Provide fabricated precast polymer concrete ground boxes in accordance with DMS-11070, “Ground Boxes.”

Provide other precast or cast-in-place ground boxes that comply with the details shown on the plans.

3. CONSTRUCTION

Perform work in accordance with the details shown on the plans and the requirements of this Item.

Use established industry and utility safety practices when installing or removing ground boxes located near underground utilities. Consult with the appropriate utility company before beginning work.

3.1. **Installation**. Fabricate and install ground boxes in accordance with the details, dimensions, and requirements shown on the plans. Install ground box to approved line and grade.

Construct precast and cast-in-place concrete ground boxes in accordance with Item 420, “Concrete Substructures,” and Item 440, “Reinforcement for Concrete.”

Construct concrete aprons as shown on the plans and in accordance with Item 432, “Riprap,” and Item 440, “Reinforcement for Concrete.”

3.2. **Removal**. Remove existing ground boxes and concrete aprons to at least 6 in. below the conduit level. Uncover conduit to a sufficient distance so that 90 degree bends can be removed and conduit reconnected. Clean the conduit in accordance with Item 618, “Conduit.” Replace conduit within 5 ft. of the ground box. Remove old conductors and install new conductors as shown on the plans. Backfill area with material equal in composition and density to the surrounding area. Replace surfacing material with similar material to an equivalent condition.

4. MEASUREMENT

This Item will be measured by each ground box installed complete in place or each ground box removed.

- Operates over 0 to 19 dB path attenuation
- Minimum of 4K MAC addresses
- Minimum of 2 MB buffer memory
- MAC-based trunking
- Port Mirroring

D. Protocols Supported. Provide a Field Ethernet Switch that supports the following protocols:

- IP Multicast Filtering through Internet Group Management (IGMP)v3 Snooping
- Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)
- Common Industrial Protocol (CIP)
- Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) remote firmware upgrades

E. Standards. Provide a Field Ethernet Switch that adheres to the following standards:

- Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE) 802.1x support
- IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)
- IEEE 802.3 10BASE-T specification
- Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE) 802.3 support
- IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-TX Specification
- IEEE 802.3x Flow Control
- IEEE 802.1Q Virtual Local Area Network (VLAN) Tagging
- IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Algorithm

F. Management. Provide a Field Ethernet Switch that provides the following management capabilities:

- Hyper Text Transport Protocol (HTTP)/Web Browser device configuration interface
- Security Access Control Lists (ACLs)
- 128 MB DRAM
- 64 MB Compact Flash Memory
- Configurable up to 8000 MAC addresses
- Configurable up to 255 IGMP groups
- QoS classifies and prioritizes data
- Virtual Lans (VLAN)
- Per-port broadcast, multicast, and unicast storm control preventing faulty end stations from degrading overall system performance.
- Telnet device configuration interface
- Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) version 2 device status, diagnostic, and alarm monitoring and remote configuration
  - Remote Monitoring (RMON) network monitoring
  - Request for Comments (RFC)-1213-compliant Management Information Base (MIB) files
  - Standard and device specific MIB2 files

G. **Regulatory Approvals.** Provide a Field Ethernet Switch that has been certified to the following regulatory standards:

- Product Safety: Underwriters Laboratories (UL) Standard 1950 or 60950
- Electromagnetic Emissions: Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Part 15, Class A
- National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) TS-2

H. **Dimensions.** Provide a Field Ethernet Switch with dimensions that do not exceed the following maximums:

- Height: 5.8 in.
- Width: 6.0 in.
- Depth: 4.4 in.
- Weight: 4.4 lb.

I. **Operating Power.** Provide a Field Ethernet Switch that is designed to operate with the following power requirements:

- 18-60VDC
- 0.05 KVA

J. **Environmental.** Provide a Field Ethernet Switch that is designed to operate in the following environmental conditions:

- -40º to 167ºF (-40ºC to 75ºC) operating temperature range
- 13 to 185ºF (-25ºC to 85ºC) storage temperature range
- 10% to 95% relative humidity (non-condensing)

3. **Construction.**

A. **General.** Provide equipment that utilizes the latest available techniques for design and construction with a minimum number of parts, subassemblies, circuits, cards, and modules to maximize standardization and commonality.

Design the equipment for ease of maintenance. Provide component parts that are readily accessible for inspection and maintenance. Provide test points that are for checking essential voltages and waveforms.

B. **Electronic Components.** Provide electronic components in accordance with the Special Specification, "Electronic Components."

C. **Mechanical Components.** Provide external screws, nuts and locking washers that are stainless steel. Do not use self-tapping screws.

Provide parts made of corrosion resistant materials, such as plastic, stainless steel, anodized aluminum, or brass.

Protect materials from fungus growth and moisture deterioration. Separate dissimilar metals by an inert dielectric material.

4. **Documentation Requirements.** Provide documentation in accordance with Articles 4 and 5, Special Specification, "Testing, Training, Documentation, Final Acceptance and Warranty."

5. **Testing Requirements.** Perform testing in accordance with Article 2, Special Specification, "Testing, Training, Documentation, Final Acceptance and Warranty."

6. **Warranty.** Provide a warranty in accordance with Article 7, Special Specification "Testing, Training, Documentation, Final Acceptance and Warranty."

7. **Experience Requirements.** Only employ personnel involved in the installation and testing of the "Field Ethernet Switch" that meet the following requirements:

   - Two years experience in the installation and testing of Ethernet Switches.

   - Two installed systems where Ethernet Switches, as described within these specifications, are installed and the systems have been in continuously satisfactory operation for at least one year. Submit photographs or other supporting documents as proof, and the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the operating personnel who can be contacted regarding the systems.

   - One system with Ethernet Switches (which may be one of the two in the preceding paragraph) for which the Contractor can arrange for demonstration to the Engineer or the Engineer's representative.

8. **Training.** Perform training in accordance with Article 3, Special Specification, "Testing, Training, Documentation, Final Acceptance and Warranty."

9. **Measurement.** This item will be measured as each unit furnished, installed, and tested.

10. **Payment.** The work performed and materials furnished in accordance with this Item and measured as provided under "Measurement" will be paid for at the unit price bid for "Field Ethernet Switch" of the type specified. This price is full compensation for equipment, cables and connectors; documentation and testing; labor, tools, materials, warranty, training, and incidentals.

Technical Specification Supplement

Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) Fiber Optic Cable

1. DESCRIPTION

Furnish, install, relocate and remove Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) fiber optic cable, fiber patch panels and splice enclosures as shown on the plans.

2. MATERIALS

2.1. **General Requirements.** Provide, assemble, fabricate and install materials that are new, corrosion resistant, and in accordance with the details shown on the plans and in these Specifications.

Furnish, install, splice, and test all new fiber optic cable. Provide all splicing kits, fiber optic cable caps, connectors, moisture or water sealants, terminators, splice trays, fiber optic jumpers, pig tails, fiber patch panels, fiber interconnect housing, and accessories necessary to complete the fiber optic network. Provide all equipment necessary for installation, splicing, and testing.

2.2. **Cable Requirements.** Furnish all-dielectric, dry-filled, gel-free, loose tube fiber optic cable, with low water peak, suitable for underground conduit environments or aerial applications.

Furnish self-supporting, all-dielectric, dry-filled, gel-free, loose tube fiber optic cable, with low water peak suitable for aerial applications when not lashing to strand cable.

All fiber optic cable furnished must have a design life of 20 yr. when installed to the manufacturer's specifications.

Splice fiber optic cables in ground boxes, field cabinets, or buildings. Terminate fiber optic cables in field cabinets and buildings that comply with the details shown on the plans and in this Specification.

Provide all fiber optic cable from the same manufacturer and the manufacturer is International Organization for Standardization (ISO) 9001 certified. Ensure the cables meet or exceed United States Department of Agriculture Rural Utilities Service (RUS) CFR 1755.900, American National Standards Institute/Insulated Cable Engineers Association (ANSI/ICEA) S-87-640, and Telecommunications Industry Association/Electronic Industries Alliance (TIA/EIA)-492-CAAB standard.

2.3. **Optical Requirements**.

2.3.1. **Optical Fiber.** Provide ITU G.652 single mode fiber optic cable with a core diameter of 8.3 ± 0.7 microns and a cladding diameter of 125 ± 0.7 microns. Provide optical fiber made of glass consisting of a silica core surrounded by concentric silica cladding, free of imperfections and inclusions.

2.3.2. **Core/Clad Concentricity.** Provide an offset between the center of the core and cladding less than
0.5 microns.

2.3.3. **Mode Field Diameter.** Provide single mode fiber optic cable with the effective area or Mode Field Diameter of the fiber must be 9.2 ± 0.4 µm at 1310 nm and 10.5 ± 1.0 µm at 1550 nm.

2.3.4. **Primary Coating.** Provide fiber with a coating diameter of 250 ±15 microns.

2.3.5. **Attenuation.** Provide single mode fiber optic cable with nominal attenuation of 0.35 dB/km maximum at a wavelength of 1310 nm and nominal attenuation of 0.25 dB/km maximum at a wavelength of 1550 nm.

Attenuation at water peak must be less than 0.35 dB/km at 1383 nm.

2.3.6. **Bandwidth and Dispersion.** Provide single mode fiber optic cable with a maximum dispersion of:

- 3.2 ps/nm-km at a wavelength of 1310 nm, and
- 18 ps/nm-km at a wavelength of 1550 nm.

Zero dispersion wavelength must be between 1300 nm and 1324 nm and the zero dispersion slope at the zero dispersion wavelength must be less than 0.092 ps/($nm^2 \cdot$ km).

The cutoff wavelength must be less than 1260 nm for single mode fibers specified to operate at 1310 nm. The cutoff wavelength must be less than 1480 for single mode fibers specified to operate only at 1550 nm or higher.

The macrobend attenuation per 100 turns must not exceed 0.05 dB at 1310 nm and 1550 nm.

2.3.7. **Mechanical Requirements(Tensile Strength).** Provide a cable withstanding a pulling tension of 600 lbf without increasing attenuation by more than 0.8 dB/mi when installing in underground conduit systems in accordance with EIA-455-33A. Conduct an impact test in accordance with TIA/EIA-455-25C (FOTP-25) and a compression load test in accordance with TIA/EIA-455-41A (FOTP-41).

For all-dielectric self-supporting cable (ADSS) and other self-supporting cables, meet tensile strength requirements in accordance with Section 25, Loading of Grades B and C, of National Electric Safety Code (NESC), for the maximum span and sag information as shown in the plans for aerial construction.

2.3.8. **Bend Radius.** Provide a cable withstanding a minimum bending radius of 10 times its outer diameter during operation, and 20 times its outer diameter during installation, removal and reinstallation without changing optical fiber characteristics. Test the cable in accordance with EIA-455-33A.

2.3.9. **Buffering.** Use a buffering tube or jacket with an outer diameter of 1.0 to 3.0 mm containing 12 individual fiber strands. The fibers must not adhere to the inside of the buffer tube.

2.3.10. **Color Coding.** Provide fiber and buffer tubes with a color coating applied to it by the manufacturer. Coating must not affect the optical characteristics of the fiber. Provide color configuration in accordance with TIA/EIA- 598 as follows:

- 1. Blue
- 2. Orange
- 3. Green
- 4. Brown
- 5. Slate
- 6. White
- 7. Red
- 8. Black
- 9. Yellow
- 10. Violet
- 11. Rose
- 12. Aqua

3. EQUIPMENT

3.1. **Cable Type.** Provide cables with a reverse oscillation or planetary stranding structure.

Jacket construction and group configuration should separate at splice points to cut and splice 1 set of fibers while the others remain continuous. All cable jackets must have a ripcord to aid in the removal of the outer jacket. Submit cable designs for approval.

Strand loose buffer tubes around a dielectric central anti-buckling strength member. Provide dielectric aramid or fiber glass strength members with specified strength for the cable. Provide cable with a water-blocking material, which is non-hygroscopic, non-nutritive to fungus, non-conductive, non-toxic, and homogeneous.
The water blocking material must comply with TIA/EIA-455-81B and 455-82B as well as TIA/EIA-455-98.

Ensure a polyethylene inner jacket is applied over the cable core, and that the entire cable is enclosed with a polyethylene outer jacket. Ensure the outer jacket contains black carbon to provide UV protection for the cable. Ensure each cable is marked with the manufacturer's name, the date of manufacture (month/year), the fiber count (example 48F SM), and sequential length markings at maximum 2 ft. increments, measured in U.S. units.

For aerial installation, provide standard fiber optic cable lashed to steel messenger cable or ADSS in accordance with the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) 1222 Standard for Testing and Performance for All-Dielectric Self-Supporting (ADSS) Fiber Optic Cable for Use on Electric Utility Power Lines, or most current version. Provide ADSS cable in accordance with the maximum span distance, weather load rating, and allowable sag as shown on the plans. "Figure 8" self-supporting cable with integrated messenger cable within the outer jacket for aerial installation is acceptable.

3.1.1. **Cable Size.** Furnish cables with a maximum diameter not exceeding 19 mm.

3.1.2. **Environmental Requirements.** Provide cable that functions in a temperature range from -40°F to 158°F.

3.2. **Fiber Optic Accessories.**

3.2.1. **Splice Enclosures.** Furnish and install 1 of 3 types of underground splice enclosures at locations shown on the plans to accommodate the cables being spliced at that point. The types are as follows:

- Type 1: 4 cable entry ports total – 2 ports to accommodate backbone fiber of up to 144 fibers and 2 ports for drop cables of up to 48 fibers,
- Type 2: 6 cable entry ports total – 4 to accommodate backbone or arterial cables of up to 144 fibers and 2 ports for drop cables of up to 48 fibers, and
- Type 3: 8 cable entry ports total – 4 to accommodate backbone or arterial cables of up to 144 fibers and 4 ports for drop cables of up to 48 fibers.

Provide the end cap of the canister splice closure with re-enterable quick-seal cable entry ports to accommodate additional branch cables or backbone cables. Provide fiber optic splice enclosures with strain relief, splice organizers, and splice trays from the same manufacturer as the splice enclosure. Select the appropriate splice enclosure type based on the number of splices called for in the plans. Suspend all splice closures off floor of the ground box and secure to cable rack assembly on side wall of ground box.

For end of reel splicing, use a fiber optic splice enclosure sized to accommodate full cable splice in one enclosure. Fiber optic splice enclosure must be of the same manufacturer as other supplied on a project. Splice enclosure and fusion splicing required for end of reel will be incidental to the fiber optic cable.

Comply with the Telcordia Technologies' GR-711-CORE standard and all applicable NEC requirements.

Contain all optical fiber splices within a splice enclosure, providing storage for fiber splices, nonspliced fiber, and buffer tubes. Provide sufficient space inside the enclosure to prevent microbending of buffer tubes when coiled.

Ensure that the splice enclosure maintains the mechanical and environmental integrity of the fiber optic cable, encases the sheath opening in the cable, and organizes and stores optical fiber. Ensure all hinges and latching devices are stainless steel or of a non-corrosive material designed for harsh environments. Ensure that the enclosure is airtight and prevents water intrusion. Ensure that splice enclosures allow re-entry and are hermetically sealed to protect internal components from environmental hazards and foreign material such as moisture, dust, insects, and UV light.

3.2.2. **Field Rack Mount Splice Enclosures.** Provide a 19 in. EIA rack mounted splice enclosure module to hold spliced fibers as shown in the plans inside field equipment cabinets or buildings.

Splice or terminate fibers inside rack mounted fiber optic splice enclosures. Provide an enclosed unit designed to house a minimum of 4 cables, sized to accommodate at a minimum the cables shown on the plans plus future expansion.

Provide splice enclosures containing mounting brackets with a minimum of 4 cable clamps. Install cable according to manufacturer recommendations for the cable distribution panel.

3.2.3. **Fiber Patch Panels.** Provide fiber patch panels that are compatible with the fiber optic cable being terminated and color coded to match the optical fiber color scheme. Coil and protect a maintenance loop of at least 5 ft. of buffer tube inside the rack mount enclosure, patch panel, or splice tray. Allow for future splices in the event of a damaged splice or pigtail.

3.2.3.1. **Cabinet.** Terminate or splice fibers inside the compact and modular fiber patch panel in the cabinet. Provide fiber patch panel for installation inside a 19 in. EIA rack and sized appropriately to accommodate the fiber terminations shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Provide each patch panel housing with pre- assembled compact modular snap-in simplex connector panel modules, each module having a minimum of 6 fiber termination/connection capabilities. Provide modules with a removable cover having 6 pre- connectorized fiber pigtails, interconnection sleeves, and dust caps installed by the manufacturer. Provide a 12 fiber or greater fusion splice tray capability housing, each tray holding 12 fusion splices as shown in the plans. Stack splice trays on a rack to permit access to individual trays without disturbing other trays. Locate splice trays in a rack within a pull-out shelf. Protect the housing with doors capable of pivoting up or

down. Document the function of each terminated/spliced fiber, along with the designation of each connector on labels or charts located either on the inside or outside of the housing door. Provide labels or charts that are UV resistant design for harsh environments and used inside field equipment cabinets. Use permanent marker or method of identification that will withstand harsh environments. Provide each housing with strain relief. Terminate single mode fiber optic cable with SC connectors to the patch panels, unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Install the fiber patch panel as an integral unit as shown on the plans.

3.2.3.2. **Building.** Provide a fiber patch panel with a modular design allowing interchangeability of connector panel module housing and splice housing within the rack, as shown on the plans.

Provide the number of single mode fibers, connector panel module housings, and splice housings for the patch panel unit in the building as shown on the plans.

Provide a fiber patch panel unit, installed at a height less than 7 ft., capable of housing 8 connector panel module housings or 8 splice housings. Protect the housing with doors capable of pivoting up or down and sliding into the unit.

Provide 12 snap-in simplex connector panel modules with each connector panel module housing, each module having 6 fiber termination/connector capabilities. Use a pre-assembled compact modular unit with a removable cover for the snap-in simplex connector panel module having 6 pre-connectorized fiber pigtails, interconnection sleeves, and dust caps installed by the manufacturer. Provide each connector panel module housing with a jumper routing shelf, storing up to 5 ft. (minimum) of cable slack for each termination within the housing. Provide the fiber distribution unit with strain relief.

Provide splice enclosure with 24 fusion splice tray capabilities, each splice tray holding 12 or more fusion splices. Stack splice trays on a rack to permit access to individual trays without disturbing other trays. Locate the rack on a pull-out shelf.

Document the function of each terminated/spliced fiber, along with the designation of each connector on labels or charts located either on the inside or outside of the housing door. Provide labels or charts that are UV resistant design for harsh environments and used inside field equipment cabinets. Use permanent marker or method of identification that will withstand harsh environments. Also provide documentation of the function of each terminated or spliced fiber along with the designation of each connector on charts or

diagrams matching the fiber patch panel configuration and locate inside cabinet document drawer. Provide documentation at the conclusion of fiber terminations and splicing.

Allow terminations only in the fiber interconnect housings placed in the cabinets as shown on the plans or as directed.

3.2.4. **Splice Trays**. Use splice tray and fan-out tubing kit for handling each fiber. Provide a splice tray and 12 fiber fan-out tubing with each housing for use with the 250 microns coated fiber. The fan-out will occur within the splice tray (no splicing of the fiber required). Allow each tube to fan out each fiber for ease of connectorization. Label all fibers in splice tray on a log sheet securing it to the inside or outside of the splice tray. Provide UV resistant log sheet suitable for harsh environments, located inside field cabinets or splice enclosures. Provide fan-out tubing with 3 layers of protection consisting of fluoropolymer inner tube, a dielectric strength member, and a 2.9 mm minimum outer protective PVC orange jacketing.

3.2.5. **Jumpers.** Provide fiber optic jumper cables to cross connect the fiber patch panel to the fiber optic transmission equipment as shown on the plans or as directed. Match the core size, type, and attenuation from the cable to the simplex jumper. Use yellow jumpers and provide strain relief on the connectors. Provide fiber with a 900 micron polymer buffer, Kevlar strength member, and a PVC jacket with a maximum outer jacket of 2.4 mm in diameter.

Provide 5 ft. long jumpers, unless otherwise shown on the plans. On the patch panel end of each jumper, provide an SC connector. On the opposite end of the jumper, provide a connector that is suitable to be connected to the fiber optic transmission equipment selected. When providing jumpers for existing equipment, provide connectors suitable to be connected to patch panels and fiber optic transmission equipment in use. All jumpers must have factory terminated connectors. Field terminations of connectors is prohibited.

3.2.6. **Fiber Optic Cable Storage Device.** Furnish fiber optic cable storage device designed to store slack fiber optic cable by means of looping back from device to device on an aerial run. Furnish storage devices that are non-conductive and resistant to fading when exposed to UV sources and changes in weather. Ensure storage devices have a captive design such that fiber-optic cable will be supported when installed in the aerial rack apparatus and the minimum bending radius will not be violated. Provide stainless steel attachment hardware for securing storage devices to messenger cable and black UV resistant tie-wraps for securing fiber-optic cable to storage device. Provide tie-wraps that do not damage fiber when securing to storage device. Ensure storage devices are stackable so multiple cable configurations are possible. Ensure cable storage devices furnished are compatible with the type of aerial cable furnished and installed. Aerial cable storage devices will be considered incidental to the installation of the fiber optic cable.

4. CONSTRUCTION

Install fiber optic cable in accordance with United States Department of Agriculture Rural Utilities Service CFR 1755.900 specifications for underground and aerial plant construction without changing the optical and mechanical characteristics of the cables.

Utilize available machinery, jacking equipment, cable pulling machinery with appropriate tension monitors, splicing and testing equipment, and other miscellaneous tools to install cable, splice fibers, attach connectors and mount hardware in cabinets employed with the above “Mechanical Requirements.” Do not jerk the cable during installation. Adhere to the maximum pulling tensions of 600 lbf and bending radius of 20 times the cable diameter or as specified by the manufacturer, whichever is greater.

Use installation techniques and fixtures that provide for ease of maintenance and easy access to all components for testing and measurements. Take all precautions necessary to ensure the cable is not damaged during transport, storage, or installation. Protect as necessary the cables to prevent damage if being pulled over or around obstructions along the ground.

Where plans call for removal of existing cable to salvage or reuse elsewhere, take care to prevent damaging the existing cable during removal adhering to all of the requirements for installation that pertain to removal.

4.1. **Packaging, Shipping, and Receiving.** Ensure the completed cable is packaged for shipment on reels. Ensure the cable is wrapped in weather and temperature resistant covering. Ensure both ends of the cable are sealed to prevent the ingress of moisture.

Securely fasten each end of the cable to the reel to prevent the cable from coming loose during transit. Provide 6 ft. of accessible cable length on each end of the cable for testing. Ensure that the complete outer jacket marking is visible on these 6 ft. of cable length. Provide each cable reel with a durable weatherproof label or tag showing the Manufacturer's name, the cable type, the actual length of cable on the reel, the Contractor's name, the contract number, and the reel number. Include a shipping record in a weatherproof envelope showing the above information and also include the date of manufacture, cable characteristics (size, attenuation, bandwidth, etc.), factory test results, cable identification number and any other pertinent information. Ensure that all cable delivered has been manufactured within 6 mo. of the delivery date. Ensure that the minimum hub diameter of the reel is at least 30 times the diameter of the cable. Provide the cable in one continuous length per reel with no factory splices in the fiber. Provide a copy of the transmission loss test results as required by the TIA/EIA-455-61 standard, as well as results from factory tests performed prior to shipping.

4.2. **Installation in Conduit.** Install fiber optic cable in conduits in a method that does not alter the optical properties of the cable. If required, relocate existing cable to allow new fiber optic cable routing in conduits.

When pulling the cable, do not exceed the installation bending radius. Use rollers, wheels, or guides that have radii greater than the bending radius. Use a lubricating compound to minimize friction. Use fuse links and breaks to ensure that the cable tensile strength is not exceeded. Measure the pulling tension with a mechanical device and mechanism to ensure the maximum allowable pulling tension of 600 lbf is not exceeded at any time during installation.

Provide a single 1/C #14 XHHW insulated tracer wire in conduit runs where fiber optic cable is installed. Provide cable that is UL listed solid copper wire with orange color low density polyethylene insulation suitable for conduit installation and with a voltage rating of 600V. When more than one fiber optic cable is installed through a conduit run, only one tracer wire is required. Fuse or join tracer wires used in backbone, arterial, and drop runs, so that you have one continuous tracer wire. Terminate tracer wire at fiber optic test markers or equipment cabinets as identified in the plans for access to conduct a continuity test. Tracer wire will be paid for under Item 620, "Electrical Conductors."

Provide flat pull cord with a minimum tensile strength of 1,250 lb. in each conduit containing fiber optic cable. A traceable pull cord, with a metallic conducting material integral to the pull cord, may be substituted for a 1/C #14 tracer wire only with approval from the Department.

Seal conduit ends with a 2-part urethane after installation of fiber optic cable.

4.3. **Cable Installation between Pull Boxes and Cabinets or Buildings.** Do not break or splice a second fiber optic cable to complete a run when pulling the cable from the nearest ground box to a cabinet or building. Pull sufficient length of cable in the ground box to reach the designated cabinet or building. Pull the cable through the cabinet to coil, splice, or terminate the cable in the cabinet or building. Do not bend the cable beyond its minimum bend radius of 20 times the diameter.

Coil and tie cable inside cabinet, building, or boxes for future splicing or termination as shown in the plans. Cut off and remove the first 10 ft. of pulled or blown fiber stored. This work is incidental to this Item. Coat the open end of the coiled cable with protective coating and provide a dust cap.

4.4. **Aerial Installation.** Use pole attachment hardware and roller guides with safety clips to install aerial run cable. Maintain maximum allowable pulling tension of 600 lb. ft. during the pulling process for aerial run cable by using a mechanical device. Do not allow cable

to contact the ground or other obstructions between poles during installation. Do not use a motorized vehicle to generate cable pulling forces. Use a cable suspension clamp when attaching cable tangent to a pole. Select and place cable blocks and corner blocks so as not to exceed the cable's minimum bending radius. Do not pull cable across cable hangers. Store 100 ft. of fiber- optic cable slack, for future use, on all cable runs that are continuous without splices or where specified on the plans. Store spare fiber optic cable on fiber-optic cable storage racks of the type compatible with the aerial cable furnished. Locate spare cable storage in the middle of spans between termination points. Do not store spare fiber-optic cable over roadways, driveways or railroads.

Install standard cable on timber poles by lashing to steel messenger cable. Provide steel messenger cable in accordance with Item 625, "Zinc Coated Steel Wire Strand." Install all-dielectric self-supporting cable (ADSS) cable on timber poles using clinching clamp with cable hanger. Install aerial run cable in accordance with these specifications and as shown on the plans.

Locate aerial fiber in accordance with the NESC, Section 23, with respect to vertical clearances over the ground, between conductors carried on different supporting structures, and required separation distance of the cable from bridges, buildings, and other structures.

4.5. **Blowing Fiber Installation.** Use either the high-air speed blowing (HASB) method or the piston method. When using the HASB method, ensure that the volume of air passing through the conduit does not exceed 600 cu. ft. per min. or the conduit manufacturer's recommended air volume, whichever is more restrictive. When using the piston method, ensure that the volume of air passing through the conduit does not exceed 300 cu. ft. per min. or the conduit manufacturer's recommended air volume, whichever is more restrictive.

4.6. **Slack Cable**. Pull and store excess cable slack inside ITS ground boxes as shown on the plans. The following are minimum required lengths of slack cable, unless otherwise directed:

- ground boxes (No Splice) - 25 ft.,
- ground boxes (With Splice) - 100 ft.,
- future splice point - 100 ft., and
- cabinets - 25 ft.

Note that the slack is to be equally distributed on either side of the splice enclosure and secured to cable storage racks within the ground boxes.

Provide proper storage of slack cable, both long term and short term. Neatly bind cables to be spliced together from conduit to splice enclosure with tape. Do not over bind by pinching cable or fiber. Ground and bond the armor when installing armored fiber optic cable. Meet NEC and NESC requirements for grounding and bonding when using armored cable.

4.7. **Removal, Relocation and Reinstallation of Fiber Optic Cable.** Remove fiber optic cable from conduit as shown on plans. Use care in removing existing fiber optic cables so as not to damage them. Provide cable removal and reinstallation procedures that meet the minimum bending radius and tensile loading requirements during removal and reinstallation so that optical and mechanical characteristics of the existing cables are not degraded. Use entry guide chutes to guide the cable out of and in to existing or proposed conduit, utilizing lubricating compound where possible to minimize cable-to-conduit friction. Use corner rollers (wheels) with a radius not less than the minimum installation

bending radius of cable. Dispose of removed fiber optic cable unless plans show for it to be re-used (relocated/re-installed) or salvaged and delivered to the Department. See plans for details. Test each optical fiber in the cable for performance and for loss at existing terminations or splices prior to cutting and removal. Retest following removal and following re- installation to ensure the removal and reinstallation has not affected the optical properties of the cable. Any fiber optic cable damaged by the contractor that is to be re-used shall be replaced by the contractor at no cost to the Department with new fiber optic cable meeting the approval of the Engineer. The Engineer reserves the right to reject the fiber based on the test results.

Maintain the integrity of existing cables, conduit, junction boxes and ground boxes contiguous to the section of cables to be removed. Replace or repair any cables, conduit, junction boxes or ground boxes damaged during work at the Contractor's expense. The replacement or repair method must be approved by the Engineer, prior to implementation.

4.8. **Splicing Requirements.** Fusion splice fibers as shown on the plans, in accordance with TIA/EIA-568 and TIA/EIA-758.

Use fusion splicing equipment recommended by the cable manufacturer. Clean, calibrate, and adjust the fusion splicing equipment at the start of each shift. Use splice enclosures, organizers, cable end preparation tools, and procedures compatible with the cable furnished. Employ local injection and detection techniques and auto fusion time control power monitoring to ensure proper alignment during fusion splicing.

When approaching end of shift or end of day, complete all splicing at the location. Package each spliced fiber in a protective sleeve or housing. Re-coat bare fiber with a protective 8 RTV, gel or similar substance, prior to application of the sleeve or housing.

Perform splices with losses no greater than 0.10 dB. Use an Optical Time Domain Reflectometer (OTDR) to test splices in accordance with Section 4.13.1.1. Record splice losses on a tabular form and submit for approval.

4.9. **Termination Requirements.** Provide matching connectors with 900 micron buffer fiber pigtails of sufficient length and splice the corresponding optical fibers in cabinets where the optical fibers are to be connected to terminal equipment. Buffer, strengthen, and protect pre-terminated fiber assemblies (pigtails) with dielectric aramid yarn and outer PVC jacket to reduce mishandling that can damage the fiber or connection. Pigtails must be duplex stranding with a yellow PVC outer jacket. Fiber optic pigtails must be factory terminated with SC connectors, unless otherwise shown on the plans. When providing pigtails for existing equipment, provide connectors suitable to be connected to patch panels and fiber optic transmission equipment in use.

Connectors must meet the TIA/EIA-568 and TIA/EIA-758 standards and be tested in accordance to the Telcordia/Bellcore GR-326-CORE standard. When tested according to TIA/EIA-455-171 (FOTP-171), ensure that the connectors test to an average insertion loss of less than or equal to 0.4 dB and a maximum loss of less than or equal to 0.75 dB for any mated connector. Maintain this loss characteristic for a minimum of 500 disconnections and reconnections with periodic cleanings per EIA-455-21A (FOTP-21). Qualify and accept connectors by the connector-to-connector mating using similar fibers. Ensure that the connector operating range is -40ºF to 167ºF. Provide connectors with a yellow color body or boot.

Test connections at the patch panel and splices made between cables to pigtails with the OTDR to verify acceptable losses.

Remove 5 ft. of unused optical fibers at the ends of the system from the buffer tube(s) and place coiled fibers into a splice tray. Clean the water blocking compound from all optical fibers destined for splice tray usage.

Install cable tags at all splice points identifying key features of each cable such as cable name or origin and destination and fiber count. Ensure tags are self-laminating or water resistant. Print the information onto the tags electronically or write neatly using a permanent marker. Locate tags just prior to entrance into splice enclosure.

4.10. **Mechanical Components.** Provide stainless steel external screws, nuts and locking washers. Do not use self-tapping screws unless approved. Provide corrosion resistant material parts and materials resistant to fungus growth and moisture deterioration.

4.11. **Experience Requirements**.

4.11.1. **Installing Fiber Optic Cable.** The Contractor or designated subcontractor involved in the installation of the fiber optic cable must meet the experience requirements in accordance with the following:

- minimum of 3 yr. of continuous existence offering services in the installation of fiber optic cable through an outdoor conduit system or aerial and terminating in ground boxes, field cabinets or enclosures or buildings, and
- completed a minimum of 3 projects where the personnel pulled a minimum of 5 mi. in length of fiber optic cable through an outdoor conduit system of aerial for each project. The completed fiber optic cable systems must have been in continuous satisfactory operation for a minimum of 1 yr.

4.11.2. **Splicing and Testing of Fiber Optic Cable.** The Contractor or designated subcontractor involved in the splicing and testing of fiber optic cable must meet the experience requirements in accordance with the following:

4.11.2.1. **Minimum Experience**. 3 yr. continuous existence offering services in the fields of fusion splicing and testing of fiber optic cable installed through a conduit system and terminating in ground boxes, field cabinets or enclosures or buildings. Experience must include all of the following:

- termination of a minimum of 48 fibers within a fiber distribution frame,
- OTDR testing and measurement of end to end attenuation of single mode and multimode fibers,
- system troubleshooting and maintenance,
- training of personnel in system maintenance,
- use of water-tight splice enclosures, and
- fusion splicing of fiber optic cable which meet the tolerable decibel (dB) losses within the range of 0.05 dB – 0.10 dB for single mode.

4.11.2.2. **Completed Projects**. A minimum of 3 completed projects where the personnel performed fiber optic cable splicing and terminations, system testing, system troubleshooting and maintenance during the course of the project and provided training on system maintenance. Each project must have consisted of a minimum 5 mi. of fiber optic cable installed, measured by project length not linear feet of fiber installed. The completed fiber optic cable systems must have been in continuous satisfactory operation for a minimum of 1 yr.

4.12. **Documentation Requirements.** Provide a minimum of 2 complete sets of fiber optic equipment submittal literature documenting compliance with the requirements of this Item including operation and maintenance manuals in hard copy format, bound, as well

as an electronic version in Adobe PDF format on a CD/DVD or removable flash drive that includes the following:

- fiber optic cable literature consisting of manufacturer specification and cut sheets,
- fiber optic equipment literature consisting of manufacturer specification and cut sheets for splice enclosures, patch panels, splice trays, jumpers, cable storage devices, and fiber optic labeling devices,
- complete factory performance data documenting conformance with the performance and testing standards referenced in this Item, including pre-installation test results of the cable system,
- installation, splicing, terminating and testing plan and procedures,
- documentation of final terminated or spliced fibers, function, and equipment designation,
- OTDR calibration certificate,
- post-installation, post termination, subsystem, and final end-to-end test results,
- loss budget calculation and documentation,
- complete parts list including names of vendors,
- complete maintenance and trouble-shooting procedures, and
- proof of minimum experience and completed projects.

4.12.1. **Installation Practice**. Submit for approval electronic copy of the Contractors Installation Practices 30 working days prior to installation. Submit installation practices and procedures and a list of installation, splicing and test equipment used. Provide detailed field quality control procedures and corrective action procedures.

4.12.2. **Manufacturer's Certification.** Accompany each reel of fiber optic cable with the manufacturer's test data showing the conformance to the requirements in this Item.

4.12.3. **Test Procedures.** Submit test procedures and data forms for the pre-installation, post-installation, subsystem, final end to end test, and loss budget calculations for approval. Test procedures will require approval before performing tests. Submit 1 copy data forms containing data and quantitative results, as well as an authorized signature. Submit a copy of the OTDR results as a hard copy or electronic copy in PDF format including all OTDR traces and clearly identifying each event (fusion splice, jumper, connector, etc.) with the measured loss identified.

4.13. **Testing.** Perform tests in accordance with testing requirements in this Item, USDA RUS CFR 1755.900, and TIA/EIA-455-61 test specifications. For all tests, provide test forms to be used that compare measured results with threshold values.

4.13.1. **Test Methods**.

4.13.1.1. **Optical Time Domain Reflectometer (OTDR) Tests.** Use the OTDR to measure fiber optic cable for overall attenuation (signal loss dB/km), fiber cable length, and identify fiber optic cable anomalies such as breaks. Perform the following 4 OTDR tests:

- pre-Installation test (Acceptance test),
- post installation test,
- post termination test, and
- final end to end test.

OTDR Settings:

- generate a file name for each OTDR scan. The file name must indicate the location or direction the test was run from, as well as the fiber number being tested,

- set the “A” cursor at the beginning of the fiber trace and set the “B” cursor at the end of the fiber trace. The distance to cursor “B” indicates the length of the fiber cable segment being measured,
- match the index of refraction to the index of the factory report,
- set the loss indicator to dB/km for the acceptance test,
- the reflectance is automatically set internally by the OTDR,
- set the pulse width at a medium range. Change the pulse width to a slow pulse width when an anomaly occurs on the fiber trace so that it can be examined closely,
- set the average at medium speed. Change the average to slow when an anomaly appears on the fiber trace to allow for closer examination of the anomaly, and
- set wavelength at 2 windows for single mode cable: 1310 nm and 1550 nm.

Provide the current OTDR calibration certificate for the device used, showing the unit has been calibrated within the last year. Show all settings on test result fiber scans.

4.13.1.2. **Pre-installation Tests.** Test and record the fiber optic cable at the site storage area prior to installation.

Conduct bi-directional OTDR tests for each fiber strand. Test each optical fiber in the cable from one end with an OTDR compatible with wavelength and fiber type. Check testing for length, point discontinuity, and approximate attenuation. Record each measurement by color, location, and type of fiber measured. Perform a measurement from the opposite end of that fiber in case a measurement cannot be made from one end. Wait for notification if loss per kilometer exceeds manufacturer’s test data by more than 0.5 dB/km or point discontinuity greater than 0.05 dB.

Perform this test within 5 days from receipt of the fiber optic cable. Test overall attenuation (dB/km), total cable length, anomalies, and cable problems. Test cable at both wavelengths (1310 nm and 1550 nm for single mode cable). Verify that the cable markings on the outer jacket are within 1% of the total cable length.

Compare factory test results with test results and return to manufacturer if test results are not identical to factory test results. If identical, document the test results. Deliver documentation for future reference.

4.13.1.3. **Post-installation Tests.** Re-test and re-record each optical fiber in the cable after installation, before termination, for loss characteristics. Test both directions of operations of the fiber.

Immediately perform the post installation test after the fiber optic cable has been installed. Test cable for overall attenuation, cable segment length, and evidence of damage or microbend with the OTDR. Replace any cable segment that is damaged during the test and document test results. Submit test results for approval.

Use the same OTDR settings for Post-Installation Tests as the Pre-Installation Tests.

4.13.1.4. **Post Termination Tests.** Perform the post termination test after the cable is terminated or spliced, including termination of fiber cable to fiber cable or fiber cable to fiber pigtail and fiber cable to patch panels. Check attenuation, fusion or termination point problems, and overall fiber cable segment. Determine if the attenuation and quality of the termination complies with these Specifications; if not, re-terminate the fiber and re-test until the Specification requirements are met. Test the fiber segment for attenuation and anomalies after termination acceptance. Document and submit test results after fiber segment acceptance.

4.13.1.5. **Subsystem Tests.** Perform network subsystem tests after integration to the fiber optic network. Test the capability of the fiber optic cable to transmit video and digital information from node to node. A node is defined as a communication cabinet, hub cabinet, surveillance cabinet, or hub building where network hub switches are located. Complete and submit approved data forms for approval.

Correct and substitute components in the subsystem if the subsystem tests fail and repeat the tests. Components may include: cable, jumper, patch panel module, or connector.

Prepare and submit a report if a component was modified as result of the subsystem test failure. Describe in the report the failure and action taken to remedy the situation.

4.13.1.6. **Final End-to-End Test.** Perform final end to end Test after fiber cable segments of the system are terminated using the OTDR and an optical Power Meter and Light Source (PMLS).

Perform the Part 1 of the final end to end test using OTDR:

- measure the overall fiber cable system length,
- measure the overall system attenuation, and
- check for anomalies.

Perform the Part 2 of the final end to end test using a PMLS:

- measure the absolute power of the fiber optic signal across all links, and
- check for anomalies.

Document and submit results after test acceptance.

4.13.2. **Loss Budget Calculation and Documentation.** Calculate the total loss budget of the system according to the following calculations and compare the actual loss in each segment of the system to the calculated budget. Submit the results for each section of fiber optic cable in tabular format reporting if the total loss is within the limits of these Specifications by noting “pass” or “fail” for each segment of fiber. A segment of fiber is defined as one that terminates at each end. Use the following calculations to determine the loss budget for each segment:

- splice loss budget = number of splices x 0.1 dB/splice,
- connector loss budget = number of connectors x 0.75 dB/connector,
- length loss budget = length of fiber optic cable (measured by OTDR) x 0.35 dB/km for 1310 nm wavelength or 0.25 dB/km for 1550 nm wavelength, and
- total Loss Budget = splice loss budget + connector loss budget + length loss budget.

Provide loss budget calculation equations on test form to be submitted as part of the documentation requirements. Provide threshold calculations described above along with measured results.

4.14. **Training.** Conduct a BISCI or IMSA certified training class (minimum of 16 hr.) for up to 10 representatives designated by the Department on procedures of installation, operations, testing, maintenance and repair of all equipment specified within this specification. Submit to the Engineer for approval, 10 copies of the training material at least 30 days before the training begins. Conduct training within the local area unless otherwise authorized by the Engineer Include the following training material:

- NESC, NEC, and ANSI/TIA 590 code compliance,
- fiber optic cable pulling and installation techniques,

- use of installation tools,
- splicing and terminating equipment and test instruments,
- trouble shooting procedures, and
- methods of recording installation and test data.

4.15. **Warranty.** Provide a warranty for all materials furnished in this Item. Ensure that the fiber optic cable, the splice enclosures, splice centers, and cable markers have a minimum of a 2 yr. manufacturer's warranty and that 95% of that warranty remains at the date of final acceptance by the Engineer. If the manufacturer's warranties for the components are for a longer period, those longer period warranties will apply. Guarantee that the materials and equipment furnished and installed for this project performs according to the manufacturer's specifications.

Ensure that the manufacturer's warranties for off-the-shelf equipment consisting of splice enclosures, splice trays, connectors, fiber jumper cables, and fiber patch panels are fully transferable from the Contractor to the Department. Ensure that these warranties require the manufacturer to furnish replacements for any off-the- shelf part or equipment found to be defective during the warranty period at no cost to the Department within 10 calendar days of notification by the Department.

Ensure that the manufacturer's warranty for fiber optic cable is fully transferable from the Contractor to the Department. Ensure that the warranty requires the manufacturer to furnish replacement fiber optic cable found to be defective during the warranty period at no cost to the Department within 45 calendar days of notification by the Department.

5. MEASUREMENT

Fiber optic cable installed, relocated and removed will be measured by the linear foot. Fiber optic splice enclosures, rack mounted splice enclosures and fiber optic patch panels will be measured by each unit installed. Splicing of Fiber Optic Cables will be measured by each fusion splice performed.

6. PAYMENT

6.1. **Furnish and Install.**

The work performed and materials furnished in accordance with this Item and measured as provided under "Measurement" will be paid for at the unit price bid for "Fiber Optic Cable" of the various types, and number of fibers specified. This price is full compensation for furnishing and installing all cable; for pulling through conduit or duct; aerial installation; terminating; testing; and for materials, equipment, labor, tools, documentation, warranty, training and incidentals.

The work performed and materials furnished in accordance with this Item and measured as provided under "Measurement" will be paid for at the unit price bid for "Fiber Optic Splice Enclosure" of the various types and "Rack Mounted Splice Enclosure." This price is full compensation for furnishing and installing all enclosures whether aerial, underground, in cabinet or in building; and for materials, equipment, labor, tools, documentation, warranty, training and incidentals.

The work performed and materials furnished in accordance with this Item and measured as provided under "Measurement" will be paid for at the unit price bid for "Fiber Optic Fusion Splice" for each fusion splice shown on the plans and performed. This price is full compensation for splicing; testing; and for materials, equipment, labor, tools, documentation, warranty, training and incidentals.

The work performed and materials furnished in accordance with this Item and measured as provided under “Measurement” will be paid for at the unit price bid for “Fiber Patch Panel” of the various types and sizes specified. This price is full compensation for furnishing and installing all patch panels and terminating fibers on the panel as shown on the plans; and for materials, equipment, labor, tools, documentation, warranty, training and incidentals.

Conduit will be paid for under Item 618, “Conduit” and Special Specification 6016, “ITS

Multi-Duct Conduit.” Electrical conductors will be paid for under Item 620, “Electrical

Conductors.”

6.2. **Install Only.** The work performed and materials furnished in accordance with this Item and measured as provided under “Measurement” will be paid for at the unit bid price for “Fiber Optic Cable (Install Only)” of the various types, and number of fibers specified. This price is full compensation for installing fiber optic cable furnished by the Department; for pulling through conduit or duct; aerial installation; terminating; testing; and for materials, equipment, labor, tools, documentation, warranty, training and incidentals.

Conduit will be paid for under Item 618, “Conduit” and Special Specification 6016, “ITS

Multi-Duct Conduit.” Electrical conductors will be paid for under Item 620, “Electrical

Conductors.”

6.3. **Relocate.** The work performed and materials furnished in accordance with this Item and measured as provided under “Measurement” will be paid for at the unit price bid for “Relocate Fiber Optic Cable.” This price is full compensation for relocating all cable, regardless of cable size; for pulling through conduit or duct; aerial installation; terminating; testing; and for materials, equipment, labor, tools, documentation, and incidentals.

6.4. **Remove.** The work performed and materials furnished in accordance with this Item and measured as provided under “Measurement” will be paid for at the unit price bid for “Remove Fiber Optic Cable”. This price is full compensation for removing all cable for salvage, regardless of cable size; testing; returning to the Department; and for materials, equipment, labor, tools, documentation, and incidentals.

END OF DOCUMENT